## **Response to the Reviewers**

We thank the reviewers for their insightful comments on our work. We have made modifications to our manuscript according to Reviewer 1's comments.

## **Reviewer 1**

Reviewer Point P 1.1 — In the revised manuscript, the authors have addressed all my concerns, especially adding more computation efficiency discussion. Current version looks very impressive. Just a small issue left. Some discussions about limitations or future efforts should be better added.

**Reply**: Thank you for the insightful suggesion. According to the suggestion, we have added a paragraph at the end of Section 7 "Conclusion and Future Work" to discuss the limitations of our work and point out potential future research directions. Specifically, in this work, we mainly analyze performance bottlenecks of GNN training/inference in the single-GPU environment on static graphs with the message-passing framework. In fact, performance bottlenecks of GNN training/inference over the multi-GPU or distributed environment, dynamic graphs and other GNN frameworks are also worth studying. In the future, we plan to explore the GNN training/inference performance analysis under the following scenarios:

- 1. *Multi-GPU or distributed GNN training/inference*. To handle large-scale graph datasets, training/inferring GNNs with the multi-GPU environment or the distributed environment is essential. Multi-GPU and distributed GNN training/inference will inevitably introduce overheads such as inter-GPU and inter-machine communication. How these overheads affect performance bottlenecks is worthy to study.
- 2. Spatial-temporal graph datasets. Spatial-temporal graphs usually have dynamic topology structures. They appear in a variety of applications like traffic speed forecasting [Li et al. (2018)] and human action recognition [Yan et al. (2018)]. Many new GNNs are proposed to handle this kind of dynamic graphs. The differences of performance issues between these GNNs and the classic GNNs are also worthy of in-depth investigation.
- 3. *Emerging GNN frameworks*. In this work, we analyzed the widely-used message-passing framework in GNN learning systems. However, some emerging GNN learning systems adopt different frameworks like SAGA framework [Ma et al. (2019)]. It is interesting to research whether different frameworks would lead to different performance bottlenecks.

## References

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