

# Prescription and Dispense Lists CDA Implementation Guide

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# 1 Introduction

This implementation guide is an *HL7 Clinical Document Architecture* [*HL7CDAR2*] specification to represent a prescription or dispense list.

## 1.1 Document purpose and scope

The primary aim of the implementation guide is to take implementers step by step through mapping each element of the Prescription and or Dispense List (PDL) model (*Prescription and Dispense Lists FHIR Implementation Guide [DH20190]*) to a corresponding CDA attribute or element. The resulting CDA document can be used for the electronic exchange of PDL information, such as a pharmacist shared medicines list (PSML) document, between healthcare providers.

Whilst this implementation guide is defined to support a generic practitioner-author list as a document, at the time of publication of this implementation guide it is expected that in the near term implementations will be of a pharmacist shared medicines list exchanged with the My Health Record.

This implementation guide is not to be used as a guide to presentation (or rendering) of the data. Beyond defining conformance requirements on CDA narratives it contains no information as to how the data described by it should be displayed and no such guidance should be inferred from This implementation guide.

Reference has been made to International and Australian Standards, and to Standards from Health Level Seven. The following standard is referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of its content constitutes requirements for the purposes of this specification: *HL7 Clinical Document Architecture [HL7CDAR2]*.

Wherever possible, material in this specification is based on existing standards. All efforts have been made to minimise divergence from the HL7 Australia profiles of HL7 International standards (???) to provide for system interoperability and compatibility with other profiles. Issues of an editorial nature in the source material (such as spelling or punctuation errors) are intentionally reproduced.

### 1.2 Context and use

A CDA implementation guide is part of a package of documents and files that support the development of software to exchange a type of clinical document, an end-product clinical specification package.

An Agency end-product clinical specification package supports software developers to create and interpret instances of a clinical document. The core of each package is a specification of the information content of instances of the clinical document.

Supplementary contents of the package include statements of scenarios for which the specification is appropriate, guidance on implementing the specification, and guidance on testing purported instances.

The contents may include:

- · statement of requirements
- CDA implementation guide a statement of constraints and custom extensions on *HL7 Clinical Document Architecture* [*HL7CDAR2*]
- FHIR implementation guide a statement of constraints and custom extensions on FHIR Release 3 (STU) [HL7FHIR3]
- template package library a set of Schematron schema to test conformance of CDA documents with the specification
- conformance profile a statement of conformance requirements for exchanging documents within a particular scenario such as the My Health Record
- release notes

Clinical specification packages contain only files relevant to the particular clinical document. Specifications that are common to many clinical documents and should be considered part of the specification package, as directed by the relevant release note and conformance profile, are contained in the *Common - Clinical Document [DH2019a]*.

### 1.3 How to read this document

This implementation guide contains descriptions of both constraints on HL7 CDA and, where necessary, custom extensions to the HL7 CDA, for the purposes of fulfilling the requirements for Australian implementations of prescription or dispense lists. These constraints are defined as a set of templates.

For implementers interested in a practitioner authored medicines list, such as PSML, the starting point for the CDA templates is ClinicalDocument (Prescription and or Dispense List), which references the additional templates necessary to assert conformance for this implementation guide.

Chapters that may be of primary interest are organised as follow:

- 3 *Conformance* defines the conformance requirements applicable to a clinical document instance claiming conformance to a ClinicalDocument template defined in this implementation guide or any derived conformance profile.
- 4 Prescription and or Dispense List hierarchy logical hierarchical view of the logical model for the document-level usage scenario.
- 5 CDA Header templates contains the CDA Header templates that apply across all of the supported usage scenarios in this implementation guide.
- 6 Document CDA templates defines the ClinicalDocument template for each logical model of a document-level usage scenario, e.g. Prescription and or Dispense List, in this implementation guide.
- 7 Participation CDA templates defines the templates for individuals and organisations, called participations, referenced by other templates in this implementation guide.
- 8 Entity CDA templates defines the templates for entities referenced by a participation template in this implementation guide.
- 9 Section CDA templates defines the section templates referenced by a ClinicalDocument template in this implementation guide.
- 10 Act CDA templates defines the templates for entry-level classes, called acts, referenced by other templates in this implementation guide.
- Appendix B, *Examples* provides examples demonstrating a document-level usage model, e.g. Prescription and or Dispense List, and that conform to the CDA templates defined in this implementation guide.

### 1.4 Editorial note

This implementation guide is an early working specification that is available for comment and review. It may be used to solicit feedback and to provide insight as to the expected content in a forthcoming stable and approved version of the specification.

This implementation guide may not considered to be complete enough or sufficiently reviewed to be safe for implementation and use in production systems. It may have known issues and still be in development.

This implementation guide is intended to align to HL7 FHIR and is the result of work undertaken in conjunction with HL7 Australia.

### 1.5 Intended audience

This implementation guide is aimed at software development teams, architects, designers, clinicians and informatics researchers who are responsible for the delivery of clinical applications, infrastructure components and messaging interfaces, and also for those who wish to evaluate the clinical suitability of the Agency-endorsed specifications.

This implementation guide and related artefacts are technical in nature and the audience is expected to be familiar with the language of health data specifications and to have some familiarity with health information standards and specifications, such as *HL7 Clinical Document Architecture [HL7CDAR2]* and Standards Australia IT-014 documents. Definitions and examples are provided to clarify relevant terminology usage and intent.

### 1.6 Known issues

This section lists known issues with this specification at the time of publishing. We are working on solutions to these issues and encourage comments to help us develop these solutions.

Reference	Description				
This implementation guide	This is just a wip shell at the moment - nothing to see here; move along.				
PractitionerRole > healthcareService	PractitionerRole > healthcareService is not currently mapped into CDA. Future releases of this implementation guide are expected to include a CDA template for the concept of a <a href="HealthcareService">HealthcareService</a> .				
Resolving URLs to Agency logical models (FHIR profiles) – not available	Direct links to the Agency logical models (published as FHIR profiles) referenced throughout this implementation guide are not available. It is intended that logical models, e.g. "Patient with Mandatory Identifier", will be published at a resolvable address. Future releases of this implementation guide are expected to hyperlink all references to logical models.  At this time the Agency logical models are only available via the <i>Prescription and Dispense Lists FHIR Implementation Guide [DH20190]</i> .				
Appendix C. Examples	This chapter is a placeholder - examples are yet to be done.				
Prescription and Dispense Lists FHIR Implementation Guide [DH20190]	The corresponding Prescription and or Dispense List FHIR IG is currently in progress; draft content is available from <a href="https://github.com/AuDigitalHealth/ci-fhir-stu3">https://github.com/AuDigitalHealth/ci-fhir-stu3</a> (public)   <a href="https://stash.digitalhealth.gov.au/projects/CIL/repos/ci-fhir-stu3/browse">https://stash.digitalhealth.gov.au/projects/CIL/repos/ci-fhir-stu3/browse</a> (internal).				



# 2 Guidance

### 2.1 Clinical Document Architecture Release 2

A CDA document is an XML document built following the rules described in the CDA specification, which conforms to the HL7 CDA schema provided by HL7. The CDA document is based on the semantics provided by the HL7 V3 RIM, Data types and Vocabulary [HL7V3DT].

A CDA document has two main parts: the header and the body.

The CDA document header is consistent across all CDA documents, regardless of document type. The header identifies and classifies the document and provides information on authentication, the encounter, the patient, and the involved providers.

The body contains the clinical report. The body can be marked-up text (narrative, renderable text) or a combination of both marked-up text and structured data. The marked-up text can be transformed to XHTML and displayed to a human. The structured data allows machine processing of the information shown in the narrative section.

All clinical information is required to be marked up in CDA narratives. These narratives are CDA-defined hypertext, able to be rendered in web browsers with only a standard accompanying transformation. This transformation is produced and distributed by HL7.

The rendered narrative can stand alone as a source of authenticated information for consuming parties. Content from the CDA body is not to be omitted from the narrative.

Further information and conformance requirements on the CDA narrative is available in CDA narrative conformance requirements.

The following references are recommended to gain a better understanding of CDA:

- HL7 Clinical Document Architecture [HL7CDAR2]
- HL7 V3 RIM, Data types and Vocabulary [HL7V3DT]
- CDA Examples [RING2009]
- CDA Validation Tools: infoway\_release\_2\_2X\_18.zip [INFO2009]

# 2.2 Australian Digital Health Agency CDA extensions

As part of the CDA, standard extensions are allowed as follows:

Locally-defined markup may be used when local semantics have no corresponding representation in the CDA specification. CDA seeks to standardize the highest level of shared meaning while providing a clean and standard mechanism for tagging meaning that is not shared. In order to support local extensibility requirements, it is permitted to include additional XML elements and attributes that are not included in the CDA schema. These extensions should not change the meaning of any of the standard data items, and receivers must be able to safely ignore these elements. Document recipients must be able to faithfully render the CDA document while ignoring extensions.

Extensions may be included in the instance in a namespace other than the HL7v3 namespace, but must not be included within an element of type ED (e.g., <text> within <procedure>) since the contents of an ED datatype within the conformant document may be in a different namespace. Since all conformant content (outside of elements of type ED) is in the HL7 namespace, the sender can put any extension content into a foreign namespace (any namespace other than the HL7 namespace). Receiving systems must not report an error if such extensions are present. HL7 Clinical Document Architecture [HL7CDAR2]

A number of extensions to CDA have been defined in this implementation guide. To maintain consistency, the same development paradigm has been used as CDA.

These Australian Digital Health Agency CDA extensions have been added to the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema and are incorporated in the namespace http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/Ci/Cda/Extensions/3.0 as shown in Appendix B, Examples. Future versions of CDA extensions will be versioned as per the following example:

http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/Ci/Cda/Extensions/4.0

The Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema therefore differs from the base HL7 CDA W3C XML schema (referred to in this implementation guide as the HL7 CDA schema). CDA documents which include extensions will fail to validate against the HL7 CDA schema – this is a known limitation.

A prescription list, or a dispense list, or a prescription and dispense list document that conforms to this specification will validate against the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema that accompanies this specification, and will validate against the HL7 CDA schema once the extensions have been removed. Note that merely passing schema validation does not ensure conformance. For more information, refer to Base conformance requirements.

# 2.3 Conformance conventions

This implementation guide specifies the CDA templates for implementing a prescription or dispense list. A CDA template is a set of constraints, and where necessary, custom extensions to *HL7 Clinical Document Architecture [HL7CDAR2]*, expressed using conformance conventions as defined in this implementation guide.

CDA templates are presented in a CDA mapping table (see Mapping presentation and structure) and indicated by the presence of a templateId (see Template identifiers).

### 2.3.1 Template identifiers

Template identifiers (templateId) are unique to each CDA template. When valued in an instance, the template identifier signals the assertion of conformance to a set of template-defined constraints. The root value of this element (e.g. @root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.1001.1002.226") provides a unique identifier for the template in question. The extension value of this element (e.g. @extension="1.0") provides the version identifier for the template in question.

The following example demonstrates assertion of conformance to two CDA templates. This use of templateId indicates that the CDA instance not only conforms to the CDA specification, but in addition, conforms to two templates.

#### Example 2.1. Use of templated to assert conformance to two CDA templates

```
<ClinicalDocument classCode="DOCCLIN" moodCode="EVN" xmlns="urn:h17-org:v3" xmlns:ex="urn:h17-org/v3-example"
xmlns:ext="http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/Ci/Cda/Extensions/3.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
   <typeId root="2.16.840.1.113883.1.3" extension="POCD_HD000040"/>
   <!-- ClinicalDocument templateId -->
   <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100033" extension="1.0"/>
   <!-- ClinicalDocument (Shared Medicines List Authored by Practitioner) templateId-->
   <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100065" extension="1.0"/>
</ClinicalDocument>
```

### 2.3.2 Open and closed templates

A CDA template may be either an open template or a closed template:

- In an open template all of the features of the CDA R2 base specification HL7 V3 RIM, Data types and Vocabulary [HL7V3DT] are allowed except as constrained by explicitly specified constraints.
- In a closed template everything that is allowed must be explicitly specified and nothing further may be allowed.

The template context in this implementation guide is that of an open template unless otherwise stated. A closed template is indicated by the presence of the following constraint:

This template **SHALL** be a closed template

For example if a CDA template says nothing about the use of the id element:

- In an open template context this means that id is allowed as specified in the schema
- In a closed template context this means that no use of id is allowed

#### Example 2.2. CDA mapping fragment - Interpreting an open template for logical elements

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /	
Composition	A clinical document written by the nominated provider, which contains key pieces of information about an individual's health status and is useful to a wide range of providers in assessing individuals and delivering care.	0*	<u>DomainResource</u>	ClinicalDocument  ClinicalDocument/templateId	In CDA the maximum occurrences of ClinicalDocument is 1. Although the model indicates that Composition is 0*, in a CDA implementation this is limited to 01.  In addition to the template defined in this mapping table, ClinicalDocument SHALL conform to the template defined in ClinicalDocument.  The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of template-defined constraints.
				ClinicalDocument/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100020"	
0 11 15 15			D. II. El .	ClinicalDocument/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
Composition > section (Event Overview)	Summary information concerning the event.	11	<u>BackboneElement</u>	ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[event]	
,				ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[event]/section	section SHALL conform to the template defined in section (Event Overview).

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Composition > section (Allergies)		01	<u>BackboneElement</u>	ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[allergy]	
	ported during this encounter. This may include statements that a patient does not have an allergy or category of allergies.			ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[allergy]/section	section <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in section (Allergies).

The above template fragment states that each instance of the logical element Composition is represented as a ClinicalDocument that:

- explicitly requires an instance of templateId with a root that conforms to the fixed value constraint and an instance of extension that conforms to the fixed value constraint. Other attributes of templateId, e.g. assigningAuthorityName, are implicitly allowed.
- implicitly allows any other child attributes or elements of ClinicalDocument including other instances of templateId.
- explicitly requires exactly one component with an instance of section that conforms to section (Event Overview) [templateld: 1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100059]. Other component elements or attributes are implicitly allowed.
- explicitly allows at most one component with an instance of section that conforms to section (Allergies) [templateId: 1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100069]. Other component elements or attributes are implicitly allowed.
- implicitly allows one or more instances of a component with a section that does not conform to either section (Event Overview) [templateld: 1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100059] or section (Allergies) [templated: 1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100069].

### 2.3.3 Fixed value constraint

A fixed value constraint is used to bind the value of an element or attribute to the exact string as presented between the quote marks (i.e. "FIXED\_VALUE"). This type of constraint is frequently used in a template to cast an element to a particular data type, or bind an element of type Coded Simple (CS) to a single code, or fix an attribute of a primitive type to a value.

A fixed value constraint in the "CDA schema element" column of a CDA mapping table will use XPath like notation, for example:

/ClinicalDocument/confidentialityCode/@nullFlavor="N/A"

The use of "=" is to be interpreted as SHALL. The above example specifies a conformance requirement that the nullFlavor attribute SHALL be instantiated as "N/A".

A fixed value constraint in the "CDA constraints and comments" column of a CDA mapping table will make use of Conformance verbs, for example:

displayName SHOULD be "Closing the Gap Copayment Eligibility Indicator"

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### 2.3.4 XPath like notation

This implementation guide uses an XML Path Language (XPath) like notation to identify the CDA schema element(s) to which conformance requirements are applied.

This notation provides a mechanism that will be familiar to developers for identifying parts of an XML document. XPath syntax selects nodes from an XML document using a path containing the context of the node(s). The path is constructed from node names and attribute names (prefixed by a "@") and catenated with a "/" symbol. In addition an [index] is used to differentiate similar mappings e.g. participant[location] and participant[author].

The syntax is: {/name{[index]}}n

#### Where:

- {} indicates optional
- {}n means a section that may repeat
- [index] differentiates two similar mappings and indicates that a pattern 'like this' is to be applied (see Interpreting cardinality in a CDA mapping table for logical elements)

An index after the name, such as component [admin\_obs] or entry[close\_gap] implies that there are expected to be two or more different component elements and entry elements instantiated in the ClinicalDocument instance. The indexes differentiate which CDA schema element is referenced in the path.

The value attribute of the value element from the below example could be referred to with the path /ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[admin\_obs]/section/entry[close\_gap]/observation/value/@value.

#### Example 2.3. XPath like notation

```
<ClinicalDocument xmlns="urn:h17-org:v3" xmlns:ext="http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/Ci/Cda/Extensions/3.0"</pre>
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <component>
     <structuredBody;
        <component>
           <section>
              <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100000" extension="1.0"/>
               <code code="102.16080" codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101" codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components" displayName="Administrative Observations"/>
               <title>Administrative Observations</title>
                  <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
                    <code codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101" code="103.32011" displayName="Closing the Gap Copayment Eligibility Indicator" />
                    <value xsi:type="BL" value="true"/>
                  </observation>
               </entry>
</ClinicalDocument>
```

The corresponding entries in the CDA schema element column of a CDA mapping table for /ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[admin\_obs]/section/entry[close\_gap]/observation/value could be expressed using the XPath like notation as in the template fragment below.

### **Example 2.4. CDA mapping fragment - XPath like notation**

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments		
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[admin_obs]/s	Context: /ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[admin_obs]/section		
Patient > closing-the-gap-registration	Indication for eligibility for the Closing the Gap program.	01	<u>boolean</u>	entry[close_gap]	The containing component[admin_obs]/section <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in component (Administrative Observations).		
				entry[close_gap]/observation			
				entry[close_gap]/observation/@classCode="OBS"			
				entry[close_gap]/observation/@moodCode="EVN"			
				entry[close_gap]/observation/ <b>code</b>			
				entry[close_gap]/observation/code/@code="103.32011"			
				entry[close_gap]/observation/code/@codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"	NCTIS Data Components		
				entry[close_gap]/observation/code/@displayName	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Closing the Gap Copayment Eligibility Indicator".		
				entry[close_gap]/observation/value	closing-the-gap-registration is "true" if eligible for Closing the Gap co- payment.		
					value/@xsi:type <b>SHALL</b> be "BL".		

### 2.3.5 Terminology binding

Vocabulary is specified in this implementation guide as:

- Fixed value constraint if only one permissible value is allowed, or
- Binding to a value set if more than one permissible value is allowed, e.g. Medication Act Status HL7 v3 (required)

For guidance on coding common clinical concepts in CDA documents see Representing Coding in CDA Documents Implementation Guidance [NEHT2011bv].

### Binding to a value set

A value set binding will be specified in the "CDA constraints and comments" column of a CDA mapping table as the title of the value set (hyperlinked to its definition) followed by identification of the binding strength (hyperlinked to its definition), for example:

v3 Code System ParticipationFunction (required)

That example terminology binding applied to a code element is to be interpreted as:

- code/@code SHALL be present and SHALL contain a code from v3 Code System ParticipationFunction
- code/@codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.88" SHALL be present
- code/@nullFlavor SHALL NOT be present as no meaningful value can be supplied
- code/@displayName SHOULD be present and SHOULD contain the display associated with the selected code from the value set
- code/@codeSystemName SHOULD be present and SHOULD contain the display associated with the code system as it is registered with a registration authority such as HL7
- code/@originalText SHOULD be present and SHALL carry the full text associated with this code as selected by, typed by, or displayed to the author
- code/@qualifier SHALL NOT be present as the example code system does not define qualifier values
- code/@translation MAY be present if an alternative terminology is in use in the sending system and a translation is available

#### Example 2.5. Interpreting required value set binding

```
<code code="MCMGT" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.88" />
```

### **Coded Simple (CS)**

A Coded Simple data type, or CS, is defined in *HL7 V3 RIM*, *Data types and Vocabulary [HL7V3DT*]. It is the simplest form of coded data and consists only of a code, other attributes are prohibited. Common instances typed as CS include @classCode, @moodCode, @statusCode, and @nullFlavor which have HL7-defined value sets.

The example below illustrates a fragment that conforms to the following terminology binding: @statusCode Medication Act Status HL7 v3 (required).

#### Example 2.6. Interpreting value set binding to Coded Simple (CS)

<statusCode code="active"/>

### 2.3.6 Conformance verbs

Where used in this implementation guide, the keywords **SHALL**, **SHOULD**, **MAY**, **SHALL NOT** and **SHOULD NOT** from *Key Words for Use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels [RFC2119]* are to be interpreted as described in the table below.

Conformance verb	Interpretation
SHALL	An absolute requirement.
	Where <b>SHALL</b> appears in any conformance constraint it indicates a mandatory requirement.
	Where <b>SHALL</b> is applied to the occurrences of an element or attribute then that element or attribute must be present but can be null if the value is not known and the value has not been constrained to not allow a null value.
SHOULD	A requirement that is considered best practice or recommendation for inclusion. There may be valid reasons to ignore an item, but the full implications must be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course.
	Where <b>SHOULD</b> appears in a conformance constraint that constrains the allowed occurrences of an item it indicates that the item may not be present but does not override the upper bound of the cardinality range.
	For a sending application where <b>SHOULD</b> is applied to the occurrences of an item then that item must be present if a sending application has the data for that data element. If the value is not known the element or attribute does not need to be included.
	Implementers must support an optional requirement.
MAY	A requirement that can be included or omitted as the author decides with no implications.
	Where <b>MAY</b> appears in a conformance constraint that constrains the allowed occurrences of an item it indicates that the item may not be present but does not override the upper bound of the cardinality range.
	Implementers must support an optional requirement.
SHALL NOT	An absolute prohibition.
	Where SHALL NOT appears in any conformance constraint it indicates a mandatory prohibition requirement.

Conformance verb	Interpretation
SHOULD NOT	A requirement that is considered best practice or recommendation against inclusion. There may be valid reasons to ignore an item, but the full implications must be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course.
	Where <b>SHOULD NOT</b> appears in a conformance constraint that constrains the allowed occurrences of an item it indicates that the item may not be present but does not override the upper bound of the cardinality range.
	For a sending application where <b>SHOULD NOT</b> is applied to the occurrences of an item then that element or attribute must be present if a sending application has the data for that data element. If the value is not known the element or attribute does not need to be included.
	Implementers must support an optional requirement.

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# 2.3.7 Cardinality notation

The cardinality range specifies the allowable occurrences in the format "m..n" where m is the minimum allowed members of the set (lower bound) and n is the maximum allowed members of the set (upper bound). The allowed values for m and n are 0, any positive integer, and \*.

The table below demonstrates a representative set of examples of cardinality range and how to interpret that cardinality range; p is positive integer greater than the minimum allowed members of the set.

Cardinality range	Interpretation	
00	zero (explicitly prohibited)	
01	zero or one	
11	exactly one	
0*	zero or more	
1*	at least one	
2*	at least two	
1p	at least one and not more than p	
2p	at least two and not more than p	

### 2.3.8 Interpreting cardinality in a CDA mapping table for logical elements

A CDA mapping table for logical elements will include a logical cardinality range for each logical element and a series of CDA schema elements that when instantiated are considered to be the CDA representation of that logical element.

In order to instantiate a logical element all CDA schema elements mapped to that logical element are to be instantiated unless a constraint is present in the mapping table to indicate otherwise. This means that while the first CDA schema element in a series has a comparative relationship to the logical cardinality, the effect on the additional CDA schema elements in a series is always that their minimum occurrence is to be interpreted as 1.

The logical cardinality is applied to the first mapped CDA schema element in a series in the following manner:

- The most strict minimum occurrence between the logical cardinality or the CDA schema cardinality is applied.
- o If a logical element has a minimum cardinality of 1 and the mapped CDA schema element has a minimum cardinality of 0 then the most strict cardinality of 1 applies to that CDA schema element.
- A CDA schema element with an [index] (see XPath like notation), e.g. representedOrganization/name[business], has the maximum occurrence of the logical element applied as a pattern 'like this'.
- o For example, if the logical cardinality of Organization > name is 0..1 and that logical element is mapped to representedOrganization/name[business]="TestOrg" (CDA schema cardinality of 0..\*), then a maximum of one instance of representedOrganization/name that has a value of "TestOrg" may be present. Other instances of representedOrganization/name that do not meet the pattern of "TestOrg" may be present.
- A CDA schema element with no [index] (see XPath like notation), e.g. representedOrganization/name, has the most strict maximum occurrence between the logical cardinality or the CDA schema cardinality applied.
  - o For example, if the logical cardinality of Organization > name is 0..1 and that logical element is mapped to representedOrganization/name (CDA schema cardinality of 0..\*), then the most strict cardinality of 1 applies to that CDA schema element.

A fragment of a section template is provided below, it includes a column for CDA card to emphasize that when more than one CDA schema element is mapped to a logical element the minimum cardinality of the additional schema elements becomes 1.

#### Example 2.7. CDA mapping fragment - Interpreting cardinality in a CDA mapping table for logical elements

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments	
CDA Body Level 3 Data Elements				Context: Comes from linking elements		
section	Information about allergies or intolerances. Information may include allergies or intolerances that have been identified or reported, or may include statements that a patient is not known to have an allergy or category of allergies.	Cardinality comes from linking ele- ment	BackboneElement	section	This section <b>SHALL</b> contain at least one entry (entry[adv]) or	
				section/ <b>templateId</b>	emptyReason (@nullFlavor) but <b>SHALL NOT</b> contain both.	
				section/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100069"		
				section/templateId/@extension="1.0"		
section > <b>title</b>	The label for this particular section. This will be part of the rendered content for the document, and is often used to build a table of contents.	11	string	section/ <b>title</b>		
section > code	A code identifying the kind of content contained within the section. This must be consistent with the section title.	11	CodeableConcept	section/ <b>code</b>		
				section/code/@code="48765-2"		
				section/code/@codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"	LOINC	
				section/code/@displayName	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Allergies ∨ adverse reactions".	
section > text	A human-readable narrative that contains the attested content of the section, used to represent the content of the resource to a human. The narrative need not encode all the structured data, but is required to contain sufficient detail to make it 'clinically safe' for a human to just read the narrative.	11	<u>Narrative</u>	section/ <b>text</b>		
section > entry	A reference to the actual resource from which the narrative in the section is derived.	0*	Reference(AllergyIntolerance as )	section/entry[adv]	A statement of allergy or intolerance can be sent to state that	
				section/entry[adv]/observation	<ul> <li>a patient does have an allergy or category of allergies or it can be sent to state that they do not e.g. 716186003   No known al lergy   716184000   No known latex allergy  .</li> </ul>	
					observation SHALL conform to the template defined in observation (Summary Statement of Allergy or Intolerance).	
section > emptyReason	If the section is empty, why the list is empty. An empty section typically has some text explaining the empty reason.	01	CodeableConcept	section/@nullFlavor	Empty Reason HL7 v3 NullFlavor (required)  The nullFlavor attribute is used to represent the reason a section is empty of clinical content.	

The above template fragment states that each instance of the logical element section is represented as a section with:

- One templateId with a root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100069" and an extension="1.0". Additional instances of templateId are allowed.
- Exactly one title.
- Exactly one code with a code="48765-2" and a codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1" and a displayName.

- Either exactly one nullFlavor or at least one entry/observation. If instantiated, nullFlavor will have a value from <a href="Empty Reason HL7 v3 NullFlavor">Empty Reason HL7 v3 NullFlavor</a>. If instantiated entry/observation will conform to the template observation (Summary Statement of Allergy or Intolerance). Additional instances of entry that do not contain an observation are allowed.
- Additional section attributes (e.g. classCode) or elements (e.g. author) are allowed as defined in the CDA schema as long as conformance to Base conformance requirements is maintained.

#### Example 2.8. Interpreting cardinality in a CDA mapping table for logical elements

```
<example>
      <title>XML fragment - Composition - Interpreting an open template for logical elements</title>
      cprogramlisting language="cdaxml">
     <![CDATA[
<ClinicalDocument xmlns="urn:hl7-org:v3" xmlns:ext="http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/Ci/Cda/Extensions/3.0"</pre>
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
   <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100033" extension="1.0"/>
   <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100020" extension="1.0"/>
   <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.100.149" extension="1.0"/>
   <component>
      <structuredBody>
        <!-- section (Allergies) -->
         <component>
           <section>
              <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100069" extension="1.0"/>
              <code code="48765-2" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1" displayName="Allergies &amp;or adverse reactions"/>
              <title>Allergies and Adverse Reactions</title>
              <text mediaType="text/x-hl7-text+xml">No known allergies.</text>
              <!--section entry -->
               <entry typeCode="DRIV">
                  <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
                    <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100014" extension="1.0"/>
                    <code code="102.15517" codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101" codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components" displayName="Adverse Reaction"/>
                    <value xsi:type="CD" code="716186003" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96" codeSystemName="SNOMED CT" displayName="No known allergy">
                       <originalText>No known allergies</originalText>
                     </value>
                  </observation>
              </entry>
           </section>
         </component>
</ClinicalDocument>
```

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# 2.4 Mapping presentation and structure

The CDA templates described in this implementation guide are presented in table format and will be either:

- a mapping of each logical element of the logical model (i.e. profiled FHIR resources published in *Prescription and Dispense Lists FHIR Implementation Guide [DH20190]*) to a corresponding CDA attribute or element, or
- a set of CDA attributes or elements with specified infrastructure or control requirements that are not sourced from the logical model but are necessary for supporting the usage scenarios in a CDA implementation.

CDA templates mapping logical elements are roughly grouped by HL7 Reference Information Model (RIM) class within a templates chapter, e.g. 7 Participation CDA templates.

The heading for each child section identifies the CDA schema element that is templated, and may also identify the name of part of the logical model that the template corresponds to, e.g. recordTarget (Patient with Mandatory Identifier) defines the CDA template of the recordTarget CDA schema element to represent the logical model for Patient with Mandatory Identifier.

# 2.4.1 Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements

A CDA mapping table for logical elements aims to take implementers step by step through mapping each element of the logical model to a corresponding CDA attribute or element. The following section describes in more detail the fields used to present the mapping content in this implementation guide.

# **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA conformance level, e.g. CDA Head	er, CDA Body Level 3 Data Elements	Context: The root context that is applied as a prefix to the CDA schema element paths in the mapping rows below			
The logical hierarchical path in the logical model expressed using names of the elements in the logical model.  If there is a name in round brackets after the path, this is the label for that element or resource.  The text in <b>bold</b> (the last in the path) is the subject for this row in the convention <parent (label)=""> &gt; <child (label)="">, e.g.  Composition &gt; section (Allergies)</child></parent>	The description of the element in the logical model.	The cardinality of the logical element in the logical model (see Cardinality notation).  The root element of each template will typically express an inherited cardinality from the parent element in a parent template by stating:  Cardinality comes from linking element  A logical cardinality is applied to the mapped CDA schema elements as described in Interpreting cardinality in a CDA mapping table for logical elements:  • The most strict minimum occurrence between the logical cardinality or the CDA schema defined cardinality is applied.  • The most strict maximum occurrence applies to CDA schema elements without an [index].  • The maximum occurrence of the logical cardinality applies as a pattern 'like this' to CDA schema elements with an [index].	The type of the logical element (hyperlinked to the definition of the [HL7FHIR3] type) in the logical model.  This may be expressed as a type that is further constrained by a model in the convention <type> as <model name="">, e.g.  Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier.</model></type>	The CDA schema element(s) in the CDA template that when instantiated are considered to be the CDA representation of that logical element; expressed using an XPath like notation, e.g.:  participant[location]/associatedEntity/code  The path always starts from the context as defined in the grey header row above each group of mapping rows.  The last CDA schema element in the path is presented in bold to aid the reader.  Typically a logical model element will map to multiple CDA schema elements. In order to instantiate the logical element in CDA, the minimum cardinality of the mapped CDA schema elements should be understood to be 1 unless an associated constraint is present to indicate a different cardinality (see interpreting cardinality in a CDA mapping table for logical elements).	Additional information or guidance on implementing the logical element in CDA to support usage scenarios, e.g.  When sending to the My Health Record, an IHI is expected.  Constraints on the CDA schema elements, identified by use of Conformance verbs, e.g.  code/original-Text or code/@displayName SHALL be included.  Terminology binding, e.g.  Address Type HLZ v3 (required).

# 2.4.2 Legend - CDA mapping table for CDA schema elements

A CDA mapping table for CDA schema elements will define conformance requirements that are not sourced from a logical model and that apply cross all of the supported usage scenarios. The following section describes in more detail the fields used to present the mapping content in this implementation guide.

### **CDA** mapping

CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments	
CDA conformance level, e.g. CDA Header, CDA Body Level 3 Data Elements		Context: The root context that is applied as a prefix to the CDA schema element paths in the mapping rows below		
The CDA schema element(s) in the CDA template using an XPath like notation, e.g.:  ClinicalDocument/versionNumber/@value  The path always starts from the context as defined in the grey header row above each group of mapping rows.  The last CDA schema element in the path is presented in bold to aid the reader.	The description of the CDA schema element definitions, sourced from HL7 Clinical Document Architecture, Release 2 [HL7CDAR2].	The cardinality of the CDA schema element in the template (see Cardinality notation).  The root element of a template may express an inherited cardinality from the parent element in a parent template by stating:  Cardinality comes from linking element	Additional information or guidance on the use of the CDA schema element to support usage scenarios, e.g.  The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of template-defined constraints.  Constraints on the CDA schema elements, identified by use of Conformance verbs, e.g.  code/originalText or code/@displayName SHALL be included.  Terminology binding, e.g.  Address Type HL7 v3 (required).	

# 3 Conformance

Conformance claims are typically made against the templates in this implementation guide and additional conformance profiles documented elsewhere such as *Prescription List - Point-to-Point Conformance Profile* [DH2019q].

# 3.1 Base conformance requirements

Any document that claims conformance to a ClinicalDocument template defined in this implementation guide or any derived conformance profile **SHALL** meet these base requirements:

- It **SHALL** be a valid HL7 CDA instance. In particular:
  - o It SHALL be valid against the HL7 CDA schema (once extensions have been removed).
  - It **SHALL** conform to the HL7 V3 R1 data type specification.
  - It SHALL conform to the semantics of the RIM and Structural Vocabulary.
- It **SHALL** be valid against the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema that accompanies this implementation guide after any additional extensions not in the Australian Digital Health Agency extension namespace have been removed, along with any other CDA content not described by this implementation guide.
- It SHALL conform to the CDA templates it claims conformance to.
- It **SHALL** be valid against the additional conformance requirements that are established in this implementation guide (i.e. any normative use of the word "shall" identified by the term presented in uppercase and bold typeface).
- · The narrative SHALL conform to the requirements described in this implementation guide.
- The document SHALL conform to the requirements specified in the CDA Rendering Specification [NEHT2012s].
- · Any additional content included in the CDA document that is not described by this implementation guide:
  - o SHALL NOT qualify or negate content described by this implementation guide
  - SHALL be clinically safe for receivers of the document to ignore the non-narrative additions when interpreting the existing content.
- A system that consumes PDL CDA documents SHALL be able to:
  - o correctly process conformant instance documents, including correctly understanding all the information in the header and it **MAY** but is not required to, reject non-conformant documents.
  - o correctly render the document for end-users when appropriate (see Clinical Document Architecture Release 2) but is not required to process any or all of the structured data entries in the CDA document.

# 3.2 Conformance profile conformance requirements

Conformance profiles of this implementation guide **MAY** make additional rules that override templates in this implementation guide in regard to:

- Allowing the use of alternative value sets in place of the value sets this is limited to not overriding the rules of the terminology binding strength.
  - For example, a <u>required</u> value set may be overridden by a value set whose values are a subset of those of the <u>required</u> binding.
- Restricting the data type of a CDA schema element or attribute.
- Restricting the allowed values of a CDA schema element or attribute.
- Restricting the cardinality of a CDA schema element or attribute.
- Providing more specific or additional mappings to CDA schema elements or attributes.
- Providing refined usage scenarios, definitions, and implementation guidance.

A conformance profile cannot break the rules established in this implementation guide.

## 3.3 CDA narrative conformance requirements

CDA requires that each section in its body include a narrative block, containing a clinically complete version of the section's encoded content using custom hypertext markup defined by HL7. The narrative is the human-readable and attestable part of a CDA document, and can stand alone as an accurate representation of the content of the document without any need to consult entries in the body.

It is an *HL7 Clinical Document Architecture [HL7CDAR2]* requirement that all clinical information **SHALL** be marked up in CDA narratives.

It is an *HL7 Clinical Document Architecture [HL7CDAR2]* requirement that the rendered narrative **SHALL** be able to stand alone as a source of authenticated information for consuming parties. Clinically relevant content from the CDA body **SHALL NOT** be omitted from the narrative.

There is no canonical markup for specific CDA components, but some conformance requirements apply:

- The narrative block **SHALL** be encapsulated within the text component of the CDA section.
- The narrative contents SHALL conform to the requirements specified in the CDA Rendering Specification [NEHT2012s].
- The narrative contents **SHALL** completely and accurately represent the clinical information encoded in the section. Clinical content **SHALL NOT** be omitted from the narrative.
  - o In accordance with the requirement to completely represent section contents, elements of type <a href="CodeableConcept">CodeableConcept</a> SHALL include an originalText or a displayName attribute (or both). Where available, the originalText SHOULD be found in the narrative, otherwise the displayName SHOULD be found in the narrative.
  - In accordance with the requirement to represent section contents in that section, the narrative of the content for a section **SHALL** be contained in that section or, if appropriate, the narrative of an ancestor section.
- The narrative **SHALL** conform to the content requirements of the CDA specification [HL7CDAR2] and the XML schema.

Clinical judgement is required to determine the appropriate presentation for narrative. We may release additional guidance in this regard.



# 4 Prescription and or Dispense List hierarchy

Prescription and or Dispense List is defined as:

A list of prescriptions, and or, dispense records for a patient. *Prescription and Dispense Lists FHIR Implementation Guide [DH20190]* 

## 4.1 Logical hierarchy

The hierarchy below provides a logical view of the document-level usage scenario Prescription and or Dispense List as a tree structure in a hierarchical table; it is not intended to represent how the data contents are represented in a CDA document.

The logical model Composition (Prescription and or Dispense List), published as a set of FHIR profiles, can be found in the *Prescription and Dispense Lists FHIR Implementation Guide* [DH2019o].

A legend is available at the end of this hierarchy.

Logical element Logical card				Logical type	CDA template	
Compo	osition (Preso	cription and or Dispense List)	•	Composition as Prescription and or Dispense List	ClinicalDocument (Prescription and or Dispense List)	
	composit	ion-author-role	01	Reference(PractitionerRole as PractitionerRole with Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)	author (PractitionerRole with Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)	
	identifier		01	<u>Identifier</u>		
	status		11	code		
	type		11	CodeableConcept		
	subject		11	Reference(Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	recordTarget (Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	
	date		11	<u>dateTime</u>		
	author	author		Reference(Practitioner as Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier   Device as Device with Mandatory Identifier   Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier   RelatedPerson as RelatedPerson with Mandatory Identifier)		
	title			string		
	attester (I	Legal Attester)	01	BackboneElement	legalAuthenticator	
		mode	11	<u>code</u>		
		time	11	<u>dateTime</u>		
		party	11	Reference(Practitioner as Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)		
	custodian		11	Reference(Organization as Organization with Mandatory Identifier)	custodian (Organization with Mandatory Identifier)	
	section (D	Dispense List)	01	BackboneElement	section (Dispense List)	
		title	11	string		
		code	11	CodeableConcept		
		text	11	<u>Narrative</u>		
		entry	02	Reference(List as List of Prescription and or Dispense Records   Provenance as Provenance for the Generation of a List)	act (List of Prescription and or Dispense Records)   act (Provenance for the Generation of a List)	
		emptyReason	01	CodeableConcept		
	section (P	rescription List)	01	BackboneElement	section (Prescription List)	
		title	11	string		

Logical element			Logical type	CDA template	
	code	11	CodeableConcept		
	text	11	<u>Narrative</u>		
	entry		Reference(List as List of Prescription and or Dispense Records   Provenance as Provenance for the Generation of a List)	act (List of Prescription and or Dispense Records)   act (Provenance for the Generation of a List)	
	emptyReason		<u>CodeableConcept</u>		
section (Pre	section (Prescription and Dispense List)		BackboneElement	section (Prescription and Dispense List)	
1	title	11	string		
	code	11	<u>CodeableConcept</u>		
1	text	11	<u>Narrative</u>		
	entry	02	Reference(List as List of Prescription and or Dispense Records   Provenance as Provenance for the Generation of a List)	act (List of Prescription and or Dispense Records)   act (Provenance for the Generation of a List)	
	emptyReason	01	CodeableConcept		



#### **Note**

The column "Logical element" contains the name of that element in the logical model.

The column "Logical card" contains the logical cardinality of that element in the logical model.

The column "Logical type" contains the type of the logical element (hyper-linked to the definition of the [HL7FHIR3] type) in the logical model. This may be expressed as a type that is further constrained by a model in the convention <type> as <model name>.

The column "CDA template" contains the title of the corresponding CDA template for that logical element (hyperlinked to CDA mapping table for that template). The convention for the CDA template title is <CDA schema element> (<model name> where the template is not defined in 5 CDA Header templates).

## 4.2 Logical expanded hierarchy

The hierarchy below provides an expanded logical view of the Prescription and or Dispense List model as a tree structure in a hierarchical table that includes the structure of the first level of referenced models; it is not intended to represent how the data contents are represented in a CDA document.

The logical model Composition (Prescription and or Dispense List), published as a set of FHIR profiles, can be found in the *Prescription and Dispense Lists FHIR Implementation Guide* [DH2019o].

A legend is available at the end of this hierarchy.

Logical	element			Logical card	Logical type	CDA template
Composition (Prescription and or Dispense List)					Composition as Prescription and or Dispense List	ClinicalDocument (Prescription and or Dispense List)
	compositi	sition-author-role			Reference(PractitionerRole as PractitionerRole with Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)	author (PractitionerRole with Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)
		identifier			<u>Identifier</u>	
		active		01	boolean	
		period		01	Period	
		practition	er	11	Reference(Practitioner as Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)	assignedPerson (Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)
		organizati	on	01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)	representedOrganization (Base Organization)
		code		0*	CodeableConcept	
		specialty		0*	CodeableConcept	
		location healthcareService telecom availableTime		0*	Reference(Location)	
				0*	Reference(HealthcareService)	
				0*	ContactPoint	
				0*	BackboneElement	
			daysOfWeek	0*	<u>code</u>	
			allDay	01	boolean	
			availableStartTime	01	<u>time</u>	
			availableEndTime	01	<u>time</u>	
		notAvailal	ple	0*	BackboneElement	
			description	11	string	
			during	01	Period	
		availability	/Exceptions	01	string	
	date			11	<u>dateTime</u>	
	identifier			01	<u>Identifier</u>	
	status			11	code	
	type			11	CodeableConcept	
	subject	:		11	Reference (Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	recordTarget (Patient with Mandatory Identifier)
		birthPlace		01	Address	
		indigenou	s-status	01	Coding	
		closing-th	e-gap-registration	01	boolean	
		patient-m	others Maiden Name	01	string	
		identifier		1*	Identifier	
		active		01	boolean	

Logical element			Logical card	Logical type	CDA template
	name		0*	HumanName as Base HumanName	
	telecom		0*	ContactPoint	
	gender		01	code	
	birthDate	birthDate date-accuracy-indicator		<u>date</u>	
				Coding	
		birthTime	01	<u>dateTime</u>	
	deceased	deceased[x] date-accuracy-indicator		boolean   dateTime	
				Coding	
	address		0*	Address	
	maritalSta	tus	01	CodeableConcept	
	multipleBi	multipleBirth[x]		boolean   integer	
	contact			<u>BackboneElement</u>	participant (Patient contact)
		relationship	0*	CodeableConcept	
		name	01	HumanName as Base HumanName	
		telecom	0*	ContactPoint	
		address	01	Address	
		gender	01	code	
		organization	01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)	
		period	01	<u>Period</u>	
	communic	communication		BackboneElement	
		language	11	CodeableConcept	
		preferred	01	boolean	
	generalPra	generalPractitioner		Reference(Practitioner as Base Practitioner   Organization as Base Organization)	participant (generalPractitioner Base Practitioner)   participant (generalPractitioner Base Organization)
	managing	Organization	01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)	providerOrganization (Base Organization)
date	•		11	<u>dateTime</u>	
autho	or		11	Reference(Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	author (Patient with Mandatory Identifie
	birthPlace		01	Address	
	indigenou	s-status	01	Coding	
	closing-th	e-gap-registration	01	boolean	
	patient-m	others Maiden Name	01	string	
	identifier		1*	<u>Identifier</u>	
	active		01	boolean	
	name		0*	HumanName as Base HumanName	
	telecom		0*	ContactPoint	
	gender		01	<u>code</u>	
	birthDate		01	date	
		date-accuracy-indicator	01	Coding	
		birthTime	01	<u>dateTime</u>	
	deceased	[x]	01	boolean   dateTime	
		date-accuracy-indicator	01	Coding	
	address	1	0*	Address	
	maritalSta	tus	01	CodeableConcept	
	multipleBi	irth[x]	01	boolean   integer	

gical element			Logical card	Logical type	CDA template		
		contact			0*	<u>BackboneElement</u>	
			relationship		0*	CodeableConcept	
	name			01	HumanName as Base HumanName		
		telecom			0*	ContactPoint	
				01	Address		
		gender			01	code	
		organization  period  communication  language  preferred  generalPractitioner		01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)		
				01	Period		
				0*	<u>BackboneElement</u>		
				11	CodeableConcept		
				01	<u>boolean</u>		
				0*	Reference(Practitioner as Base Practitioner   Organization as Base Organization)		
				01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)		
	author			11	Reference(RelatedPerson as RelatedPerson with Mandatory Identifier)	author (RelatedPerson with Mandatory Identifier)	
		identifier		0*		<u>Identifier</u>	
		active		01		<u>boolean</u>	
		patient         11           relationship         01           name         0*           telecom         0*           gender         01			Reference(Patient as Base Patient)		
					CodeableConcept		
					HumanName as Base HumanName		
					ContactPoint		
					code		
		birthDate		01		<u>date</u>	
		address		0*		Address	
		period		01		Period	
	author				01	Reference(Practitioner as Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)	
		identifier			1*	<u>Identifier</u>	
		active			01	<u>boolean</u>	
		name			0*	HumanName as Base HumanName	
		telecom			0*	ContactPoint	
		address			0*	Address	
		gender			01	code	
		birthDate			01	date	
		qualification	on		0*	BackboneElement	
			identifier		0*	Identifier	
			code		11	CodeableConcept	
			period		01	Period	
			issuer		01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)	
		communic	cation		0*	CodeableConcept	
	title				11	string	
	attester (I	Legal Atteste	er)		11	<u>BackboneElement</u>	
		mode			11	code	
		time			11	dateTime	

party   11   Reference(Practitioner as Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)   1*   Identifier   1*   Identifier	
active	
name         0*         HumanName as Base HumanName           telecom         0*         ContactPoint           address         0*         Address           gender         01         code           birthDate         01         date           qualification         0*         BackboneElement	
telecom         0*         ContactPoint           address         0*         Address           gender         01         code           birthDate         01         date           qualification         0*         BackboneElement	
address   0*   Address	
gender	
birthDate 01 date qualification 0* BackboneElement	
qualification 0* BackboneElement	
·	
identifier 0* <u>Identifier</u>	
code 11 <u>CodeableConcept</u>	
period 01 <u>Period</u>	
issuer 01 Reference(Organization as Base	
Urganization)	
communication 0* <u>CodeableConcept</u>	
custodian 11 Reference(Organization as Organization with Mandatory Identifier) custodian (Organization with Identifier)	Mandatory
identifier 1* <u>Identifier</u>	
active 01 <u>boolean</u>	
type 0* <u>CodeableConcept</u>	
name 01 <u>string</u>	
alias 0* string	
telecom 0* <u>ContactPoint</u>	
address 0* <u>Address</u>	
partOf 01 Reference(Organization as Base Organization)	
contact 0* <u>BackboneElement</u>	
purpose 01 <u>CodeableConcept</u>	
name 01 <u>HumanName</u> as Base HumanName	
telecom 0* <u>ContactPoint</u>	
address 01 <u>Address</u>	
section (Dispense List)  01 BackboneElement section (Dispense List)	
title 11 string	
code 11 <u>CodeableConcept</u>	
text 11 Narrative	
entry 01 Reference(List as List of Prescription and or Dispense Records) act (List of Prescription and or Records)	<sup>-</sup> Dispense
author-role  01 Reference(PractitionerRole as PractitionerRole with Mandatory Identifier)	
author-related-person 01 Reference(RelatedPerson as RelatedPerson with Mandatory Identifier)	
status 11 <u>code</u>	
code 11 <u>CodeableConcept</u>	
subject 11 Reference(Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	
date 01 <u>dateTime</u>	

Logical	Logical element				Logical type	CDA template
		note		01	Reference(Practitioner as   Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier   Device as Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	
				0*	Annotation	
				1*	BackboneElement	
			item	11	Reference(MedicationStatement   MedicationRequest   MedicationDispense)	
		emptyRea	son	01	CodeableConcept	
	entry			01	Reference(Provenance as Provenance for the Generation of a List)	act (Provenance for the Generation of a List)
		target		1*	Reference(Any)	
		period		01	Period	
		recorded		11	instant	
		policy		0*	<u>uri</u>	
		activity		1*	Coding	
		agent (Ass	sembling Device)	01	Reference(BackboneElement)	
			role	01	CodeableConcept	
			who[x]	01	Reference(Device as Base Device)	
			onBehalfOf[x]	01	Reference(Practitioner as   RelatedPerson as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as   Device as Base Device   Organization as Base Organization)	
	agent (Authoring Entity)		01	Reference(BackboneElement)		
			role	01	<u>CodeableConcept</u>	
			who[x]	01	Reference(Practitioner as Base Practitioner   RelatedPerson as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as Base Patient   Organization as Base Organization)	
			onBehalfOf[x]	01	Reference(Practitioner as   RelatedPerson as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as   Organization as Base Organization)	
		entity		0*	Reference(BackboneElement)	
			role	01	code	
			what[x]	01	Reference(Any)	
			agent	01	???	
	emptyRe	eason		01	<u>CodeableConcept</u>	
	section (Prescription	ı List)		01	<u>BackboneElement</u>	section (Prescription List)
	title			11	string	
	code			11	CodeableConcept	
	text			11	<u>Narrative</u>	
	entry			01	Reference(List as List of Prescription and or Dispense Records)	act (List of Prescription and or Dispense Records)
		author-ro	le	01	Reference(PractitionerRole as PractitionerRole with Mandatory Identifier)	
		author-re	ated-person	01	Reference(RelatedPerson as RelatedPerson with Mandatory Identifier)	
		status		11	code	
		code		11	CodeableConcept	
		subject		11	Reference(Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	
		date		01	dateTime	

Logical e	Logical element					Logical type	CDA template
			source		01	Reference(Practitioner as   Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier   Device as Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	
			note		0*	Annotation	
			entry		1*	BackboneElement	
				item	11	Reference(MedicationStatement   MedicationRequest   MedicationDispense)	
			emptyRea	son	01	CodeableConcept	
		entry			01	Reference(Provenance as Provenance for the Generation of a List)	act (Provenance for the Generation of a List)
			target		1*	Reference(Any)	
			period		01	Period	
			recorded		11	instant	
			policy		0*	<u>uri</u>	
			activity		1*	Coding	
			agent (Ass	embling Device)	01	Reference(BackboneElement)	
				role	01	<u>CodeableConcept</u>	
				who[x]	01	Reference(Device as Base Device)	
				onBehalfOf[x]	01	Reference(Practitioner as   RelatedPerson as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as   Device as Base Device   Organization as Base Organization)	
		agent (Authoring Entity)		01	Reference(BackboneElement)		
				role	01	CodeableConcept	
				who[x]	01	Reference(Practitioner as Base Practitioner   RelatedPerson as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as Base Patient   Organization as Base Organization)	
				onBehalfOf[x]	01	Reference(Practitioner as   RelatedPerson as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as   Organization as Base Organization)	
			entity		0*	Reference(BackboneElement)	
				role	01	<u>code</u>	
				what[x]	01	Reference(Any)	
				agent	01	???	
		emptyRea	son		01	<u>CodeableConcept</u>	
	section (P	rescription a	and Dispens	e List)	01	BackboneElement	section (Prescription and Dispense List)
		title			11	string	
		code			11	<u>CodeableConcept</u>	
		text			11	<u>Narrative</u>	
		entry			01	Reference(List as List of Prescription and or Dispense Records)	act (List of Prescription and or Dispense Records)
			author-rol	e	01	Reference(PractitionerRole as PractitionerRole with Mandatory Identifier)	
			author-rel	ated-person	01	Reference(RelatedPerson as RelatedPerson with Mandatory Identifier)	
			status		11	<u>code</u>	
			code		11	CodeableConcept	
			subject		11	Reference(Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	
			date		01	<u>dateTime</u>	

Logical element				Logical card	Logical type	CDA template
		source		01	Reference(Practitioner as   Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier   Device as Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	
		note		0*	Annotation	
		entry		1*	BackboneElement	
			item	11	Reference(MedicationStatement     MedicationRequest   MedicationDispense)	
		emptyRea	ison	01	CodeableConcept	
	entry	target		01	Reference(Provenance as Provenance for the Generation of a List)	act (Provenance for the Generation of a List)
				1*	Reference(Any)	
		period		01	Period	
		recorded policy		11	instant	
				0*	<u>uri</u>	
		activity		1*	Coding	
		agent (Ass	sembling Device)	01	Reference(BackboneElement)	
			role	01	CodeableConcept	
			who[x]	01	Reference(Device as Base Device)	
			onBehalfOf[x]	01	Reference(Practitioner as   RelatedPerson as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as   Device as Base Device   Organization as Base Organization)	
		agent (Au	thoring Entity)	01	Reference(BackboneElement)	
			role	01	CodeableConcept	
			who[x]	01	Reference(Practitioner as Base Practitioner   RelatedPerson as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as Base Patient   Organization as Base Organization)	
			onBehalfOf[x]	01	Reference(Practitioner as   RelatedPerson as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as   Organization as Base Organization)	
		entity		0*	Reference(BackboneElement)	
			role	01	code	
			what[x]	01	Reference(Any)	
			agent	01	???	
	emptyRea	ason		01	<u>CodeableConcept</u>	



#### Note

The column "Logical element" contains the name of that element in the logical model.

The column "Logical card" contains the logical cardinality of that element in the logical model.

The column "Logical type" contains the type of the logical element (hyper-linked to the definition of the [HL7FHIR3] type) in the logical model. This may be expressed as a type that is further constrained by a model in the convention <type> as <model name>.

The column "CDA template" contains the title of the corresponding CDA template for that logical element (hyperlinked to CDA mapping table for that template). The convention for the CDA template title is <CDA schema element> (<model name> where the template is not defined in 5 CDA Header templates).



# **5 CDA Header templates**

This chapter contains the CDA Header requirements for this implementation guide; these are infrastructure or control requirements that are not sourced from the Prescription and or Dispense List model.

All the definitions in this chapter are sourced from HL7 Clinical Document Architecture, Release 2 [HL7CDAR2].

#### **5.1 ClinicalDocument**

See Legend - CDA mapping table for CDA schema elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

#### **CDA** mapping

CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments	
CDA Header Data Elements		Context: /		
ClinicalDocument	The ClinicalDocument class is the entry point into the CDA R-MIM, and corresponds to the <clinicaldocument> XML element that is the root element of a CDA document.</clinicaldocument>	11	This template SHALL be a closed template.  All attributes of the ClinicalDocument element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema SHALL be allowed.  All instances of a time value SHALL include hours, minutes and a time zone.  The CDA document SHALL be valid against the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema after any additional extensions not in the Australian Digital Health Agency extension namespace have been removed.	
ClinicalDocument/realmCode	A realmCode signals the imposition of realm-specific constraints. The value identifies the realm in question.	0*	All attributes of the realmCode element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.	
ClinicalDocument/ <b>typeId</b>	A technology-neutral explicit reference to the CDA Release 2 specification.	11		
ClinicalDocument/typeId/@extension="POCD_HD000040"		11	The unique identifier for the CDA Release 2 Hierarchical Description.	
ClinicalDocument/typeId/@root="2.16.840.1.113883.1.3"		11	The OID for HL7 Registered models.	

CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments
ClinicalDocument/templateId	A templated signals the imposition of a set of template-defined constraints. The value provides a unique identifier for the templates in question.	1*	All attributes of the templateId element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
			Exactly one template identifier <b>SHALL</b> indicate the constraints defined in this mapping table and have @root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100033" and @extension="1.0".
			Exactly one template identifier <b>SHALL</b> indicate the constraints defined in the CDA Rendering Specification [NEHT2012s] and have @root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.100.149" and @extension="1.0".
			In addition to the template identifiers above, a template identifier is expected for the clinical document model as per ClinicalDocument (Prescription and or Dispense List)). Additional template identifiers may be required by other specifications.
			Systems are not required to recognise any other template identifiers than the clinical document model templateld in order to understand the document as a [type] but these identifiers may influence how the document must be handled.
ClinicalDocument/id	Represents the unique instance identifier of a clinical document.	11	All attributes of the id element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema SHALL be allowed with the exception that @nullFlavor SHALL NOT be present.
			id/@root SHALL be present and it SHALL be a UUID or an OID.
ClinicalDocument/effectiveTime	Signifies the document creation time, when the document first came into being. Where the CDA document is a transform from an original document in some other format, the ClinicalDocument.effectiveTime is the time the original document is created.	11	All attributes of the effectiveTime element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed with the exception that @nullFlavor <b>SHALL NOT</b> be present.
ClinicalDocument/confidentialityCode/@nullFlavor="NA"	Codes that identify how sensitive a piece of information is and/or that indicate how the information may be made available or disclosed.	11	
ClinicalDocument/setId	Represents an identifier that is common across all document revisions.	01	All attributes of the setId element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/versionNumber	An integer value used to version successive replacement documents.	01	
Clinical Document/version Number/@value		11	
ClinicalDocument/ext:completionCode	The lifecycle status of a document.	11	All attributes of the completionCode element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed with the exception that @nullFlavor <b>SHALL NOT</b> be present.
			Australian Healthcare Clinical Document Architecture Document Lifecycle Status (required)
ClinicalDocument/recordTarget	Represents the medical record that this document belongs to.	11	All attributes and elements of the recordTarget element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/ <b>author</b>	Represents the humans and/or machines that authored the document.	11	All attributes and elements of the author element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/dataEnterer	Represents the participant who has transformed a dictated note into text.	01	All attributes and elements of the dataEnterer element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/informant	Represents an informant (or source of information) who provides relevant information, such as the parent of a comatose patient who describes the patient's behavior prior to the onset of coma. Unless otherwise stated, the patient is implicitly the informant.	0*	All attributes and elements of the informant element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.

CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments
ClinicalDocument/custodian	Represents the organization from which the document originates and that is in charge of maintaining the document. The custodian is the steward that is entrusted with the care of the document. Every CDA document has exactly one custodian.	11	All attributes and elements of the custodian element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/informationRecipient	Represents a recipient who should receive a copy of the document.		All attributes and elements of the informationRecipient element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/legalAuthenticator	Represents a participant who has legally authenticated the document.	01	All attributes and elements of the legalAuthenticator element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/authenticator	Represents a participant who has attested to the accuracy of the document, but who does not have privileges to legally authenticate the document. An example would be a resident physician who sees a patient and dictates a note, then later signs it.	0*	All attributes and elements of the authenticator element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/participant	Represents a participant not explicitly mentioned by other classes that was somehow involved.	0*	All attributes and elements of the participant element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/inFulfillmentOf	Relates the current document to an order this document fulfills (in whole or in part).	0*	All attributes and elements of the inFulfillmentOf element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/documentationOf	Relates the current document to the related event that this document is documentation of.	0*	All attributes and elements of the documentationOf element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/relatedDocument	Relates the current document to a parent document.	0*	All attributes and elements of the relatedDocument element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/authorization	Relates the current document to consents associated with this document. The consent authorizes or certifies acts specified in the current document.	0*	All attributes and elements of the authorization element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/componentOf	Relates the current document to the encounter. The current document is a documentation of events that occurred during the encounter.	01	All attributes and elements of the componentOf element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.
ClinicalDocument/component	Relates the associated document body as a component of the document.	11	All attributes and elements of the component element defined by the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema <b>SHALL</b> be allowed.

# 5.2 legalAuthenticator

See Legend - CDA mapping table for CDA schema elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments	
CDA Header Data Elements	Context: /Clinica	Context: /ClinicalDocument/		
legalAuthenticator/templateId	The use of templateId signals the imposition of a set of template-	11		
legalAuthenticator/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100012"	defined constraints.	11		
legalAuthenticator/templateId/@extension="1.0"		11		
legalAuthenticator/time/@value	Indicates the time of authentication.	11		
legalAuthenticator/signatureCode/@code="S"	Indicates that the signature has been affixed and is on file.	11		
legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity	A legalAuthenticator is a person in the role of an assigned entity (AssignedEntity class). An assigned entity is a person assigned to the role by the scoping organization. The entity playing the role is a person (Person class). The entity scoping the role is an organization (Organization class).	11		
legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity/id	A unique identifier for the player entity in this role.	11	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.	
legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity/code	The specific kind of role.	01		
legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity/addr	A postal address for the entity (assignedPerson) while in the role (assignedEntity).	0*		
legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity/telecom	A telecommunication address for the entity (assignedPerson) while in the role (assignedEntity).	0*		
legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity/assignedPerson	The entity playing the role (assignedEntity) is a person.	11		
legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity/assignedPerson/name	A non-unique textual identifier or moniker for the entity (assignedPerson).	0*		
legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity/assignedPerson/ext:asEntityIdentifier	The entity identifier of the person.	0*	The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.	
legal Authenticator/assigned Entity/represented Organization	The entity scoping the role (assignedEntity).	01		
legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity/representedOrganization/name	A non-unique textual identifier or moniker for the entity (represente-dOrganization).	0*		
legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity/representedOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier	A unique identifier for the scoping entity (represented organization) in this role (assignedEntity).	0*	The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.	

# **5.3 component (Administrative Observations)**

See Legend - CDA mapping table for CDA schema elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments
Conformance level comes from linking elements	Context: /Clinica	IDocument/component/structuredBody/	
component[admin_obs]	there are no equivalent elements at that point in the hierarchical c	Cardinality comes from linking element	ClinicalDocument <b>SHALL</b> contain at most one Administrative Observation section.  The Administrative Observations section <b>SHALL NOT</b> be populated if there are no entries or text to go in it.
component[admin_obs]/section	the patient or some other participant.	11	
component[admin_obs]/section/templateId	Administrative Observations is a CDA section that is created to hold	11	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of template-defined constraints.
component[admin_obs]/section/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100000"		11	
component[admin_obs]/section/templateId/@extension="1.0"	An observation included in this section is an observation relating to the patient (i.e. recordTarget) unless a reference to a different entity	11	
component[admin_obs]/section/id	is instantiated as part of that observation (e.g. observation/participant/participantRole).	01	id/@root SHALL be present and it SHALL be a UUID or an OID.
component[admin_obs]/section/ <b>code</b>	eparty participantitoicy.	11	
component[admin_obs]/section/code/@code="102.16080"		11	
component[admin_obs]/section/code/@codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"		11	NCTIS Data Components
component[admin_obs]/section/code/@displayName		01	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Administrative Observations".
component[admin_obs]/section/title="Administrative Observations"		01	
component[admin_obs]/section/ <b>text</b>		01	

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THIS SPECIFICATION IS UNTESTED AND IS NOT SUITABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION.

# **6 Document CDA templates**

This chapter defines each of the document-level usage scenario models, e.g. Composition (Prescription and or Dispense List), as a ClinicalDocument template.

## 6.1 ClinicalDocument (Prescription and or Dispense List)

The following are the overarching usage scenarios this template is intended to support:

- A clinical information system (CIS) sends or receives a prescription and or a dispense record list document with the My Health Record system
- A contracted service provider (CSP) sends or receives a prescription and or a dispense record list document with the My Health Record system
- A CIS sends or receives a prescription and or a dispense record list document with another CIS or CSP
- A CSP sends or receives a prescription and or a dispense record list document with a CIS or another CSP
- A registered portal or registered repository receives a prescription and or a dispense record list document

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

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## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /	
Composition	A list of prescriptions, and or, dispense records for a patient.	0*	DomainResource	ClinicalDocument	In CDA the maximum occurrences of ClinicalDocument is 1. Although the model indicates that Composition is 0*, in a CDA implementation this is limited to 01.  In addition to the template defined in this mapping table, ClinicalDocument SHALL conform to the template defined in ClinicalDocument.
				ClinicalDocument/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of
				ClinicalDocument/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100065"	template-defined constraints.
				ClinicalDocument/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
Composition > composition-author-role	A practitioner role that authored this composition. This is not to be confused with who typed in the information.	01	Reference(Practition- erRole as Practition- erRole with Practi- tioner with Mandat- ory Identifier)	ClinicalDocument/author	author <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in author (PractitionerRole with Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier).
Composition > identifier	Logical identifier for the composition, assigned when created. This identifier stays constant as the composition is changed over time.	01	Identifier	ClinicalDocument/setId	
Composition > status	The workflow/clinical status of this composition. The status is a marker for the clinical standing of the document.	11	<u>code</u>	ClinicalDocument/ext:completionCode	Australian Healthcare Clinical Document Architecture Document Lifecycle Status (required) <sup>1</sup>
Composition > type	Specifies the particular kind of composition (e.g. History and Physical, Discharge Summary, Progress Note). This usually equates to the purpose of making the composition.	11	CodeableConcept	ClinicalDocument/code	Prescription and Dispense List Type (required)
Composition > subject	Who or what the composition is about. The composition can be about a person, (patient or healthcare practitioner), a device (e.g. a machine) or even a group of subjects (such as a document about a herd of livestock, or a set of patients that share a common exposure).	11	Reference(Patient as Patient with Mandat- ory Identifier)	ClinicalDocument/recordTarget	recordTarget SHALL conform to the template defined in recordTarget (Patient with Mandatory Identifier).
Composition > date	The composition editing time, when the composition was last logically changed by the author.	11	<u>dateTime</u>	ClinicalDocument/author/time	

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Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Composition > author	Identifies who is responsible for the information in the composition, not necessarily who typed it in.	11	Reference (Patient as Patient with Mandat- ory Identifier <u>Practi- tioner</u> as Practition- er with Mandatory Identifier <u>RelatedPer-</u> son as RelatedPer- son with Mandatory Identifier)	ClinicalDocument/author	In CDA an author (Practitioner) is part of composition-author-role (PractitionerRole); therefore if the author is a practitioner then composition-author-role <b>SHALL</b> be instantiated.  author <b>SHALL</b> conform to one of the templates defined in: author (Patient with Mandatory Identifier) or author (RelatedPerson with Mandatory Identifier) or author (PractitionerRole with Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier).
Composition > title	Official human-readable label for the composition.	11	string	ClinicalDocument/ <b>title</b>	
Composition > attester (Legal Attester) > attester-related-party	A related person that attested this composition.	01	Reference(Related- Person as Related- Person with Mandat- ory Identifier)	n/a	Not mapped separately, implicit in legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity.
Composition > custodian	Identifies the organization or group who is responsible for ongoing maintenance of and access to the composition/document information.	11	Reference(Organiza- tion as Organization with Mandatory Identifier)	ClinicalDocument/custodian	custodian <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in custodian (Organization with Mandatory Identifier).
Composition > section (Dispense List)	A list of dispense records for a patient.	11	BackboneElement	ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[dl]	
				ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[dl]/section	section <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in section (Dispense List).
Composition > section (Prescription	A list of prescriptions for a patient.	01	<u>BackboneElement</u>	ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[pl]	
List)				ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[pl]/section	section <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in section (Prescription List).
Composition > section (Prescription	A list of prescriptions and dispense records for a patient.	01	<u>BackboneElement</u>	ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[pdl]	
and Dispense List)				ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[pdl]/section	section <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in section (Prescription and Dispense List).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to status in the Agency logical model (see *Prescription and Dispense Lists FHIR Implementation Guide [DH20190]*) to support the existing CDA implementation environment. The concept map <u>CompositionStatus</u> (HL7 FHIR) to <u>Australian Healthcare Clinical Document Architecture Document Lifecycle Status</u> provides a mapping between the two value sets.

# 7 Participation CDA templates

This chapter defines the participation templates referenced other templates such as those in 9 Section CDA templates and 6 Document CDA templates.

## 7.1 recordTarget (Patient with Mandatory Identifier)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

#### **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/	
Patient	Demographics and other administrative information about	Cardinal-	<u>DomainResource</u>	recordTarget	
	an individual receiving care or other health-related services.	ity comes		recordTarget/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of
		from linking		recordTarget/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100004"	template-defined constraints.
		element		recordTarget/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
				recordTarget/patientRole/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.
				recordTarget/patientRole/patient	
Patient > birthPlace	The registered place of birth of the patient. A sytem may	01	<u>Address</u>	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/birthplace	
	use the address.text if they don't store the birthPlace address in discrete elements.			recordTarget/patientRole/patient/birthplace/place	
				recordTarget/patientRole/patient/birthplace/place/addr	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Patient > indigenous-status	National Health Data Dictionary (NHDD) based indigenous status for a patient.	01	Coding	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/ethnicGroupCode	When sending to the My Health Record, indigenous-status is expected to be sent.
					Australian Indigenous Status (required)

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[admin_obs]/se	ction/
Patient > closing-the-gap-regis- tration	Indication for eligibility for the Closing the Gap program.	01	boolean	entry[close_gap]	The containing component[admin_obs]/section <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in component (Administrative Observations).
				entry[close_gap]/observation	
				entry[close_gap]/observation/@classCode="OBS"	
				entry[close_gap]/observation/@moodCode="EVN"	
				entry[close_gap]/observation/code	
				entry[close_gap]/observation/code/@code="103.32011"	
				entry[close_gap]/observation/code/@codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"	NCTIS Data Components
				entry[close_gap]/observation/code/@displayName	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Closing the Gap Copayment Eligibility Indicator".
				entry[close_gap]/observation/value	closing-the-gap-registration is "true" if eligible for Closing the Gap co-payment.
					value/@xsi:type <b>SHALL</b> be "BL".
Patient > patient-mothersMaid- enName	Mother's maiden (unmarried) name, commonly collected to help verify patient identity.	01	string	entry[mothers_name]	The containing component[admin_obs]/section <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in component (Administrative Observations).
				entry[mothers_name]/observation	
				entry[mothers_name]/observation/@classCode="OBS"	
				entry[mothers_name]/observation/@moodCode="EVN"	
				entry[mothers_name]/observation/code	
				entry[mothers_name]/observation/code/@code="103.10245"	
				entry[mothers_name]/observation/code/@codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"	NCTIS Data Components
				entry[mothers_name]/observation/code/@displayName	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Mother's Original Family Name".
				entry[mothers_name]/observation/value	value/@xsi:type <b>SHALL</b> be "ST".
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/	
Patient > identifier	An identifier for this patient.	1*	<u>Identifier</u>	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/ext:asEntityIdentifier	When sending to the My Health Record, an IHI is expected.
					The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.
					Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.
Patient > active	Whether this patient record is in active use.	01	boolean	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments	
Patient > name	A name associated with the individual.	0*	HumanName as Base HumanName	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/ <b>name</b>	The model Base HumanName is not applied to name.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: HumanName as Base HumanName.	
Patient > telecom	A contact detail (e.g. a telephone number or an email address) by which the individual may be contacted.	0*	ContactPoint	recordTarget/patientRole/ <b>telecom</b>	When sending to the My Health Record, telecom is not expected to be sent.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.	
Patient > gender	Administrative Gender - the gender that the patient is considered to have for administration and record keeping purposes.	01	code	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/ <b>administrativeGenderCode</b>	When sending to the My Health Record, gender is expected to be sent.  In the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema the minimum occurrence of administrativeGenderCode is 1.  Although administrativeGenderCode is required, a sending system may send a patient without gender by instantiating administrativeGenderCode/@nullFlavor="NI". No other nullFlavor value SHALL be allowed.  AdministrativeGender (required) <sup>1</sup>	
Patient > birthDate	The date of birth for the individual.	01	date	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/birthTime	When sending to the My Health Record, birthDate is expected to be sent.	
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[admin_obs]/section/		
Patient > birthDate > date-accur- acy-indicator	General date accuracy indicator coding.	01	Coding	entry[dob_acc]	The containing component[admin_obs]/section <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in component (Administrative Observations).	
				entry[dob_acc]/observation		
				entry[dob_acc]/observation/@classCode="OBS"		
				entry[dob_acc]/observation/@moodCode="EVN"		
				entry[dob_acc]/observation/ <b>code</b>		
				entry[dob_acc]/observation/code/@code="102.16234"		
				entry[dob_acc]/observation/code/@codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"	NCTIS Data Components	
				entry[dob_acc]/observation/code/@displayName	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Date of Birth Accuracy Indicator".	
				entry[dob_acc]/observation/value	value/@xsi:type <b>SHALL</b> be "CD".	
					Date Accuracy Indicator (required)	

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments	
Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments	
		card				
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/		
Patient > birthDate > patient- birthTime	The time of day that the Patient was born. This includes the date to ensure that the timezone information can be communicated effectively.	01	dateTime	n/a	Not mapped separately, encompassed in patientRole/patient/birthTime.	
Patient > deceased[x]	Indicates if the individual is deceased or not. Deceased date	01	boolean   dateTime	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/ext:deceasedInd	Only one of ext:deceasedInd or ext:deceasedTime <b>SHOULD</b>	
	accuracy indicator is optional.			recordTarget/patientRole/patient/ext:deceasedTime	be instantiated.	
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[admin_obs]/se	ction/	
Patient > deceased[x] > date-ac- curacy-indicator	General date accuracy indicator coding.	01	Coding	entry[dod_acc]	The containing component[admin_obs]/section <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in component (Administrative Observations).	
				entry[dod_acc]/observation		
				entry[dod_acc]/observation/@classCode="OBS"		
				entry[dod_acc]/observation/@moodCode="EVN"		
				entry[dod_acc]/observation/ <b>code</b>		
				entry[dod_acc]/observation/code/@code="102.16252"		
				entry[dod_acc]/observation/code/@codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"	NCTIS Data Components	
				entry[dod_acc]/observation/code/@displayName	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Date of Death Accuracy Indicator".	
				entry[dod_acc]/observation/value	value/@xsi:type <b>SHALL</b> be "CD".	
					Date Accuracy Indicator (required)	
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/		
Patient > address	Addresses for the individual.	0*	Address	recordTarget/patientRole/addr	When sending to the My Health Record, address is not expected to be sent.	
					Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.	
Patient > maritalStatus	This field contains a patient's most recent marital (civil) status.	01	CodeableConcept	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/maritalStatusCode	maritalStatusCode/originalText or maritalStatusCode/@dis- playName <b>SHALL</b> be included.	
					Marital Status Codes (extensible)	
Patient > multipleBirth[x]	Indicates whether the patient is part of a multiple (bool) or	01	boolean   integer	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/ext:multipleBirthInd	Only one of ext:multipleBirthInd or ext:multiple-	
	indicates the actual birth order (integer).			recordTarget/patientRole/patient/ext:multipleBirthOrderNumber	BirthOrderNumber <b>SHOULD</b> be instantiated.	
Patient > contact	A contact party (e.g. guardian, partner, friend) for the pa-	0*	BackboneElement	participant[pat_contact]	In CDA a patient's contact is represented by a participant.	
	tient.				participant <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in participant (Patient contact).	

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Patient > communication	Languages which may be used to communicate with the patient about his or her health.	0*	BackboneElement	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/languageCommunication	
Patient > communication > language	The ISO-639-1 alpha 2 code in lower case for the language, optionally followed by a hyphen and the ISO-3166-1 alpha 2 code for the region in upper case; e.g. 'en' for English, or 'en-US' for American English versus 'en-EN' for England English.	11	CodeableConcept	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/languageCommunication/languageCode	This CDA schema element is of type CodedSimpleValue (CS).  Common Languages in Australia (extensible)
Patient > communication > pre- ferred	Indicates whether or not the patient prefers this language (over other languages he masters up a certain level).	01	<u>boolean</u>	recordTarget/patientRole/patient/languageCommunication/ <b>preferenceInd</b>	
Patient > generalPractitioner	Patient's nominated care provider.	0*	Reference( Organization as Base Organization Practitioner as Base Practitioner)	participant[gen_prac]	participant <b>SHALL</b> conform to one of the templates defined in: participant (generalPractitioner Base Organization) or participant (generalPractitioner Base Practitioner).
Patient > managingOrganization	Organization that is the custodian of the patient record.	01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)	recordTarget/patientRole/providerOrganization	providerOrganization <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in providerOrganization (Base Organization).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This hyperlink resolves to the FHIR Release 4 description due to a technical defect in the FHIR STU3 description of this code system for OID-based systems.

# 7.2 participant (Patient contact)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/	
Patient > contact	A contact party (e.g. guardian, partner, friend) for the patient.	Cardinal- ity comes from linking element	BackboneElement	participant[pat_contact]  participant[pat_contact]/@typeCode="IND"  participant[pat_contact]/templateId  participant[pat_contact]/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100056"  participant[pat_contact]/templateId/@extension="1.0"  participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity	The patient's contact SHALL have at least:  name (participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson/name), or  telecom (participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/telecom), or  address (participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/addr), or  organization (participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization)  The use of templateId signals the imposition of a set of template-defined constraints.
				participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/@classCode="CON"	
				participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.
Patient > contact > relationship	The nature of the relationship between the patient and the contact person.	0*	CodeableConcept	participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson/ext:personalRelationship	The common pattern Personal Relationship <b>SHALL</b> be applied.
				participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson/ ext:personalRelationship/ext:code	ext:code/originalText or ext:code/@displayName <b>SHALL</b> be included.
					Contact Relationship Type (extensible)

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Patient > contact > name	A name associated with the contact person.	01	HumanName as Base HumanName	participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson/name	The model Base HumanName is not applied to name.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: HumanName as Base HumanName.
Patient > contact > telecom	A contact detail for the person, e.g. a telephone number or an email address.	0*	ContactPoint	participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/ <b>telecom</b>	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
Patient > contact > address	Address for the contact person.	01	<u>Address</u>	participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/addr	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Patient > contact > gender	Administrative Gender - the gender that the contact person is considered to have for administration and record keeping purposes.	01	code	participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/ associatedPerson/ <b>ext:administrativeGenderCode</b>	AdministrativeGender (required) <sup>1</sup>
Patient > contact > organization	Organization on behalf of which the contact is acting or for which the contact is working.	01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)	participant[pat_contact]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization	scopingOrganization SHALL conform to the template defined in scopingOrganization (Base Organization).
Patient > contact > period	The period during which this contact person or organization is valid to be contacted relating to this patient.	01	Period	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This hyperlink resolves to the FHIR Release 4 description due to a technical defect in the FHIR STU3 description of this code system for OID-based systems.

# 7.3 participant (Organization contact)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA Header Data Elements			,	Context: /ClinicalDocument/	
Organization > contact	Contact for the organization for a cer-	Cardinality	BackboneElement	participant[org_contact]	
	tain purpose.	comes from link-		participant[org_contact]/@typeCode="IND"	
		ing ele- ment		participant[org_contact]/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of template-
		mene		participant[org_contact]/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100035"	defined constraints.
				participant[org_contact]/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
				participant[org_contact]/associatedEntity	
				participant[org_contact]/associatedEntity/@classCode="CON"	
				participant[org_contact]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization	
				participant[org_contact]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization/id	Organization > contact is represented in CDA by a participant that is scoped by the Organization for which they are a contact.
					This id <b>SHALL</b> hold the same value as the organization this is a contact for (the value in this id element <b>SHALL</b> be present in a separate participation).
					id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.
Organization > contact > purpose	Indicates a purpose for which the con-	01	CodeableConcept	participant[org_contact]/associatedEntity/ <b>code</b>	code/originalText or code/@displayName SHALL be included.
	tact can be reached.				Contact entity type (extensible) <sup>1</sup>
Organization > contact > name	A name associated with the contact.	01	<u>HumanName</u> as Base	participant[org_contact]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson	
			HumanName	participant[org_contact]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson/name	The model Base HumanName is not applied to name.
					Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: HumanName as Base HumanName.
Organization > contact > telecom	A contact detail (e.g. a telephone number or an email address) by which the party may be contacted.	0*	ContactPoint	participant[org_contact]/associatedEntity/telecom	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.

THIS SPECIFICATION IS UNTESTED AND IS NOT SUITABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Organization > contact > address	Visiting or postal addresses for the contact.	01	Address	participant[org_contact]/associatedEntity/addr	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.

This value set differs from the value set bound to contact purpose in the Agency logical model (see *Prescription and Dispense Lists FHIR Implementation Guide [DH20190]*) due to pre-adoption of FHIR Release 4 terminology.

# 7.4 participant (generalPractitioner Base Organization)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments	
		card				
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/		
Organization	A formally or informally recognized grouping of people or organizations formed for the purpose of achieving some form of collective action. Includes companies, institutions, corporations, departments, community groups, healthcare practice groups, etc.	Cardinal- ity comes from linking element	<u>DomainResource</u>	participant[gen_prac]	Organization SHALL have at least:  • identifier (participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier), or  • name (participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization/name)	
				participant[gen_prac]/@typeCode="PART"		
				participant[gen_prac]/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of	
				participant[gen_prac]/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100036"	template-defined constraints.	
				participant[gen_prac]/templateId/@extension="1.0"		
				participant[gen_prac]/functionCode/@code="PCP"		
				participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity		
				participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/@classCode="PROV"		
				participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.	
Organization > identifier	Identifier for the organization that is used to identify the organization across multiple disparate systems.	0*	Identifier	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier	The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.	
Organization > active	Whether the organization's record is still in active use.	01	<u>boolean</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.	
Organization > type	The kind(s) of organization that this is.	0*	CodeableConcept	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/code	In CDA the maximum occurrences of associatedEntity/code is 1. Although the model indicates that code is 0*, in a CDA implementation this is limited to 01.  code/originalText or code/@displayName SHALL be included.	
					OrganizationType (example)	

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Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Organization > name	A name associated with the organization.	01	string	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization/name[org_name]	In CDA name and alias are represented by scopingOrganization/name.
Organization > alias	A list of alternate names that the organization is known as, or was known as in the past.	0*	string	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization/name[alias]	In CDA name and alias are represented by scopingOrganization/name.
Organization > telecom	A contact detail for the organization.	0*	ContactPoint	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/ <b>telecom</b>	telecom/@use Organization Telecom Use HL7 V3 (required) <sup>1</sup> .  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
Organization > address	An address for the organization.	0*	Address	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/ <b>addr</b>	addr/@use Organization Address Use HL7 V3 (required) <sup>2</sup> .  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Organization > partOf	The organization of which this organization forms a part.	01	Reference(Organiza-	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf	wholeOrganization SHALL conform to the template defined
			tion as Base Organization)	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/scopingOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf/wholeOrganization	in wholeOrganization (Base Organization).
Organization > contact	Contact for the organization for a certain purpose.	0*	BackboneElement	participant[org_contact]	participant[org_contact] SHALL conform to the template defined in participant (Organization contact).

This value set differs from the value set bound to use in ContactPoint due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA Schema. The concept map v3 map for ContactPointUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in Address due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA schema. The concept map v3 map for AddressUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

# 7.5 participant (generalPractitioner Base Practitioner)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments	
CDA Header Data Elements	·			Context: /ClinicalDocument/		
Practitioner	A person who is directly or indirectly involved in the provisioning of healthcare.	Cardinal- ity comes from link- ing ele- ment	<u>DomainResource</u>	participant[gen_prac]	Practitioner SHALL have at least:  • identifier (participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/associated-Person/ext:asEntityIdentifier), or  • name (participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson/name)	
				participant[gen_prac]/@typeCode="PART"		
				participant[gen_prac]/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of template-	
				participant[gen_prac]/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100037"	defined constraints.	
				participant[gen_prac]/templateId/@extension="1.0"		
				participant[gen_prac]/functionCode/@code="PCP"		
				participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity		
				participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/@classCode="PROV"		
				participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.	
				participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/code	The cardinality of code <b>SHALL</b> be interpreted as 01.	
					Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (preferred)	
Practitioner > identifier	An identifier that applies to this person in this role.	0*	Identifier	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson/ext:asEntityIdentifier	The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.	
					Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.	
Practitioner > active	Whether this practitioner's record is in active use.	01	<u>boolean</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.	
Practitioner > name	The name(s) associated with the practitioner.	0*	HumanName as Base HumanName	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson/name	The model Base HumanName is not applied to name.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: HumanName as Base HumanName.	

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Practitioner > <b>telecom</b>	A contact detail for the practitioner, e.g. a telephone number or an email address.	0*	ContactPoint	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/telecom	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
Practitioner > address	Address(es) of the practitioner that are not role specific (typically home address). Work addresses are not typically entered in this property as they are usually role dependent.	0*	Address	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/ <b>addr</b>	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Practitioner > gender	Administrative Gender - the gender that the person is considered to have for administration and record keeping purposes.	01	code	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson/ext:administrativeGenderCode	AdministrativeGender (required) <sup>1</sup>
Practitioner > birthDate	The date of birth for the practitioner.	01	date	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Practitioner > qualification	Qualifications obtained by training and certification.	0*	BackboneElement	See: instantiation choices	It is possible that the qualification may be able to be captured as a complex structure or as a text list.  instantiation choices:  If the qualification or list of qualifications is the result of capturing a text field then qualification is expected to be instantiated as ext:asQualifications/@classCode="QUAL". The common pattern Qualification SHALL be applied.  If more information can be captured than a narrative list then qualification is expected to be instantiated as ext:coverage2[prac_qual] and SHALL conform to the template defined in ext:coverage (Practitioner qualification).  If this is a CDA Header participant, ext:cover-age2[prac_qual] is expected to be instantiated in component (Administrative Observations) (ClinicalDocument/component/structuredBody/component[admin_obs]/section/); if this is a StructuredBody participant, ext:cover-age2[prac_qual] is expected to be instantiated in the same section as this participant.
Practitioner > communication	A language the practitioner is able to use in patient communication.	0*	CodeableConcept	participant[gen_prac]/associatedEntity/associatedPerson/ext:languageCommunication	The common pattern Language Communication <b>SHALL</b> be applied.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This hyperlink resolves to the FHIR Release 4 description due to a technical defect in the FHIR STU3 description of this code system for OID-based systems.

# 7.6 author (Patient with Mandatory Identifier)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments	
Conformance level comes from linking	elements			Context: Comes from linking elements		
Patient	Demographics and other administrative information about an individual receiving care or other health-related services.	Cardinality comes from link- ing ele- ment	<u>DomainResource</u>	author	Patient SHALL have at least:  name (author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/name), or  identifier (author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/ext:asEntityIdentifier)	
				author/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of	
				author/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100003"	template-defined constraints.	
				author/templateId/@extension="1.0"		
				author/assignedAuthor		
				author/assigned Author/id	author (patient) is represented in CDA by an author with the same id as the patient that is the subject of this document.  This id <b>SHALL</b> hold the same value as patientRole/id.	
				author/assignedAuthor/ <b>code</b>		
				author/assignedAuthor/code/@code="ONESELF"		
				author/assignedAuthor/code/@codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.111"		
				author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson		
Patient > birthPlace	The registered place of birth of the patient. A sytem may use the address.text if they don't store the birth-Place address in discrete elements.	01	Address	n/a	Not mapped directly for this participant; this is implicit in patientRole/patient/birthPlace/place/addr.	
Patient > indigenous-status	National Health Data Dictionary (NHDD) based indigenous status for a patient.	01	Coding	n/a	Not mapped directly for this participant; this is implicit in patientRole/patient/ethnicGroupCode.	
Patient > closing-the-gap-registration	Indication for eligibility for the Closing the Gap program.	01	<u>boolean</u>	n/a	Not mapped directly for this participant; this is implicit in entry[close_gap]/observation/value.	

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Patient > patient-mothersMaiden- Name	Mother's maiden (unmarried) name, commonly collected to help verify patient identity.	01	string	n/a	Not mapped directly for this participant; this is implicit in entry[mothers_name]/observation/value.
Patient > identifier	An identifier for this patient.	1*	<u>Identifier</u>	author/assigned Author/assigned Person/ext: as Entity I dentifier	When sending to the My Health Record an IHI is expected.  The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.  Recommended mappings for the complex data type to CDA (R2): Identifier.
Patient > active	Whether this patient record is in active use.	01	boolean	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Patient > name	A name associated with the individual.	0*	HumanName as Base HumanName	author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/name	The model Base HumanName is not applied to name.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: HumanName as Base HumanName.
Patient > <b>telecom</b>	A contact detail (e.g. a telephone number or an email address) by which the individual may be contacted.	0*	ContactPoint	author/assigned Author/telecom	When sending to the My Health Record, telecom is not expected to be sent.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
Patient > gender	Administrative Gender - the gender that the patient is considered to have for administration and record keeping purposes.	01	<u>code</u>	author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/ext:administrativeGenderCode	AdministrativeGender (required) <sup>1</sup>
Patient > birthDate	The date of birth for the individual.	01	<u>date</u>	n/a	Not mapped directly for this participant; this is implicit in patientRole/patient/birthTime.
Patient > deceased[x]	Indicates if the individual is deceased or not. Deceased date accuracy indicator is optional.	01	boolean   dateTime	n/a	Not mapped directly for this participant; this is implicit in patientRole/patient/ext:deceasedTime or patientRole/patient/ext:deceasedInd.
Patient > address	Addresses for the individual.	0*	Address	author/assigned Author/addr	When sending to the My Health Record, address is not expected to be sent.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Patient > maritalStatus	This field contains a patient's most recent marital (civil) status.	01	<u>CodeableConcept</u>	n/a	Not mapped directly for this participant; this is implicit in patientRole/patient/maritalStatusCode.
Patient > multipleBirth[x]	Indicates whether the patient is part of a multiple (bool) or indicates the actual birth order (integer).	01	boolean   integer	n/a	Not mapped directly for this participant; this is implicit in patientRole/patient/ext:multipleBirthInd or patientRole/patient/multipleBirthOrderNumber.
Patient > contact	A contact party (e.g. guardian, partner, friend) for the patient.	0*	<u>BackboneElement</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Patient > communication	Languages which may be used to communicate with the patient about his or her health.	0*	<u>BackboneElement</u>	n/a	Not mapped directly for this participant; this is implicit in patientRole/patient/languageCommunication.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Patient > generalPractitioner	Patient's nominated care provider.	0*	Reference( Organization as Base Organization Practitioner as Base Practitioner)	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Patient > managingOrganization	Organization that is the custodian of the patient record.	01	Reference(Organiza- tion as Base Organiza- tion)	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This hyperlink resolves to the FHIR Release 4 description due to a technical defect in the FHIR STU3 description of this code system for OID-based systems.

# 7.7 author (RelatedPerson with Mandatory Identifier)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Conformance level comes from	linking elements			Context: Comes from linking elements	
RelatedPerson	Information about a person that is involved in the care for	Cardinal-	<u>DomainResource</u>	author	
	a patient, but who is not the target of healthcare, nor has a formal responsibility in the care process.	ity comes		author/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of
		from linking		author/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100030"	template-defined constraints.
		element		author/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
				author/assignedAuthor	
				author/assignedAuthor/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.
				author/assignedAuthor/code	
				author/assignedAuthor/code/@code="AGNT"	
				author/assignedAuthor/code/@codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.110"	
				author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson	
RelatedPerson > identifier	Identifier for a person within a particular scope.	1*	<u>Identifier</u>	author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/ext:asEntityIdentifier	The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.
					Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.
RelatedPerson > active	Whether this related person record is in active use.	01	<u>boolean</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
RelatedPerson > patient	The patient this person is related to.	11	Reference(Patient as Base Patient)	n/a	Not mapped directly for this participant; this is implicit in patientRole.
RelatedPerson > relationship	PlatedPerson > relationship  The nature of the relationship between a patient and the related person.  01	01	CodeableConcept	author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/ext:personalRelationship	The common pattern Personal Relationship <b>SHALL</b> be applied.
				author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/ext:personalRelationship/ext:code	ext:code/originalText or ext:code/@displayName <b>SHALL</b> be included.
					Related Person Relationship Type (extensible)

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
RelatedPerson > name	A name associated with the person.	0*	HumanName as Base HumanName	author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/ <b>name</b>	The model Base HumanName is not applied to name.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: HumanName as Base HumanName.
RelatedPerson > telecom	A contact detail for the person, e.g. a telephone number or an email address.	0*	ContactPoint	author/assignedAuthor/telecom	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
RelatedPerson > gender	Administrative Gender - the gender that the person is considered to have for administration and record keeping purposes.	01	code	author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/ext:administrativeGenderCode	AdministrativeGender (required) <sup>1</sup>
RelatedPerson > birthDate	The date on which the related person was born.	01	<u>date</u>	author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/ext:birthTime	
RelatedPerson > address	Address where the related person can be contacted or visited.	0*	<u>Address</u>	author/assignedAuthor/ <b>addr</b>	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
RelatedPerson > period	The period of time that this relationship is considered to be valid. If there are no dates defined, then the interval is unknown.	01	Period	n/a	Not mapped separately, implicit in ext:personalRelation- ship/ext:effectiveTime.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This hyperlink resolves to the FHIR Release 4 description due to a technical defect in the FHIR STU3 description of this code system for OID-based systems.

# 7.8 author (PractitionerRole with Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Conformance level comes from li	nking elements	Caru		Context: Comes from linking elements	
PractitionerRole	A specific set of Roles/Locations/specialties/services that a	Cardinal-	DomainResource	author	
	practitioner may perform at an organization for a period of	ity		author/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of
	time.	from		author/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100006"	template-defined constraints.
		linking element		author/templateId/@extension="1.0"	-
				author/assignedAuthor	
				author/assignedAuthor/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.
PractitionerRole > identifier	Business identifiers for practitioner in a role.	0*	Identifier	author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson/ext:asEntityIdentifier	In CDA the identifier for both PractitionerRole and Practitioner for an author participation are included in assigned-Person/ext:asEntityIdentifier.  When sending to the My Health Record, an HPI-I is expected.  The cardinality of ext:asEntityIdentifier SHALL be interpreted as 1*.  The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.
PractitionerRole > active	Whether this practitioner's record is in active use.	01	<u>boolean</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
PractitionerRole > <b>period</b>	The period during which the person is authorized to act as a practitioner in these role(s) for the organization.	01	Period	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
PractitionerRole > practitioner	Practitioner that is able to provide the defined services for the organation.	11	Reference(Practition- er as Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)	author/assignedAuthor/assignedPerson	assignedPerson SHALL conform to the template defined in assignedPerson (Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier).
PractitionerRole > organization	The organization where the Practitioner performs the roles associated.	01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)	author/assignedAuthor/representedOrganization	representedOrganization <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in representedOrganization (Base Organization).

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
PractitionerRole > <b>code</b>	Roles which this practitioner is authorized to perform for the organization.	0*	CodeableConcept	author/assignedAuthor/ <b>code</b>	In CDA the maximum occurrences of assignedAuthor/code is 1. Although the model indicates that code is 0*, in a CDA implementation this is limited to 01.  A code equivalent to the provider's professional role, e.g. 159011008   Community pharmacist  is expected.  code/originalText or code/@displayName SHALL be included.  Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (preferred) or Practitioner Role (preferred) 1
PractitionerRole > specialty	Specific specialty of the practitioner.	0*	CodeableConcept	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
PractitionerRole > location	The location(s) at which this practitioner provides care.	0*	Reference(Location)	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
PractitionerRole > healthcareSer- vice	The list of healthcare services that this worker provides for this role's Organization/Location(s).	0*	Reference(Health- careService)	n/a	Not currently mapped to CDA. See Known issues.
PractitionerRole > telecom	Contact details that are specific to the role/location/service.	0*	ContactPoint	author/assignedAuthor/telecom	In CDA the telecom for both PractitionerRole and Practitioner for an author participation are included in assignedAuthor/telecom.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
PractitionerRole > availableTime	A collection of times that the Service Site is available.	0*	BackboneElement	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
PractitionerRole > notAvailable	The HealthcareService is not available during this period of time due to the provided reason.	0*	BackboneElement	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
PractitionerRole > availabilityExceptions	A description of site availability exceptions, e.g. public holiday availability. Succinctly describing all possible exceptions to normal site availability as details in the available Times and not available Times.	01	string	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.

Note: The source representation of this terminology binding on code in PractitionerRole with Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier [DH20190] is as an optional slice on the coding part of the code element. In the representation of the model presented in this specification it is normalised as a set of preferred bindings.

# 7.9 custodian (Organization with Mandatory Identifier)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Conformance level comes from li	nking elements			Context: /ClinicalDocument/	
Organization	A formally or informally recognized grouping of people or	Cardinal-	<u>DomainResource</u>	custodian	
	organizations formed for the purpose of achieving some form of collective action. Includes companies, institutions,	ity comes		custodian/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of
	corporations, departments, community groups, healthcare practice groups, etc.	from linking		custodian/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100002"	template-defined constraints.
	practice groups, etc.	element		custodian/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
				custodian/assignedCustodian	
				custodian/assignedCustodian/representedCustodianOrganization	
				custodian/assignedCustodian/representedCustodianOrganization/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.
Organization > identifier	Identifier for the organization that is used to identify the organization across multiple disparate systems.	1*	<u>Identifier</u>	custodian/assignedCustodian/ representedCustodianOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier	When sending to the My Health Record, an HPI-O is expected.
					The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.
					Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.
Organization > active	Whether the organization's record is still in active use.	01	<u>boolean</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Organization > type	The kind(s) of organization that this is.	0*	CodeableConcept	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Organization > name	A name associated with the organization.	01	string	custodian/assignedCustodian/representedCustodianOrganization/name	
Organization > alias	A list of alternate names that the organization is known as, or was known as in the past.	0*	string	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Organization > telecom	A contact detail for the organization.	0*	ContactPoint	custodian/assignedCustodian/representedCustodianOrganization/ <b>telecom</b>	In CDA the maximum occurrences of representedCustodian-Organization/telecom is 1. Although the model indicates that telecom is 0*, in a CDA implementation this is limited to 01.  telecom/@use Organization Telecom Use HL7 V3 (required) <sup>1</sup> .  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
Organization > address	An address for the organization.	0*	Address	custodian/assignedCustodian/representedCustodianOrganization/ <b>addr</b>	addr/@use Organization Address Use HL7 V3 (required) <sup>2</sup> .  In CDA the maximum occurrences of representedCustodian-Organization/addr is 1. Although the model indicates that address is 0*, in a CDA implementation this is limited to 01.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Organization > partOf	The organization of which this organization forms a part.	01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Organization > contact	Contact for the organization for a certain purpose.	0*	BackboneElement	participant[org_contact]	participant[org_contact] <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in participant (Organization contact).

This value set differs from the value set bound to use in ContactPoint due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA Schema. The concept map v3 map for ContactPointUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in Address due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA schema. The concept map v3 map for AddressUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

# **8 Entity CDA templates**

This chapter contains the entity templates referenced by a participation template in 7 Participation CDA templates.

## 8.1 providerOrganization (Base Organization)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/recordTarget/patientRole/	
Organization	A formally or informally recognized grouping of people or organizations formed for the purpose of achieving some form of collective action. Includes companies, institutions, corporations, departments, community groups, healthcare practice groups, etc.	Cardinal- ity comes from linking element	<u>DomainResource</u>	providerOrganization  providerOrganization/templateId  providerOrganization/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100034"	Organization SHALL have at least:  • identifier (providerOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier), or  • name (providerOrganization/name)  The use of templateId signals the imposition of a set of template-defined constraints.
				providerOrganization/id  providerOrganization/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.
Organization > identifier	Identifier for the organization that is used to identify the organization across multiple disparate systems.	0*	<u>Identifier</u>	providerOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier	The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.
Organization > active	Whether the organization's record is still in active use.	01	boolean	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Organization > type	The kind(s) of organization that this is.	0*	CodeableConcept	provider Organization / <b>standard Industry Class Code</b>	In CDA the maximum occurrences of providerOrganization/standardIndustryClassCode is 1. Although the model indicates that code is 0*, in a CDA implementation this is limited to 01.  standardIndustryClassCode/originalText or standardIndustry-ClassCode/@displayName SHALL be included.  OrganizationType (example)
Organization > name	A name associated with the organization.	01	string	providerOrganization/name[org_name]	In CDA name and alias are represented by providerOrganization/name.
Organization > alias	A list of alternate names that the organization is known as, or was known as in the past.	0*	string	providerOrganization/name[alias]	In CDA name and alias are represented by providerOrganization/name.
Organization > telecom	A contact detail for the organization.	0*	ContactPoint	providerOrganization/ <b>telecom</b>	telecom/@use Organization Telecom Use HL7 V3 (required) <sup>1</sup> .  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
Organization > address	An address for the organization.	0*	Address	providerOrganization/addr	addr/@use <u>Organization Address Use HL7 V3</u> ( <u>required</u> ) <sup>2</sup> .  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Organization > partOf	The organization of which this organization forms a part.	01	Reference(Organiza-	providerOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf	wholeOrganization SHALL conform to the template defined
			tion as Base Organization)	providerOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf/wholeOrganization	in wholeOrganization (Base Organization).
CDA Header Data Elements			·	Context: /ClinicalDocument/	
Organization > contact	Contact for the organization for a certain purpose.	0*	BackboneElement	participant[org_contact]	participant[org_contact] <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in participant (Organization contact).

This value set differs from the value set bound to use in ContactPoint due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA Schema. The concept map v3 map for ContactPointUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in Address due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA schema. The concept map v3 map for AddressUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

# 8.2 representedOrganization (Base Organization)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Conformance level comes fr	rom linking elements			Context: Comes from linking elements	
Organization	Organization  A formally or informally recognized grouping of people or organizations formed for the purpose of achieving some form of collective action. Includes companies, institutions, corporations, departments, community groups, healthcare practice groups, etc.	Cardinal- ity comes from link- ing ele- ment	<u>DomainResource</u>	representedOrganization	Organization SHALL have at least:  • name (representedOrganization/name), or  • identifier (representedOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier)
				representedOrganization/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of tem-
				representedOrganization/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100039"	plate-defined constraints.
				representedOrganization/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
				representedOrganization/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.
Organization > identifier	Identifier for the organization that is used to identify the organization across multiple disparate systems.	0*	<u>Identifier</u>	representedOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier	The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.
Organization > active	Whether the organization's record is still in active use.	01	<u>boolean</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Organization > type	The kind(s) of organization that this is.	0*	CodeableConcept	representedOrganization/ <b>standardIndustryClassCode</b>	In CDA the maximum occurrences of representedOrganization/standardIndustryClassCode is 1. Although the model indicates that code is 0*, in a CDA implementation this is limited to 01.  standardIndustryClassCode/originalText or standardIndustry-ClassCode/@displayName SHALL be included.  OrganizationType (example)
Organization > name	A name associated with the organization.	01	string	representedOrganization/name[org_name]	In CDA name and alias are represented by representedOrganization/name.
Organization > alias	A list of alternate names that the organization is known as, or was known as in the past.	0*	string	representedOrganization/name[alias]	In CDA name and alias are represented by representedOrganization/name.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Organization > telecom	A contact detail for the organization.	0*	ContactPoint	representedOrganization/ <b>telecom</b>	telecom/@use Organization Telecom Use HL7 V3 (required).  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
Organization > address	An address for the organization.	0*	<u>Address</u>	representedOrganization/ <b>addr</b>	addr/@use Organization Address Use HL7 V3 (required) <sup>1</sup> .  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Organization > partOf	The organization of which this organization forms a part.	01	Reference(Organization as Base Organization)	representedOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf representedOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf/wholeOrganization	wholeOrganization <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in wholeOrganization (Base Organization).
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/	
Organization > contact	Contact for the organization for a certain purpose.	0*	BackboneElement	participant[org_contact]	participant[org_contact] <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in participant (Organization contact).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in Address due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA schema. The concept map v3 map for AddressUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

# 8.3 assignedPerson (Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Conformance level comes fro	m linking elements			Context: Comes from linking elements	
Practitioner	A person who is directly or indirectly involved in the provi-	Cardinal-	<u>DomainResource</u>	assignedPerson	
	sioning of healthcare.	ity comes		assignedPerson/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of
		from linking		assignedPerson/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100040"	template-defined constraints.
		element		assignedPerson/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
Practitioner > identifier	An identifier that applies to this person in this role.	1*	<u>Identifier</u>	assignedPerson/ext:asEntityIdentifier	When sending to the My Health Record, an HPI-I is expected.
					The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.
					Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.
Practitioner > active	Whether this practitioner's record is in active use.	01	<u>boolean</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Practitioner > name	The name(s) associated with the practitioner.	0*	HumanName as Base HumanName	assignedPerson/ <b>name</b>	The model Base HumanName is not applied to name.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: HumanName as Base HumanName.
Practitioner > telecom	A contact detail for the practitioner, e.g. a telephone number or an email address.	0*	ContactPoint	telecom	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
Practitioner > address	Address(es) of the practitioner that are not role specific (typically home address). Work addresses are not typically entered in this property as they are usually role dependent.	0*	Address	addr	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Practitioner > gender	Administrative Gender - the gender that the person is considered to have for administration and record keeping purposes.	01	<u>code</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Practitioner > birthDate	The date of birth for the practitioner.	01	<u>date</u>	assignedPerson/ext:birthTime	

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Practitioner > qualification	Qualifications obtained by training and certification.	0*	BackboneElement	See: instantiation choices	It is possible that the qualification may be able to be captured as a complex structure or as a text list.  instantiation choices:  If the qualification or list of qualifications is the result of capturing a text field then qualification is expected to be instantiated as assignedPerson/ext:asQualifications/@classCode="QUAL". The common pattern Qualification SHALL be applied.  If more information can be captured than a narrative list then qualification is expected to be instantiated as ext:coverage2[prac_qual] and SHALL conform to the template defined in ext:coverage (Practitioner qualification).  If this is a CDA Header participant, ext:cover-age2[prac_qual] is expected to be instantiated in component (Administrative Observations) (ClinicalDocument/component/structured-Body/component[admin_obs]/section/); if this is a StructuredBody participant, ext:cover-age2[prac_qual] is expected to be instantiated in the same section as this participant.
Practitioner > communication	A language the practitioner is able to use in patient communication.	0*	CodeableConcept	assignedPerson/ext:languageCommunication	The common pattern Language Communication <b>SHALL</b> be applied.

# 8.4 wholeOrganization (Base Organization)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Conformance level comes from linking elements				Context: Comes from linking elements	
Organization	A formally or informally recognized grouping of people or organizations formed for the purpose of achieving some form of collective action. Includes companies, institutions, corporations, departments, community groups, healthcare practice groups, etc.	Cardinality comes from link- ing ele- ment	<u>DomainResource</u>	wholeOrganization	Organization SHALL have at least:  • name (wholeOrganization/name), or  • identifier (wholeOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier)
				wholeOrganization/ <b>templateId</b>	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of template-
				wholeOrganization/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100087"	defined constraints.
				wholeOrganization/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
				wholeOrganization/id	id/@root SHALL be present and it SHALL be a UUID or an OID.
Organization > identifier	Identifier for the organization that is used to identify the organization across multiple disparate systems.	0*	Identifier	wholeOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier	The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.
Organization > active	Whether the organization's record is still in active use.	01	boolean	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Organization > type	The kind(s) of organization that this is.	0*	CodeableConcept	wholeOrganization/standardIndustryClassCode	In CDA the maximum occurrences of wholeOrganization/standardIndustryClassCode is 1. Although the model indicates that code is 0*, in a CDA implementation this is limited to 01.  standardIndustryClassCode/originalText or standardIndustryClassCode/@displayName SHALL be included.  OrganizationType (example)
Organization > name	A name associated with the organization.	01	string	wholeOrganization/name[org_name]	In CDA name and alias are represented by wholeOrganization/name.
Organization > alias	A list of alternate names that the organization is known as, or was known as in the past.	0*	string	wholeOrganization/name[alias]	In CDA name and alias are represented by wholeOrganization/name.
Organization > telecom	A contact detail for the organization.	0*	ContactPoint	wholeOrganization/ <b>telecom</b>	telecom/@use Organization Telecom Use HL7 V3 (required) <sup>1</sup> .  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Organization > address	An address for the organization.	0*	<u>Address</u>	wholeOrganization/addr	addr/@use Organization Address Use HL7 V3 (required) <sup>2</sup> .
					Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Organization > partOf	The organization of which this organization forms	01	Reference(Organiza-	wholeOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf	wholeOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf/wholeOrganization SHALL
	a part.		tion as Base Organiz- ation)	wholeOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf/wholeOrganization	conform to the template defined in wholeOrganization (Base Orga ization).
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: /ClinicalDocument/	
Organization > contact	Contact for the organization for a certain purpose.	0*	<u>BackboneElement</u>	participant[org_contact]	participant[org_contact] <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in participant (Organization contact).

This value set differs from the value set bound to use in ContactPoint due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA Schema. The concept map v3 map for ContactPointUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in Address due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA schema. The concept map v3 map for AddressUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

# 8.5 scopingOrganization (Base Organization)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Conformance level comes from	om linking elements			Context: Comes from linking elements	
Organization	A formally or informally recognized grouping of people or organizations formed for the purpose of achieving some form of collective action. Includes companies, institutions, corporations, departments, community groups, healthcare practice groups, etc.	Cardinal- ity comes from link- ing ele- ment	<u>DomainResource</u>	scopingOrganization	Organization SHALL have at least:  • name (scopingOrganization/name), or  • identifier (scopingOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier)
				scopingOrganization/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of tem-
				scopingOrganization/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100089"	plate-defined constraints.
				scopingOrganization/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
				scopingOrganization/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.
Organization > identifier	Identifier for the organization that is used to identify the organization across multiple disparate systems.	0*	Identifier	scopingOrganization/ext:asEntityIdentifier	The common pattern Entity Identifier SHALL be applied.  Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.
Organization > active	Whether the organization's record is still in active use.	01	<u>boolean</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Organization > type	The kind(s) of organization that this is.	0*	CodeableConcept	scopingOrganization/standardIndustryClassCode	In CDA the maximum occurrences of scopingOrganization/standardIndustryClassCode is 1. Although the model indicates that code is 0*, in a CDA implementation this is limited to 01.  standardIndustryClassCode/originalText or standardIndustry-ClassCode/@displayName SHALL be included.  OrganizationType (example)
Organization > name	A name associated with the organization.	01	string	scopingOrganization/name[org_name]	In CDA name and alias are represented by scopingOrganization/name.
Organization > alias	A list of alternate names that the organization is known as, or was known as in the past.	0*	string	scopingOrganization/name[alias]	In CDA name and alias are represented by scopingOrganization/name.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Organization > telecom	A contact detail for the organization.	0*	ContactPoint	scopingOrganization/telecom	telecom/@use Organization Telecom Use HL7 V3 (required) <sup>1</sup> .
					Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: ContactPoint.
Organization > address	An address for the organization.	0*	Address	scopingOrganization/ <b>addr</b>	addr/@use Organization Address Use HL7 V3 (required) <sup>2</sup> .
					Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Address   Address as AU Base Address.
Organization > partOf	The organization of which this organization forms a part.	01	Reference(Organiza-	scopingOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf	wholeOrganization SHALL conform to the template defined
			tion as Base Organization)	scopingOrganization/asOrganizationPartOf/wholeOrganization	in wholeOrganization (Base Organization).
CDA Header Data Elements	CDA Header Data Elements			Context: /ClinicalDocument/	
Organization > contact	Contact for the organization for a certain purpose.	0*	<u>BackboneElement</u>	participant[org_contact]	participant[org_contact] <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in participant (Organization contact).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in ContactPoint due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA Schema. The concept map v3 map for ContactPointUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in Address due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA schema. The concept map v3 map for AddressUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

# **9 Section CDA templates**

This chapter defines the section templates referenced by a ClinicalDocument template for a document-level model in 6 Document CDA templates.

## 9.1 section (Dispense List)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA Body Level 3 Data Element	s			Context: Comes from linking elements	
section	A list of dispense records for a patient.	Cardinal- ity comes	BackboneElement	section[dl]	This section SHALL contain at least one entry (section/entry[pdl]) or an emptyReason (section/@nullFlavor) but SHALL NOT contain both.
		from linking		section[dl]/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of
	6	element		section[dl]/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100074"	template-defined constraints.
				section[dl]/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
section > title	The label for this particular section. This will be part of the rendered content for the document, and is often used to build a table of contents.	11	string	section[dl]/title	
section > code	A code identifying the kind of content contained within the	11	CodeableConcept	section[dl]/code	
	section. This must be consistent with the section title.			section[dl]/code/@code="100.32014"	
				section[dl]/code/@codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"	NCTIS Data Components
				section[dl]/code/@displayName	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Dispense List".
section > text	A human-readable narrative that contains the attested content of the section, used to represent the content of the resource to a human. The narrative need not encode all the structured data, but is required to contain sufficient detail to make it 'clinically safe' for a human to just read the narrative.	11	<u>Narrative</u>	section[dl]/text	

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
section > entry	A reference to the actual resource from which the narrative in the section is derived.	02	Reference(List as List of Prescription and or Dispense Records   Provenance as Provenance for the Generation of a List)	section[dl]/entry[dl]  See: instantiation choices	instantiation choices:  If entry is a List then it SHALL be instantiated as section/entry[dl]/act. act SHALL conform to the template defined in act (List of Prescription and or Dispense Records); that act SHALL have the same code as this section (entry[dl]/act/code/@code="100.32014").  If entry is an Provenance then it SHALL be instantiated as section/entry[dl]/observation. observation SHALL conform to the template defined in act (Provenance for the Generation of a List).
section > emptyReason	If the section is empty, why the list is empty. An empty section typically has some text explaining the empty reason.	01	CodeableConcept	section[dl]/@nullFlavor	Empty Reason HL7 v3 NullFlavor (required)  The nullFlavor attribute is used to represent the reason a section is empty of clinical content.

# 9.2 section (Prescription List)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA Body Level 3 Data Elemen	nts			Context: Comes from linking elements	
section	A list of prescriptions for a patient.	Cardinal- ity comes	BackboneElement	section[pl]	This section <b>SHALL</b> contain at least one entry (section/entry[pdl]) or an emptyReason (section/@nullFlavor) but <b>SHALL NOT</b> contain both.
		from linking		section[pl]/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of
		element		section[pl]/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100073"	template-defined constraints.
				section[pl]/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
section > title	The label for this particular section. This will be part of the rendered content for the document, and is often used to build a table of contents.	11	string	section[pl]/title	
section > <b>code</b>	A code identifying the kind of content contained within the	11	CodeableConcept	section[pl]/code	
	section. This must be consistent with the section title.			section[pl]/code/@code="57828-6"	
				section[pl]/code/@codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"	LOINC
				section[pl]/code/@displayName	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Prescription list".
section > text	A human-readable narrative that contains the attested content of the section, used to represent the content of the resource to a human. The narrative need not encode all the structured data, but is required to contain sufficient detail to make it 'clinically safe' for a human to just read the narrative.	11	<u>Narrative</u>	section[pl]/text	

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
section > entry	A reference to the actual resource from which the narrative in the section is derived.	02	Reference(List as List of Prescription and or Dispense Records   Provenance as Provenance for the Generation of a List)	section[pl]/entry[pl]  See: instantiation choices	instantiation choices:  If entry is a <u>List</u> then it <b>SHALL</b> be instantiated as section/entry[pl]/act. act <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in act (List of Prescription and or Dispense Records); that act <b>SHALL</b> have the same code as this section (entry[pl]/act/code/@code="57828-6").  If entry is an <u>Provenance</u> then it <b>SHALL</b> be instantiated as section/entry[pl]/observation. observation <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in act (Provenance for the Generation of a List).
section > emptyReason	If the section is empty, why the list is empty. An empty section typically has some text explaining the empty reason.	01	CodeableConcept	section[pl]/@nullFlavor	Empty Reason HL7 v3 NullFlavor (required)  The nullFlavor attribute is used to represent the reason a section is empty of clinical content.

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# 9.3 section (Prescription and Dispense List)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
CDA Body Level 3 Data Elemen	ts			Context: Comes from linking elements	
section	A list of prescriptions and dispense records for a patient.	Cardinal- ity comes	BackboneElement	section[pdl]	This section <b>SHALL</b> contain at least one entry (section/entry[pdl]) or an emptyReason (section/@nullFlavor) but <b>SHALL NOT</b> contain both.
		from linking		section[pdl]/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of
	ele	element		section[pdl]/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100072"	template-defined constraints.
				section[pdl]/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
section > title	The label for this particular section. This will be part of the rendered content for the document, and is often used to build a table of contents.	11	string	section[pdl]/title	
section > code	A code identifying the kind of content contained within the	11	CodeableConcept	section[pdl]/code	
	section. This must be consistent with the section title.			section[pdl]/code/@code="100.32015"	
				section[pdl]/code/@codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"	NCTIS Data Components
				section[pdl]/code/@displayName	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Prescription and Dispense List".
section > text	A human-readable narrative that contains the attested content of the section, used to represent the content of the resource to a human. The narrative need not encode all the structured data, but is required to contain sufficient detail to make it 'clinically safe' for a human to just read the narrative.	11	<u>Narrative</u>	section[pdl]/text	

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
section > entry	A reference to the actual resource from which the narrative in the section is derived.	02	Reference(List as List of Prescription and or Dispense Records   Provenance as Provenance for the Generation of a List)	section[pdl]/entry[pdl]  See: instantiation choices	instantiation choices:  If entry is a <u>List</u> then it <b>SHALL</b> be instantiated as section/entry[pdl]/act. act <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in act (List of Prescription and or Dispense Records); that act <b>SHALL</b> have the same code as this section (entry[pdl]/act/code/@code="100.32015").  If entry is an <u>Provenance</u> then it <b>SHALL</b> be instantiated as section/entry[pdl]/observation. observation <b>SHALL</b> conform to the template defined in act (Provenance for the Generation of a List).
section > emptyReason	If the section is empty, why the list is empty. An empty section typically has some text explaining the empty reason.	01	CodeableConcept	section[pdl]/@nullFlavor	Empty Reason HL7 v3 NullFlavor (required)  The nullFlavor attribute is used to represent the reason a section is empty of clinical content.

# **10 Act CDA templates**

This chapter contains the entry-level templates, called acts (machine readable structured content), referenced by other templates such as those in 9 Section CDA templates.

## 10.1 act (List of Prescription and or Dispense Records)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Conformance level comes from	linking elements			Context: Comes from linking elements	
List	A set of information summarized from a list of other resources.	11	<u>DomainResource</u>	act	If this list is a Dispense List (code/@code="100.32014") then only entries of type MedicationDispense (entryRelationship[item]/supply) SHALL be allowed.  If this list is a Prescription List (code/@code="57828-6") then only entries of type MedicationRequest (entryRelationship[item]/substanceAdministration) SHALL be allowed.
				act/@classCode="ACT"	
				act/@moodCode="EVN"	
				act/templateId	The use of templated signals the imposition of a set of template-
				act/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100076"	defined constraints.
				act/templateId/@extension="1.0"	
List > author-role	Identifies the practitioner role responsible for the information in the resource (aka author), not necessarily who typed it in.	01	Reference(Practition- erRole as Practition- erRole with Mandat- ory Identifier)	n/a	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/author.
List > author-related-person	The entity (related person) responsible for deciding what the contents of the list were. Where the list was created by a human, this is the same as the author of the list.	01	Reference (Related- Person as Related Per- son with Mandatory Identifier)	n/a	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/author.
List > status	Indicates the current state of this list.	11	<u>code</u>	act/statusCode	
				act/statusCode/@code="active"	The logical status of "current" is mapped to "active" in CDA.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
List > title	A label for the list assigned by the author.	01	string	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.  In CDA this is supported in either the narrative or the title of the applicable section.
List > code	This code defines the purpose of the list - why it was created.	11	CodeableConcept	act/code	code/originalText or code/@displayName <b>SHALL</b> be included. <u>Prescription and Dispense List Type</u> ( <u>required</u> )
List > subject	The common subject (or patient) of the resources that are in the list, if there is one.	11	Reference(Patient as Patient with Mandat- ory Identifier)	n/a	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in patientRole.
List > date	The date that the list was prepared.	11	<u>dateTime</u>	act/effectiveTime	This effectiveTime will hold the same value as ClinicalDocument/author/time.
List > source	The entity responsible for deciding what the contents of the list were. Where the list was created by a human, this is the same as the author of the list.	11	Reference(Practitioner as Practitioner with Mandatory Identifier   Patient as Patient with Mandatory Identifier   Device as Patient with Mandatory Identifier)	n/a	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/author.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
List > note	Comments that apply to the overall list.	0*	Annotation	act/entryRelationship[note]	
				act/entryRelationship[note]/@typeCode="COMP"	
				act/entryRelationship[note]/act	
				act/entryRelationship[note]/act/@classCode="INFRM"	
				act/entryRelationship[note]/act/@moodCode="EVN"	
				act/entryRelationship[note]/act/ <b>code</b>	
				act/entryRelationship[note]/act/code/@code="103.16044"	
				act/entryRelationship[note]/act/code/@codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"	NCTIS Data Components
				act/entryRelationship[note]/act/code/@displayName	displayName <b>SHOULD</b> be "Additional Comments".
				act/entryRelationship[note]/act/ <b>author</b>	If this author is not instantiated, the data is considered to be included via induction in ClinicalDocument/author.
					In CDA the cardinality of entryRelationship[note]/act/author is 0*. In this template the cardinality of author <b>SHALL</b> be limited to 01.
				act/entryRelationship[note]/act/ <b>effectiveTime</b>	If this effectiveTime is not instantiated, the data is considered to be included via induction in ClinicalDocument/author/time.
					In CDA the cardinality of entryRelationship[note]/act/effective- Time is 0*. In this template the cardinality of effectiveTime SHALL be limited to 01.
				act/entryRelationship[note]/act/ <b>text</b>	text/@xsi:type <b>SHALL</b> be "ST".
List > entry	List of medicine type entries	1*	<u>BackboneElement</u>	act/entryRelationship[item]	
				act/entryRelationship[item]/@typeCode="COMP"	
List > entry > item	A reference to the actual resource from which data	11	Reference(Medica-	act/entryRelationship[item]	instantiation choices:
	was derived.	tionStatement   MedicationRequest   MedicationDis-	See: instantiation choices	If entry is a <u>MedicationStatement</u> then it <b>SHALL</b> be instantiated as entryRelationship[item]/substanceAdministration.	
		pense)	pense)		If entry is a <u>MedicationRequest</u> then it <b>SHALL</b> be instantiated as entryRelationship[item]/substanceAdministration.
					If entry is a <u>MedicationDispense</u> then it <b>SHALL</b> be instantiated as entryRelationship[item]/supply.
List > emptyReason	If the list is empty, why the list is empty.	01	CodeableConcept	act/@nullFlavor	Empty Reason HL7 v3 NullFlavor (required)
					The nullFlavor attribute is used to represent the reason a list is empty of clinical content.

# 10.2 act (Provenance for the Generation of a List)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments	
Conformance level comes fro	om linking elements			Context: Comes from linking elements		
Provenance	A set of information summarized from a list of other re-	Cardinal-	<u>DomainResource</u>	???		_
	sources.	ity comes		???/@classCode="ACT"		
		from linking		???/@moodCode="EVN"		_
		ele-		???/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of	-
		ments		???/templateId/@root="TBD"	template-defined constraints.	
				???/templateId/@extension="1.0"		
Provenance > target	The Reference(s) that were generated or updated by the activity described in this resource. A provenance can point to more than one target if multiple resources were created/updated by the same activity.	1*	Reference(Any)	act/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.	
Provenance > period	The period during which the activity occurred.	01	<u>Identifier</u>	act/id	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/section/id.	id/@root SHALL be present and it SHALL be a UUID or an OID.
Provenance > recorded	The instant of time at which the activity was recorded.	11	instant	act/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.	
Provenance > policy	Policy or plan the activity was defined by. Typically, a single activity may have multiple applicable policy documents, such as patient consent, guarantor funding, etc.	0*	<u>uri</u>	act/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.	
Provenance > activity	An activity is something that occurs over a period of time and acts upon or with entities; it may include consuming, processing, transforming, modifying, relocating, using, or generating entities.	01	Coding	act/id	id/@root <b>SHALL</b> be present and it <b>SHALL</b> be a UUID or an OID.	

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Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Provenance > agent	An actor taking a role in an activity for which it can be assigned some degree of responsibility for the activity taking place.	1*	BackboneElement	act/id	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/section/id.
Provenance > agent > role	The function of the agent with respect to the activity. The security role enabling the agent with respect to the activity.	0*	CodeableConcept	act/id	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/section/id.
Provenance > agent > who[x]	The individual, device or organization that participated in the event.	11	Reference(Practitioner as Base Practitioner   Related-Person as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as Base Practient as Base Practient as Base Patient   Device as Base Device   Organization as Base Organization)	act/id	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/section/id.
Provenance > agent > onBe- halfOf[x]	The individual, device, or organization for whom the change was made.	01	Reference(Practitioner as   Related-Person as Base RelatedPerson   Patient as   Device as Base Device   Organization as Base Organization)	act/id	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/section/id.
Provenance > entity	An entity used in this activity.	0*	BackboneElement	act/ <b>id</b>	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/section/id.
Provenance > entity > role	How the entity was used during the activity.	11	<u>code</u>	act/i <b>d</b>	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/section/id.
Provenance > entity > what[x]	Identity of the Entity used. May be a logical or physical uri and maybe absolute or relative.	11	Reference(Any)	act/ <b>id</b>	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/section/id.
Provenance > entity > agent	The entity is attributed to an agent to express the agent's responsibility for that entity, possibly along with other agents. This description can be understood as shorthand for saying that the agent was responsible for the activity which generated the entity.	0*	see An actor taking a role in an activity for which it can be assigned some de- gree of responsibil- ity for the activity taking place.	act/i <b>d</b>	Not mapped directly for this model; this is implicit in ClinicalDocument/section/id.

# 10.3 ext:coverage (Practitioner qualification)

See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments	
CDA Header Data Elements				Context: Comes from linking elements		
Practitioner > qualification	Qualifications obtained by training and	Cardinality	BackboneElement	ext:coverage2[prac_qual]		
	certification.	from link-		ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/@typeCode="COVBY"		
		ing ele- ment		ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/templateId	The use of templateld signals the imposition of a set of	
		ment		ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/templateId/@root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100038"	template-defined constraints.	
				ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/templateId/@extension="1.0"		
				ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement		
				ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/@classCode="COV"		
				ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/@moodCode="EVN"		
				ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:participant[prac]		
				ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:participant[prac]/@typeCode="HLD"		
				ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:participant[prac]/ext:participantRole		
				ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:participant[prac]/ext:participantRole/@classCode="ASSIGNED"		
			ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:participant[prac]/ext:participantRole/ext:id	This ext:id <b>SHALL</b> hold the same value as practitioner that this qualification is associated with (the value in this id element <b>SHALL</b> be present in separate participation).		
Practitioner > qualification > identifier	An identifier that applies to this person's qualification in this role.	0*	<u>Identifier</u>	ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:id	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2) are available: Identifier.	
Practitioner > qualification > code	Coded representation of the qualification.	11	CodeableConcept	ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:code	ext:code/originalText or ext:code/@displayName SHALL be included.	
					v2 table 0360, Version 2.7 (example)	
Practitioner > qualification > <b>period</b>	Period during which the qualification is valid.	01	Period	ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:effectiveTime		

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Practitioner > qualification > issuer	Organization that regulates and issues the		Reference(Organiza-	ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:participant[issuer]	
	qualification. <u>tion</u>	tion	ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:participant[issuer]/@typeCode="AUT"		
			ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:participant[issuer]/ext:participantRole		
		ext:coverage2[prac_qual]/ext:entitlement/ext:participant[issuer]/ ext:participantRole/@classCode="COMPAR"			

THIS SPECIFICATION IS UNTESTED AND IS NOT SUITABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION.

# **11 Common patterns**

This chapter contains conformance requirements on CDA schema elements. These conformance rules apply across multiple templates, forming 'common patterns'.

## **11.1 Entity Identifier**

See Legend - CDA mapping table for CDA schema elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Common pattern	CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments
Entity Identifier	ext:asEntityIdentifier	A number or code issued for the purpose of identifying a participant within a healthcare	Cardinality comes from linking element	
	ext:asEntityIdentifier/@classCode="IDENT"	context.	11	
	ext:asEntityIdentifier/ <b>ext:id</b>		11	
	ext:asEntityIdentifier/ext:id/@root		11	root <b>SHALL</b> be an OID and <b>SHALL NOT</b> be a UUID.
	ext:asEntityIdentifier/ext:id/@extension		01	
	ext:asEntityIdentifier/ext:id/@assigningAuthorityName		01	A name for the namespace represented in the root that is populated with the issuer, or identifier type, or a concatenation of both as appropriate. This is used for human-readable, not machine processing, purposes.
				assigningAuthorityName <b>SHOULD</b> be instantiated.
	ext:asEntityIdentifier/ext:code		01	
	ext:asEntityIdentifier/ext:assigningGeographicArea		01	
	ext:asEntityIdentifier/ext:assigningGeographicArea/@classCode="PLC"		11	
	ext:asEntityIdentifier/ext:assigningGeographicArea/ext:name		01	The range and extent that the identifier applies to the object with which it is associated that is populated directly from the geographic area. This is used for human-readable, not machine processing, purposes.
				ext:name <b>SHOULD</b> be instantiated.
				Healthcare Identifier Geographic Area (preferred)
				This CDA schema element is expected to be populated with the display, e.g. "National Identifier".

### **Examples**

#### Example 11.1. Entity Identifier - Australian IHI

```
<!-- Australian IHI -->
<xs:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
<xs:id root="1.2.36.1.2001.1003.0.8003608833357361" assigningAuthorityName="IHI" />
 <xs:assigningGeographicArea classCode="PLC">
     <xs:name>National Identifier</xs:name>
  </xs:assigningGeographicArea>
</xs:asEntityIdentifier>
```

#### Example 11.2. Entity Identifier - Local Medical Record Number

```
<!-- Local Medical Record Number -->
<xs:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
<xs:id root="1.2.36.1.2001.1005.29.8003621566684455" extension="542181" assigningAuthorityName="Croydon GP Centre" />
  <xs:code code="MR" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.12.203" codeSystemName="Identifier Type (HL7)" />
</xs:asEntityIdentifier>
```

#### Example 11.3. Entity Identifier - Australian HPI-I

```
<!-- Australian HPI-I -->
<xs:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
<xs:id assigningAuthorityName="HPI-I" root="1.2.36.1.2001.1003.0.8003610537409456"/>
<xs:assigningGeographicArea classCode="PLC">
 <xs:name>National Identifier</xs:name>
</xs:assigningGeographicArea>
</xs:asEntityIdentifier>
```

### Example 11.4. Entity Identifier - Australian HPI-O

```
<!-- Australian HPI-O -->
<xs:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
  <xs:id assigningAuthorityName="HPI-O" root="1.2.36.1.2001.1003.0.8003621566684455" />
  <xs:assigningGeographicArea classCode="PLC">
     <xs:name>National Identifier</xs:name>
  </xs:assigningGeographicArea>
</xs:asEntityIdentifier>
```

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# 11.2 Personal Relationship

See Legend - CDA mapping table for CDA schema elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Common pattern	CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments
Personal Relationship	ext:personalRelationship	The personal relationship of a participant to a patient. A personal relationship is not to be instantiated if the par-	Cardinality comes from link- ing element	
	ext:personalRelationship/@classCode="PRS"	ticipant is a practitioner.	01	
	ext:personalRelationship/ext:id	01 11 01 01 11 01	01	
	ext:personalRelationship/ext:code		11	
	ext:personalRelationship/ext:statusCode		01	v3 Code System RoleStatus (required)
	ext:personalRelationship/ext:effectiveTime		01	
	ext:personalRelationship/ext:asPersonalRelationship		11	
	ext:personalRelationship/ext:asPersonalRelationship/@classCode="PSN"		01	
	ext:personalRelationship/ext:asPersonalRelationship/@determinerCode="INSTANCE"		01	
	ext:personalRelationship/ext:asPersonalRelationship/id		11	This id <b>SHALL</b> hold the same value as patientRole/id.
	ext:personalRelationship/ext:asPersonalRelationship/administrativeGenderCode/@nullFlavor="NA"		11	Included for CDA conformance only.

### **Examples**

### Example 11.5. Personal Relationship - author related person

```
<!-- recordTarget (Patient) -->
<recordTarget>
  <patientRole>
     <!-- patient identifier-->
     <id extension="100543" root="2.16.840.1.113883.19.1.2.3.4"/>
  </patientRole>
</recordTarget>
<!-- author (RelatedPerson) -->
<author>
   <time value="200911031647+1000"/>
   <assignedAuthor>
     <!-- author identifier-->
     <id root="86d729b8-72d2-460a-a64c-489a51607450"/>
      <assignedPerson>
        <!-- personal relationship -->
        <ext:personalRelationship>
           <!--relationship-->
           <ext:code code="SIGOTHR" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.111" codeSystemName="v3 Code System RoleCode" displayName="significant other" />
           <!--patient-->
           <ext:asPersonalRelationship>
              <!-- patient identifier-->
              <id extension="100543" root="2.16.840.1.113883.19.1.2.3.4"/>
              <administrativeGenderCode nullFlavor="NA" />
            </ext:asPersonalRelationship>
        </ext:personalRelationship>
      </assignedPerson>
   </assignedAuthor>
</author>
```

#### Example 11.6. Personal Relationship - performer related person

```
<!-- recordTarget (Patient) -->
<recordTarget>
   <patientRole>
     <!-- patient identifier-->
     <id extension="100543" root="2.16.840.1.113883.19.1.2.3.4"/>
  </patientRole>
</recordTarget>
<!-- participant performer (RelatedPerson) -->
<participant typeCode="PRF">
  <associatedEntity classCode="ASSIGNED">
     <!--participant performer identifier-->
     <id root="f3351b5c-8a6c-437c-a55c-a6c121873456"/>
      <!-- personal relationship -->
      <associatedPerson>
        <ext:personalRelationship>
           <!--relationship-->
            <ext:code code="FAMMEMB" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.111" codeSystemName="v3 Code System RoleCode" displayName="Family Member" />
```

THIS SPECIFICATION IS UNTESTED AND IS NOT SUITABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION.

# 11.3 Qualification

See Legend - CDA mapping table for CDA schema elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

# **CDA** mapping

Common pattern	CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments
Qualification	ext:asQualifications	A list of professional certifications, and certificates recognising having passed a course.	Cardinality comes from linking element	
	ext:asQualifications/@classCode="QUAL"		11	
	ext:asQualifications/ <b>ext:code</b>		11	Qualifications is a text field, so the text list is captured in ext:code/originalText.

### **Example 11.7. Qualification - Bachelor of Pharmacy**

```
<!-- Qualification - Bachelor of Pharmacy -->
<ext:asQualifications classCode="QUAL">
<ext:code>
  <originalText>Bachelor of Pharmacy</originalText>
  </ext:code>
</ext:asQualifications>
```

### **Example 11.8. Qualification - List of qualifications**

```
<!-- Qualification -->
<ext:asQualifications classCode="QUAL">
<ext:code>
<ortinalText>Doctor of Medicine, Fellowship of the Australian College of Rural and Remote Medicine (FACRRM)</originalText>
</ext:asQualifications>
```

# 11.4 Ingredient

See Legend - CDA mapping table for CDA schema elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

# **CDA** mapping

Common pattern	CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments
Ingredient	ext:asIngredient	An ingredient of the medicine item.	Cardinality comes from linking ele- ment	
	ext:asIngredient/@classCode="INGR"		11	
	ext:asIngredient/ <b>ext:id</b>		0*	
	ext:asIngredient/ext:ingredientManufacturedMaterial		01	The substance that is the ingredient. This may be another medication.
	ext:asIngredient/ext:ingredientManufacturedMaterial/@classCode="MMAT"		11	
	ext:asIngredient/ext:ingredientManufacturedMaterial/@determinerCode="KIND"		11	
	ext:asIngredient/ext:ingredientManufacturedMaterial/ext:id		0*	
	ext:asIngredient/ext:ingredientManufacturedMaterial/ext:code		01	Code for the substance.
	ext:asIngredient/ext:ingredientManufacturedMaterial/ext:desc		01	Name and/or description of the substance.
	ext:asIngredient/ext:ingredientManufacturedMaterial/ext:expirationTime		01	ext:expirationTime is discouraged from use.
	ext:asIngredient/ext:ingredientManufacturedMaterial/ext:quantity		01	ext:quantity <b>SHOULD NOT</b> be instantiated as the determinerCode is fixed to "KIND".
	ext:asIngredient/ext:quantity		01	This CDA schema element is of type Ratio Physical Quantity / Physical Quantity (RTO_PQ_PQ).
				Strength (amount) of the substance as an ingredient in the medicine item, e.g. 2% of the ingredient or 5mg of the ingredient or 10mg of the ingredient per ml or 250 mg per tablet.

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### Example 11.9. Ingredient - Medication active ingredient with amount

```
<!--Medication-->
<consumable>
 <manufacturedProduct>
 <manufacturedMaterial>
  <!--Medication.code-->
   <code code="22048011000036105"</pre>
   codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
   codeSystemName="SNOMED CT"
   displayName="amoxicillin 250 mg chewable tablet">
   <!--Medication.ingredient-->
   <ext:asIngredient classCode="INGR">
   <ext:ingredientManufacturedMaterial classCode="MMAT" determinerCode="KIND">
    <!--Medication.ingredient.item[x]-->
    <ext:code code="1799011000036105"
     codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
     codeSystemName="SNOMED CT"
     displayName="amoxicillin"/>
    </ext:ingredientManufacturedMaterial>
   <!--Medication.ingredient.amount-->
    <ext:quantity>
    <numerator unit="mg" value="250"/>
    <denominator value="1"/>
   </ext:quantity>
   </ext:asIngredient>
  </manufacturedMaterial>
 </manufacturedProduct>
</consumable>
```

# **11.5 Language Communication**

See Legend - CDA mapping table for CDA schema elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

# **CDA** mapping

Common pattern	CDA schema element	CDA element description	CDA card	CDA constraints and comments
Language Communication	ext:languageCommunication	A language communication capability of an individual.	Cardinality comes from linking ele- ment	
	ext:languageCommunication/languageCode		11	This CDA schema element is of type CodedSimpleValue (CS).
				All Languages (required)
				Common Languages in Australia (extensible)
	ext:languageCommunication/modeCode		01	
	ext:languageCommunication/proficiencyLevelCode		01	
	ext:languageCommunication/preferenceInd		01	This CDA schema element is of type Boolean (BL).

### **Example 11.10. Language Communication - English is preferred**

```
<!-- Language Communication -->
<ext:languageCommunication>
<languageCode code="en"/>
<preferenceInd value="true"/>
</ext:languageCommunication>
```

### Example 11.11. Language Communication - Pitjantjatjara is preferred

```
<!-- Language Communication -->
<ext:languageCommunication>
<languageCode code="pjt"/>
</ext:languageCommunication>
```

### Example 11.12. Language Communication - German is spoken

```
<!-- Language Communication -->
<ext:languageCommunication>
<languageCode code="de"/>
</ext:languageCommunication>
```

# Appendix A. Complex data type mappings to CDA (R2)

This informative appendix provides some guidance on how *FHIR Release 3 (STU)* [HL7FHIR3] complex data types referred to in the body of this specification can map to CDA (R2). The material provided are recommendations and do not represent conformance requirements.

### A.1 Identifier

This informative appendix provides some guidance on how the complex data type <u>Identifier</u> can map to CDA (R2). In addition to material provided in this implementation guide some guidance on representation of common identifiers in CDA is provided by *Representation of Common Australian Identifiers in v2 and CDA [HI2011]* and *Common - Clinical Document [DH2019a]*.

The mapping table below provides a set of preferred mappings to the InstanceIdentifier (II) data type [HL7V3DT] and the Entity Identifier (EntityIdentifier) type defined in the Australian Digital Health Agency CDA schema, and do not represent conformance requirements. See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

### **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logic- al card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Identifier	A technical identifier - identifies some entity uniquely and unambiguously.	Cardinal- ity comes from link- ing ele- ment	Element	See: instantiation choices	In CDA it is possible that an identifier is formed such that the system and value are both part of the value of the root attribute. In this circumstance the extension attribute <b>SHOULD NOT</b> be instantiated.  instantiation choices:  If the identifier is for a Patient, Practitioner, PractitionerRole, Organization, RelatedPerson, or Device, then the identifier is expected to be instantiated as ext:asEntityIdentifier/@classCode="IDENT".  See <entity identifier=""> for available attributes.  The identifier element may be instantiated as id.</entity>
Identifier > use	The purpose of this identifier.	01	<u>code</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Identifier > type	A coded type for the identifier that can be used to determine which identifier to use for a specific purpose.	01	CodeableConcept	//ext:asEntityIdentifier/ext:code	ext:code is only available if the identifier is instantiated as ext:asEntityIdentifier/@classCode="IDENT". <u>Identifier Type Codes (extensible)</u>
Identifier > system	Establishes the namespace for the value - that is, a URL that describes a set values that are unique.	01	uri	See: instantiation choices	instantiation choices:  If the identifier is for a If the identifier is for a Patient, Practitioner, PractitionerRole, Organization, RelatedPerson, or Device, then the identifier system is expected to be instantiated as ext:asEntity-Identifier/ext:id/@root.  The identifier system may be instantiated as id/@root.
Identifier > value	The portion of the identifier typically relevant to the user and which is unique within the context of the system.	01	string	See: instantiation choices	instantiation choices:  If the identifier is for a If the identifier is for a Patient, Practitioner, PractitionerRole, Organization, RelatedPerson, or Device, then identifier value is expected to be instantiated as ext:asEntityIdentifier/ext:id/@extension.  The identifier value may be instantiated as id/@extension.
Identifier > period	Time period during which identifier is/was valid for use.	01	<u>Period</u>	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.

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Logical element	Logical element description	Logic-	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
		al			
		card			
Identifier > assigner	Organization that issued/manages the identifier.	01	Reference (Organization)	See: instantiation choices	instantiation choices:  If the identifier is for a If the identifier is for a Patient, Practitioner, PractitionerRole, Organization, RelatedPerson, or Device, then identifier assigner is expected to be instantiated as ext:asEntityIdentifier/ext:id/@assigningAuthorityName.  The identifier assigner may be instantiated as id/@assigningAuthorityName.

#### **Example A.1. Identifier - Patient identifiers**

```
<!-- subject -->
<recordTarget>
   <!-- subject (Patient) -->
   <patientRole>
       <patient>
           <!-- Patient.identifier as an Australian IHI -->
           <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
               <!-- identifier.type.text=IHI,
               identifier.value=8003600200002222,
               identifier.system=http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/id/hi/ihi/1.0 -->
               <ext:id assigningAuthorityName="IHI" root="1.2.36.1.2001.1003.0.8003600200002222" />
               <ext:assigningGeographicArea classCode="PLC">
                   <ext:name>National Identifier</ext:name>
                </ext:assigningGeographicArea>
            </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
           <!-- Patient.identifier as an Institution Medical Record-->
           <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
            <!-- identifier.assigner=Croyden GP Centre,
               identifier.value=542181,
               identifier.system=urn:oid:1.2.36.1.2001.1005.29.8003621566684455 -->
             <ext:id root="1.2.36.1.2001.1005.29.8003621566684455" extension="542181" assigningAuthorityName="Croydon GP Centre" />
            <!-- Patient.identifier.type -->
             <ext:code code="MR" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.12.203" codeSystemName="Identifier Type (HL7)" />
            </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
           <!-- Patient.identifier as a Medicare Number -->
           <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
            <!-- identifier.system=urn:oid:1.2.36.1.5001.1.0.7,
               identifier.value=123456789,
               identifier.assigner=Medciare Card Number -->
             <ext:id assigningAuthorityName="Medicare Card Number"
             root="1.2.36.1.5001.1.0.7" extension="1234567892"/>
             <ext:code code="MC" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.12.203"</pre>
             codeSystemName="Identifier Type (HL7)" displayName="Patient's Medicare number"/>
             <!-- Identifier.period is not available in an asEntityIdentifier class -->
            </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
```

```
<!-- Patient.identifier as a DVA Number -->
            <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
            <!-- identifier.system=urn:oid:2.16.840.1.113883.3.879.270091,
               identifier.value=NBUR9080,
               identifier.assigner=Department of Veterans' Affairs -->
            <ext:id assigningAuthorityName="Department of Veterans' Affairs"
             root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.879.270091" extension="NBUR9080"/>
            <ext:code code="DVG" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.2.3.4.1.1.203"</pre>
             codeSystemName="HL7V2Table0203IdentifierTypeAUExtended" displayName="DVA Gold Card Number"/>
            <!-- Identifier.period is not available in an asEntityIdentifier class -->
            </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
           <!-- Patient.identifier as a Healthcare card number -->
            <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
            <!-- identifier.system=urn:oid:2.16.840.1.113883.3.879.270098,
               identifier.value=307111942H,
               identifier.assigner=Centrelink customer reference number -->
            <ext:id assigningAuthorityName="Centrelink customer reference number"</pre>
             root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.879.270098" extension="307111942H"/>
            <ext:code code="HC" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.12.203"</pre>
             codeSystemName="Identifier Type (HL7)" displayName="Health Card Number"/>
            </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
       </patient>
   </patientRole>
</recordTarget>
```

#### **Example A.2. PractitionerRole identifiers**

```
<author>
   <time value="200911031647+1000"/>
   <!-- author (PractitionerRole) -->
   <assignedAuthor>
       <!-- PractitionerRole.id -->
       <id root="86d729b8-72d2-460a-a64c-489a51607450"/>
       <!-- PractitionerRole.practitioner(Practitioner) -->
       <assignedPerson>
           <!-- Practitioner.identifier as an Australian HPI-I -->
           <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
               <!-- identifier.value=8003610537409456,
               identifier.system=urn:oid:1.2.36.1.2001.1003.0,
               identifier.assigner=HPI-I -->
               <ext:id assigningAuthorityName="HPI-I"</pre>
                   root="1.2.36.1.2001.1003.0.8003610537409456"/>
               <ext:assigningGeographicArea classCode="PLC">
                   <ext:name>National Identifier</ext:name>
               </ext:assigningGeographicArea>
            </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
           <!-- PractitionerRole.identifier as an ABN scoped provider identifier -->
            <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
            <!-- identifier.value=8003610537409456,
               identifier.system=urn:oid:1.2.36.1.2001.1003.0,
               identifier.assigner=HPI-I -->
               <ext:id assigningAuthorityName="Albion Hospital",
               root="1.2.36.1.2001.1005.70.51824753556"
               extension="peterwinslow44"/>
```

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```
<!-- identifier.type -->
               <ext:code code="EI"
                   codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.18.108"
                   codeSystemName="v2 Identifier Type"
                   displayName="Employee number"/>
           </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
       </assignedPerson>
   </assignedAuthor>
   <!--PractitionerRole.organization (Organization)-->
   <representedOrganization>
       <!-- Organization.name -->
       <name>Albion Hospital</name>
       <!--Organization.identifier as an ABN-->
       <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
           <!-- identifier.value=51824754455,
           identifier.system=urn:oid:1.2.36,
           identifier.assigner=ABN -->
           <ext:id root="1.2.36.51824754455" assigningAuthorityName="ABN"/>
            <!-- identifier.type -->
           <ext:code code="XX"
              codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.12.203" />
       </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
   </representedOrganization>
</author>
```

#### **Example A.3. Identifier - Organization identifier**

```
<custodian>
   <!-- custodian (Organization)-->
   <assignedCustodian>
       <representedCustodianOrganization>
           <!-- Organization.id-->
           <id root="d0455def-ff37-4ebe-97fb-52db7224b148"/>
           <!-- Organization.identifier as a Laboratory NATA Identifier -->
           <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
               <!-- identifier.system.value=urn:oid:1.2.36.1.2001.1005.12,
               identifier.value=2184,
               identifier.assigner=NATA -->
               <ext:id assigningAuthorityName="NATA"
                   root="1.2.36.1.2001.1005.12" extension="2184"/>
               <!-- identifier.type -->
               <ext:code code="XX" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.12.203"/>
           </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
       </representedCustodianOrganization>
   </assignedCustodian>
</custodian>
```

### Example A.4. Identifier - ProcedureRequest identifier

```
<!--DiagnosticReport.basedOn-->
<inPulfillmentOf typeCode="FLFS">
<!--ProcedureRequest-->
<order classCode="ACT" moodCode="RQO">
```

### A.2 HumanName as Base HumanName

This informative appendix provides some guidance on how the constrained form of complex data type HumanName as Base HumanName published by the Australian Digital Health Agency can map to CDA (R2).

The mapping table below provides a set of preferred mappings to the PersonName (PN) data type [HL7V3DT] for representing an Australian address and do not represent conformance requirements. See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

### **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
HumanName	A human's name with the ability to identify parts and usage.	Cardinality comes from linking ele- ment	Element	//name	name SHALL have at least text (name with full text representation) or family (name/family) or given (name/given) instantiated.  In CDA, a full text representation of a name is not to be included in the same instance as a structured representation with the same name parts. Either the free text representation or a name with structure (e.g. name/family or name/given) should be provided but not both.
HumanName > use	Identifies the purpose for this name.	01	<u>code</u>	//name/@use	Common Person Name Use (required) <sup>1</sup>
HumanName > text	A full text representation of the name.	01	string	//name	
HumanName > family	The part of a name that links to the genealogy. In some cultures (e.g. Eritrea) the family name of a son is the first name of his father.	01	string	//name/family	
HumanName > given	Given name.	0*	string	//name/given	
HumanName > prefix	Part of the name that is acquired as a title due to academic, legal, employment or nobility status, etc. and that appears at the start of the name.	0*	string	//name/prefix	A prefix value can be populated as described in AS 4846 (2014) – Person and provider identification in healthcare [SA2014a], 4.4.2 Name Title.
HumanName > suffix	Part of the name that is acquired as a title due to academic, legal, employment or nobility status, etc. and that appears at the end of the name.	0*	string	//name/suffix	A suffix value can be populated as described in AS 4846 (2014) — Person and provider identification in healthcare [SA2014a], 4.5.3.2 Name Suffix.
HumanName > period	Indicates the period of time when this name was valid for the named person.	01	<u>Period</u>	//name/validTime	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in HumanName due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA Schema. The concept map NameUse (HL7 FHIR) to Common Person Name Use provides a mapping between the two value sets.

### Example A.5. Base HumanName - name use, given names, family name

```
<!-- HumanName where use=official -->
<name use="C">
   <!-- HumanName.given -->
   <given>Adam</given>
   <!-- HumanName.given -->
   <given>A.</given>
   <!-- HumanName.family -->
   <family>Everyman</family>
```

### Example A.6. Base HumanName - unstructured name

```
<!-- HumanName where use=official -->
<name use="C">
   <!-- HumanName.text -->
   Adam A. Everyman
</name>
```

#### Example A.7. Base HumanName - given name only

```
<!-- HumanName where use=usual -->
<name>
   <!-- HumanName.given -->
   <given>Damo</given>
</name>
```

#### Example A.8. Base HumanName - structured name with period

```
<!-- HumanName where use=old -->
<name use="DN">
   <!-- HumanName.given -->
   <given>Adam</given>
   <!-- HumanName.given -->
   <given>A.</given>
   <!-- HumanName.family -->
   <family>Adamson</family>
   <!-- HumanName.period -->
   <validTime xsi:type="IVL_TS">
       <low value="01012001" />
       <high value="01012012" />
```

THIS SPECIFICATION IS UNTESTED AND IS NOT SUITABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION.

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### A.3 Address

This informative appendix provides some guidance on how the complex data type Address can map to CDA (R2).

The mapping table below provides a set of preferred mappings to the PostalAddress (AD) data type [HL7V3DT] and do not represent conformance requirements. See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

### **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Address	An address expressed using postal conventions (as opposed to GPS or other location definition formats). This data type may be used to convey addresses for use in delivering mail as well as for visiting locations which might not be valid for mail delivery. There are a variety of postal address formats defined around the world.	Cardinality comes from linking ele- ment	Element	//addr	
Address > use	The purpose of this address.	01	code	//addr/@use	addr/@use can carry more than one value by a space separated list of codes.  Address Use HL7 v3 (required) <sup>1</sup>
Address > type	Distinguishes between physical addresses (those you can visit) and mailing addresses (e.g. PO Boxes and care-of addresses). Most addresses are both.	01	code	//addr/@use	addr/@use can carry more than one value by a space separated list of codes.  Address Type HL7 v3 (required) <sup>2</sup>
Address > text	A full text representation of the address.	01	string	//addr	The expectation is that this is free text.
Address > line	This component contains the house number, apartment number, street name, street direction, P.O. Box number, delivery hints, and similar address information.	0*	string	//addr/streetAddressLine	
Address > city	The name of the city, town, village or other community or delivery center.	01	string	//addr/city	
Address > district	The name of the administrative area (county).	01	string	//addr/county	
Address > state	Sub-unit of a country with limited sovereignty in a federally organized country. A code may be used if codes are in common use (i.e. US 2 letter state codes).	01	string	//addr/state	
Address > postalCode	A postal code designating a region defined by the postal service.	01	string	//addr/ <b>postalCode</b>	
Address > country	Country - a nation as commonly understood or generally accepted.	01	string	//addr/country	Iso 3166 Part 1: 2 Letter Codes (preferred)
Address > period	Time period when address was/is in use.	01	Period	//addr/useablePeriod	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in Address due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA schema. The concept map v3 map for AddressUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

#### Example A.9. Address - structured work and postal address

```
<!-- Address where use=work and type=postal -->
<addr use="PST WP">
   <!--Address.text-->
   1050 W Wishard Blvd
   5th floor
   Indianapolis, IN 46240
   <!--Address.line-->
   <streetAddressLine>1050 W Wishard Blvd</streetAddressLine>
   <!--Address.line-->
   <streetAddressLine>RG 5th floor</streetAddressLine>
   <!--Address.city-->
   <city>Indianapolis</city>
   <!--Address.state-->
   <state>IN</state>
   <!--Address.postalCode-->
   <postalCode>46240</postalCode>
</addr>
```

### Example A.10. Address - structured home and physical address

### Example A.11. Address - temporary international address

```
<!-- Address where use=old -->
<addr use="TMP">
  <!--Address.line-->
  <streetAddressLine>Rue Lougoraïa 12, app. 10</streetAddressLine>
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to type in Address due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA schema. The concept map v3 map for AddressType provides a mapping between the two value sets.

```
<!--Address.city-->
<city>Korolevo</city>
<!--Address.state-->
<state>Minsk</state>
<!--Address.country-->
<country>BELARUS</country>
<!--Address.period-->
<useablePeriod xsi:type="IVL_TS">
<low value="01012001" />
<high value="01012012" />
</useablePeriod>
</addr>
```

### A.4 Address as AU Base Address

This informative appendix provides some guidance on how the constrained form of complex data type Address as AU Base Address published by HL7 Australia can map to CDA (R2).

The mapping table below provides a set of preferred mappings to the PostalAddress (AD) data type [HL7V3DT] for representing an Australian address and do not represent conformance requirements. See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

### **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Address	An Australian address expressed using postal conventions (as opposed to GPS or other location definition formats).	Cardinality comes from linking ele- ment	Element	//addr	addr <b>SHALL</b> have text or one or more line (addr/streetAddressLine).
Address > no-fixed-address	No fixed address indicator.	01	boolean	n/a	Not mapped directly; if 01 is "true", addr SHOULD be "NO FIXED ADDRESS" and addr/@use SHOULD be "PHYS".
Address > use	The purpose of this address.	01	code	//addr/@use	addr/@use can carry more than one value by a space separated list of codes.  Address Use HL7 v3 (required) <sup>1</sup>
Address > type	Distinguishes between physical addresses (those you can visit) and mailing addresses (e.g. PO Boxes and care-of addresses). Most addresses are both.	01	code	//addr/@use	addr/@use can carry more than one value by a space separated list of codes.  Address Type HL7 v3 (required) <sup>2</sup>
Address > text	A full text representation of the address.	01	string	//addr	The expectation is that this is free text.
Address > line	This component contains the house number, apartment number, street name, street direction, P.O. Box number, delivery hints, and similar address information.	0*	string	//addr/streetAddressLine	
Address > city	The name of the city, town, village or other community or delivery center.	01	string	//addr/ <b>city</b>	
Address > district	The name of the administrative area (county).	01	string	//addr/county	
Address > state	Sub-unit of a country with limited sovereignty in a federally organized country. A code may be used if codes are in common use (i.e. US 2 letter state codes).	01	string	//addr/state	state <b>SHALL</b> be populated with the code e.g. "NT". <u>Australian States and Territories</u> (required)
Address > postalCode	A postal code designating a region defined by the postal service.	01	string	//addr/postalCode	The maximum length of postalCode <b>SHALL</b> be 4.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Address > country	Fixed value if present otherwise assumed to be Australia in this context.	01	string	//addr/country	country SHALL be "AU".
Address > period	Time period when address was/is in use.	01	<u>Period</u>	//addr/useablePeriod	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in AU Base Address due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA schema. The concept map v3 map for AddressUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

#### Example A.12. AU Base Address - no fixed address in Melbourne, VIC

```
<!-- Australian Address with no fixed address in Melbourne, VIC-->
<addr use="PHYS">
<!--Address.text-->
NO FIXED ADDRESS
<!--Address.city-->
<city>Melbourne</city>
<!--Address.state-->
<state>VIC</state>
</addr>
```

#### Example A.13. AU Base Address - unstructured address

```
<!-- Australian Address with only text-->
<addr use="PHYS">
<!--Address.text-->
Level 1, 300 George St, Brisbane, QLD 4000
</addr>
```

#### Example A.14. AU Base Address - structured postal address with period

```
<!-- Australian Address where use=work and type=postal -->
<addr use="PST WP">
<!--Address line-->
<streetAddressLine>Northern Territory Office, Department of Addresses, GPO Box 19132110/streetAddressLine>
<!--Address.city-->
<city>Darwin</city>
<!--Address.state-->
<state>NT</state>
<!--Address.postalCode-->
<postalCode>0801</postalCode>
<!--Address.country-->
```

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to type in <u>AU Base Address</u> due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA schema. The concept map <u>v3 map for AddressType</u> provides a mapping between the two value sets.

THIS SPECIFICATION IS UNTESTED AND IS NOT SUITABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION.

```
<country>AU</country>
<!--Address.period-->
<useablePeriod xsi:type="IVL_TS">
<low value="200311031647+1000" />
</useablePeriod>
</addr>
```

### Example A.15. AU Base Address - structured physical address

### A.5 ContactPoint

This informative appendix provides some guidance on how the complex data type ContactPoint can map to CDA (R2).

The mapping table below provides a set of preferred mappings to the TelecommunicationAddress (TEL) data type [HL7V3DT] and do not represent conformance requirements. See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

### **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
ContactPoint	Details for all kinds of technology mediated contact points for a person or organization, including telephone, email, etc.	Cardinality comes from linking ele- ment	Element	//telecom	In CDA, ContactPoint value and system are represented as parts of telecom/@value.  If ContactPoint value is present, ContactPoint system SHALL be present.
ContactPoint > system	Telecommunications form for contact point - what communications system is required to make use of the contact.	01	code	//telecom/@value	Makes up part of the attribute: "system:value", e.g. "tel:phone number", "mailto:email address", "http:URL", etc.  HL7 URLScheme (required)
ContactPoint > value	The actual contact point details, in a form that is meaningful to the designated communication system (i.e. phone number or email address).	01	string	//telecom/@value	Makes up the part of the attribute: "system:value", e.g. "tel:phone number", "mailto:email address", "http:URL", etc.
ContactPoint > use	Identifies the purpose for the contact point.	01	code	//telecom/@use	HL7 TelecommunicationAddressUse (required) <sup>1</sup>
ContactPoint > rank	Specifies a preferred order in which to use a set of contacts. Contacts are ranked with lower values coming before higher values.	01	positiveInt	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
ContactPoint > period	Time period when the contact point was/is in use.	01	<u>Period</u>	//telecom/usablePeriod	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This value set differs from the value set bound to use in ContactPoint due to constraints on @use in the HL7 CDA Schema. The concept map v3 map for ContactPointUse provides a mapping between the two value sets.

### **Examples**

### Example A.16. ContactPoint - home telephone with period

```
<!-- ContactPoint where system=phone, value=+1-(03)5550-1212, use=home -->
<telecom value="tel:+1-(03)5550-1212" use="H">
     <!-- ContactPoint.period -->
```

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THIS SPECIFICATION IS UNTESTED AND IS NOT SUITABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION.

### **Example A.17. ContactPoint - home telephone**

```
<!-- ContactPoint where system=phone, value=0755501234, use=home --> <telecom use="H" value="tel:0755501234" />
```

### Example A.18. ContactPoint - work email

```
<!-- ContactPoint where system=email, value=sfranklin@amail.example.com, use=work -->
<telecom use="WP" value="mailto:sfranklin@amail.com.au" />
```

# A.6 Dosage as AU Base Dosage

This informative appendix provides some guidance on how the constrained form of complex data type <u>Dosage</u> as <u>AU Base Dosage</u> published by HL7 Australia can map to CDA (R2).

The mapping table below provides a set of preferred mappings to CDA Schema elements and do not represent conformance requirements. See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

# **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Dosage	Indicates how the medication is/was taken or should be taken by the patient.	Cardinal- ity comes from link- ing ele- ment	Element	See: instantiation choices	instantiation choices:  When a single instance of dosage is recorded the logical element has no direct mapping; it is implicit in the mapping of the child elements.  When more than one instance of dosage is recorded, each instance of dosage is recorded as a child substanceAdministration, e.g. substanceAdministration/entryRelation-ship[dosage]/substanceAdministration[@typeCode="SBADM", @moodCode="INT"].
Dosage > sequence	Indicates the order in which the dosage instructions should be applied or interpreted.	01	integer	//entryRelationship[dosage]	sequenceNumber <b>SHALL NOT</b> be instantiated for a single instance of dosage.
				//entryRelationship[dosage]/@typeCode="COMP"	
				//entryRelationship[dosage]/sequenceNumber	The value of sequenceNumber <b>SHALL</b> be an ordinal number starting at "1" and increasing by "1" for each subsequent instance of dosage.
Dosage > text	Free text dosage instructions e.g. SIG.	01	string	//text	
Dosage > additionalInstruction	Supplemental instruction - e.g. 'with meals'.	0*	CodeableConcept	n/a	Not mapped directly for this model; included implicitly in text, or patientlnstruction, or timing, asNeeded.
Dosage > patientInstruction	Instructions in terms that are understood by the patient or consumer.	01	string	//text	
Dosage > timing	When medication should be administered.	01	Timing	//effectiveTime	Recommended mappings for this logical type to CDA (R2)are available: Timing.

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Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
	Indicates whether the Medication is only taken when	01	boolean   CodeableConcept	//precondition	
	needed within a specific dosing schedule (Boolean option), or it indicates the precondition for taking the Medication			//precondition/@typeCode="PRCN"	
	(CodeableConcept).			//precondition/criterion	
				//precondition/criterion/code	
				//precondition/criterion/code/@code="ASSERTION"	
				//precondition/criterion/code/@codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.4"	
				//precondition/criterion/value	value/@xsi:type SHALL be "CD" or "BL".
					Clinical Finding (preferred)
Dosage > site	Body site to administer to.	01	CodeableConcept	//approachSiteCode	approachSiteCode/originalText or approachSiteCode/@dis-playName SHALL be included.
					Body Site (preferred)
Dosage > route	How drug should enter body.	01	CodeableConcept	//routeCode	routeCode/originalText or routeCode/@displayName SHALL be included.
					Route of Administration (preferred)
Dosage > method	Technique for administering medication.	01	CodeableConcept	//ext:methodCode	ext:methodCode/originalText or ext:methodCode/@display- Name <b>SHALL</b> be included.
					SNOMED CT Administration Method Codes (preferred)
Dosage > dose[x]	Amount of medication per dose.	01	Range   SimpleQuantity	//doseQuantity	
Dosage > maxDosePerPeriod	Upper limit on medication per unit of time.	01	Ratio	//maxDoseQuantity	
Dosage > maxDosePerAdministration	Upper limit on medication per administration.	01	SimpleQuantity	n/a	Not directly supported in CDA however this may be represented by an administration schedule with a maxDosePerAdministration in that administration schedule represented as maxDoseQuantity with a period of a single administration.
Dosage > maxDosePerLifetime	Upper limit on medication per lifetime of the patient.	01	SimpleQuantity	n/a	Not directly supported in CDA.  One possible way to represent this concept is to represent an observation with a code equivalent to max dose per lifetime.  One possibly way to represent this concept is to represent an instance of dosage with maxDoseQuantity and effectiveTime/high/@value="PINF" thus indicating that the end of the period of administration is positive infinity.
Dosage > rate[x]	Amount of medication per unit of time.	01	Ratio   Range   SimpleQuantity	//rateQuantity	

Example A.19. AU Base Dosage - MedicationStatement with two instances of structured dosage

```
<!-- MedicationStatement - more than one instance of Dosage -->
<substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
   <!-- identifier -->
    <id root="4255b903-6f90-41b8-a71c-8ac0eelebdc3"/>
    <!-- medication.as(medicationCodeableConcept) -->
    <consumable>
        <manufacturedProduct>
            <manufacturedMaterial>
                <code code="6006011000036102"</pre>
                   codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1004.100"
                   displayName="Lasix (frusemide 40 mg) tablet: uncoated, 1 tablet">
                    <originalText>Lasix (frusemide 40 mg)
                        tablet</originalText>
               </rode>
           </manufacturedMaterial>
        </manufacturedProduct>
    </consumable>
    <!-- Dosage to indicate asNeeded with a condition-->
    <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP" >
        <!-- sequence -->
        <sequenceNumber value="1"/>
        <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="INT" >
            <consumable>
                <manufacturedProduct>
                   <manufacturedMaterial nullFlavor="NA" />
               </manufacturedProduct>
            </consumable>
            <!-- asNeededCodeableConcept - instantiated as prn with specified condition -->
            condition typeCode="PRCN">
                <criterion>
                    <code code="ASSERTION"</pre>
                       codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.4"/>
                   <!-- joint pain -->
                    <value xsi:type="CD" code="57676002"</pre>
                       codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
                       displayName="Joint pain"/>
               </criterion>
           </precondition>
        </substanceAdministration>
    </entryRelationship>
    <!-- Dosage to indicate timing -->
    <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
        <!-- sequence -->
        <sequenceNumber value="2"/>
        <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="INT">
           <!-- additionalInstruction / patientInstruction -->
           <text>Every day at 8 in the morning for 10 minutes</text>
            <!-- timing -->
            <effectiveTime xsi:type="PIVL_TS" operator="A">
                <phase>
                    <low value="198701010800" inclusive="true"/>
                    <width value="10" unit="min"/>
                <period value="1" unit="d"/>
```

#### Example A.20. AU Base Dosage - MedicationStatement with one instance of structured dosage

```
<entry>
   <!-- MedicationStatement - single instance of Dosage -->
   <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN" >
       <!--identifier-->
       <id root="ab6d45ff-fd58-4f38-8009-ae1aa84a4f43"/>
       <!-- method -->
       <ext:methodCode code="421134003" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96" codeSystemName="SNOMED CT" displayName="Inhale" />
       <!-- route -->
       <routeCode code="ORNEB" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.112" codeSystemName="Route Code" displayName="Inhalation, nebulization, oral"/>
       <!-- dose -->
       <doseQuantity value ="1" />
       <!-- maxDosePerPeriod -->
       <maxDoseQuantity>
           <numerator value="1" />
           <denominator value="1" unit="h" />
       </maxDoseQuantity>
       <administrationUnitCode code="415215001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96" codeSystemName="SNOMED CT" displayName="Puff" />
       <!-- medication.as(medicationCodeableConcept) -->
       <consumable>
           <manufacturedProduct>
                <manufacturedMaterial>
                   <code code="7113011000036100"</pre>
                       codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1004.100"
                       displayName="Spiriva (tiotropium (as bromide monohydrate) 18 microgram) inhalation: powder for, 1 capsule">
                       <originalText>Spiriva (tiotropium bromide 18mg per
                           inhalation) inhalant</originalText>
                   </code>
               </manufacturedMaterial>
           </manufacturedProduct>
       <!-- asNeededBoolean=true - instantiated as prn with no specified condition -->
       condition typeCode="PRCN">
                <code code="ASSERTION" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.4"/>
               <value xsi:type="CD" nullFlavor="NI"/>
           </criterion>
       </precondition>
   </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

# A.7 Timing

This informative appendix provides some guidance on how the complex data type Timing can map to CDA (R2).

The mapping table below provides a set of preferred mappings to CDA Schema elements and do not represent conformance requirements. See Legend - CDA mapping table for logical elements for an explanation of mapping table presentation.

## **CDA** mapping

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Timing	Specifies an event that may occur multiple times. Timing schedules are used to record when things are planned, expected or requested to occur. The most common usage is in dosage instructions for medications. They are also used when planning care of various kinds, and may be used for reporting the schedule to which past regular activities were carried out.	Cardinality comes from link- ing ele- ment	Element	//effectiveTime	
Timing > event	Identifies specific times when the event occurs.	0*	dateTime	//effectiveTime/@value	
Timing > repeat	A set of rules that describe when the event is scheduled.	01	Element	n/a	Not mapped directly; implicit in the instantiation of the effectiveTime xsi:type, e.g. PIVL_TS or EIVL_TS, and the mapping of the child elements.  If duration is present, durationUnit SHALL be present.  If timeOfDay is present, when SHALL NOT be present.  If period is present, periodUnit SHALL be present.  duration SHALL be a non-negative value.  period SHALL be a non-negative value.  If periodMax is present, period SHALL be present.  If offset is present, when SHALL be present.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Timing > repeat > bounds[x]	Either a duration for the length of the timing schedule, a range of possible length, or outer bounds for start and/or end limits of the timing schedule.	01	Duration   Range   Period	See: instantiation choices	effectiveTime/@xsi:type SHALL be "IVL_TS".  instantiation choices:  If bounds is a <u>Duration</u> then it SHALL be instantiated as effective-
					Time/width.  If bounds is a Range then it is expected to be included in Dosage as text, or additionallnstruction, or patientInstruction as appropriate.  If bounds is a Period then it SHALL be instantiated as effective-Time/low/@value and effectiveTime/high/@value.
Timing > repeat > count	A total count of the desired number of repetitions.	01	integer	//repeatNumber/@value	count <b>SHALL</b> only be instantiated in the repeatNumber element of the <u>Dosage</u> substanceAdministration act where the moodCode is "INT" or "PLAN".
Timing > repeat > countMax	A maximum value for the count of the desired repetitions (e.g. do something 6-8 times).	01	integer	//repeatNumber/high/@value	
Timing > repeat > duration	How long this thing happens for when it happens.	01	decimal	//effectiveTime/phase/width/@value	effectiveTime/@xsi:type <b>SHOULD</b> be "PIVL_TS".
Timing > repeat > durationMax	The upper limit of how long this thing happens for when it happens.	01	decimal	n/a	This logical element has no mapping to CDA.
Timing > repeat > durationUnit	The units of time for the duration, in UCUM units.	01	<u>code</u>	//effectiveTime/phase/width/@unit	effectiveTime/@xsi:type <b>SHOULD</b> be "PIVL_TS".
Timing > repeat > frequency	The number of times to repeat the action within the specified period / period range (i.e. both period and periodMax provided).	01	integer	//effectiveTime/frequency	frequency is expressed as the numerator (with an xsi:type of "INT")
				//effectiveTime/frequency/numerator	and period is expressed in CDA as the denominator.  frequency is often not included in CDA as a separate element but addressed by adjusting the values of period and periodUnit to take into account frequency.
					effectiveTime/@xsi:type SHALL be "PIVL_TS".
Timing > repeat > frequencyMax	If present, indicates that the frequency is a range - so to repeat between [frequency] and [frequencyMax] times within the period or period range.	01	integer	//effectiveTime/ <b>phase</b>	effectiveTime/@xsi:type <b>SHOULD</b> be "PIVL_TS".
Timing > repeat > period	Indicates the duration of time over which repetitions are to occur; e.g. to express '3 times per day', 3 would be the frequency and '1 day' would be the period.	01	decimal	See: instantiation choices	effectiveTime/@xsi:type <b>SHOULD</b> be "PIVL_TS".
					instantiation choices:
					May be represented by effectiveTime/phase or effectiveTime/period.
Timing > repeat > periodMax	If present, indicates that the period is a range from [period] to [periodMax], allowing expressing concepts such as 'do this once every 3-5 days.	01	decimal	See: instantiation choices	effectiveTime/@xsi:type <b>SHOULD</b> be "PIVL_TS".
					instantiation choices:
					May be represented by effectiveTime/phase or effectiveTime/period/high.

Logical element	Logical element description	Logical card	Logical type	CDA schema element	CDA constraints and comments
Timing > repeat > periodUnit	The units of time for the period in UCUM units.	01	code	See: instantiation choices	effectiveTime/@xsi:type <b>SHOULD</b> be "PIVL_TS".
					instantiation choices:
					May be represented by effectiveTime/phase/@unit or effective- Time/period/low/@unit or effectiveTime/period/high/@unit.
Timing > repeat > dayOfWeek	If one or more days of week is provided, then the action happens only on the specified day(s).	0*	code	//effectiveTime/@xsi:type="PIVL_TS"	The value between low and high represents the day of the week by
				//effectiveTime/@alignment="DW"	selecting a known day. For example a low/@value of 20001202 and a high/@value of 20001203 represents Saturday by setting the period
				//effectiveTime/ <b>phase</b>	to the whole of the Saturday of the 2nd of December 2000.
				//effectiveTime/phase/low/@value	
				//effectiveTime/phase/low/@inclusive="true"	
				//effectiveTime/phase/high/@value	
				//effectiveTime/phase/high/@inclusive="false"	
Timing > repeat > timeOfDay	Specified time of day for action to take place.	0*	time	//effectiveTime/ <b>phase</b>	effectiveTime/@xsi:type <b>SHOULD</b> be "PIVL_TS".
				//effectiveTime/phase/ <b>low</b>	
				//effectiveTime/phase/low/@value	
Timing > repeat > when	Real world events that the occurrence of the event should be tied to.	0*	code	//effectiveTime/ <b>event</b>	This CDA schema element is of type CodedSimpleValue (CS).
					effectiveTime/@xsi:type <b>SHALL</b> be "EIVL_TS".
					EventTiming (required)
Timing > repeat > offset	The number of minutes from the event. If the event code does not indicate whether the minutes is before or after the event, then the offset is assumed to be after the event.	01	unsignedInt	//effectiveTime/offset	effectiveTime/@xsi:type <b>SHALL</b> be "EIVL_TS".
Timing > code	A code for the timing schedule. Some codes such as BID are ubiquitous, but many institutions define their own additional codes. If a code is provided, the code is understood to be a complete statement of whatever is specified in the structured timing data, and either the code or the data may be used to interpret the Timing, with the exception that .repeat.bounds still applies over the code (and is not contained in the code).	01	CodeableConcept	n/a	Not directly supported in CDA; implied by frequency.

**Example A.21. Timing - Dosage with timing** 

<!-- Dosage to indicate timing --> <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">

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```
<!-- sequence -->
   <sequenceNumber value="2"/>
   <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="INT">
       <!-- additionalInstruction / patientInstruction -->
       <text>Every day at 8 in the morning for 10 minutes</text>
       <!-- timing, 1st administered 2009-09-01 at 1:18am and to be taken every day at 8 in the morning for 10 minutes -->
       <!-- event -->
       <effectiveTime value="200509010118"/>
       <!-- repeat -->
       <effectiveTime xsi:type="PIVL_TS" operator="A">
           <phase>
               <!-- boundsPeriod / timeOfDay -->
               <low value="200509020800" inclusive="true"/>
               <!-- duration and durationUnit -->
               <width value="10" unit="min"/>
           </phase>
           <!-- frequency=1, period=1 -->
           <period value="1" unit="d"/>
       </effectiveTime>
           <consumable>
           <manufacturedProduct>
               <manufacturedMaterial nullFlavor="NA"/>
           </manufacturedProduct>
       </consumable>
   </substanceAdministration>
</entryRelationship>
```

#### Example A.22. Timing - b.i.d twice a day

### Example A.23. Timing - q12h Every 12 hours

```
<!-- frequency=1, period=12, periodUnit=h -->
           <period value="12" unit="h"/>
       </effectiveTime>
   </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

#### Example A.24. Timing - t.i.d Three times a day, at times determined by the person administering the medication

```
<entry>
   <!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
   <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
       <!--identifier-->
       <id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
       <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hpI88Bl95esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
       <!--t.i.d Three times a day, at times determined by the person administering the medication-->
       <effectiveTime xsi:type="PIVL_TS" institutionSpecified="true"</pre>
           operator="A">
           <!-- frequency=3, period=1, periodUnit=d -->
           <period value="0.3333" unit="d"/>
       </effectiveTime>
   </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

#### Example A.25. Timing - q8h Every 8 hours

```
<entry>
   <!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
   <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
       <!--identifier-->
       <id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
       <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hpI88B195esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
       <!-- q8h Every 8 hours -->
       <effectiveTime xsi:type="PIVL_TS" institutionSpecified="false"</pre>
           operator="A">
           <!-- frequency=1, period=8, periodUnit=h -->
            <period value="8" unit="h"/>
        </effectiveTime>
    </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

### Example A.26. Timing - qid four times daily

```
<!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
<substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
   <!--identifier-->
   <id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
   <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hpI88B195esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
   <!--qid four times daily-->
```

#### Example A.27. Timing - q6h Every 6 hours

### Example A.28. Timing - qd daily

### Example A.29. Timing - q24h Every 24 hours

```
<entry>
  <!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
  <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
       <!--identifier-->
```

```
<id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
        <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hpI88B195esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
        <!-- q24h Every 24 hours -->
        <effectiveTime xsi:type="PIVL_TS" institutionSpecified="false"</pre>
           operator="A">
            <!-- frequency=1, period=24, periodUnit=h -->
            <period value="24" unit="h"/>
        </effectiveTime>
    </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

#### Example A.30. Timing - qod Every other day

```
<entry>
   <!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
   <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
       <!--identifier-->
       <id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
       <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hpI88B195esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
       <!-- god Every other day -->
       <effectiveTime xsi:type="PIVL_TS" institutionSpecified="false"</pre>
           operator="A">
           <!-- frequency=1, period=2, periodUnit=d -->
           <period value="2" unit="d"/>
       </effectiveTime>
   </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

#### Example A.31. Timing - qm Once a month

```
<entry>
   <!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
   <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
       <!--identifier-->
       <id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
       <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hpI88B195esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
        <!-- qm Once a month -->
       <effectiveTime xsi:type="PIVL_TS" institutionSpecified="false"</pre>
           operator="A">
           <!-- frequency=1, period=1, periodUnit=mo -->
           <period value="1" unit="m"/>
       </effectiveTime>
    </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

### Example A.32. Timing - q4-6h Every 4 to 6 hours

```
<!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
```

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```
<substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
       <!--identifier-->
       <id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
       <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hpI88Bl95esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
       <!-- q4-6h Every 4 to 6 hours -->
       <effectiveTime xsi:type="PIVL_TS" institutionSpecified="false"</pre>
           operator="A">
           <!-- frequency (where frequency=1)-->
           <period xsi:type="IVL_PQ">
               <!-- period and periodUnit -->
               <le><low value="4" unit="h" />
               <!-- periodMax and periodUnit -->
                <high value="6" unit="h" />
           </period>
       </effectiveTime>
    </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

#### Example A.33. Timing - qam In the morning

#### Example A.34. Timing - gam Every day at 8 in the morning for 10 minutes

```
<entry>
   <!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
   <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
       <!--identifier-->
       <id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
       <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hpI88B195esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
       <!-- gam Every day at 8 in the morning for 10 minutes -->
       <effectiveTime xsi:type="PIVL_TS" operator="A">
           <phase>
               <!-- boundsPeriod / timeOfDay -->
               <low value="198701010800" inclusive="true"/>
               <!-- duration and durationUnit -->
               <width value="10" unit="min"/>
           </phase>
           <period value="1" unit="d"/>
       </effectiveTime>
   </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

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### Example A.35. Timing - 1 hour after meal

```
<entry>
   <!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
   <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
       <!--identifier-->
       <id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
       <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hpI88B195esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
       <!-- 1 hour after meal -->
       <effectiveTime xsi:type="EIVL_TS" operator="A">
            <!-- when using code from TimingEvent value set (2.16.840.1.113883.5.139) -->
           <event code="PC"/>
           <!-- offset -->
            <offset>
               <low value="1" unit="h" />
            </offset>
        </effectiveTime>
    </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

### Example A.36. Timing - before dinner

```
<!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
   <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
       <!--identifier-->
       <id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
       <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hpI88B195esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
       <!-- before dinner -->
       <effectiveTime xsi:type="EIVL_TS" operator="A">
           <!-- when using code from TimingEvent value set (2.16.840.1.113883.5.139) -->
           <event code="ACV"/>
       </effectiveTime>
   </substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

### Example A.37. Timing - every evening

```
<entry>
   <!-- MedicationStatement - common timing representations -->
   <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
       <!--identifier-->
       <id root="7e5cc411-c248-4d5d-b333-257f16f9136c"/>
       <!-- common timing representations taken from https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Y0Z458o_MrR2aPnpx6Eyg06hp188B195esjRWZ0agtY/edit -->
       <!-- every evening -->
       <effectiveTime xsi:type="EIVL_TS" operator="A">
           <!-- when using code from TimingEvent value set (2.16.840.1.113883.5.139) -->
           <event code="ICV"/>
```

```
</effectiveTime>
</substanceAdministration>
</entry>
```

### Example A.38. Timing - every Saturday

THIS SPECIFICATION IS UNTESTED AND IS NOT SUITABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION.

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# **Appendix B. Examples**

This implementation guide is intended to support multiple usage scenarios; some templates described within this implementation guide are reused across usage scenarios and other implementation guides.

This informative appendix provides examples that conform to the CDA templates defined in this implementation guide to support implementation by demonstrating one or more supported usage scenarios.

Example	Context	Usage Scenario(s)
Prescription List example 1	TBD	TBD
Dispense List example 2	TBD	TBD
Prescription and Dispense List example 3	TBD	TBD

A corresponding set of FHIR Release 3 (STU) examples, conforming to the FHIR profiles used as logical models for this CDA implementation guide, are available in the *Prescription and Dispense Lists FHIR Implementation Guide [DH20190]*.

### **B.1 Prescription List example 1**

This informative appendix provides an example instance that conforms to the requirements of this implementation guide.

### Example B.1. Prescription List example 1

```
This example is illustrative only. This fragment cannot be treated as clinically valid.
While every effort has been taken to ensure that the examples are consistent with the message specification, where
there are conflicts with the written message specification or schema, the specification or schema will take precedence. -->
<ClinicalDocument classCode="DOCCLIN" moodCode="EVN" xmlns="urn:hl7-org:v3"</pre>
xmlns:ex="urn:hl7-org/v3-example"
 xmlns:ext="http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/Ci/Cda/Extensions/3.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" >
 <typeId root="2.16.840.1.113883.1.3" extension="POCD_HD000040"/>
   <!-- ClinicalDocument templateId -->
<templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100033" extension="1.0"/>
   <!-- Shared Medicines List document model templateId--> <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100065" extension="1.0"/>
   <title>Pharmacist Shared Medicines List</title>
    <effectiveTime value="201812111230+1000"/>
    <confidentialityCode nullFlavor="NA"/</pre>
    <languageCode code="en-AU"/>
    <ext:completionCode code="F" codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101.104.20104"</pre>
       codeSystemName="NCTIS Document Status Values" displayName="Final"/>
        subject (Patient with mandatory identifier) -->
   <patientRole classCode="PAT":</pre>
           <id root="ba75907e-90a4-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
           <!-- Patient.address -->
            <addr nullFlavor="MSK"/>
            <patient>
               <!-- Patient.name -->
                   <given>Frank</given>
                    <family>Goodpatient</family>
                </name>
                <!-- Patient.gender -->
                <administrativeGenderCode code="male" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.642.1.2"</pre>
                         vstemName="AdministrativeGender" displayName="Male"/>
                <!-- Patient.identifier -->
                <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
                    <ext:id root="1.2.36.1.2001.1003.0.8003608833357361"</pre>
                    assigningAuthorityName="IHI"/>
<ext:assigningGeographicArea classCode="PLC"</pre>
                        <ext:name>National Identifier</ext:name>
                    </ext:assigningGeographicArea>
                </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
            </patient>
               - Patient.managingOrganization
            <wholeOrganization>
                       <id root="add4c63c-90ae-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
                       <name>GoodDoctor Clinic
                    </wholeOrganization>
                </asOrganizationPartOf>
            </providerOrganization>
        </patientRole>
    </recordTarget>
    <!-- composition-author-role : author (PractitionerRole with practitioner with mandatory identifier) -->
   <!-- Composition.date --> <time value="201812111230+1000"/>
        <!-- PractitionerRole.code -->
<code code="46255001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.13.62"</pre>
                           = "General Pharmacist">
                <originalText>Pharmacist</originalText>
            <!-- PractitionerRole.practitioner -
            <assignedPerson>
               <!-- assignedPerson (Base Practitioner) -->
                <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100040" extension="1.0"/>
                <!-- Practitioner.name -->
                   <given>Joanne</given>
                    <family>Mosenna </family>
                <!-- PractitionerRole.identifier or Practitioner.identifier -->
                <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
```

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```
<ext:id root="1.2.36.1.2001.1003.0.8003619900015717"</pre>
                   assigningAuthorityName="HPI-I"/>
<ext:assigningGeographicArea classCode="PLC">
                        <ext:name>National Identifier</ext:name
                   </ext:assigningGeographicArea>
              </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
              assigningAuthorityName="Medicare Provider number"/>
<ext:code code="PRN" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.12.203"/>
                   </ext:assigningGeographicArea>
</ext:asEntityIdentifier>
         </assignedPerson>
         <!-- PractitionerRole.organization -->
         <representedOrganization>
              <!-- representedOrganization (Base Organization) -->
<templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100039" extension="1.0"/>
              <id root="0d8a68b8-90b2-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
              <!-- Organization.name -->
              <name>Tes Health Service</name>
              <!-- Organization.telecom --> <telecom use="WP" value="tel:0798046688"/>
              <!-- Organization.address -->
              <city>Strahan</city>
                   <state>TAS</state>
                   <postalCode>7468</postalCode>
              </addr>-->
              <!-- Organization.identifier as an ABN -->
              <ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
                   <!-- identifier.value=51824754455, identifier.system=urn:oid:1.2.36, identifier.assigner=ABN -->
<ext:id root="1.2.36.51824754455" assigningAuthorityName="ABN"/>
                   <!-- identifier.type -->
<ext:code code="XX" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.12.203"/>
              </ext:asEntityIdentifier>
         </representedOrganization>
     </assignedAuthor>
</author>
<!-- custodian (Organization with mandatory identifier) -->
<custodian>
     <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100002" extension="1.0"/>
     <assignedCustodian>
         <representedCustodianOrganization>
              <id root="0d8a68b8-90b2-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
              <!-- representedOrganization (Base Organization)
              <id root="0d8a68b8-90b2-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
              <!-- Organization.name -->
              <name>Tes Health Service</name>
              <!-- Organization.telecom -->
<telecom use="WP" value="tel:0798046688"/>
<!-- Organization.identifier as an ABN -->
<ext:asEntityIdentifier classCode="IDENT">
                   <!-- identifier.value=51824754455, identifier.system=urn:oid:1.2.36, identifier.assigner=ABN -->
<ext:id root="1.2.36.51824754455" assigningAuthorityName="ABN"/>
              </representedCustodianOrganization>
     </assignedCustodian>
</custodian>
<legalAuthenticator>
    <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100012" extension="1.0"/>
<time value="201812111230+1000"/>
     <signatureCode code="S"/>
     <assignedEntity>
         <!-- attester (Legal Attester) indicating same entity as the author via the same id -->
        <id root="6c4b9640-90af-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
     </assignedEntity>
</legalAuthenticator>
<!-- Patient.generalPractitioner (Base Practitioner) -->
<participant typeCode="PART">
    <functionCode code="PCP"/>
<associatedEntity classCode="PROV">
         <id root="fdb10052-30e9-4425-b771-8b8a8lae7107"/>
<associatedPerson classCode="PSN">
              <!-- Practitioner.name -->
              <name>
                   <prefix>Dr.</prefix>
                   <given>Good</given>
                   <family>Doctor</family>
              </name>
         </associatedPerson>
     </associatedEntity>
</participant>
<componentOf>
     <encompassingEncounter>
         compassingsinconterly
ctemplateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100064" extension="1.0"/>
cid root="4fe85f68-9151-11e9-b683-526af7764f64"/>
code code="AMB" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.13955"
               codeSystemName="ActEncounterCode" displayName="ambulatory"/>
         <effectiveTime xsi:type="IVL_TS">
              <le><low value="2018121101000+1000"/>
              <high value="201812111230+1000"/>
```

```
</effectiveTime>
  </encompassingEncounter>
</componentOf>
<component>
  <structuredBody>
    e1--
           section (Medications> -->
     <component>
       <section:
         <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100061" extension="1.0"/>
         vid root="leed2cdc-9169-11e9-bc42-526af764f64"/>
<code code="10160-0" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"</pre>
            displayName="History of Medication use Narrative"/>
         <text mediaType="text/x-hl7-text+xml">
            <caption>Current medicines</caption>
              <thead>
                 Medicine
                   Brand name
                   Direction
                    Medicine purpose
                   Medicine status
Expected end date

                   Special instructions
                   Medicine Image
Physical Description

                 </thead>
              Ferro-Grad C
                   One tablet daily
                    Unchanged
                   One tablet twice a day until all finished
                   Infection
                   20/01/2019
                    Metformin 500mg tablet
                   Sandoz
                   One tablet twice a day
                   Reduce blood sugar
                   >Dose changed
                   insert link...
                   White and round with 227 imprinted
                 Multi-vitamins
                   One tablet daily
                   <t.d./>
                    <t.d/>
                   Paracetamol 665 mg caplet
                   Osteoarthritis, pain relief
                   No more than 6 caplets in 24 hours
                   Warfarin sodium 5 mg tablet
                   Coumadin
                   Once a day at night>td>Blood thinning
                   Withheld
                   <t.d/>
                    Peach.Round.Imprinted.
```

```
<caption>Ceased medicines/caption>
         <thead>
             Medicine
                  Reason for ceasing medicine
                 Ceased date
             </thead>
         <t.d/>
                  Paracetamol 500mg tablet
                  Duplicated medicine
             Ibuprofen
                  Allergic Reaction
                  </text>
<entry>
    <!-- Medicines list-->
    displayName="History of Medication use Narrative"/>
<statusCode code="active"/>
         <effectiveTime value="201812111230+1000"/>
                List.note-->
         codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
displayName="Additional Comments"/>
                  <text xsi:type="ST">Please review this list with your pharmacist
on or soon after 02/Apr/2019.</text>
        </entryRelationship>
<!--Medicine review encounter--
         <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
     <encounter classCode="ENC" moodCode="EVN">
                  <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100062"
    extension="1.0"/>
<id root="4fe85f68-9151-11e9-b683-526af7764f64"/>
                  code code="ANB" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.13955"
codeSystemName="ActEncounterCode" displayName="ambulatory"/>
                  <statusCode code="finished"/>
                  <effectiveTime xsi:type="IVI_TS">
    <low value="2018121101000+1000"/>
    <high value="201812111230+1000"/>
                  </effectiveTime>
                  <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
                      codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
                               codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
displayName="Category"/>
                           <value xsi:type="CD">
                                <originalText>Community pharmacy medicine
                                 review</originalText
                           </value>
                       </observation>
                  </entryRelationship>
             </encounter>
         </entryRelationship>
         <!-- List.entry.item: Ferro-Grad C-->
        centryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
  <!-- MedicationStatement; taken=y -->
  <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
        <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100066"</pre>
                  extension="1.0"/>
<id root="31fbf5f4-9170-1le9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
                  _ look- sirpt5f4-9170-11e9-bc42-5
<!-- MedicationStatement.dosage--
<text>
                      <reference value="#medicationstatement-ferro-grad-c"/>
                  </text>
                  <!-- MedicationStatement.status-->
                  <statusCode code="active"/</pre>
                  <!-- MedicationStatement.medication-->
                  <consumable>
                      <manufacturedProduct>
                           <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100068"
    extension="1.0"/>
                           <manufacturedMaterial determinerCode="KIND">
                               <code code="53373011000036103"
codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"</pre>
                                 codeSystemName="SNOMED CT"
displayName="Ferro-Grad C">
                                  <originalText>Ferro-Grad C</originalText>
                               </code>
                           </manufacturedMaterial>
                       </manufacturedProduct>
                  </consumable>
                  <!-- MedicationStatement.reasonCode--
                  <entryRelationship typeCode="RSON">
```

```
<observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
                <code code="103.10141"</pre>
                    codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
                    codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
                    displayName="Clinical Indication"/>
                <value xsi:type="CD">
                   <originalText>Iron supplement</originalText>
                </value>
            </observation>
        </entryRelationship>
        <!-- List.entry.flag-->
        codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
                displayName="Change values"/>
<value xsi:type="CD" code="nochange"</pre>
                    codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1004.201.10075"/>
            </observation>
        </entryRelationship>
    </substanceAdministration>
</entryRelationship>
<!-- List.entry.item: amoxicillin-875mg -->
<entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
   <!-- MedicationStatement; taken=y -->
<substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moore</pre>
       <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100066"
    extension="1.0"/>
        <id root="42d8d5b0-9178-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
       <!-- MedicationStatement.dosage-->
<text>
            <reference value="#medicationstatement-amoxicillin-875mg"/>
        </text>
        <!-- MedicationStatement status-->
        <statusCode code="active"/>
       </effectiveTime>
        <!-- MedicationStatement.medication-->
        <consumable>
            <manufacturedProduct>
                <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100068"</pre>
                    extension="1.0"/>
                <manufacturedMaterial determinerCode="KIND">
                      <originalText>Augmentin Duo Forte
                </manufacturedMaterial>
            </manufacturedProduct>
        </consumable>
        <!-- Medication.medication-brand-name-->
        <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
    <act classCode="ACT" moodCode="EVN">
        <code code="103.16676"</pre>
                   codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components
                               e="Pharmaceutical Item Brand"/>
                <text>Augmentin Duo Forte</text>
        </entryRelationship>
<!-- Medication.medication-generic-name-</pre>
       codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
                              ne="Pharmaceutical Item Generic Name"/>
               <text>Amoxicillin 875 mg + clavunalic acid 125 mg
                   tablet</text>
        </entryRelationship>
        <!-- MedicationStatement.reasonCode-->
       displayName="Clinical Indication"/>
<value xsi:type="CD">
                    <originalText>Infection</originalText>
                </value>
            </observation>
        </entryRelationship>
             List.entry.flag-->
        <code code="288533004"
                   codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
                displayName="Change values"/>
<value xsi:type="CD" code="new"
                      deSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1004.201.10075"/>
            </observation>
        </entryRelationship>
    </substanceAdministration>
</entryRelationship>
<!-- List.entry.item: metformin-500mg -->
```

```
<entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
    <!-- MedicationStatement; taken=y-->
<substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
        <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100066"
    extension="1.0"/>
         <id root="69433338-917a-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
         <!-- MedicationStatement.dosage-->
         <text>
             <reference value="#medicationstatement-metformin-500mg"/>
         </text>
         <!-- MedicationStatement.status-->
         <statusCode code="active"/>
               MedicationStatement.medication-->
         <consumable>
             <manufacturedProduct>
                 ctemplateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100068"
    extension="1.0"/>
                  <manufacturedMaterial determinerCode="KIND">
                      <code code="23358011000036102"
                        codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
codeSystemName="SNOMED CT"
                         displayName="metformin hydrochloride 500 mg tablet">
                         <originalText>Metformin 500mg
                        tablet</originalText>
                      </code>
                  </manufacturedMaterial>
             </manufacturedProduct>
         </consumable>
         <!-- Medication.medication-generic-name-->
         <code code="103.16703"</pre>
                     codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
                      codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
displayName="Pharmaceutical Item Generic Name"/>
                  <text>Metformin 500mg tablet</text>
             </act>
         </entryRelationship>
         <!-- Medication.medication-brand-name-->
         <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
    <act classCode="ACT" moodCode="EVN">
        <code code="103.16676"</pre>
                     codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
                      displayName="Pharmaceutical Item Brand"/>
                 <text>Sandoz</text>
         </entryRelationship>
<!-- MedicationStatement.reasonCode-->
        displayName="Clinical Indication"/>
                              type="CD">
                  <value xs
                      <originalText>Reduce blood sugar</originalText>
                  </value>
             </observation>
         </entryRelationship>
         <code code="288533004"
                     codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
displayName="Change values"/>
                  <text>Dose changed</text>
                 </entryRelationship>
</substanceAdministration>
</entryRelationship>
<!-- List.entry.item: multi-vitamins -->
<-cntryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
    <!-- MedicationStatement; taken=y-->
    <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode</pre>
        <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100066"
    extension="1.0"/>
         <id root="f1f476fa-917b-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
        <!-- MedicationStatement.dosage--> <text>
             <reference value="#medicationstatement-multi-vitamins"/>
         </text>
         <!-- MedicationStatement.status-->
         <statusCode code="active"/>
               MedicationStatement.medication-->
         <consumable>
             <manufacturedProduct>
                 templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100068"
    extension="1.0"/>
                  <manufacturedMaterial determinerCode="KIND">
                      <code>
                        <originalText>Multi-vitamins/originalText>
                      </code>
                  </manufacturedMaterial>
             </manufacturedProduct>
```

```
codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
                        displayName="Pharmaceutical Item Generic Name"/>
                  <text>Multi-vitamins</text>
          </entryRelationship>
          <!-- List.entry.flag-->
         <entryRelationship typeCode="SUBJ" inversionInd="true">
    <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
                   <code code="288533004"
                   codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
displayName="Change values"/>
<value xsi:type="CD" code="unchanged"
                        codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1004.201.10075"/>
              </observation>
          </entryRelationship>
     </substanceAdministration>
</entryRelationship>
<!-- List.entry.item: paracetamol-665mg -->
<entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
    <!-- MedicationStatement; taken=y -->
     <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
         <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100066"
    extension="1.0"/>
<id root="815d5488-917c-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
         v::Dab488-917c-11e9-bc42-52
<!-- MedicationStatement.dosage-->
<text>
              <reference value="#medicationstatement-paracetamol-665mg"/>
          </text>
          <!-- MedicationStatement.status-->
         <statusCode code="active"/>
          <!-- MedicationStatement.medication-->
          <consumable>
              <manufacturedProduct>
                   <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100068"
extension="1.0"/>
                   <manufacturedMaterial determinerCode="KIND">
                          <originalText>Panadol Osteo</originalText>
                   </manufacturedMaterial>
              </manufacturedProduct>
          </consumable>
          <!-- Medication.medication-generic-name-->
         <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
    <act classCode="ACT" moodCode="EVN">
        <code code="103.16703"</pre>
                       codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
displayName="Pharmaceutical Item Generic Name"/>
                   <text>Paracetamol 665mg caplet</text>
              </act>
          </entryRelationship>
          <!-- Medication.medication-brand-name-
         codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
displayName="Pharmaceutical Item Brand"/>
                   <text>Panadol Osteo</text>
              </act>
          </entryRelationship>
         <code code="103.10141"
                       codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
                   displayName="Clinical Indication"/>
<value xsi:type="CD">
                       <originalText>Osteoarthritis, pain
                          relief</originalText>
                   </value>
              </observation>
         </entryRelationship>
               List.entry.flag-->
         codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
                   displayName="Change values"/>
<value xsi:type="CD" code="unchanged"</pre>
                          odeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1004.201.10075"/>
              </observation>
          </entryRelationship>
</substanceAdministration>
</entryRelationship>
<!-- List.entry.item: warfarin -->
<entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
    <!-- MedicationStatement; taken=y -->
```

```
<substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" mo</pre>
          <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100066"
    extension="1.0"/>
          <id root="9cb2c758-917d-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
              <reference value="#medicationstatement-warfarin"/>
          <!-- MedicationStatement.status-->
          <statusCode code="active"/>
                 MedicationStatement.medication-->
          <consumable>
               <manufacturedProduct>
                    <manufacturedMaterial determinerCode="KIND">
                         <code code="22464011000036101"
                          codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
codeSystemName="SNOMED CT"
                           displayName="warfarin sodium 5 mg tablet">
                           <originalText>Warfarin sodium 5 mg
                           tablet</originalText>
                         </code>
                    </manufacturedMaterial>
               </manufacturedProduct>
          </consumable>
          codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
displayName="Pharmaceutical Item Brand"/>
                    <text>Coumadin</text>
               </act>
          </entryRelationship>
          <!-- MedicationStatement.reasonCode-->
          <entryRelationship typeCode="RSON">
    <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
                    <code code="103.10141"</pre>
                        codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components"
                    displayName="Clinical Indication"/>
<value xsi:type="CD">
                         <originalText>Blood thining</originalText>
                    </value>
               </observation>
          </entryRelationship>
<!-- List.entry.flag-->
          <entryRelationship typeCode="SUBJ" inversionInd="true">
     <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
                    <code code="288533004"</pre>
                        codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
displayName="Change values"/>
                    </observation>
          </entryRelationship>
     </substanceAdministration>
</entryRelationship>
<!-- List.entry.item: paracetamol-500mg -->
<entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
     <!-- MedicationStatement; taken=y -->
     <substanceAdministration classCode="SBADM" moodCode="EVN">
         <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100066"
    extension="1.0"/>
<id root="effedb80-91bf-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
          <!-- @fledosU-91bf-11e9-bc42-52
<!-- MedicationStatement.dosage-->
<text>
              <reference value="#medicationstatement-paracetamol-500mg"/>
          </text>
          <!-- MedicationStatement.status-->
          <statusCode code="aborted"/>
                 MedicationStatement.medication-->
          <consumable>
               <manufacturedProduct>
                    <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100068"
    extension="1.0"/>
                    <manufacturedMaterial determinerCode="KIND">
                        <code code="22464011000036101"</pre>
                           codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
                           codeSystemName="SNOMED CT"
displayName="Paracetamol 500 mg tablet">
                           <originalText>Paracetamol 500 mg
                           tablet</originalText>
                         </code>
                    </manufacturedMaterial>
               </manufacturedProduct>
          </consumable>
               List.entry.flag-->
          <entryRelationship typeCode="SUBJ" inversionInd="true">
    <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
                   <code code="288533004"
     codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"</pre>
                         displayName="Change values"/>
                    <text>Duplicated medicine</text>
```

```
<value xsi:type="CD" code="ceased"</pre>
                           codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1004.201.10075"/>
</observation>
                       </entryRelationship>
                   </substanceAdministration>
               </entryRelationship>
               <!-- List.entry.item: ibuprofen -->
               <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
                   <reference value="#medicationstatement-ibuprofen"/>
                       </text>
                       <!-- MedicationStatement.status-->
                       <statusCode code="aborted"/>
                       <!-- MedicationStatement.medication-->
                       <consumable>
                           <manufacturedProduct>
                               <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100068"
    extension="1.0"/>
                               <manufacturedMaterial determinerCode="KIND">
                                  <code code="21885011000036105"
   codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"</pre>
                                                                      .
/Name="Ibuprofen">
                                     codeSystemName="SNOMED CT" dis
                                    <originalText>Ibuprofen</originalText>
                                  </code>
                               </manufacturedMaterial>
                           </manufacturedProduct>
                       </consumable>
                       <!-- List.entry.flag-->
                       <entryRelationship typeCode="SUBJ" inversionInd="true">
    <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
                              <code code="288533004"
                                  codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.96"
displayName="Change values"/>
                              </observation>
                       </entryRelationship>
                   </substanceAdministration>
               </entryRelationship>
           </act>
       </entry>
   </section>
</component>
<!-- section (Allergies> -->
   <section>
       <templateId root="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.102.101.100069" extension="1.0"/>
       <id root="e5911e16-915a-11e9-bc42-526af7764f64"/>
<code code="48765-2" codeSystem="2.16.840.1,113883.6.1"</pre>
           displayName="Allergies andor adverse reactions"/>
       <title>Allergies and Adverse Reactions</title>
             section.text-
       <text mediaType="text/x-hl7-text+xml">
               <caption>Allergies and Adverse Reactions
               <thead>
                       Substance/Agent
                       Reaction Type
                       Reaction
                       Reaction Onset Date
                   </thead>
               Amoxicillin
Allergic reaction

                       Anaphylaxis
                       0ctober 2016
               </text>
       <!--entry (Summary Statement of Allergy or Intolerance)-->
           <!--AllergyIntolerance (Summary Statement of Allergy or Intolerance)-->
           <code code="102.15517" codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
    displayName="Adverse Reaction"/>
               <!-- AllergyIntolerance.onset-->
               <effectiveTime>
               <low value="201610"/>
</effectiveTime>
               <!--AllergyIntolerance.code-->
               <value xsi:type="CD">
                   <originalText>
                       <reference value="#A1A"/>
                   </originalText>
```

</component>

```
<!-- AllergyIntolerance.verificationStatus -->
                             <=ntrtyRelationship typeCode="COMP">
    <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
        <code code="103.32012" codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"</pre>
                                              codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components Code System" displayName="Verification Status"/>
                                         <value xsi:type="CD" code="unconfirmed"
    codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.642.1.116"
    codeSystemName="AllergyIntoleranceVerificationStatus"</pre>
                                              displayName="Unconfirmed"/>
                                   </observation>
                             </entryRelationship>
                             <!-- AllergyIntolerance.clinicalStatus -->
                             <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
    <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
        <code code="103.32013" codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"</pre>
                                             codeSystemName="NCTIS Data Components Code System"
displayName="Clinical Status"/>
                                        <value xsi:type="CD" code="active"
    codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.642.1.118"
    codeSystemName="AllergyIntoleranceClinicalStatus"</pre>
                                              displayName="Active"/>
                                  </observation>
                             </entryRelationship>
                             <!-- AllergyIntolerance.reaction
                             <entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
     <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
                                        <code code="102.16474" codeSystem="1.2.36.1.2001.1001.101"
    displayName="Reaction Event"/>
                                         <!-- AllergyIntolerance.type-->
                                         <value xsi:type="CD">
                                              <originalText>
                                                    <reference value="#A1RT"/>
                                              </originalText>
                                         </value>
                                         <!-- AllergyIntolerance.reaction.substance-->
                                         <ple><ple>cplayingEntity>
                                                          <code>
                                                             <originalText>
                                                            <reference value="#AlA"/>
</originalText>
                                                          </code>
                                                    </playingEntity>
                                               </participantRole>
                                         </participant>
<!-- AllergyIntolerance.reaction.manifestation -->
                                         <entryRelationship typeCode="MFST" inversionInd="true">
    <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
                                                    <code>
                                                         <originalText>
                                                             <reference value="#A1R"/>
                                                          </originalText>
                                                    </code>
                                              </observation>
                                         </entryRelationship>
                            </observation>
</entryRelationship>
                        </observation>
                 </entry>
           </section>
      </component>
</structuredBody>
```

# **B.2 Dispense List example 2**

This informative appendix provides an example instance that conforms to the requirements of this implementation guide.

### Example B.2. Dispense List example 2

```
<!-- This example is illustrative only. This fragment cannot be treated as clinically valid.
While every effort has been taken to ensure that the examples are consistent with the message specification, where
there are conflicts with the written message specification or schema, the specification or schema will take precedence. -->

<ClinicalDocument classCode="DOCCLIN" moodCode="EVN" xmlns="urn:h17-org:v3"
    xmlns:ex="urn:h17-org/v3-example"
    xmlns:ext="http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/Ci/Cda/Extensions/3.0"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xsi:schemaLocation="urn:h17-org:v3 . . . . . . . / . / library/schema_au_published/CDA-AU-V1_0.xsd">
    <typeId root="2.16.840.1.113883.1.3" extension="POCD_HD000040"/>
    <!-- Put content here -->
```

# **B.3 Prescription and Dispense List example 3**

This informative appendix provides an example instance that conforms to the requirements of this implementation guide.

### Example B.3. Prescription and Dispense List example 3

```
<!-- This example is illustrative only. This fragment cannot be treated as clinically valid.
While every effort has been taken to ensure that the examples are consistent with the message specification, where
there are conflicts with the written message specification or schema, the specification or schema will take precedence. -->

<ClinicalDocument classCode="DOCCLIN" moodCode="EVN" xmlns="urn:hl7-org:v3"
    xmlns:ex="urn:hl7-org/v3-example"
    xmlns:ext="http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/Ci/Cda/Extensions/3.0"
    xmlns:xsi="http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/Ci/Cda/Extensions/3.0"
    xmlns:xsi="http://ns.electronichealth.net.au/Ci/Cda/Extensions/3.0"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
    <typeId root="2.16.840.1.113883.1.3" extension="POCD_HD000040"/>
    <!-- Put content here -->

</ClinicalDocument>
```



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