



Smart Contract Audit

FOR
Arcstar

DATED : 26 MAY 23'

CRITICAL RISK

Centralization – Excessive fees

Severity: **Critical**

function: **setSniperFee**

Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

Owner is able to set a certain amount of tax for an arbitrary wallet (buy and sell and transfers), this tax can be within range of 0-99%. this is a critical centralization risk and can be used to disable trades for specific addresses.

```
function setSniperFee(
    address[] memory account,
    uint8 _sellFee,
    uint8 _buyFee
) public onlyOwner {
    for (uint256 i = 0; i < account.length; i++) {
        if (_sellFee > 0) {
            sellSniperFee[account[i]] = _sellFee;
        }
        if (_buyFee > 0) {
            buySniperFee[account[i]] = _buyFee;
        }
    }
}
```

Suggestion

To mitigate this centralization issue there are several ways:

- delete this method
- renounce ownership of the contract
- implement an automated method to blacklist sniper bots in 0-5 blocks after enabling trades for public.

Owner Explanation :

The project owner states that this feature will be used to exclude the sniper and frontrunner bots from trading. SetPresaleAddr is used to avoid adding anyone from presale to this (snipers) list.

CRITICAL RISK

Centralization – Claiming tokens after presale

Severity: **Critical**

function: **setSniperFee & _transfer**

Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

setting a high buy tax for presale address at time of claiming tokens, can lead to lose of tokens of contributors. This taxed tokens will be sent to marketing wallet.

```
if (
    sellSniperFee[sender] > 0 &&
    (recipient == pairAddr || sender != pairAddr)
) {
    tax = baseUnit * uint256(sellSniperFee[sender]);
} else if (buySniperFee[recipient] > 0 && sender == pairAddr) {
    tax = baseUnit * uint256(buySniperFee[recipient]);
} else if (recipient == pairAddr) {
    tax = baseUnit * uint256(sellFee);
}
```

Suggestion

to mitigate this issue there are several options:

- delete sellSniperFee function
- renounce ownership of the contract
- implement an automated method to blacklist sniper bots in 0-5 blocks after enabling trades for public.
- ensure that "sender" is not presale address



AUDIT SUMMARY

Project name – Arcstar

Date: 26 May, 2023

Scope of Audit- Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

Audit Status: **Passed With Critical Risk**

Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	2	0	0	0	0
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0

USED TOOLS

Tools:

1. Manual Review: The code has undergone a line-by-line review by the **Ace** team.

2. ETH Test Network: All tests were conducted on the ETH Test network, and each test has a corresponding transaction attached to it. These tests can be found in the "Functional Tests" section of the report.

3. Slither: The code has undergone static analysis using Slither.

Testnet version:

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/token/0xbc93ce86efe03f29efd83b93de9410eb6c66790b>



Token Information

Name : Arcstar

Symbol : ARCSTAR

Decimals: 18

Network: Binance smart chain

Token Type: BEP20

Token Address:

0x5331Ca78BF716df553048C1d6430855540f68Cef

Owner:

0xcBd5De8b6A8e7f8a3652e3d5Ce41400c7c892b4d
(at time of writing the audit)

Deployer: 0xcBd5De8b6A8e7f8a3652e3d5Ce41400c
7c892b4d



Token Information

Fees:

Buy Fees: 0%

Sell Fees: 0-5%

Transfer Fees: 0%

Fees Privilige: No fees

Ownership :

0xcBd5De8b6A8e7f8a3652e3d5Ce41400c7c892b4d

Minting: None

Max Tx Amount/ Max Wallet Amount: No

Blacklist: No

Other Privileges:- Fees modification



AUDIT METHODOLOGY

The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
 - Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
 - Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run the test cases.
 - Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
 - Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.
-

VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ✓ Return values of low-level calls | ✓ Gasless Send |
| ✓ Private modifier | ✓ Using block.timestamp |
| ✓ Multiple Sends | ✓ Re-entrancy |
| ✓ Using Suicide | ✓ Tautology or contradiction |
| ✓ Gas Limitand Loops | ✓ Timestamp Dependence |
| ✓ Address hardcoded | ✓ Revert/require functions |
| ✓ Exception Disorder | ✓ Use of tx.origin |
| ✓ Using inline assembly | ✓ Integer overflow/underflow |
| ✓ Divide before multiply | ✓ Dangerous strict equalities |
| ✓ Missing Zero Address Validation | ✓ Using SHA3 |
| ✓ Compiler version not fixed | ✓ Using throw |
-



CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

Severity

Description

◆ Critical	These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
◆ High-Risk	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.
◆ Medium-Risk	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.
◆ Low-Risk	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestion	A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

Findings

Severity

Found

◆ Critical	2
◆ High-Risk	0
◆ Medium-Risk	0
◆ Low-Risk	0
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestions	0

INHERITANCE TREE



POINTS TO NOTE

- Owner is able to set 0-5% tax for sells
 - Owner is not able to set max buy/sell/transfer/hold amount
 - Owner is able to blacklist an arbitrary wallet
 - Owner is not able to limit buys/transfers/sells by a max amount as limit
 - Owner is not able to mint new tokens
 - Owner must enable trades manually for holders
-



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

Contract	Type	Bases			
:-----: :-----: :-----: :-----: :-----:					
└	**Function Name**	**Visibility**	**Mutability**	**Modifiers**	
Arcstar	Implementation	ERC20, Ownable			
└	<Constructor>	Public	!	●	ERC20
└	<Receive Ether>	External	!	💰	NO !
└	_transfer	Internal	🔒	●	
└	setMarketingWallet	External	!	●	onlyOwner
└	setPairAddr	External	!	●	onlyOwner
└	setExcluded	Public	!	●	onlyOwner
└	removeExcluded	Public	!	●	onlyOwner
└	setSniperFee	Public	!	●	onlyOwner
└	removeSniperFee	Public	!	●	onlyOwner
└	setSellFee	Public	!	●	onlyOwner
└	isExcluded	Public	!		NO !
└	isSniper	Public	!		NO !

Legend

Symbol	Meaning
:-----: :-----:	
●	Function can modify state
💰	Function is payable



STATIC ANALYSIS

```
Arcstar.setSellFee(uint8) (contracts/Token.sol#1033-1036) should emit an event for:
- sellFee = _sellFee (contracts/Token.sol#1035)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-events-arithmetic

Arcstar.constructor(address,address)._pairAddr (contracts/Token.sol#938-941) lacks a zero-check on :
- pairAddr = _pairAddr (contracts/Token.sol#943)
Arcstar.constructor(address,address)._marketingWallet (contracts/Token.sol#932) lacks a zero-check on :
- marketingWallet = _marketingWallet (contracts/Token.sol#944)
Arcstar.setMarketingWallet(address)._address (contracts/Token.sol#987) lacks a zero-check on :
- marketingWallet = _address (contracts/Token.sol#988)
Arcstar.setPairAddr(address)._address (contracts/Token.sol#991) lacks a zero-check on :
- pairAddr = _address (contracts/Token.sol#992)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-zero-address-validation

Different versions of Solidity are used:
- Version used: ['>=0.5.0', '>=0.6.2', '^0.8.17']
- >=0.5.0 (contracts/Token.sol#359)
- >=0.6.2 (contracts/Token.sol#157)
- ^0.8.17 (contracts/Token.sol#8)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#different-pragma-directives-are-used

Context._msgData() (contracts/Token.sol#117-119) is never used and should be removed
ERC20._burn(address,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#701-717) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code

Pragma version^0.8.17 (contracts/Token.sol#8) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.16
Pragma version>=0.6.2 (contracts/Token.sol#157) allows old versions
Pragma version>=0.5.0 (contracts/Token.sol#359) allows old versions
solc-0.8.19 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Function IUniswapV2Router01.WETH() (contracts/Token.sol#162) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Arcstar.setMarketingWallet(address)._address (contracts/Token.sol#987) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Arcstar.setPairAddr(address)._address (contracts/Token.sol#991) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Arcstar.setSniperFee(address[],uint8,uint8)._sellFee (contracts/Token.sol#1009) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Arcstar.setSniperFee(address[],uint8,uint8)._buyFee (contracts/Token.sol#1010) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Arcstar.setSellFee(uint8)._sellFee (contracts/Token.sol#1033) is not in mixedCase
Constant Arcstar.feeLimit (contracts/Token.sol#916) is not in UPPER CASE WITH UNDERSCORES
Constant Arcstar.denominator (contracts/Token.sol#922) is not in UPPER CASE WITH UNDERSCORES
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

Variable IUniswapV2Router01.addLiquidity(address,address,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,uint256).amountADesired (contracts/Token.sol#167) is too similar to IUniswapV2Router01.addLiquidity(address,address,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,uint256).amountBDesired (contracts/Token.sol#168)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#variable-names-too-similar

Arcstar.initialSupply (contracts/Token.sol#914) should be constant
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-constant

Arcstar.router (contracts/Token.sol#925) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
```

Static Analysis

an static analysis of the code were performed using slither. No issues were found



FUNCTIONAL TESTING

1- Adding liquidity (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x85b94ecc70530a8d8f18d2563aa82dc992e17785aeb2f1bf9d43762d48cff9ce>

2- Buying (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x5891fb8f8dccfbd438eb173ebd80222f9d77d1a307a00504fc2fa94ad156479e>

3- Selling (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xec10fedf77180175267d92c395a57200e390e654defa6b25be919260050136b5>

4- Transferring (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x586e6e0d89d1c8af996b36bd67d1ad8f8fedd3f5a95cfe298c7719312d7e1f2a>

2- Buying (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xbcbb9be87c3ede5af8751c346f386c1a441a561243d670fab65a4f60b91d035f>

3- Selling (5% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xca74d2f095119cdcd8547627f85a8c5c09324ce93227f2b21206e93face9f858>

4- Transferring (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xc49f68b53bd02dafe2644b2bfa169ce521338c8adccd80c10c80f2ac16fefee1>

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