



# Artificial & Computational Intelligence DSECSZG557

M5: Probabilistic Representation and Reasoning

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# **BITS** Pilani

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# **Course Plan**

M1	Introduction to Al
M2	Problem Solving Agent using Search
M3	Game Playing
M4	Knowledge Representation using Logics
M5	Probabilistic Representation and Reasoning
M6	Reasoning over time
M7	Ethics in Al

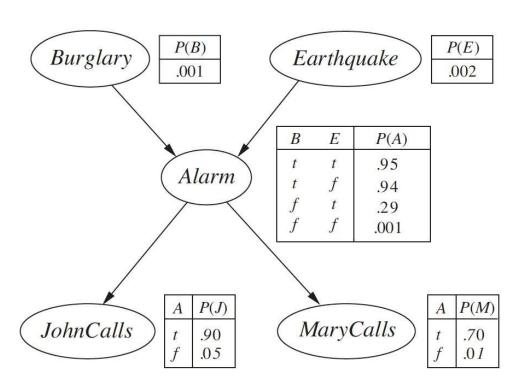
# Inferences in Bayesian Nets

Enumeration

### **Examples**

innovate achieve lead

What is the probability that Burglary happened given John & Mary called the police



$$P(B | J,M) = \frac{P(B, J, M)}{P(J, M)}$$

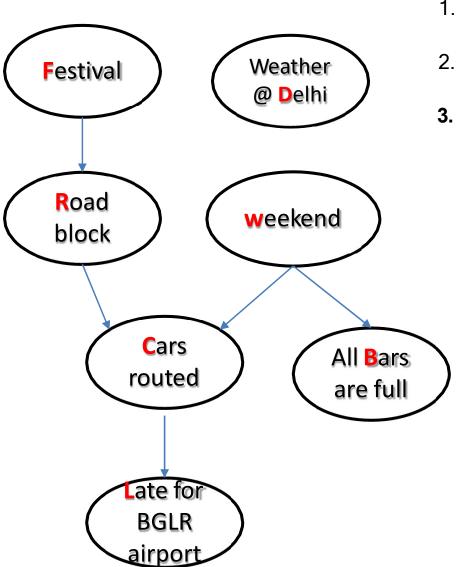
$$P(B | J,M) = \frac{\sum_{A, E} P(J, M, A, B, E)}{\sum_{A, B, E} P(J, M, A, B, E)}$$

# Inferences in Bayesian Nets

Variable Elimination Reduce Guaranteed Independent nodes

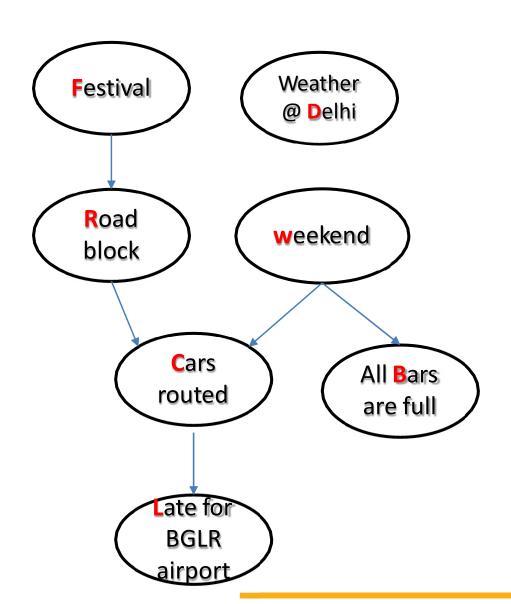


### **D-Connectedness Vs D-Separation**



- 1. Each variable is conditionally independent of its nondescendants, given its parents
- 2. Eliminate the hidden variables that is neither a query nor an evidence
- 3. Two variables are d-separated if they are conditionally independent given evidences

# **Try it & Test**

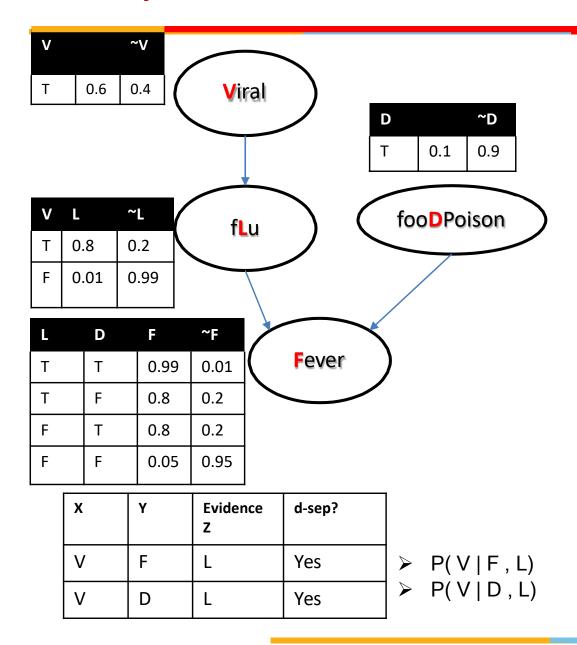


Х	Y	Evidence Z	d-sep?
F	W	С	No
L	W	R	No
R	L	С	Yes
В	R	С	No

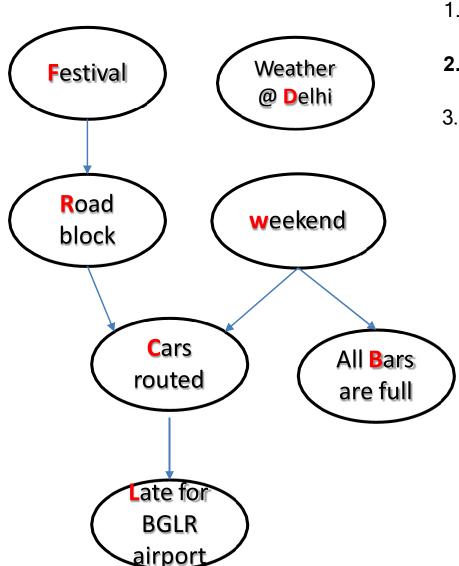
 $\rightarrow$  P(R|L,C) = P(R|L)

R & L are d-separated ie., conditionally independent given C

# **D-Separation in Inference**



#### **Variable Elimination**



- 1. Each variable is conditionally independent of its nondescendants, given its parents
- 2. Eliminate the hidden variables that is neither a query nor evidence
- 3. Two variables are d-separated if they are conditionally independent given evidences

> 
$$P(B) = \sum_{L, B, W, R, F} P(L, C, B, W, R, F)$$
  
=  $\sum_{L} \sum_{B} P(L|C) \cdot P(B|W) \cdot \sum_{W} P(C|W, R) \cdot \sum_{R} P(R|F) \cdot \sum_{F} P(F)$   
=  $P(B|W)$ 

All other variables are hidden w.r.t to B as (L, C, R, F) are neither evidence nor query nor (L, C, R, F)  $\in$  Ancestors(W, B)

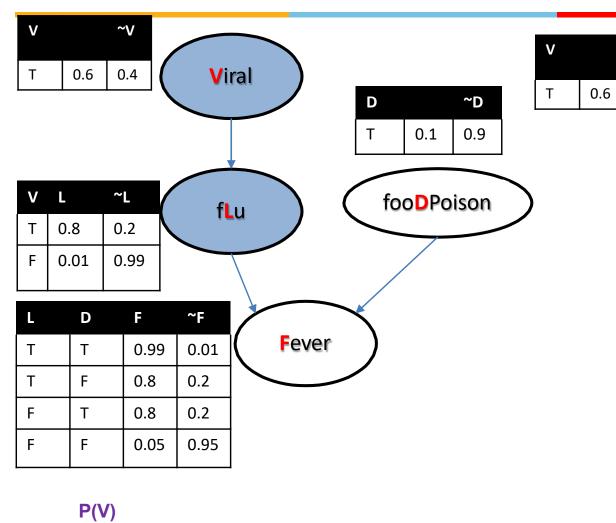
This is variable elimination example targeting irrelevant nodes

#### Inference

#### **Variable Elimination: V**

~V

0.4



V	L	<b>~</b> L
Т	0.8	0.2
F	0.01	0.99

V	L	
T	T	0.48
T	F	0.12
F	T	0.004
F	F	0.396

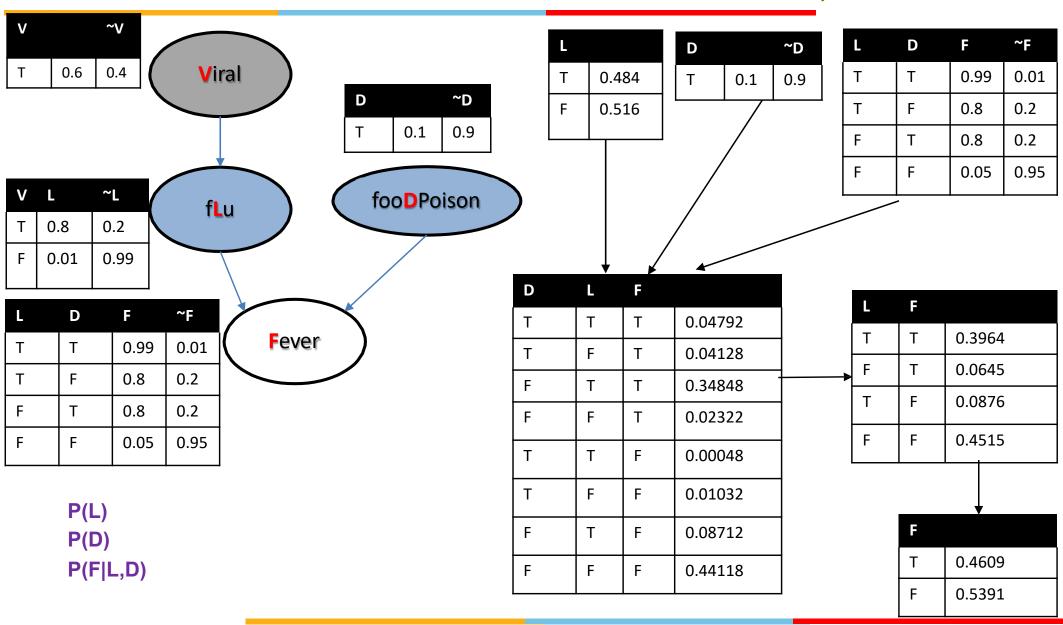
L	
Т	0.484
F	0.516

P(V) P(L|V) P(D)

P(F|L,D)

#### **Inference**

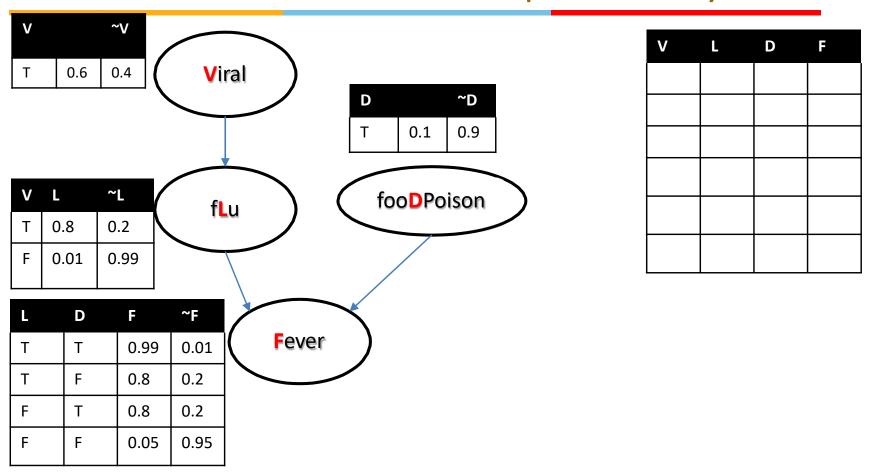
#### Variable Elimination: L,D



# Approximate Inferences in Bayesian Nets Introduction

### **Prior Sampling**

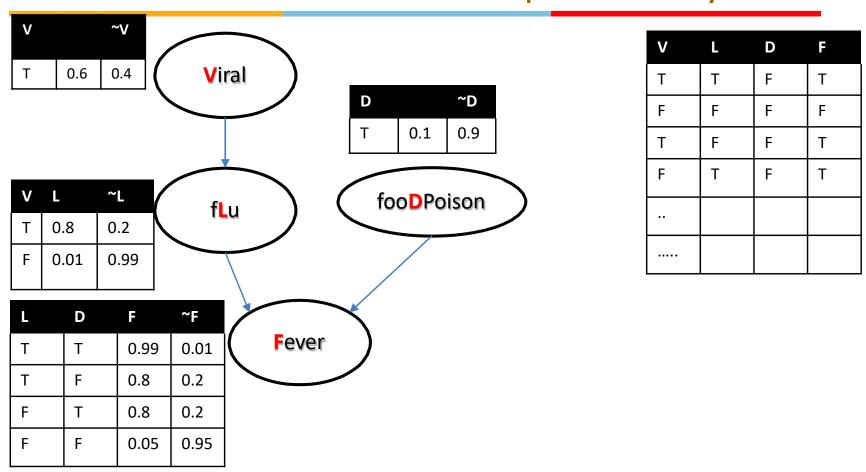
#### **Sample Generation by Randomization**



0.3, 0.2, 0.6, 0.58, 0.73, 0.87, 0.15, 0.6, 0.57, 0.85, 0.12, 0.004, 0.93, 0.0002, 0.9, 0.55...

### **Prior Sampling**

#### **Sample Generation by Randomization**



0.3, 0.2, 0.6, 0.58, 0.73, 0.87, 0.15, 0.6, 0.57, 0.85, 0.12, 0.004, 0.93, 0.0002, 0.9, 0.55......

# **Prior Sampling**

#### **Inference**

F

Τ

F

Τ

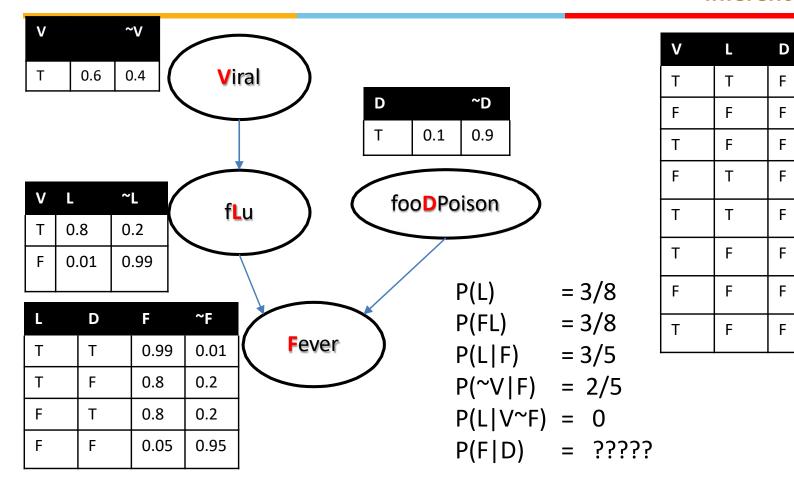
Τ

Т

F

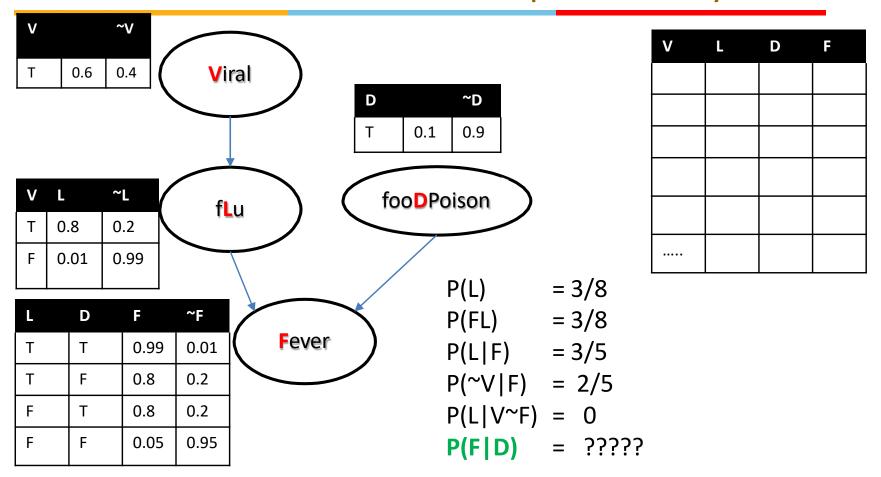
Τ

F



# **Rejection Sampling**

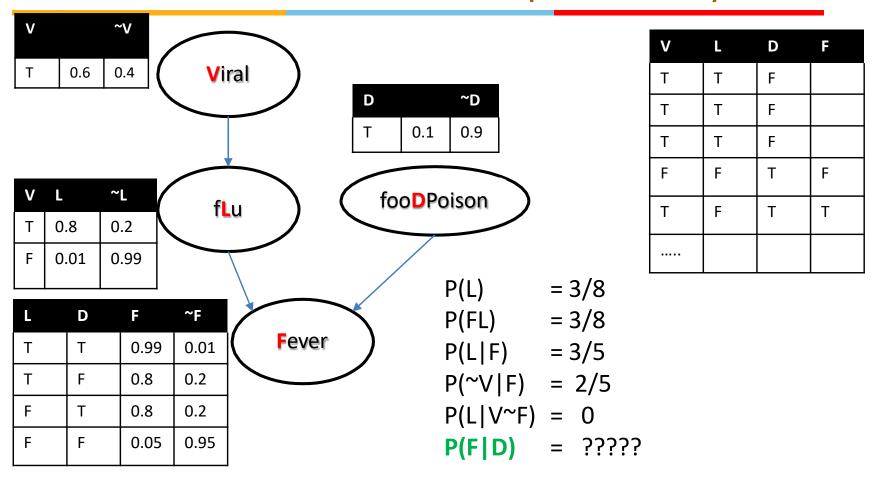
#### **Sample Generation by Randomization**



0.3, 0.2, 0.6, 0.58, 0.73, 0.87, 0.15, 0.6, 0.57, 0.85, 0.12, 0.004, 0.93, 0.0002, 0.9, 0.555, 0.38...

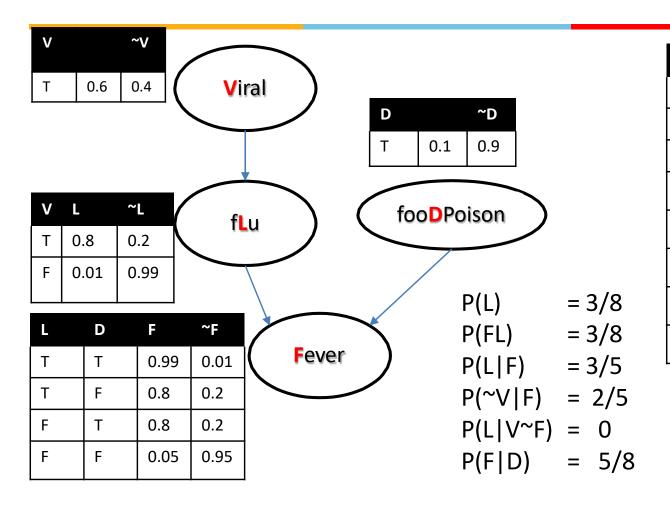
### **Rejection Sampling**

#### **Sample Generation by Randomization**



0.3, 0.2, 0.6, 0.58, 0.73, 0.87, 0.15, 0.6, 0.57, 0.85, 0.12, 0.004, 0.93, 0.0002, 0.9, 0.555, 0.38...

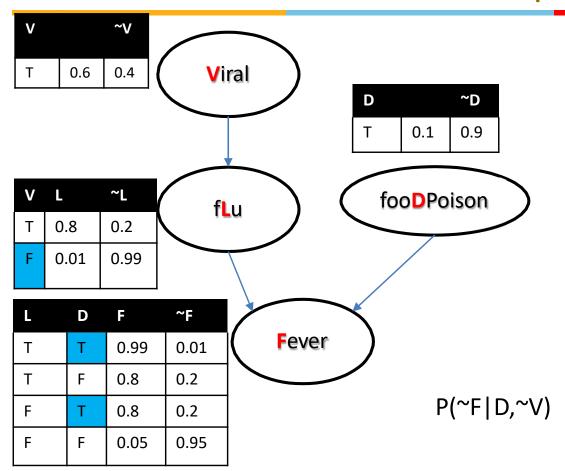
# **Rejection Sampling**



V	L	D	F
Т	Т	Т	Т
F	F	T	F
Т	F	Т	Т
F	T	T	Т
Т	Т	Т	Т
Т	F	Т	F
F	F	Т	Т
Т	F	Т	F

### **Likelihood Weighing**

#### **Sample Generation by Randomization**

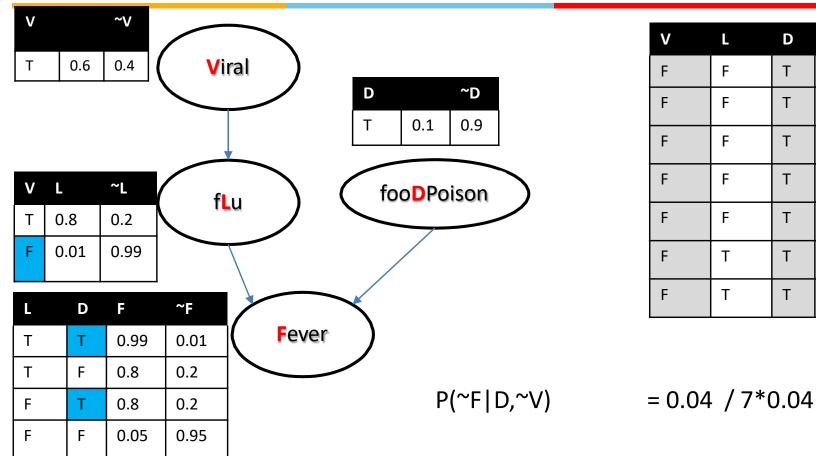


V	L	D	F	wgt
F		Т		
F		Т		
F		Т		
F		Т		
F		Т		
F		Т		
F		Т		

0.3, 0.2, 0.58, 0.73, 0.87, 0.15, 0.6, 0.57, 0.85, 0.12, 0.004, 0.93, 0.0002, 0.99,,........

# **Likelihood Weighing**

#### **Sample Generation by Randomization**



V	L	D	F	wgt
F	F	Т	Т	0.4*1* 0.1 *1=
F	F	Т	Т	
F	F	Т	Т	
F	F	Т	Т	
F	F	Т	Т	
F	Т	Т	Т	
F	Т	Т	F	

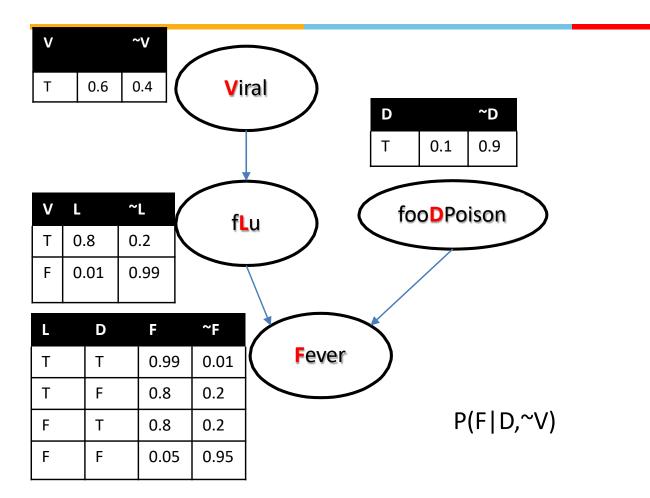
$$= 0.04 / 7*0.04$$

0.3, 0.2, 0.58, 0.73, 0.87, 0.15, 0.6, 0.57, 0.85, 0.12, 0.004, 0.93, 0.0002, 0.99,,........



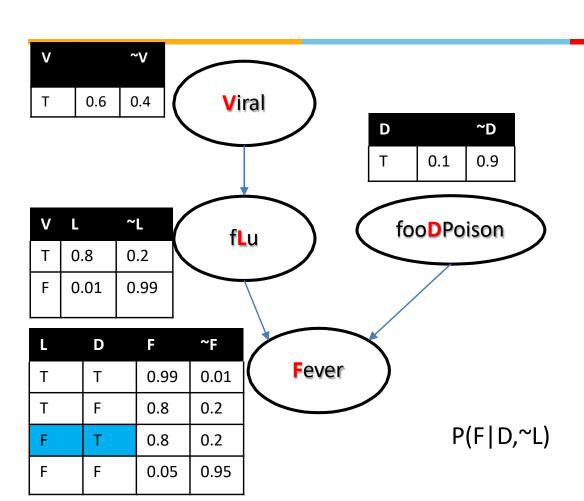
lead

# **Likelihood Weighing**



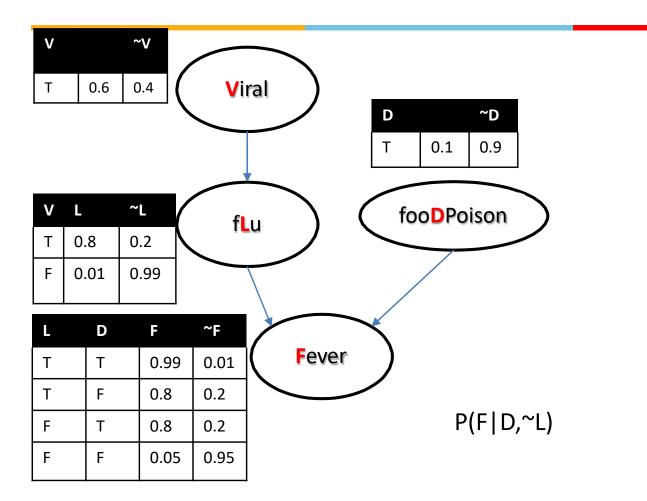
V	L	D	F	wgt
F	F	Т	F	0.4*1* 0.1 *1=
F	Т	Т	Т	0.4*1* 0.1 *1=
F	F	Т	Т	0.4*1* 0.1 *1=
F	F	Т	F	0.4*1* 0.1 *1=

# **Likelihood Weighing**



V	L	D	F	wgt
F	F	Т	F	
F	F	Т	Т	
F	F	Т	Т	
Т	F	Т	F	

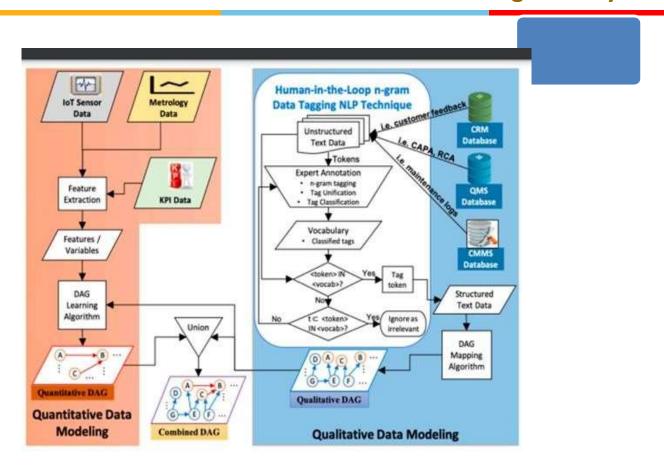
# **Likelihood Weighing**



V	L	D	F	wgt
F	F	Т	F	1*0.99* 0.1 *1=
F	F	Т	Т	1*0.99* 0.1 *1=
F	F	Т	Т	1*0.99* 0.1 *1=
Т	F	Т	F	1*0.2* 0.1 *1=

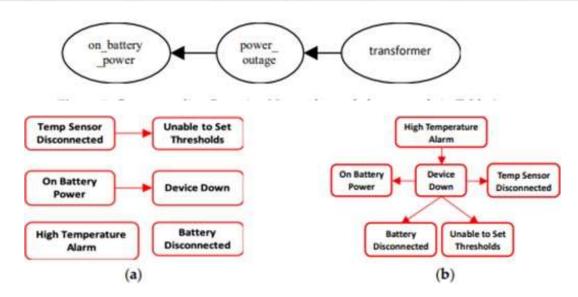
$$= 0.099 + 0.099 / (3*0.099 + 0.02)$$

#### **Fault Diagnostic System**



#### **Fault Diagnostic System**

Raw Data	Short Desc	cription	Resolution Notes				
Raw Data	On battery power		Power outage due to transformer fire				
Classified Tags	Symptom		Cause(s)		Link		
Classified rags	on_battery_power		power_outage, transformer_fire		due_to		
PN Manning	Child Variable	Child State	Parent Variable	Parent State	Ancestor Variable	Ancestor State	
BN Mapping	on_battery_power	yes	power_outage	yes	transformer	Fire	



#### **Fault Diagnostic System**

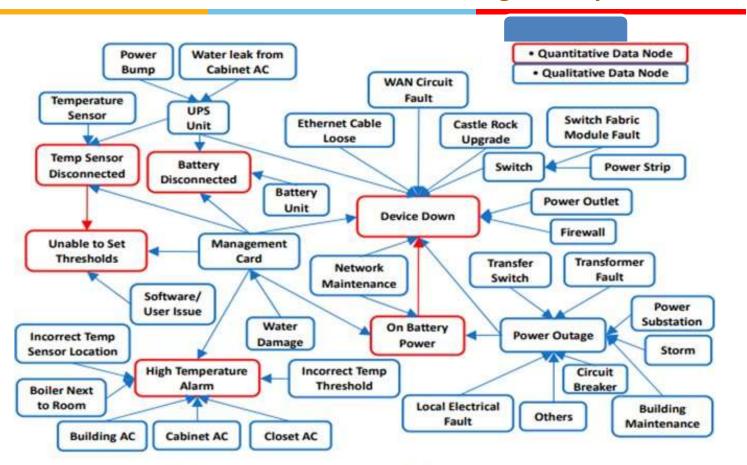
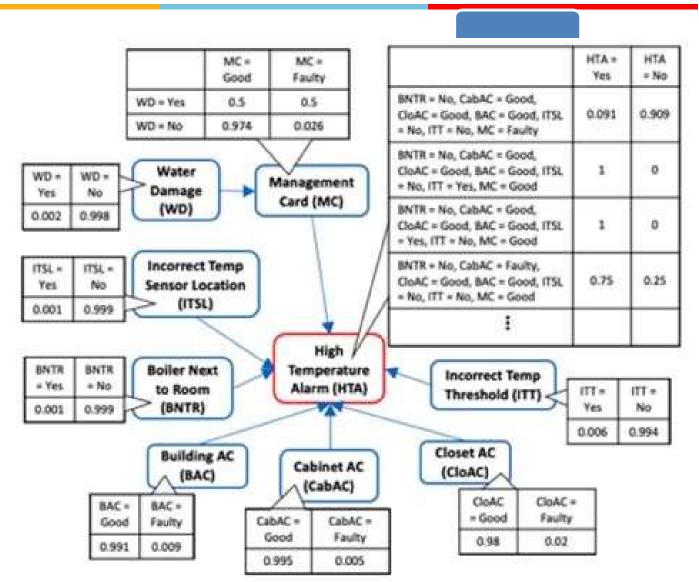


Figure 8. Fused Bayesian Network structure for top six occurring UPS messages.

#### **Fault Diagnostic System**



Required Reading: AIMA - Chapter # 14

# Thank You for all your Attention

Note: Some of the slides are adopted from AIMA TB materials