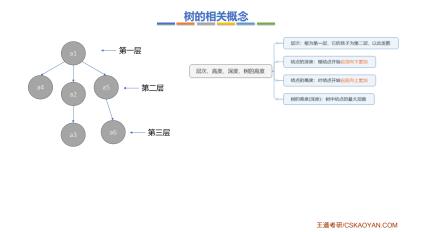
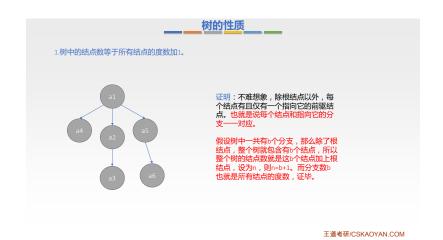
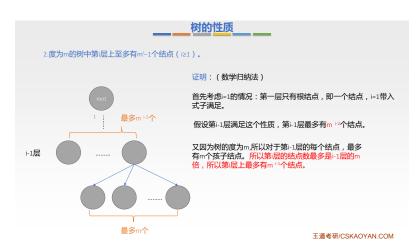


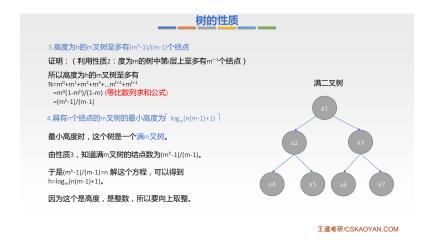
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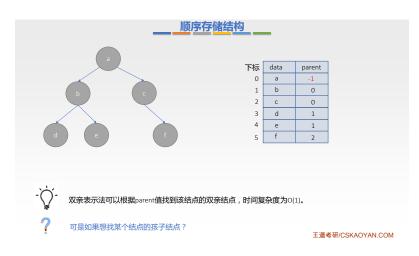




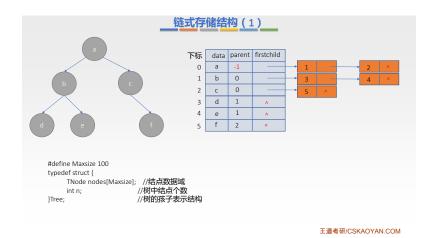


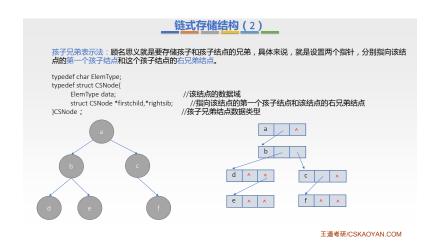




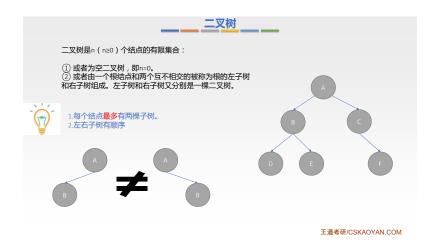


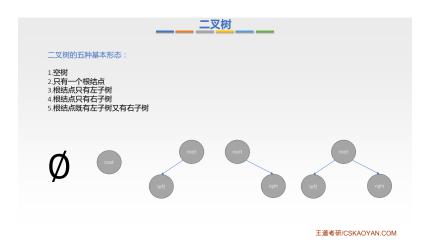


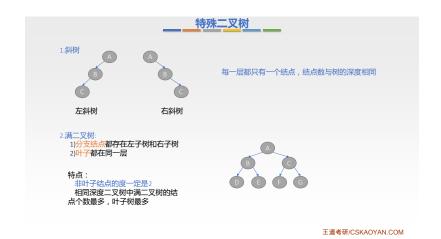


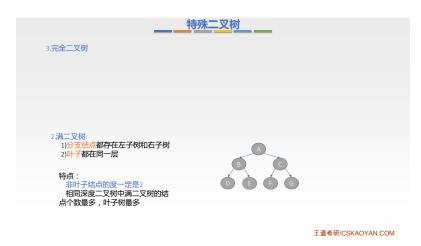




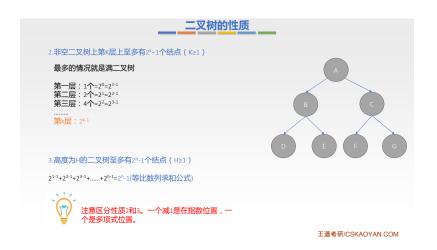






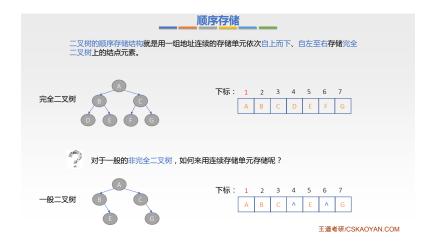


















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二叉树的遍历

二叉树的遍历是指按某种次序依次访问树中的每个结点,使得每个结点均被访问一次,而且仅被访问一次。

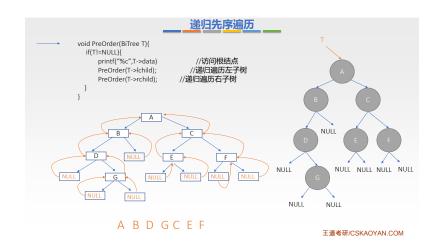


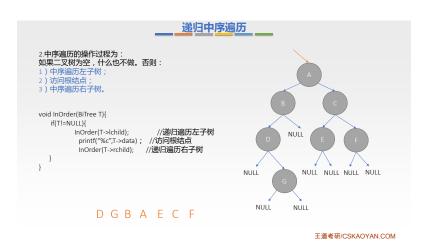
<u>递</u>归先序遍历

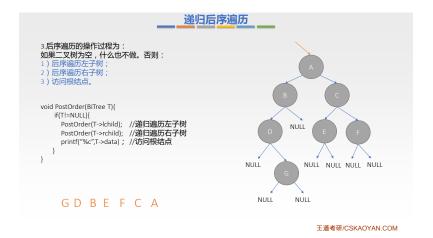
1. 先序遍历的操作过程为:
如果二叉树为空,什么也不做。否则:
1)访问根结点;
2) 先序遍历左子树;
3) 先序遍历右子树。

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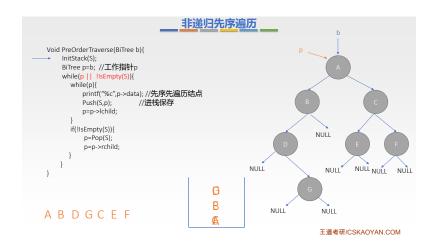
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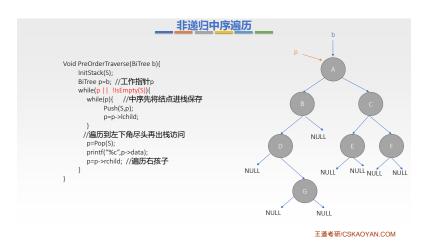




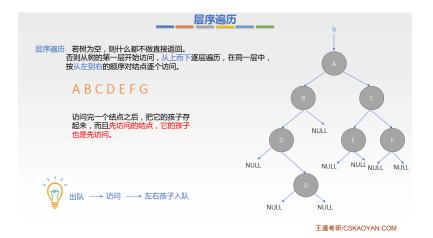


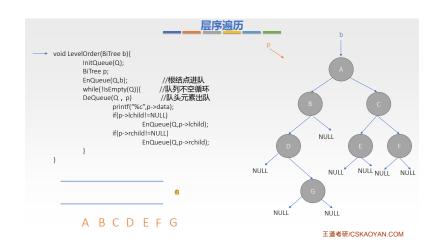




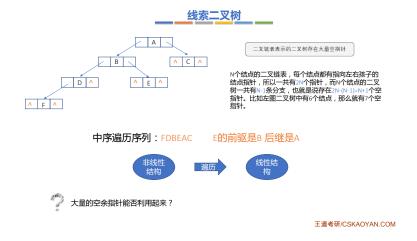




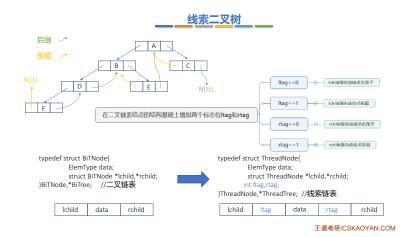


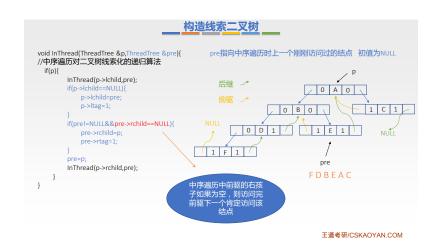








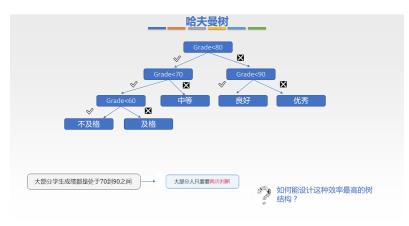




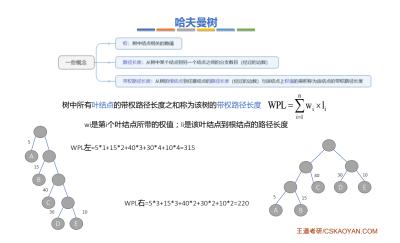








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