



Smart Contract Audit

FOR

DOGE NEW

DATED : 09 Apr 23'



AUDIT SUMMARY

Project name – Doge New

Date: 09 April, 2023

Scope of Audit- Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

Audit Status: **Passed**

Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	0	0	0	0	1
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0



USED TOOLS

Tools:

1- Manual Review:

a line by line code review has been performed by audit ace team.

2- Slither : The code has undergone static analysis using Slither.



Token Information

Token Name : DOGENEW

Token Symbol: DOGENEW

Decimals: 9

Token Supply: 420,000,000,000,000

Token Address:

0xB98ddD096917F9EEF591e69731cca0508De5F470

Checksum:

9bd464a05b50f5537ecc6c166c79d70f55339618

Owner:

0x0c1ED0Be0aA2780600436e51507d45f7523fa460
(at the time of audit)



TOKEN OVERVIEW

Fees:

Buy Fees: up to 25%

Sell Fees: up to 25%

Transfer Fees: up to 25%

Fees Privilege: Owner

Ownership : Owned

Minting: No mint function

Max Tx Amount/ Max Wallet Amount: No

Blacklist: No

Other Privileges: Including and excluding form fee -
changing swap threshold - enabling trades - modifying
fees



AUDIT METHODOLOGY

The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
 - Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
 - Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run the test cases.
 - Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
 - Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.
-

VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ✓ Return values of low-level calls | ✓ Gasless Send |
| ✓ Private modifier | ✓ Using block.timestamp |
| ✓ Multiple Sends | ✓ Re-entrancy |
| ✓ Using Suicide | ✓ Tautology or contradiction |
| ✓ Gas Limitand Loops | ✓ Timestamp Dependence |
| ✓ Address hardcoded | ✓ Revert/require functions |
| ✓ Exception Disorder | ✓ Use of tx.origin |
| ✓ Using inline assembly | ✓ Integer overflow/underflow |
| ✓ Divide before multiply | ✓ Dangerous strict equalities |
| ✓ Missing Zero Address Validation | ✓ Using SHA3 |
| ✓ Compiler version not fixed | ✓ Using throw |
-

CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

Severity

Description

◆ Critical

These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.

◆ High-Risk

A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.

◆ Medium-Risk

A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.

◆ Low-Risk

A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.

◆ Gas Optimization /Suggestion

A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

Findings

Severity

Found

◆ Critical

0

◆ High-Risk

0

◆ Medium-Risk

0

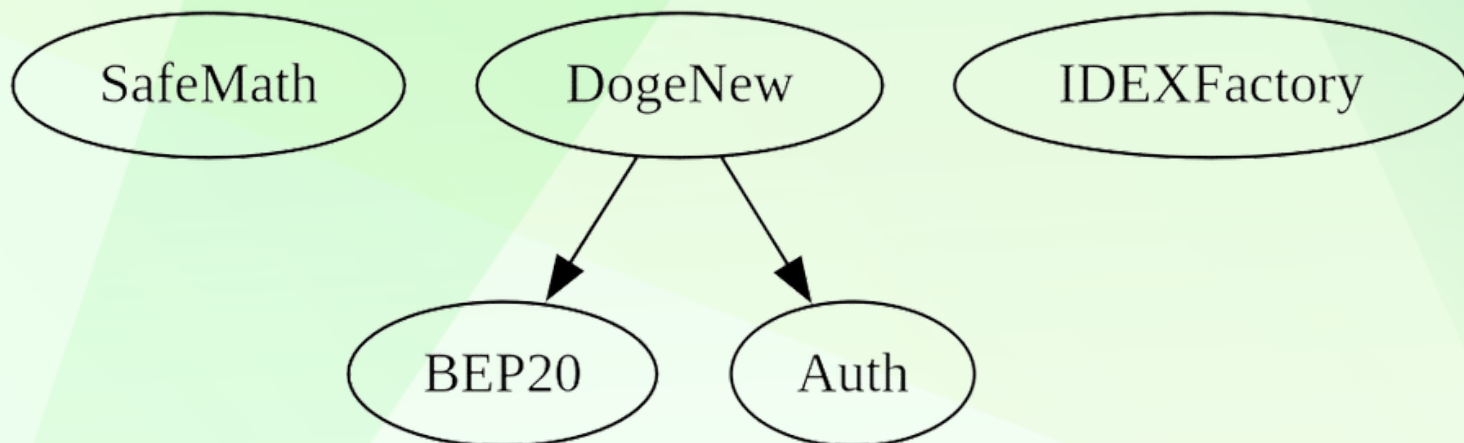
◆ Low-Risk

0

◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestions

1

INHERITANCE TREE



POINTS TO NOTE

- Fees can not be more than 25% for buy/sell/transfers (each one can be up to 25%)
 - Owner is not able to set max buy/sell/transfer/hold amount
 - Owner is not able to blacklist an arbitrary wallet
 - Owner is not able to disable trades
 - Owner is not able to mint new tokens
-



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

Contract	Type	Bases			
:----- :----- :----- :----- :-----					
L	**Function Name**	**Visibility**	**Mutability**	**Modifiers**	
SafeMath Library					
L	add	Internal	🔒		
L	sub	Internal	🔒		
L	sub	Internal	🔒		
L	mul	Internal	🔒		
L	div	Internal	🔒		
L	div	Internal	🔒		
BEP20 Interface					
L	getOwner	External	!		NO !
L	balanceOf	External	!		NO !
L	transfer	External	!	●	NO !
L	allowance	External	!		NO !
L	approve	External	!	●	NO !
L	transferFrom	External	!	●	NO !
Auth Implementation					
L	<Constructor>	Public	!	●	NO !
L	authorize	External	!	●	onlyOwner
L	unauthorize	External	!	●	onlyOwner
L	isOwner	Public	!		NO !
L	isAuthorized	Public	!		NO !
L	transferOwnership	External	!	●	onlyOwner
L	acceptOwnership	External	!	●	NO !
IDEXFactory Interface					
L	createPair	External	!	●	NO !
IDEXRouter Interface					
L	factory	External	!		NO !
L	WETH	External	!		NO !
L	addLiquidityETH	External	!	💰	NO !
L	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	!	●	NO !
DogeNew Implementation BEP20, Auth					
L	<Constructor>	Public	!	●	Auth
L	<Receive Ether>	External	!	💰	NO !
L	getOwner	External	!		NO !
L	allowance	External	!		NO !

CONTRACT ASSESMENT

\perp	setExcludedFromFees	Public !	\bullet	onlyOwner
\perp	approve	Public !	\bullet	NO !
\perp	approveMax	External !	\bullet	NO !
\perp	transfer	External !	\bullet	NO !
\perp	transferFrom	External !	\bullet	NO !
\perp	_transferFrom	Internal \mathfrak{L}	\bullet	
\perp	_basicTransfer	Internal \mathfrak{L}	\bullet	
\perp	takeFee	Internal \mathfrak{L}	\bullet	
\perp	shouldSwapBack	Internal \mathfrak{L}		
\perp	clearStuckBalance	External !	\bullet	onlyOwner
\perp	clearStuckToken	External !	\bullet	onlyOwner
\perp	tradingStatus	External !	\bullet	onlyOwner
\perp	tradingStatus_launchmode	External !	\bullet	onlyOwner
\perp	swapBack	Internal \mathfrak{L}	\bullet	swapping
\perp	setSwapBackSettings	External !	\bullet	onlyOwner

Legend

Symbol	Meaning
\bullet	Function can modify state
\mathfrak{L}	Function is payable



STATIC ANALYSIS

```
Reentrancy in DogeNew.transferFrom(address,address,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#302-332):
  External calls:
    - swapBack() (contracts/Token.sol#316)
    - address(marketingFeeReceiver).transfer(amountBNBMarketing) (contracts/Token.sol#454)
  External calls sending eth:
    - swapBack() (contracts/Token.sol#316)
    - address(marketingFeeReceiver).transfer(amountBNBMarketing) (contracts/Token.sol#454)
    - router.addLiquidityETH(value: amountBNBLiquidity)(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,address(this),block.timestamp) (contracts/Token.sol#457-464)
  State variables written after the call(s):
    - balanceOf[sender] = balanceOf[sender].sub(amount,Insufficient Balance) (contracts/Token.sol#319-322)
    - balanceOf[recipient] = balanceOf[recipient].add(amountReceived) (contracts/Token.sol#328)
    - amountReceived = takeFee(sender,amount,recipient) (contracts/Token.sol#324-326)
    - balanceOf[address(this)] = balanceOf[address(this)].add(feeAmount) (contracts/Token.sol#370)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
    - Transfer(sender,recipient,amountReceived) (contracts/Token.sol#330)
    - Transfer(sender,address(this),feeAmount) (contracts/Token.sol#371)
    - amountReceived = takeFee(sender,amount,recipient) (contracts/Token.sol#324-326)
Reentrancy in DogeNew.clearStuckBalance(uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#385-391):
  External calls:
    - address(msg.sender).transfer(amountToClear) (contracts/Token.sol#389)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
    - BalanceClear(amountToClear) (contracts/Token.sol#390)
Reentrancy in DogeNew.swapBack() (contracts/Token.sol#427-467):
  External calls:
    - address(marketingFeeReceiver).transfer(amountBNBMarketing) (contracts/Token.sol#454)
  External calls sending eth:
    - address(marketingFeeReceiver).transfer(amountBNBMarketing) (contracts/Token.sol#454)
    - router.addLiquidityETH(value: amountBNBLiquidity)(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,address(this),block.timestamp) (contracts/Token.sol#457-464)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
    - AutoLiquify(amountBNBLiquidity,amountToLiquify) (contracts/Token.sol#465)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-4

DogeNew.slitherConstructorConstantVariables() (contracts/Token.sol#191-493) uses literals with too many digits:
  - totalSupply = 4200000000000000000 * 10 ** decimals (contracts/Token.sol#202)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits

DogeNew.DEAD (contracts/Token.sol#195) is never used in DogeNew (contracts/Token.sol#191-493)
DogeNew.ZERO (contracts/Token.sol#196) is never used in DogeNew (contracts/Token.sol#191-493)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-state-variable

DogeNew.buyMultiplier (contracts/Token.sol#215) should be constant
DogeNew.liquidityFee (contracts/Token.sol#209) should be constant
DogeNew.marketingFee (contracts/Token.sol#210) should be constant
DogeNew.marketingFeeReceiver (contracts/Token.sol#218-219) should be constant
DogeNew.sellMultiplier (contracts/Token.sol#214) should be constant
DogeNew.transferMultiplier (contracts/Token.sol#216) should be constant
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-constant

DogeNew.router (contracts/Token.sol#221) should be immutable
DogeNew.totalFee (contracts/Token.sol#211) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
```

Result => A static analysis of contract's source code has been performed using slither,

No major issues were found in the output



FUNCTIONAL TESTING

The contract is a reliable and rigorously pre-audited token, produced by the PinkSale platform. Given that it is a standard token, we have not conducted any additional tests, as the generation process through PinkSale ensures its security and proper functioning.

MANUAL TESTING

Centralization – Excessive fees

Severity: Informational

Function: setLiquidityFeePercent – setCharityFeePercent - setTaxFeePercent

Lines: 1249 – 1260 - 1241

Status: Not Resolved

The owner has the capability to set buy, sell, and transfer fees up to 25% each, resulting in a potential combined tax of 50% for buy and sell transactions if the maximum limit is set for each fee.

```
function setLiquidityFeePercent(
    uint256 liquidityFeeBps
) external onlyOwner {
    _liquidityFee = liquidityFeeBps;
    require(
        _taxFee + _liquidityFee + _charityFee <= MAX_FEE,
        "Total fee is over 25%"
    );
}

function setCharityFeePercent(uint256 charityFeeBps) external onlyOwner {
    _charityFee = charityFeeBps;
    require(
        _taxFee + _liquidityFee + _charityFee <= MAX_FEE,
        "Total fee is over 25%"
    );
}

function setTaxFeePercent(uint256 taxFeeBps) external onlyOwner {
    _taxFee = taxFeeBps;
    require(
        _taxFee + _liquidityFee + _charityFee <= MAX_FEE,
        "Total fee is over 25%"
    );
}
```



MANUAL TESTING

Recommendation:

order to be compliant with PinkSale's SAFU criteria, the total sum of buy and sell fees should not exceed 25%. It is recommended to modify the code to ensure that this requirement is met.





DISCLAIMER

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