

Lab 2 (*Due: Sep 04*)

PYTHON PROGRAMMING FOR DATA SCIENCE - COSC 3360

Department of Computer Science and Electrical Engineering

Fall Semester, 2022

Exercises to practice

(No need to submit)

Exercise 1

Write the following program

```
In [1]: def square(number):  
...:     """Calculate the square of number."""  
...:     return number ** 2  
...:  
  
In [2]: square(7)  
Out[2]: 49
```

Exercise 2

Write the following program

```
In [1]: def rectangle_area(length=2, width=3):  
...:     """Return a rectangle's area."""  
...:     return length * width  
...:  
  
In [2]: rectangle_area()  
Out[2]: 6  
  
In [3]: rectangle_area(10)  
Out[3]: 30  
  
In [4]: rectangle_area(10, 5)  
Out[4]: 50
```

Exercise 3

Write the following program

```
def rectangle_area(length, width):  
    print(length, width)  
    return length * width  
  
result = rectangle_area(width=5, length=10)  
print(result)
```

Ca: C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

```
10 5  
50  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Exercise 4

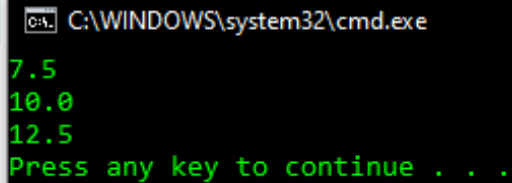
Write the following program

```
def myFunction(*args): #variable number of arguments/parameters  
    result = sum(args)  
    return result  
  
print(myFunction(10, 2))  
print(myFunction(10, 2, 6))  
print(myFunction(10, 2, 6, 3))  
print(myFunction(10, 2, 6, 3, 10, 5))
```

Exercise 5

Write the following program

```
def average(*args):  
    return sum(args) / len(args)  
  
print(average(5, 10))  
print(average(5, 10, 15))  
print(average(5, 10, 15, 20))
```

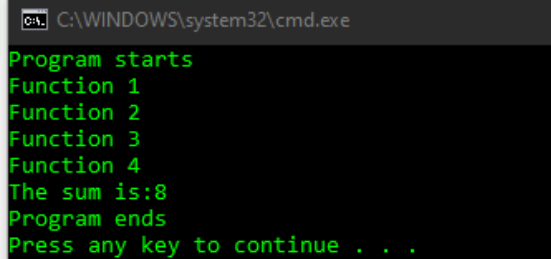


```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe  
7.5  
10.0  
12.5  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

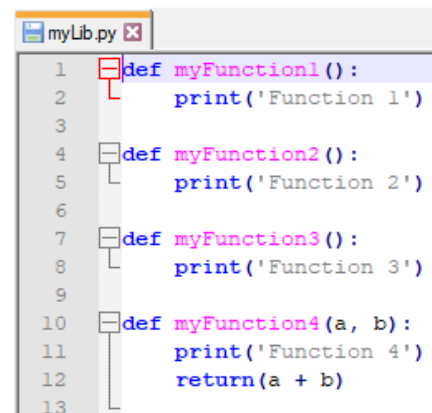
Exercise 6

Write the following program

```
import myLib  
  
print('Program starts')  
  
myLib.myFunction1()  
myLib.myFunction2()  
myLib.myFunction3()  
print(f'The sum is:{myLib.myFunction4(3, 5)}')  
  
print('Program ends')
```



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe  
Program starts  
Function 1  
Function 2  
Function 3  
Function 4  
The sum is:8  
Program ends  
Press any key to continue . . .
```



```
myLib.py  
1 def myFunction1():  
2     print('Function 1')  
3  
4 def myFunction2():  
5     print('Function 2')  
6  
7 def myFunction3():  
8     print('Function 3')  
9  
10 def myFunction4(a, b):  
11     print('Function 4')  
12     return(a + b)  
13
```

Exercises to submit

Create a **New Project** for every exercise. Take a screenshot of the source code along with its output and place the **source code** and the **screenshot** in a **zipped folder** named **LastNameFirstName_Lab2**

Exercise 1

Ask user to enter two **float** numbers. Using an *infinite* loop, ask the user whether they wish to add, subtract, multiply, or divide the two numbers by using the following four operators, +, -, *, /, respectively. If any other input is given keep asking the user for the operation to be performed. Define four functions, one for each operation and store all four functions in a separate file named **myFunctions.py**. Import functions to your program

Exercise 2

Write a program that estimates the value of the mathematical constant e by using the formula below. Use your own **factorial** function to compute the factorial in the denominator. You can stop your program after 10 iterations

$$e = 1 + \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{1}{3!} + \dots$$

Exercise 3

Create a function named **myMinimum** that finds the minimum of 3 numbers. Your function should work even if 0, 1, or 2 numbers (instead of 3) are passed to function **myMinimum** by using the **default** values (8,2,10) to the 3 accepting parameters. Use **len(args)** in **myMinimum** (as shown in Ex. 5 above) to get the number of variable arguments passed. Return the minimum value to *main* program and print

Exercise 4

Ask user to enter a string, e.g., **Computer Science** and store it to variable **myStr**. Pass string variable to function **upperCaseCharacters** and print from within function only the **upper case** characters found in the string. Return the *number* of **upper case** characters to *main* program and print

Note: Use the **ord()** function, e.g., **ord('C')** to get the ASCII value of a *single* character

Note: Submit through **Canvas**