PROGRAMMING CONVENTIONS

I Naming variables

- Style:
 - Camel case style with the first letter in lowercase: totalMoney
 - All letters in lowercase with underscore (_): total_money
- Choose meaningful names.
 - Ex: Name the variable used to store the total money.
 - Should: totalMoney, total_money
 - Should not: temp1, abe,...

II Naming functions

- Style:
 - Camel case style with the first letter (of function's name) in lowercase: calculateTotalMoney(...)
 - Camel case style with the first letters of words (in function's name) in uppercase: CalculateTotalMoney(...)
- Name the function with verbs are the first word in the name.
 - Ex: The function calculates the total money
 - Should: CalculateTotalMoney(...)
 - Should not: TotalMoney(...), Money(...),...

III Comments

• Line comment:

```
// This is comment line
```

• Block comment:

```
/*
This is comment block
Line 1
Line 2
...
*/
```

IV Open/close code blocks

• Style 1:

```
if (is_student == true) {
    // Do something
} else {
    // Do something else
}
```

• Sytle 2:

```
if (is_student == true)
{
     // Do something
}
else
{
     // Do something else
}
```

V Indents and white spaces

- Rule 1: Child code block must be indented 1 tab or 4 spaces compared to the parent code block.
 - Should:

```
int i;
int sum = 0;

for (i = 0; i <= 100; i++)
{
    cout << i << "\n";
    sum += i;
}</pre>
```

- Should not:

```
int i;
int sum = 0;

for (i = 0; i <= 100; i++)
{
  cout << i << "\n";
      sum += i;
}</pre>
```

- Rule 2: Operators and operands must be separated by a white space.
 - Should:

```
int first_number;
int second_number;
int sum_of_two_numbers;

first_number = 5;
sencond_number = 10;

sum_of_two_numbers = first_number + second_number;
```

- Should not:

```
int first_number;
int second_number;
int sum_of_two_numbers;

first_number=5;
sencond_number=10;
```

```
sum_of_two_numbers=first_number+second_number;
```

- <u>Rule 3:</u> The components of the statement must be separated from each other. The semicolon (;), comma (,), colon (:), ... are located close to front components and separated from after components by a white space.
 - Should:

```
int i;

for (i = 5; i <= 50; i++)
{
     // Do something
}</pre>
```

- Should not:

```
int i;

for (i=5;i<=50;i++)
{
     // Do something
}</pre>
```

- Rule 4: Lines of code that are related to each other should be placed close to each other and separated from unrelated lines of code from 1-2 blank lines. There should be comments for each code block.
 - Should:

```
// Declare variable
int first_number;
int second_number;
int sum_of_two_numbers;

// Assign data to the variable
first_number = 5;
sencond_number = 10;

// Calculate the sum of two numbers and print it
sum_of_two_numbers = first_number + second_number;
cout << first_number << " + " << second_number << " = " sum_of_two_numbers;</pre>
```

- Should not:

```
int first_number;
int second_number;
int sum_of_two_numbers;
first_number = 5;
sencond_number = 10;
sum_of_two_numbers = first_number + second_number;
cout << first_number << " + " << second_number << " = " sum_of_two_numbers;</pre>
```