



Smart Contract Audit

FOR

D TYRANT

DATED : 13 July 23'

FUNCTIONAL TESTING

Centralization – Enabling Trades

Severity: **High**

function: openTrade

Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

Owner of the contract must enable trades manually for investors, otherwise no one would be able to buy/sell/transfer their tokens.

```
function openTrade() external onlyOwner {  
    isOpen = true;  
}
```

Suggestion

Its suggested to either enable trades prior to presale, or transfer ownership of the contract to a certified pinsale safu developer to guearantee enabling of trades.

FUNCTIONAL TESTING

Centralization – Maximum transfer/buy/sell

Severity: **High**

function: `_transferTokens`

Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

only owner is able to bypass this limitation. This may cause problems if e.g. presale address has to send more tokens than maximum tx

```
function _transferTokens(address from, address to, uint256 amount) internal virtual {  
    if (from != owner() && to != owner()) {  
        require(amount <= _maxTxAmount, "Exceeds Max Tx Amount");  
    }  
    _transfer(from, to, amount);  
}
```

Suggestion

Its suggested to allow whitelisted wallets to bypass this limitation, this ensures that users wont have any problem claiming their tokens at time of presale.



AUDIT SUMMARY

Project name – D TYRANT

Date: 13 July, 2023

Scope of Audit- Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

Audit Status: **Passed with High Risk**

Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	0	2	0	0	0
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0

USED TOOLS

Tools:

1- Manual Review:

A line by line code review has been performed by audit ace team.

2- BSC Test Network: All tests were conducted on the BSC Test network, and each test has a corresponding transaction attached to it. These tests can be found in the "Functional Tests" section of the report.

3- Slither :

The code has undergone static analysis using Slither.

Testnet version:

The tests were performed using the contract deployed on the BSC Testnet, which can be found at the following address:

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/token/0x680ABEb02778dD58CEf158EB929Ab37E62fec502>



Token Information

Token Name : DRAGON TYRANT

Token Symbol: D TYRANT

Decimals: 18

Token Supply: 66,666,666

Token Address:

0xc0E035e38CCdC305325aD90c0B124e364391816f

Checksum:

fa17c9f5736affaf74cb2b9343cf49e4888f335b

Owner:

0xDCCc27e1D9355651Bff0b9B1656D0C21cADd30E4
(at time of writing the audit)

Deployer:

0xDCCc27e1D9355651Bff0b9B1656D0C21cADd30E4



TOKEN OVERVIEW

Fees:

Buy Fees: 0%

Sell Fees: 0%

Transfer Fees: 0%

Fees Privilege: No Fees

Ownership: owned

Minting: none

Max Tx Amount/ Max Wallet Amount: No

Blacklist: No

Other Privileges: - Initial distribution of the tokens
- enabling trades

AUDIT METHODOLOGY

The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
 - Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
 - Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run the test cases.
 - Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
 - Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.
-



VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ✓ Return values of low-level calls | ✓ Gasless Send |
| ✓ Private modifier | ✓ Using block.timestamp |
| ✓ Multiple Sends | ✓ Re-entrancy |
| ✓ Using Suicide | ✓ Tautology or contradiction |
| ✓ Gas Limitand Loops | ✓ Timestamp Dependence |
| ✓ Address hardcoded | ✓ Revert/require functions |
| ✓ Exception Disorder | ✓ Use of tx.origin |
| ✓ Using inline assembly | ✓ Integer overflow/underflow |
| ✓ Divide before multiply | ✓ Dangerous strict equalities |
| ✓ Missing Zero Address Validation | ✓ Using SHA3 |
| ✓ Compiler version not fixed | ✓ Using throw |
-

CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

Severity

Description

◆ Critical	These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
◆ High-Risk	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.
◆ Medium-Risk	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.
◆ Low-Risk	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestion	A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

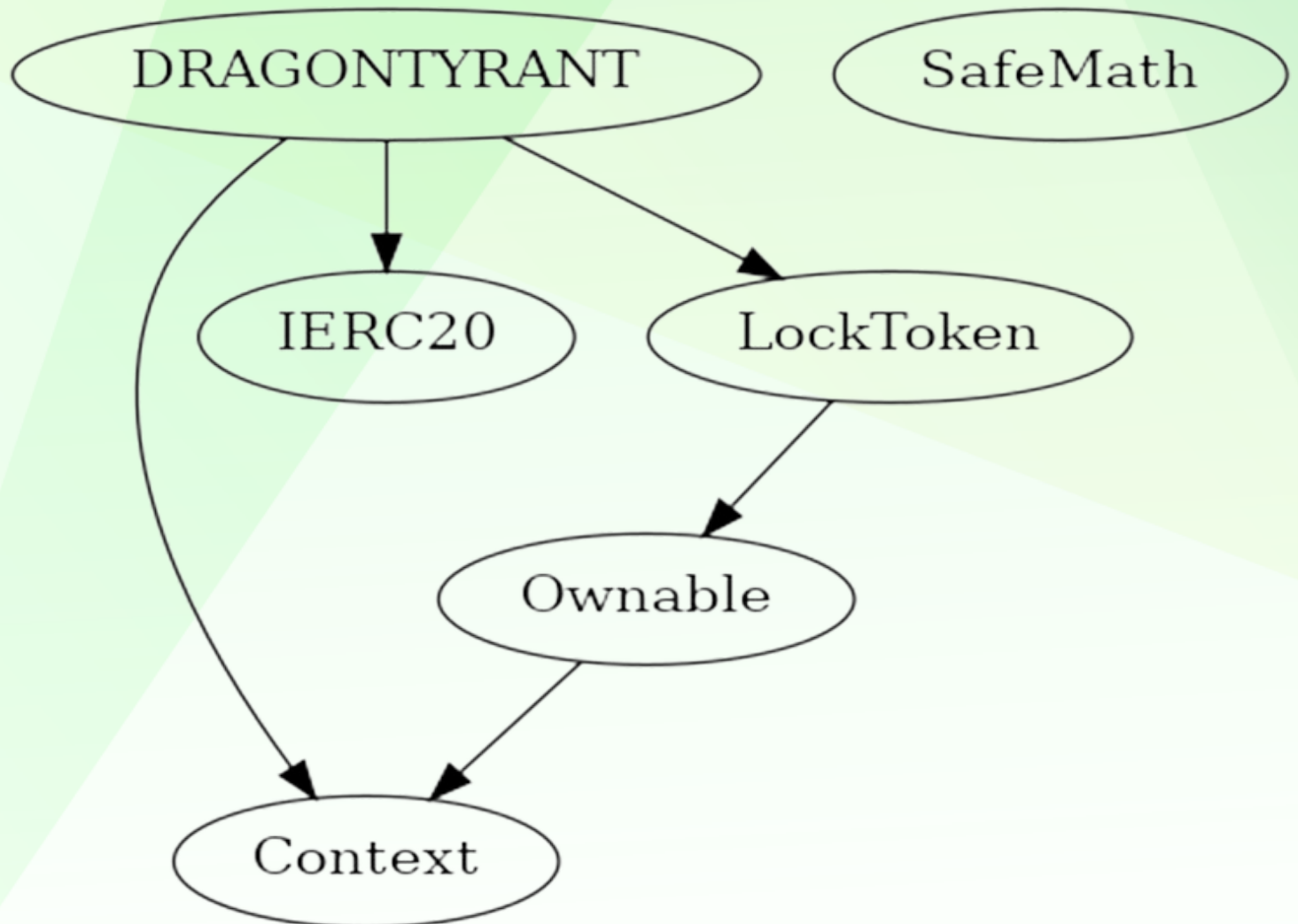
Findings

Severity

Found

◆ Critical	0
◆ High-Risk	2
◆ Medium-Risk	0
◆ Low-Risk	0
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestions	0

INHERITANCE TREE



POINTS TO NOTE

- Owner is able to set fees (static 0% fees)
 - Owner is not able to blacklist an arbitrary address.
 - Owner is not able to disable trades
 - Owner is not able to limit buy/sell/transfer/wallet amounts
 - Owner is not able to mint new tokens
 - **Owner must enable trades manually**
 - **there is a 4% max buy/sell/transfer**
-



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

Contract	Type	Bases			
:----- :----- :----- :----- :-----					
L	**Function Name**	**Visibility**	**Mutability**	**Modifiers**	
	Context	Implementation			
L	_msgSender	Internal	🔒		
L	_msgData	Internal	🔒		
	Ownable	Implementation	Context		
L	<Constructor>	Public	!	●	NO !
L	owner	Public	!	NO !	
L	renounceOwnership	Public	!	●	onlyOwner
L	transferOwnership	Public	!	●	onlyOwner
	IERC20	Interface			
L	totalSupply	External	!	NO !	
L	balanceOf	External	!	NO !	
L	transfer	External	!	●	NO !
L	allowance	External	!	NO !	
L	approve	External	!	●	NO !
L	transferFrom	External	!	●	NO !
	SafeMath	Library			
L	tryAdd	Internal	🔒		
L	trySub	Internal	🔒		
L	tryMul	Internal	🔒		
L	tryDiv	Internal	🔒		
L	tryMod	Internal	🔒		
L	add	Internal	🔒		
L	sub	Internal	🔒		
L	mul	Internal	🔒		
L	div	Internal	🔒		
L	mod	Internal	🔒		
L	sub	Internal	🔒		
L	div	Internal	🔒		
L	mod	Internal	🔒		
	LockToken	Implementation	Ownable		
L	<Constructor>	Public	!	●	NO !
L	openTrade	External	!	●	onlyOwner
L	includeToWhiteList	External	!	●	onlyOwner
	DRAGONTYRANT	Implementation	Context, IERC20, LockToken		
L	<Constructor>	Public	!	●	NO !



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

	└		name		Public	!			NO	!	
	└		symbol		Public	!			NO	!	
	└		decimals		Public	!			NO	!	
	└		totalSupply		Public	!			NO	!	
	└		balanceOf		Public	!			NO	!	
	└		transfer		Public	!		●	NO	!	
	└		allowance		Public	!			NO	!	
	└		approve		Public	!		●	NO	!	
	└		transferFrom		Public	!		●	NO	!	
	└		increaseAllowance		Public	!		●	NO	!	
	└		decreaseAllowance		Public	!		●	NO	!	
	└		_transferTokens		Internal	🔒		●			
	└		_transfer		Internal	🔒		●	open		
	└		_mint		Internal	🔒		●			
	└		_approve		Internal	🔒		●			

Legend

	Symbol		Meaning	
	:		:	
	●		Function can modify state	
	💰		Function is payable	



STATIC ANALYSIS

```
DRAGONTYRANT.allowance(address,address).owner (contracts/Token.sol#209) shadows:
- Ownable.owner() (contracts/Token.sol#31-33) (function)
DRAGONTYRANT._approve(address,address,uint256).owner (contracts/Token.sol#264) shadows:
- Ownable.owner() (contracts/Token.sol#31-33) (function)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#local-variable-shadowing

Context._msgData() (contracts/Token.sol#13-16) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.div(uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#111-114) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.div(uint256,uint256,string) (contracts/Token.sol#126-129) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.mod(uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#116-119) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.mod(uint256,uint256,string) (contracts/Token.sol#131-134) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.mul(uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#104-109) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.sub(uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#99-102) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.tryAdd(uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#65-69) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.tryDiv(uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#83-86) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.tryMod(uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#88-91) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.tryMul(uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#76-81) is never used and should be removed
SafeMath.trySub(uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#71-74) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code

Pragma version^0.8.17 (contracts/Token.sol#6) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.16
solc-0.8.20 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Parameter LockToken.includeToWhiteList(address[])._users (contracts/Token.sol#154) is not in mixedCase
Variable DRAGONTYRANT._maxTxAmount (contracts/Token.sol#172) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

Redundant expression "this (contracts/Token.sol#14)" inContext (contracts/Token.sol#8-17)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#redundant-statements

DRAGONTYRANT._decimals (contracts/Token.sol#170) should be immutable
DRAGONTYRANT._maxTxAmount (contracts/Token.sol#172) should be immutable
DRAGONTYRANT._name (contracts/Token.sol#168) should be immutable
DRAGONTYRANT._symbol (contracts/Token.sol#169) should be immutable
DRAGONTYRANT.marketingAddress (contracts/Token.sol#171) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
```

Result => A static analysis of contract's source code has been performed using slither,

No major issues were found in the output



FUNCTIONAL TESTING

Router (PCS V2):

0xD99D1c33F9fC3444f8101754aBC46c52416550D1

1- Adding liquidity (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x4f1f4d26c3ff0bbb915c22af5c993ed5d4d7d9e65875c09b17f3f7360f7c569b>

2- Buying (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x4f1f4d26c3ff0bbb915c22af5c993ed5d4d7d9e65875c09b17f3f7360f7c569b>

3- Selling (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x62d3e4034b80c8458521ab40b05740531546880d8ade20f21ea41dcb3907d96e>

4- Transferring (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x30f3104688ab915d59df8368834adc6473c5513a1ef5be17074e89cb250cee9b>

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