第三次作业: 第三章 8、10、12、16、17、19

8,

设 $\{X_n\}$ 是一时齐马尔可夫链,状态空间为 $\{0,1,2\}$,一步转移矩阵为

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & 0\\ \frac{2}{3} & 0 & \frac{1}{3}\\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (1) 计算 $P(X_2 = 0|X_0 = 0), P(X_0 = 0|X 2 = 0);$
- (2) 计算 $P(X_1 = 0)$, $P(X_1 = 0, X_3 = 0, X_4 = 1, X_6 = 1)$;
- (3) 计算 $f_{11}^{(n)}, f_{11}, \mu_1$

解:

(1)

$$P(X_0 = 0) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(X_0 = 0, X_2 = 0) = \frac{1}{3} \times (\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} + 0) = \frac{5}{27}$$

$$P(X_2 = 0 | X_0 = 0) = \frac{P(X_0 = 0, X_2 = 0)}{P(X_0 = 0)} = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$P^{2} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{9} & \frac{2}{9} & \frac{2}{9} \\ \frac{2}{9} & \frac{7}{9} & 0 \\ \frac{2}{3} & 0 & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P(X_2 = 0) = P(X_0 = 0)p_{00}^2 + P(X_0 = 1)p_{10}^2 + P(X_0 = 2)p_{20}^2$$
$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{5}{9} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{9} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{13}{27}$$

$$P(X_0 = 0 | X_2 = 0) = \frac{P(X_2 = 0, X_0 = 0)}{X_2 = 0} = \frac{5}{13}$$

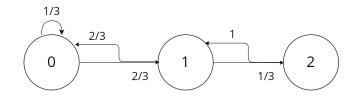
(2)

$$P(X_1 = 0) = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(X_1 = 0, X_3 = 0, X_4 = 1, X_6 = 1) = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{5}{9} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{70}{729}$$

(3)

状态图如下所示:



$$\begin{split} f_{11}^{(1)} &= 0 \\ f_{11}^{(2)} &= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \times 1 = \frac{7}{9} \\ f_{11}^{(n)} &= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} \times (\frac{1}{3})^{n-2} = 4(\frac{1}{3})^n, n \geqslant 3 \\ f_{11} &= \frac{7}{9} + \sum_{n=3}^{+\infty} 4(\frac{1}{3})^n = \frac{7}{9} + \frac{4/27}{1 - 1/3} = 1 \\ \mu_1 &= \frac{14}{9} + \sum_{n=3}^{+\infty} 4n(\frac{1}{3})^n = \frac{14}{9} + \frac{7}{9} = \frac{7}{3} \end{split}$$

10,

设 $\{X_n\}$ 是一时齐马尔可夫链,状态空间为 $\{0,1,2,3\}$,一步转移矩阵为

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

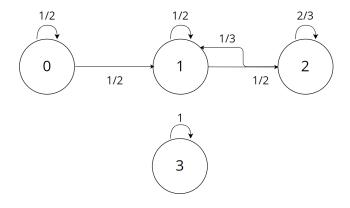
- (1) 计算 $P(X_1 = 1, X_3 = 2), P(X_2 = 1), P(X_{10} = 0);$
- (2) 求出各状态的常返性,并计算正常返态的平均回转时.

解:

(1)
$$P^{2} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & 0\\ 0 & \frac{5}{12} & \frac{7}{12} & 0\\ 0 & \frac{7}{18} & \frac{11}{18} & 0\\ 0 & \frac{7}{18} & \frac{11}{18} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$P(X_{1} = 1, X_{3} = 2) = (\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2}) \times \frac{7}{12} = \frac{7}{36}$$

$$P(X_2 = 1) = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{5}{12} = \frac{11}{36}$$

状态图如下所示:



可知 1、2 为互达等价类, 而 0 不封闭, 仅有 0 能到达 0

$$P(X_{10} = 0) = \frac{1}{3} \times (\frac{1}{2})^{10} = \frac{1}{3 \cdot 2^{10}}$$

(2)

0 暂留;1、2 为互达等价类

$$f_{11}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{2}.f_{11}^{(2)} = \frac{1}{6}, f_{11}^{(3)} = \frac{1}{9}$$

d(1) = 1,1 为非周期正常返, 2 和 1 周期性常返性相同。

对于 1、2 有
$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

有平稳分布:
$$\begin{cases} \pi_1 + \pi_2 = 1 \\ \pi_1 = \frac{1}{2}\pi_1 + \frac{1}{3}\pi_2 \end{cases}$$
$$\pi_1 = \frac{2}{5}, \pi_2 = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\pi_1 = \frac{2}{5}, \pi_2 = \frac{5}{5}$$
$$\mu_1 = \frac{5}{2}, \mu_2 = \frac{5}{3}$$

3 为吸收态,非周期正常返, $\mu_3=1$

12,

求第 8 题中 $\{X_n\}$ 的平稳分布.

解:

设平稳分布为
$$(\pi_0, \pi_1, \pi_2)$$

$$\begin{cases} \pi_0 + \pi_1 + \pi_2 = 1 \\ \pi_2 = \frac{1}{3}\pi_1 \\ \pi_1 = \frac{2}{3}\pi_0 + \pi_2 \end{cases}$$

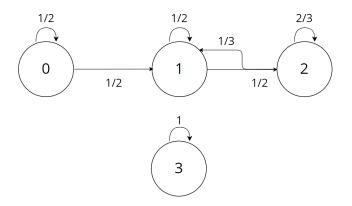
$$\pi_0 = \frac{3}{7}, \pi_1 = \frac{3}{7}, \pi_2 = \frac{1}{7}$$
平稳分布为 $(\frac{3}{7}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{1}{7})$

16,

在第 10 题中对 i=0,1,2,3, 计算 $\lim_{n\to\infty}P(X_n=i)$

解:

状态图如下所示:



$$i=0$$
,0 为暂留态,有 $\lim_{n\to\infty} P(X_n=0)=0$ $i=3$,3 为非周期正常返,且仅有 3 能进入 3 态, $\lim_{n\to\infty} (X_n=3)=P(X_0=3)=\frac{1}{3}$ $i=1,1$ 为非周期正常返,有 $\lim_{n\to\infty} (X_n=1)=\lim_{n\to\infty} \sum_{i=1}^3 P(X_n=1|X_0=i)P(X_0=i)$ $=\frac{1}{3}\lim_{n\to\infty} P(X_n=1|X_0=0)+\frac{1}{3}\lim_{n\to\infty} P(X_n=1|X_0=1)=\frac{1}{3}\pi_1+\frac{1}{3}\pi_1=\frac{4}{15}$ $i=2,2$ 为非周期正常返 $\lim_{n\to\infty} P(X_n=2)=\lim_{n\to\infty} \sum_{i=1}^3 P(X_n=i)P(X_0=i)$

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 2) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{3} P(X_n = 2 | X_0 = i) P(X_0 = i)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 1 | X_0 = 0) + \frac{1}{3} \lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 1 | X_0 = 1) = \frac{2}{5}$$

17,

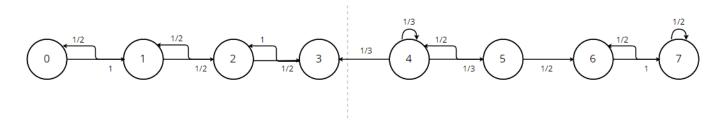
设 $\{X_n\}$ 是一时齐马尔可夫链,状态空间为 $\{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$,一步转移概率为 $p_{01}=p_{32}=p_{67}=1,p_{10}=p_{12}=p_{21}=p_{23}=p_{54}=p_{56}=p_{76}=p_{77}=0.5,p_{43}=p_{44}=p_{45}=\frac{1}{3}.$

- (1) 写出所有互达等价类,并判断哪些是闭的?
- (2) 求出各状态的周期和常返性,并计算正常返态的平均回转时;
- (3) 计算 $\lim_{n\to\infty} p_{45}^{(n)}$, $\lim_{n\to\infty} p_{67}^{(n)}$;
- (4) 若 $P(X_0 = 3) = P(X_0 = 4) = \frac{1}{2}$, 对 i = 4, 5, 6, 7, 计算 $\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = i)$.

解:

(1)

状态图如下所示:



{0,1,2,3} {4,5} {6,7} 为互达等价类,且 {0,1,2,3} {6,7} 为闭等价类

(2)

对于 0 而言, {0,1,2,3} 有限且闭,则 0 正常返

从状态转换图可以看出从 0 态回到 0 态必须经过偶数步,d(0)=2,且 1、2、3 态周期性常返性与 0 相同。对于 4、5 而言,非闭等价类,暂留

对于7而言,有限闭等价类,7正常返

从状态转换图可以看出 7 存在自循环, 所以 d(7) = 1, 且 6 周期性常返性和 7 相同

对正常返求平均回转时

{0,1,2,3} 平稳分布有

$$(\pi_0, \pi_1, \pi_2, \pi_3) = (\pi_0, \pi_1, \pi_2, \pi_3) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\pi_0 = \frac{1}{6}, \pi_1 = \frac{1}{3}, \pi_2 = \frac{1}{3}, \pi_3 = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\mu_0 = 6, \mu_1 = 3, \mu_2 = 3\mu_3 = 6$$

$$\{6,7\}$$
平稳分布有 $(\pi_6, \pi_7) = (\pi_6, \pi_7)$
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\pi_6 = \frac{1}{3}, \pi_7 = \frac{2}{3}, \mu_6 = 3, \mu_7 = \frac{3}{2}$$

(3)

4、5 暂留,所以
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} p_{45}^{(n)} = 0$$

6、7 非周期正常返,所以
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} p_{67}^n = \pi_7 = \frac{2}{3}$$

(4)

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 0) = \frac{1}{2} \lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 0 | X_0 = 3) + \frac{1}{2} \lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 0 | X_0 = 4)$$

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 0, X_0 = 4) = \frac{1}{3} h_{40} + \frac{1}{3} h_{30} + \frac{1}{3} h_{50}$$

$$h_{50} = \frac{1}{2} h_{40} + \frac{1}{2} h_{60}$$

$$h_{40} = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 0) = \frac{1}{2} \pi_0 + \frac{1}{2} h_{40} = \frac{5}{36}$$

其他情况同理(敲不动了)

i=1

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 1) = \frac{1}{2}\pi_3 + \frac{1}{2}h_{41} = \frac{5}{18}$$

i=2

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 2) = \lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 1) = \frac{5}{18}$$

i=3

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 3) = \frac{5}{36}$$

i=4、5 暂留

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 4) = \lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 5) = 0$$

i=6

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 6) = \frac{1}{2}h_{46} = \frac{1}{18}$$

i=7

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 7) = \frac{1}{2}h_{47} = \frac{1}{9}$$

设 $\{X_n; n=0,1,2\cdots\}$ 是一时齐马尔可夫链, 状态空间 $I=\{1,2,3,4\}$, 一步转移矩阵

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix}$$

 \diamondsuit $T_1=\inf\{n\geqslant 0; X_n=1\},$ 计算 $P(T_1<\infty|X_0=3)$

解:

$$\begin{split} &P(T_1 < \infty | X_0 = 3) = \lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 1 | X_0 = 3) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}h_{31} + \frac{1}{4}h_{41} \\ &\begin{cases} h_{31} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}h_{31} + \frac{1}{4}h_{41} \\ h_{41} = \frac{1}{8} + \frac{3}{8}h_{31} + \frac{1}{8}h_{41} \end{cases} \\ &h_{31} = \frac{4}{9}, h_{41} = \frac{1}{3} \\ &P(T_1 < \infty | X_0 = 3) = \lim_{n \to \infty} P(X_n = 1 | X - 0 = 3) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{4}{9} \end{split}$$