

Ex 2.6

Given $RSS(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - f_\theta(x_i))^2$

We will assume there are M repeated values of x .
Then, without loss of generality we may reorder the RSS and separate into two parts:

$$(*) \quad RSS(\theta) = \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^m (y_i - f_\theta(x_m))^2}_{\text{Repeated } x \text{ labels}} + \underbrace{\sum_{i=m+1}^N (y_i - f_\theta(x_i))^2}_{\text{Remaining } x \text{'s}}$$

We will focus on LHS:

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{i=1}^m (y_i^2 - 2f_\theta(x_m)y_i + f_\theta(x_m)^2) \\ &= -2f_\theta(x_m) \sum_i y_i + m f_\theta(x_m)^2 + \sum_i y_i^2 \\ &= m(-2f_\theta(x_m) \frac{1}{m} \sum_i y_i + f_\theta(x_m)^2) + \sum_i y_i^2 \end{aligned}$$

Note: $\frac{1}{m} \sum_i y_i = \bar{y}_m$

$$= m(-2f_\theta(x_m) \bar{y}_m + f_\theta(x_m)^2) + \sum_i y_i^2$$

$$= m(\bar{y}_m - f_\theta(x_m))^2 - m \bar{y}_m + \sum_i y_i^2$$

Notice this is constant
wrt θ

\Rightarrow Minimising $(*)$ wrt. θ is equivalent to minimising.

$$m(\bar{y}_m - f_\theta(x_m))^2 + \sum_{i=m+1}^N (y_i - f_\theta(x_i))^2$$

$$\Rightarrow RSS(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^{N-m+1} w_i (\bar{y}_i - f_\theta(x_i))^2$$

Where W_i = the number of times observation i is repeated in the data.

More generally, for multiple repeated x values by induction we obtain:

$$RSS(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^{N_u} W_i (\bar{y}_i - f_{\theta}(x_i))^2$$

Where N_u is the number of unique x 's in the data and W_i represents the number of times observation x_i was repeated.