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1. About

PhyloToL is a phylogenomic pipeline composed for 4 major components: 1) Gene family assessment per taxon (adding taxa to the database), 2) Refinement of homologs and gene tree reconstruction, 3) Tree-based contamination removal and 4) building of supermatrix for species tree reconstruction. These components can be executed independently. PhyloToL is written primarily in Python 2.7 programming language but it also incorporates Perl, Ruby and Bash custom scripts. PhyloToL only runs through the command line (there is not GUI), therefore a minimum knowledge of UNIX is required.ttddsr PhyloToL can run in porwerful computers with multiple threads also in a normal computer in one thread.

2. Download and dependencies

Distribution: https://github.com/Katzlab/PhyloTOL

Dependencies:

- 1. Biopyton
- 2. Dendropy (https://dendropy.org/)
- 3. P4 (http://p4.nhm.ac.uk/)
- 4. bioperl
- 5. Mafft (any version; https://mafft.cbrc.jp/alignment/software/)
- 6. Usearch (any version; https://www.drive5.com/usearch/)
- 7. Guidance (v2.02; http://guidance.tau.ac.il/overview.html)
- 8. trimAl (v1.3; http://trimal.cgenomics.org/)
- 9 raxml

3. Databases

The databases should follow the next folder structure:

```
DataFiles/
allOG5Files/
ncbiFiles/
BlastFiles/
```

The folder allOG5Files should contain the initial gene family dataset. A text file named with a unique code should represent each gene family. In our laboratory we used orthoMCL data for building this database. Then, we use codes like OG5_126595 (actin). The user can pick the name for these files but we recommend sticking with the prefix "OG5" or modifying scripts accordingly.

The folders ncbiFiles and BlastFiles represent the new taxa that are being added to the databases (see adding taxa section). While the folder ncbiFiles contains the actual sequences (e.g., transcriptome, genome or protein sequences), the folder BlastFiles contains the results of Blasting the sequences of the new taxa against the gene family database. There should be one file per taxon in both folders.

4. Taxa names

We use a 10 digits code for naming the taxa. This code is intended to represent the taxonomy. For instance, for the *Plasmodium falciparum*, the code is Sr_ap_Pfal. Here, the Sr_ represents the eukaryotic major clade SAR and Sr_ap_ represents the "minor" clade Apicomplexa. See annexed at the end of this document a list of minor clades that we recommend.

5. Running PhyloToL – first component (adding taxa)

In order to add new taxa to the database, the user can run the first of the four major component of phyloToL. This component would take High Throughput Sequencing data and conduct some steps such as Identify and remove sample bleeding in an illumina lane, removing prokaryotic and rDNA sequences and translating sequences using informed genetic codes. Finally, every sequence is classified into a gene family and this is represented in two files, a fasta file and a Blast report. The former one should be placed in the ncbiFiles folder and the last one should be placed in the BlastFiles folder.

Documentation for running this component of PhyoToL is available in the folder "AddTaxa" which came with this distribution.

6. Running PhyloToL – second and third components (Homology assessment, alignment and tree building and tree based contamination removal)

Quick start: Make sure you have this folders/files structure (Bold: input files)

```
PhyloToL/
DataFiles/
BlastFiles/
allOG5Files/
ncbiFiles/
taxaDBpipeline3
GFs_test
Taxa_test

Scripts/
PhyloToL scripts
pipeline_parameter_file.txt
```

GFs_test: In this file you put the list of GFs that you want to run through PhyloToL. For instance:

```
OG5_133844
OG5_133879
OG5_128106
```

Taxa_test: In this file you put the list of taxa that you want to run through PhyloToL. For instance:

```
EE_is_Tmar
EE_ka_Rtru
EE_ap_Asig
Ex_ma_Mjak
Am_ar_Enut
Am_ar_Mbal
Am_di Acas
```

Set parameters in the parameters file, go to PhyloToL/Scripts/ and type "python phylotol.py"

Running with contamination removal: Make sure you have this folders/files structure (Bold: input files)

```
PhyloToL/
DataFiles/
BlastFiles/
allOG5Files/
ncbiFiles/
taxaDBpipeline3
GFs_test
Taxa_test
rules

Scripts/
PhyloToL scripts
pipeline parameter file.txt
```

Rules: Set of rules for contamination removal that PhyloToL will use for categorizing a sequence as contamination or not. This rules are set by the user by either manual inspection of a sample of trees, literature or any other method. A rule can be expressed as:

```
Sr_rh_Lvor Op_me Pl_
```

This will tell PhyloToL to consider as contamination a case in which the taxon Sr_rh_Lvor is nested among either Op_me or Pl_.

Once the rules are set runPhyloToL typing ...

python phylotol-concleaner.py ../DataFiles/rules

Running PhyloToL partially: Depending on what is the type of study, you might want to run PhyloToL just for collecting candidate gene families (For instance, if you want to apply a different tool to test for homology) or for collecting homologs but not trees (for instance, if you want to try another tree inference tool). The use can run PhyloToL in two different modes: "ng" and "nr", respectively.

```
python phylotol.py ng (Runs phylotol until Guidance) python phylotol.py nr (Runs phylotol until raxml)
```

Running PhyloToL partially and restart:

The user can run PhyloToL up to guidance (mode ng); the user can resume the run and either produce post-guidance files and trees or only post-guidance files (with option "nr" - no raxml)

```
python phylotol-resumer.py path_to_working_directory python phylotol-resumer.py path_to_working_directory nr (no tree)
```

If the user produced post-guidance files but not tree, then the user can resume the run and produce trees in this way

```
python phylotol-resumer.py path_to_working_directory
```

In order to run partially and re-start, PhyloToL requires a working directory. If the user ran phylotol up to guidance and wants to resume, the working directory will be a folder (e.g., out) with all pre-guidance files inside. The folders/files structure will be like ... (bold: working directory)

```
PhyloToL/
DataFiles/
BlastFiles/
allOG5Files/
ncbiFiles/
taxaDBpipeline3
GFs_test
Taxa_test
out/
pre-guidance files
Scripts/
PhyloToL scripts
pipeline_parameter_file.txt
```

If the user ran phylotol up to raxml and wants to resume (to produce trees). Then, the user has to keep a structure like this... (bold: working directory)

```
PhyloToL/
DataFiles/
BlastFiles/
allOG5Files/
ncbiFiles/
taxaDBpipeline3
GFs_test
Taxa_test
out/
out_resume/
```

GFs_test_ results2keep/ Pre-guidance files Post-guidance files

Scripts/

PhyloToL scripts pipeline parameter file.txt

7. Running PhyloToL – fourth component (supermatrix)

The user run this component for choosing orthologous sequences and produce alignments for concatenation. In order to do this, the user should set the option "concatAlignment = y" in the parameters file. Then run PhyloToL as shown in "Quick start". Once PhyloToL has finished type ...

python concatenateFastas.py path_to_alignments_for_concatenation

This will produce a supermatrix that can be used for species tree building

8. Annexed. Recommended minor clades:

Amoebozoa, Am ar, Archamoebae

Amoebozoa, Am_di, Discosea

Amoebozoa, Am my, Mycetozoa

Amoebozoa, Am hi, Himatismenida

Amoebozoa, Am is, incertaesed is

Amoebozoa, Am th, Thecamoebida

Amoebozoa, Am tu, Tubulinea

Amoebozoa, Am va, Vannellidae

Orphans (Enything else), EE ap, Apusozoa

Orphans (Enything else), EE br, Breviatea

Orphans (Enything else), EE cr, Cryptophyta

Orphans (Enything else), EE_ha, Haptophyceae

Orphans (Enything else), EE_is, incertaesed is

Orphans (Enything else), EE_ka, Katablepharidophyta

Excavata, Ex_eu, Euglenozoa

Excavata, Ex fo, Fornicata

Excavata, Ex he, Heterolobosea

Excavata, Ex is, incertae sedis

Excavata, Ex ja, Jakobida

Excavata, Ex ma, Malawimonadidae

Excavata, Ex ox, Oxymonadida

Excavata, Ex_pa, Parabasalia

Opisthokonta, Op ch. Choanoflagellida

Opisthokonta, Op_fu, Fungi

Opisthokonta, Op ic, Ichthyosporea

Opisthokonta, Op is, incertae sedis

Opisthokonta, Op me, Metazoa

Opisthokonta, Op nu, Nucleariidae and Fonticula group

Plantae, Pl gl, Glaucophytes

Plantae,Pl gr,Green algae

Plantae,Pl_rh,Red algae SAR,Sr_ap,Apicomplexa SAR,Sr_ch,Chromerida SAR,Sr_ci,Ciliates SAR,Sr_di,Dinoflagellates SAR,Sr_is,incertae sedis SAR,Sr_pe,Perkinsea SAR,Sr_rh,Rhizaria SAR,Sr_st,Stramenopiles