

《量子信息基础》2024.4.17 随堂作业:

(2024.4.20 晚 22 点前提交)

1. Consider a system of two particles, they have six possible states $\psi_1, \psi_2, \psi_3, \psi_4, \psi_5, \psi_6$. Calculate the number of the microstates of the system, in the following conditions:

- (1) Two particles are bosons;
(2) Two particles are fermions;
(3) Two particles are distinguishable.
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(1) C_6^1 表示两个粒子占同一个态, C_6^2 表示两个粒子占不同态
 $N_b = C_6^1 + C_6^2 = 6 + 15 = 21$

推导和答案正确给 10 分

(2) 费米子不能同态
 $N_f = C_6^2 = 15$

推导和答案正确给 10 分

(3) 可区分, 可同态
 $N_d = 6 \times 6 = 36$

推导和答案正确给 10 分

2. Prove that the binary entropy $S_{bin}(p)$ attains its maximum value of one at $p = 1/2$.
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$$S_{bin}(p) \equiv -p \log p - (1-p) \log(1-p)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d S_{bin}(p)}{dp} &= -\log p - \frac{1}{\ln 2} + \log(1-p) + \frac{1}{\ln 2} = -\log p + \log(1-p) \\ &= \log\left(\frac{1-p}{p}\right) = 0 \\ &\therefore p = \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

推导和答案正确给 25 分

3. Calculate the Von Neumann entropy $S(\rho)$ for the following density matrix:

(1) $\rho = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ 方阵A特征值: $|\lambda - A| = 0$

(2) $\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(3) $\rho = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

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- (1) The eigenvalues of matrix ρ are

$$\lambda_1 = 1; \lambda_2 = 0$$

$$S(\rho) = - \sum_x \lambda_x \log \lambda_x = -1 \log 1 - 0 \log 0 = 0$$

推导和答案正确给 15 分

- (2) The eigenvalues of matrix ρ satisfy that

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} - \lambda\right)\left(\frac{1}{2} - \lambda\right) - \frac{1}{4} = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1; \lambda_2 = 0$$

$$S(\rho) = - \sum_x \lambda_x \log \lambda_x = -1 \log 1 - 0 \log 0 = 0$$

推导和答案正确给 15 分

- (3) The eigenvalues of matrix ρ satisfy that

$$\left(\frac{2}{3} - \lambda\right)\left(\frac{1}{3} - \lambda\right) - \frac{1}{9} = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{6}; \lambda_2 = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{6}$$

$$S(\rho) = - \sum_x \lambda_x \log \lambda_x = - \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{6}\right) \log \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{6}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{6}\right) \log \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{6}\right) \\ \cong 0.55$$

推导正确给 15 分（最后答案没有给出具体数字也算正确）

* David J. Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics (2nd Edition), Cambridge University Press (2017).