# RUCKUS One Online Help (index.html)

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## Creating a Network That Uses a Captive Portal with a Guest Pass

You can create a network that allows users attempting to join the network to use a guest pass that is generated by an administrator to gain access.

In this type of network access, users sign in using a personal password that they receive in advance from a network administrator.

Complete the following steps to create a captive portal network that uses the guest pass authentication option.

- 1. On the navigation bar, click **Wi-Fi** > (and then) **Wi-Fi Networks** > (and then) **Wi-Fi Networks List**. The **Networks** page is displayed.
- Click Add Wi-Fi Network. Alternatively, select an existing Captive Portal with a Guest Pass Wi-Fi network setting that you want to copy and click Clone at the top of the table.
   The Create New Network page is displayed.
- 3. Complete the settings on the **Network Details** page.
  - **Network Name**: Enter a name (up to 32 characters) that you want to assign to the network.
  - **Set different SSID**: Use this option to configure the SSID different from the network name. For **SSID**, enter an SSID name (from 2 through 32 characters and up to 32 bytes when using UTF-8 non-Latin characters).
  - **Description**: Enter an optional description (up to 64 characters).
  - Network Type: Click Captive Portal.

When the network type is selected, a structure diagram of a Captive Portal type of network displays.

#### 4. Click Next.

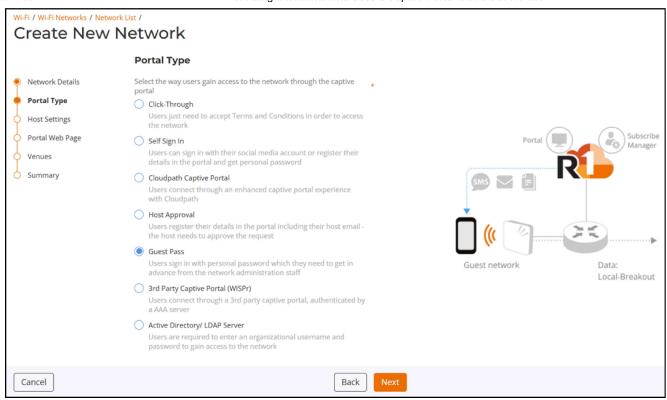
The **Portal Type** page is displayed.

## 5. Click Guest Pass.

To access the network, users sign in with a personal password received in advance from the network administration staff.

The Captive Portal Guest Pass network type diagram is displayed.

Creating a Guest Pass Captive Portal Network Type



#### 6. Click Next.

The **Host Settings** page is displayed.

- 7. In the **Secure your network** field, select one of the following options:
  - None (default): No encryption method is used.
  - Pre-Share Key (PSK): Select Pre-Share Key (PSK) and select a Security Protocol for the network.
    - WPA2 (Recommended) (default): Encrypts traffic using the WPA2 standard, which complies with the IEEE 802.11i security standard. Select WPA2 (Recommended) and enter a passphrase of at least eight characters in length in the Passphrase field.
    - WPA3: The WPA3 standard has several security enhancements when compared to WPA2. Select WPA3 and enter a passphrase of at least eight characters in length in the SAE Passphrase field.
       The IEEE 802.11ax (Wi-Fi 6E) and IEEE 802.11be (Wi-Fi 7) APs support only WPA3. The 6 GHz radios are supported with WPA3 only.
    - WPA2/WPA3 mixed mode: Allows mixed networks of WPA2- and WPA3-compliant devices ensuring
      compatibility. Select WPA2/WPA3 mixed mode and enter a passphrase of at least eight characters in
      length in both the WPA2 Passphrase and WPA3 SAE Passphrase fields.
  - **OWE Encryption**: Opportunistic Wireless Encryption (OWE) provides encrypted communications for open Wi-Fi networks without needing passwords. Choose this option to allow users to access the network without needing to enter a password for authentication.
  - OWE Transition mode: Enables a seamless transition from Open unencrypted WLANs to OWE WLANs without
    adversely impacting the end user experience. The OWE Transition mode setting is not visible unless OWE
    Encryption is enabled.

**Note:** The OWE transition mode allows STAs that do not support OWE authentication to access the network in open authentication mode, while OWE-capable STAs can use OWE authentication mode.

The migration to an enhanced open Wi-Fi network is done gradually, with user devices also upgrading over time. In OWE Transition mode, an AP creates two SSIDs: SSID1 (broadcast) for open authentication and SSID2 (hidden) for OWE authentication (read only). Non-OWE devices connect to SSID1, while OWE-capable devices initially connect to SSID1 but are then associated with SSID2 for secure access.

If SSID1 is deleted or **OWE Transition mode** is disabled, SSID2 will also be deleted. Cloning SSID1 creates two new WLANs.

**Note:** SSID1 and SSID2 co-exist as a pair and a maximum of 6 WLANs can be created per venue, per AP group.

8. Select the **Redirect Users to** check box and enter a valid URL.

You can redirect users to your company website or another URL after they log in successfully. If the check box is not selected, users are sent to the page they originally requested.

- 9. Select the **Enable RUCKUS DHCP service** check box to automatically create and assign a new DHCP-Guest Service and DHCP Pool for those Guest WLAN-related venues that do not have a specified DHCP Service. Please refer to the DHCP Service at each Venue for more information.
- 10. Select the **Use Bypass Captive Network Assistant** check box. The devices that are already authenticated are not redirected for authentication when reconnecting to the onboarding network.
- 11. In the **Walled Garden** section, enter the network destinations (URLs or IP addresses) that users can access without going through authentication. A walled garden is a limited environment to which an unauthenticated user is given access to set up an account. After the account is established, the user is allowed out of the walled garden.
- 12. Click Show more settings.

By default, the **VLAN** sub-tab is displayed. Each sub-tab includes additional Wi-Fi configuration options to configure the settings of your preference. Refer to *Configuring Additional Settings for a Wi-Fi Network (GUID-8AE1D265-5C9B-4B71-9A5C-A57C3CFA586A.html)* to configure each of the available settings.

#### Note:

**Demonstration of Advanced Settings for a Wi-Fi Network**. This video explains advanced settings for a Wi-Fi network and walks you through the process of configuring them.

Click to play video in full screen mode. (https://play.vidyard.com/Jm3S4CCwJX2Z2N8E9qAZdJ)

## 13. Click Next.

The **Portal Web Page** is displayed.

14. Under **Guest Portal Service**, select a Guest Portal from the drop-down list or click **Add Guest Portal Service** to add a new Guest Portal Service. The Guest Portal Service is where you define the look and feel of the webpage that the guest uses to join the captive portal network. Refer to *Adding a Guest Portal Service (GUID-F27DC50B-9239-4A4F-B751-945FF9828F08.html)*.

#### 15. Click Next.

The **Venues** page is displayed.

- 16. Complete the following steps to configure a venue:
  - a. Select the venues in which you want to activate this network:
    - To activate the network in all your venues, select the check box beside **Venue** at the top of the table and click **Activate**.
    - To activate the network in a specific venue, locate the venue from the list, and set the switch to **ON** in the **Activated** column.

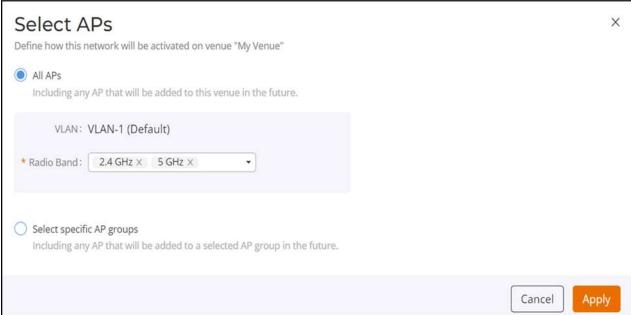
The APs, Radios, Scheduling, and Tunnel columns of the selected venue are displayed in the table.

Select Venues to Activate a Captive Portal Network



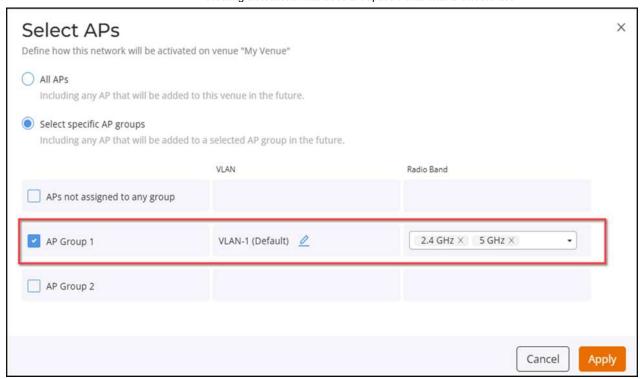
- b. By default, this network configuration is applicable for all APs and all radio bands supported by the APs. To select specific AP groups or modify the radio bands that will broadcast this network, complete one of the following steps:
  - Click All APs in the APs column. The Select APs dialog box is displayed. Select All APs to activate this
    network on all current and future APs at this venue. You can also choose to remove or add any APsupported radio bands in the Radio Band drop-down list giving you the flexibility of broadcasting this
    network only on the selected radio bands.

## Select APs Dialog Box



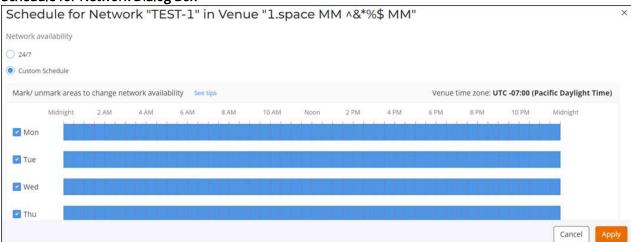
Click Select specific AP groups to activate this network on specific AP groups including any AP that is
added to selected AP groups in the future. The APs not assigned to any group option is displayed. After
APs not assigned to any group is selected, the VLAN and Radio Band options are displayed:

Select specific AP groups



- In the **VLAN** option, by default, VLAN-1 is selected. Click the icon and configure the VLAN or VLAN pool for the selected AP group.
- In the **Radio Band** option, remove or add any AP-supported radio bands in the drop-down list for the selected AP group.
- Click Apply.
- c. By default, this network configuration is scheduled for 24/7. To configure the **Scheduling**, complete the following steps:
  - Click **24/7** in the **Scheduling** column. The **Schedule for Network <network-name> in Venue <venue-name> dialog box is displayed. You can choose a schedule of 24/7 or customize the schedule.**

## Schedule for Network Dialog Box



• Click **Custom Schedule**. The network schedule is customized as per your requirements. You can configure the schedule from Monday through Sunday and from midnight to midnight (from 00:00 hours through

23.59 hours). For more information, click **See tips**. The **Network Scheduler Tips** dialog box opens, displaying different configuration tips in the form of animated GIFs.

- Click **OK** to close the **Network Scheduler Tips** dialog box.
- Click Apply.
- d. The **Tunnel** column shows the tunneling service or profile associated with each active network. By default, **Tunnel** is set to **Local Breakout** when the venue is not linked to any SD-LAN or SoftGRE tunneling service. The **SD-LAN Tunneling** option is available only in networks containing RUCKUS Edge devices.
- 17. Click Next.

The **Summary** page is displayed.

- 18. Review the settings that you configured.
- 19. Click Finish.

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