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Course Title: Data Communication and Networking Laboratory		
Roll Number: RD2110B79	Registration Number: 12102801	
Name: Atul Kumar	Set Assigned: B	
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Question: Design a network topology with star backbone connected to bus, ring and mesh topologies.

Objective:-

- The main objective of data communication and networking is to provide seamless exchange of data between any two points in the world. This exchange of data takes place over a computer network.
- ➤ It also allows "Resource Sharing", and it is to make all programs, data and equipment available to anyone on the network without the regard to the physical location of the resource and the user.
- Computer networks provide a powerful communication medium. A file that was updated or modified on a network can be seen by the other users on the network immediately.
- Networking will help you to develop and improve your skill set and stay on top of the latest trends.

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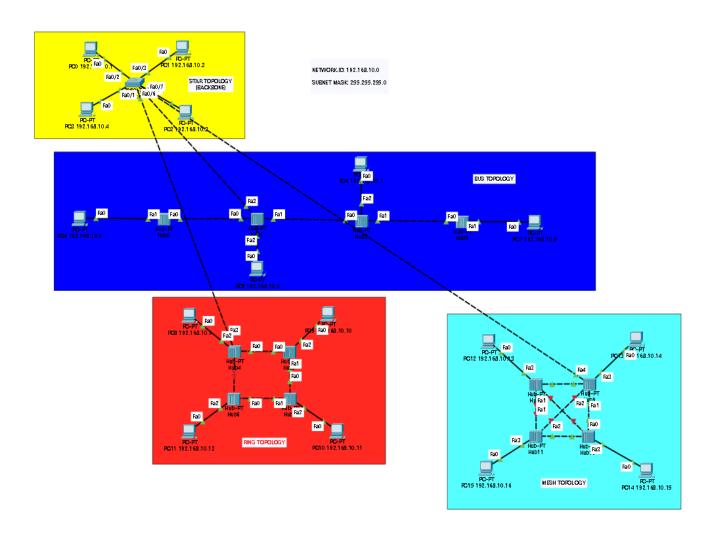


Figure: Star Backbone Connected with Bus, Ring & Mesh Topologies

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Initial IP Configuration:

Device	Interface	IP Configuration	Connected with
PC0	Fa0	192.168.10.1	Switch0
PC1	Fa0	192.168.10.2	Switch0
PC2	Fa0	192.168.10.3	Switch0
PC3	Fa0	192.168.10.4	Switch0
PC4	Fa0	192.168.10.5	Hub0
PC5	Fa0	192.168.10.6	Hub1
PC6	Fa0	192.168.10.7	Hub2
PC7	Fa0	192.168.10.8	Hub3
PC8	Fa0	192.168.10.9	Hub4
PC9	Fa0	192.168.10.10	Hub5
PC10	Fa0	192.168.10.11	Hub7
PC11	Fa0	192.168.10.12	Hub6
PC12	Fa0	192.168.10.13	Hub8
PC13	Fa0	192.168.10.14	Hub9
PC14	Fa0	192.168.10.15	Hub10
PC15	Fa0	192.168.10.16	Hub11
Switch0	Fa0/1		PC3

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Device	Interface	IP Configuration	Connected with
Switch0	Fa0/2		PC0
Switch0	Fa0/3		PC1
Switch0	Fa0/4		PC2
Switch0	Fa0/5		Hub1
Switch0	Fa0/6		Hub4
Switch0	Fa0/7		Hub9
Hub0	Fa1		PC4
Hub0	Fa0		Hub1
Hub1	Fa0		Hub0
Hub1	Fa1		Hub2
Hub1	Fa2		PC5
Hub1	Fa3		Switch
Hub2	Fa0		Hub1
Hub2	Fa1		Hub3
Hub2	Fa2		PC6
Hub3	Fa0		Hub2
Hub3	Fa1		PC7
Hub4	Fa0		Hub5
Hub4	Fa1		Hub6

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Device	Interface	IP Configuration	Connected with
Hub4	Fa2		PC8
Hub4	Fa3		Switch
Hub5	Fa0		Hub4
Hub5	Fa1		Hub7
Hub5	Fa2		PC9
Hub6	Fa0		Hub7
Hub6	Fa1		Hub4
Hub6	Fa2		PC11
Hub7	Fa0		Hub5
Hub7	Fa1		Hub6
Hub7	Fa2		PC10
Hub8	Fa0		Hub9
Hub8	Fa1		Hub11
Hub8	Fa2		Hub10
Hub8	Fa3		PC12
Hub9	Fa0		Hub8
Hub9	Fa1		Hub10
Hub9	Fa2		Hub11

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Device	Interface	IP Configuration	Connected with
Hub9	Fa3		PC12
Hub9	Fa4		Switch
Hub10	Fa0		Hub9
Hub10	Fa1		Hub11
Hub10	Fa2		Hub8
Hub10	Fa3		PC14
Hub11	Fa0		Hub10
Hub11	Fa1		Hub8
Hub11	Fa2		Hub9
Hub11	Fa3		PC15

Process Description:-

All topologies consist of four hosts.

Step 1: First you have to create Star topology which is the backbone for this network. For creating star, you can use Switch/Hub. Here I used switch, now take 4 PCs and connect with switch through Straight-through cable (For connecting different devices) and then assign unique IP

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Configuration to all the 4 PCs. Now, your star topology is ready.

Step 2: Now you have to create Bus, Ring and Mesh topologies here you have to take 4 Hubs and 4 PCs for all the three topologies. In bus, all the hubs are arranged in a linear manner whereas in ring all the hubs are arranged in a ring shape. In mesh, you can arrange by your choice. Now you have to connect all the hubs of the bus and the ring each other through Cross-over cable (For connecting same devices) but in mesh you have to connect each hub with the all-remaining hubs. Now connect PC to the hubs in all the above topologies and also assign unique IP Configuration to all the PCs.

Step 3: All the three topologies are created. Now connect all the three topologies to the backbone (Star Topology) one by one through Cross-over cable means you have to connect bus, ring and mesh to the connecting device of the backbone (Switch). You can select any one of the four hubs of the bus, ring and mesh and connect it

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to the Switch in the star topology.

Step 4: Now the all three topologies are connected to the star, you can also see there are some green arrows sign in the cable of the entire network that's means your connection is correctly established.

Step 5: Your network is ready to communicate now you can send packets(data) from one host (Source) to another host (Destination) in the entire network.

