



Smart Contract Audit

FOR

Decentratoool

DATED : 6 MAY 23'



AUDIT SUMMARY

Project name – Decentratool

Date: 6 May, 2023

Scope of Audit- Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

Audit Status: **Passed**

Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	0	0	0	0	1
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	1	0	0	0

USED TOOLS

Tools:

1. Manual Review: The code has undergone a line-by-line review by the **Ace** team.

2. BSC Test Network: All tests were conducted on the BSC Test network, and each test has a corresponding transaction attached to it. These tests can be found in the "Functional Tests" section of the report.

3. Slither: The code has undergone static analysis using Slither.



Token Information

Name : Decentratool

Symbol : DTOOLS

Decimals: 18

Network: Binance smart chain

Token Type: BEP20

Token Address :

0x25acE7DC3c24ef631B5b4e0B56783562a3D54517

Owner:

0xc8a3323975d80b8C6EfDbb9DbfbF42471aF86fCB

Deployer:

0xc8a3323975d80b8C6EfDbb9DbfbF42471aF86fCB



Token Information

Fees:

Buy Fees: Up to 8%

Sell Fees: Up to 8%

Transfer Fees: Up to 8%

Fees Privilege: Owner

Ownership : Owned

Minting: None

Max Tx Amount/ Max Wallet Amount: Yes

Blacklist: No

Other Privileges: Including or excluding from fees -
changing swap threshold - enabling /disabling tax



AUDIT METHODOLOGY

The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
 - Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
 - Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run the test cases.
 - Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
 - Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.
-



VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ✓ Return values of low-level calls | ✓ Gasless Send |
| ✓ Private modifier | ✓ Using block.timestamp |
| ✓ Multiple Sends | ✓ Re-entrancy |
| ✓ Using Suicide | ✓ Tautology or contradiction |
| ✓ Gas Limitand Loops | ✓ Timestamp Dependence |
| ✓ Address hardcoded | ✓ Revert/require functions |
| ✓ Exception Disorder | ✓ Use of tx.origin |
| ✓ Using inline assembly | ✓ Integer overflow/underflow |
| ✓ Divide before multiply | ✓ Dangerous strict equalities |
| ✓ Missing Zero Address Validation | ✓ Using SHA3 |
| ✓ Compiler version not fixed | ✓ Using throw |
-



CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

Severity

Description

◆ Critical	These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
◆ High-Risk	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.
◆ Medium-Risk	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.
◆ Low-Risk	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestion	A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

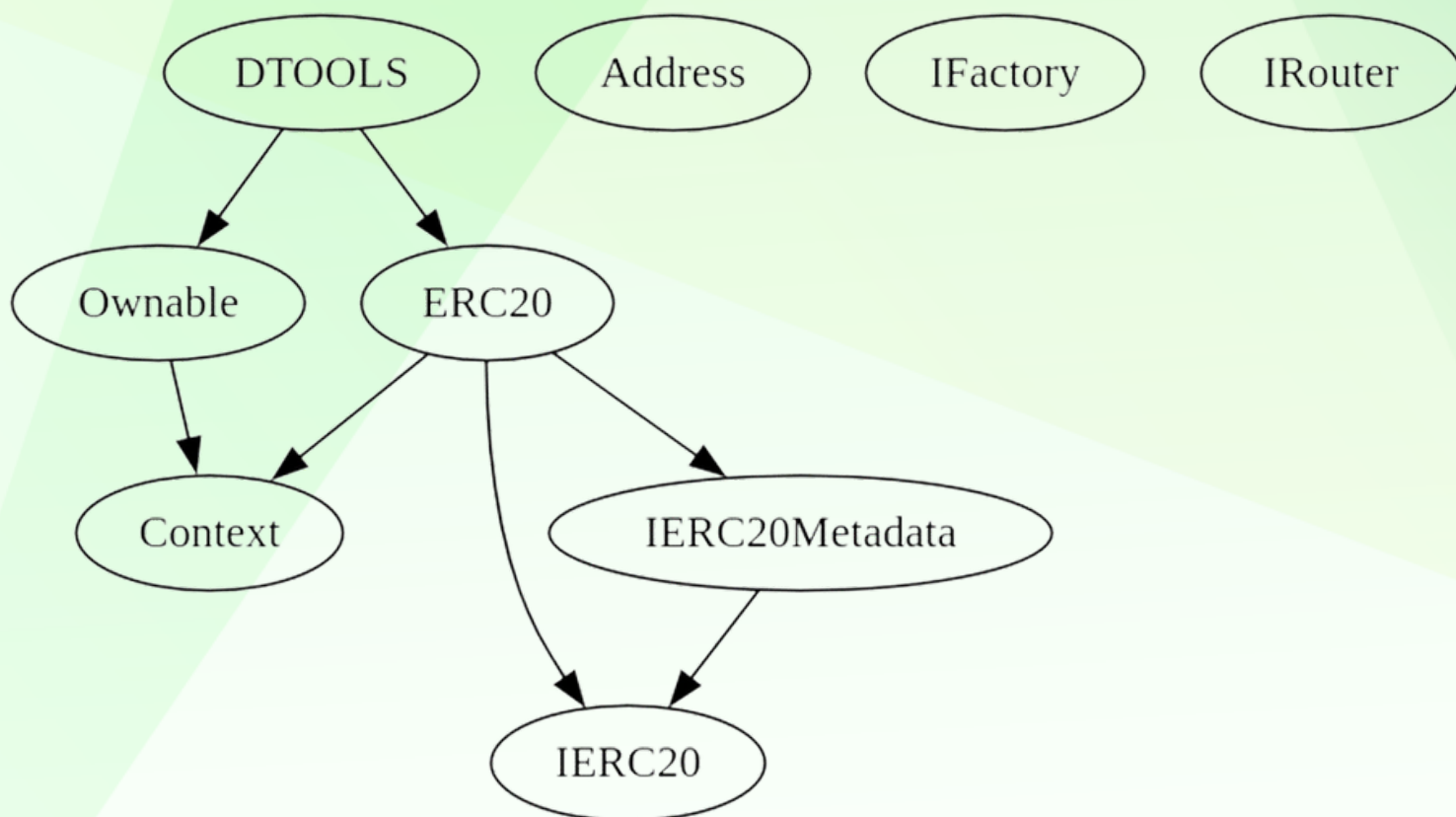
Findings

Severity

Found

◆ Critical	0
◆ High-Risk	1
◆ Medium-Risk	0
◆ Low-Risk	0
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestions	1

INHERITANCE TREE



POINTS TO NOTE

- Owner is not able to set set buy/sell/transfer tax more than 8% each
 - Owner is not able to set a max buy/transfer/wallet/sell amount
 - Owner is not able to blacklist an arbitrary wallet
 - Owner is not able to disable trades
 - Owner is not able to mint new tokens
 - Owner must enable trades for holders to be able to trade
-



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

Contract	Type	Bases			
└	**Function Name**	**Visibility**	**Mutability**	**Modifiers**	

Context | Implementation | |||

└ _msgSender | Internal 🔒 | |

└ _msgData | Internal 🔒 | |

|||||

IERC20 | Interface | |||

└ totalSupply | External ! | NO ! |

└ balanceOf | External ! | NO ! |

└ transfer | External ! | ● NO ! |

└ allowance | External ! | NO ! |

└ approve | External ! | ● NO ! |

└ transferFrom | External ! | ● NO ! |

|||||

IERC20Metadata | Interface | IERC20 |||

└ name | External ! | NO ! |

└ symbol | External ! | NO ! |

└ decimals | External ! | NO ! |

|||||

ERC20 | Implementation | Context, IERC20, IERC20Metadata |||

└ <Constructor> | Public ! | ● NO ! |

└ name | Public ! | NO ! |

└ symbol | Public ! | NO ! |

└ decimals | Public ! | NO ! |

└ totalSupply | Public ! | NO ! |

└ balanceOf | Public ! | NO ! |

└ transfer | Public ! | ● NO ! |

└ allowance | Public ! | NO ! |

└ approve | Public ! | ● NO ! |

└ transferFrom | Public ! | ● NO ! |

└ increaseAllowance | Public ! | ● NO ! |

└ decreaseAllowance | Public ! | ● NO ! |

└ _transfer | Internal 🔒 | ● |

└ _tokengeneration | Internal 🔒 | ● |

└ _approve | Internal 🔒 | ● |

|||||

Address | Library | |||

└ sendValue | Internal 🔒 | ● |

|||||

Ownable | Implementation | Context |||

└ <Constructor> | Public ! | ● NO ! |

CONTRACT ASSESMENT

```



└ owner | Public ! | |NO ! |
└ renounceOwnership | Public ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ transferOwnership | Public ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ _setOwner | Private 🔒 | ● | |
||||
**IFactory** | Interface | ||
└ createPair | External ! | ● |NO ! |
||||
**IRouter** | Interface | ||
└ factory | External ! | |NO ! |
└ WETH | External ! | |NO ! |
└ addLiquidityETH | External ! | 💰 |NO ! |
└ swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External ! | ● |NO ! |
||||
**DTOOLS** | Implementation | ERC20, Ownable |||
└ <Constructor> | Public ! | ● | ERC20 |
└ approve | Public ! | ● |NO ! |
└ transferFrom | Public ! | ● |NO ! |
└ increaseAllowance | Public ! | ● |NO ! |
└ decreaseAllowance | Public ! | ● |NO ! |
└ transfer | Public ! | ● |NO ! |
└ _transfer | Internal 🔒 | ● | |
└ Liquify | Private 🔒 | ● | lockTheSwap |
└ swapTokensForETH | Private 🔒 | ● | |
└ addLiquidity | Private 🔒 | ● | |
└ updateLiquidityProvide | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ updateLiquidityTreshhold | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ EnableTrading | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ UpdateZeroBuyTax | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ UpdateZeroSellTax | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ SetBuyTax | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ SetSellTax | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ UpdateTxTax | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ updatedeadline | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ updateMarketingWallet | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ updateDevWallet | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ updateExemptFee | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ bulkExemptFee | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ rescueBNB | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ rescueBEP20 | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
└ <Receive Ether> | External ! | 💰 |NO ! |

```



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

Legend

Symbol	Meaning
:-----: -----	
	Function can modify state
	Function is payable



STATIC ANALYSIS

```
Reentrancy in DT00LS.transferFrom(address,address,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#502-516):
  External calls:
    - _transfer(sender,recipient,amount) (contracts/Token.sol#507)
      - router.addLiquidityETH(value: ethAmount){address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,deadWallet,block.timestamp) (contracts/Token.sol#677-684)
      - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}{} (contracts/Token.sol#352)
      - router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(tokenAmount,0,path,address(this),block.timestamp) (contracts/Token.sol#663-669)
      - address(marketingWallet).sendValue(marketingAmt) (contracts/Token.sol#644)
      - address(devWallet).sendValue(devAmt) (contracts/Token.sol#649)
  External calls sending eth:
    - _transfer(sender,recipient,amount) (contracts/Token.sol#507)
      - router.addLiquidityETH(value: ethAmount){address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,deadWallet,block.timestamp) (contracts/Token.sol#677-684)
      - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}{} (contracts/Token.sol#352)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
    - Approval(owner,spender,amount) (contracts/Token.sol#341)
    - _approve(sender, _msgSender(),currentAllowance - amount) (contracts/Token.sol#513)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-3

Context._msgData() (contracts/Token.sol#22-25) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code

Pragma version^0.8.17 (contracts/Token.sol#15) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.16
solc-0.8.19 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Low level call in Address.sendValue(address,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#346-357):
  - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}{} (contracts/Token.sol#352)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

Variable ERC20_balances (contracts/Token.sol#78) is not in mixedCase
Variable ERC20_allowances (contracts/Token.sol#80) is not in mixedCase
Function IRouter.WETH() (contracts/Token.sol#410) is not in mixedCase
Function DT00LS.Liquify(uint256,DT00LS.Taxes) (contracts/Token.sol#608-652) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DT00LS.updateLiquidityTreshhold(uint256).new amount (contracts/Token.sol#691) is not in mixedCase
Function DT00LS.EnableTrading() (contracts/Token.sol#703-708) is not in mixedCase
Function DT00LS.UpdateZeroBuyTax() (contracts/Token.sol#710-712) is not in mixedCase
Function DT00LS.UpdateZeroSellTax() (contracts/Token.sol#714-716) is not in mixedCase
Function DT00LS.SetBuyTax() (contracts/Token.sol#718-720) is not in mixedCase
Function DT00LS.SetSellTax() (contracts/Token.sol#722-724) is not in mixedCase
Function DT00LS.UpdateTxTax() (contracts/Token.sol#726-729) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DT00LS.updatedeadline(uint256).deadline (contracts/Token.sol#731) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DT00LS.updateExemptFee(address,bool).address (contracts/Token.sol#747) is not in mixedCase
Variable DT00LS.genesis block (contracts/Token.sol#445) is not in mixedCase
Constant DT00LS.deadWallet (contracts/Token.sol#451-452) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

Redundant expression "this (contracts/Token.sol#23)" inContext (contracts/Token.sol#17-26)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#redundant-statements

DT00LS.launchtax (contracts/Token.sol#447) should be constant
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-constant

DT00LS.pair (contracts/Token.sol#437) should be immutable
DT00LS.router (contracts/Token.sol#436) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
```



FUNCTIONAL TESTING

1- Adding liquidity (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x06f0595856f96f37d74fbf983d1d6f8e6a345ed721c183d66db3b31ac78caa18>

2- Buying when excluded (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x312b35411187e615e3ddd941993644b1e5c84be2fc5bba68abc0cc476276ba9e>

3- Selling when excluded (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xa83c23ad9ecb9391f1e84f584d20ec79008c5d25c66c452d6a50379f12825b2f>

4- Transferring when excluded from fees (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x5d702163c5b9a207a280e1653d9b4c57a52b1a68133e9798edc3337f3982deb1>

5- Buying when not excluded from fees (upto 8% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x6d9bf06582e5f5c2566c15c042967a053699bd4ffb79585180a572d1d48f418d>

6- Selling when not excluded from fees (upto 8% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xe2cb8473162071bdf06b9c23d949fb63424e7a7a08433975be1db469316b6339>

7- Transferring when not excluded from fees (upto 8% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xffaf7bb46f785bd3bfbcd0ec99d9004a86d1dbdce2061bec16e5753a635bd14>



FUNCTIONAL TESTING

7- Internal swap (fee wallets received BNB) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x980d0c76baeac720e610054939211d3a15ec98b8>

FUNCTIONAL TESTING

Centralization – Trades must be enabled

Severity: **High**

function: EnableTrading

Status: Resolved (Contract is owned by Pinksale safu developer)

Overview:

The smart contract owner must enable trades for holders. If trading remain disabled, no one would be able to buy/sell/transfer tokens.

```
function EnableTrading() external onlyOwner {  
    require(!tradingEnabled, "Cannot re-enable trading");  
    tradingEnabled = true;  
    providingLiquidity = true;  
    genesis_block = block.number;  
}
```

Suggestion

To mitigate this centralization issue, we propose the following options:

1. Renounce Ownership: Consider relinquishing control of the smart contract by renouncing ownership. This would remove the ability for a single entity to manipulate the router, reducing centralization risks.
 2. Multi-signature Wallet: Transfer ownership to a multi-signature wallet. This would require multiple approvals for any changes to the mainRouter, adding an additional layer of security and reducing the centralization risk.
 3. Transfer ownership to a trusted and valid 3rd party in order to guarantee enabling of the trades **(applied)**
-



FUNCTIONAL TESTING

Informational – Redundant code

Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

Auto-liquidity feature of the contract is never used (0% liquidity tax) hence its suggested to remove auto-liquidity code.



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