Started on	Wednesday, 14 May 2025, 11:40 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Wednesday, 21 May 2025, 2:41 PM
Time taken	7 days 3 hours
Overdue	7 days 1 hour
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Write a Python program using A Naive recursive implementation of Minimum Cost Path Problem.

For example:

Input	Result
3	8
3	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
R = int(input())
   C = int(input())
 2
 3 v def minCost(cost, m, n):
 4
        tc = [[0 for x in range(C)] for x in range(R)]
 5
        tc[0][0] = cost[0][0]
 6
        for i in range(1, m+1):
 7
            tc[i][0] = tc[i-1][0] + cost[i][0]
        for j in range(1, n+1):
 8
 9
           tc[0][j] = tc[0][j-1] + cost[0][j]
10
        for i in range(1, m+1):
            for j in range(1, n+1):
11 🔻
12
               tc[i][j] = min(tc[i-1][j-1], tc[i-1][j], tc[i][j-1]) + cost[i][j]
13
        return tc[m][n]
14
15
16
    cost = [[1, 2, 3],
17
            [4, 8, 2],
18
            [1, 5, 3]]
   print(minCost(cost, R-1, C-1))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	8	8	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Create a python program to find the minimum number of jumps needed to reach end of the array using Dynamic Programming.

For example:

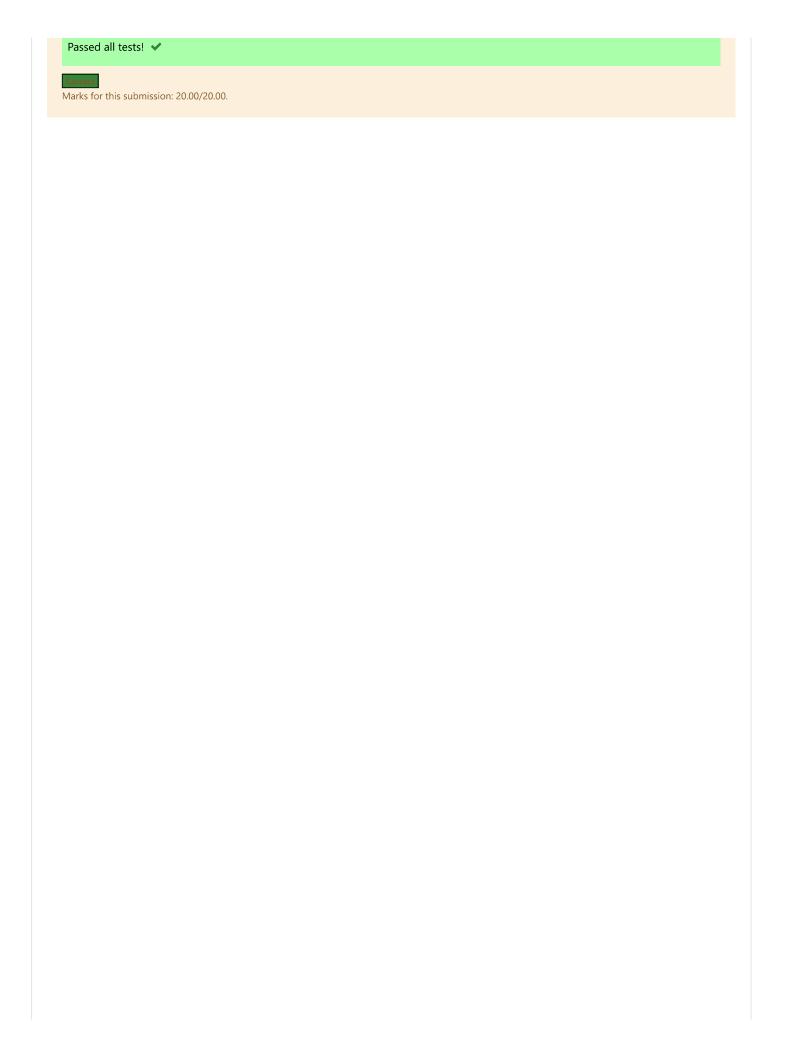
is 3

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 def minJumps(arr, n):
2
       3
       #Start here
       jumps = [0 for i in range(n)]
4
5
       if (n == 0) or (arr[0] == 0):
           return float('inf')
6
7
       jumps[0] = 0
8
       for i in range(1, n):
9
           jumps[i] = float('inf')
10
           for j in range(i):
               if (i <= j + arr[j]) and (jumps[j] != float('inf')):</pre>
11 \
                  jumps[i] = min(jumps[i], jumps[j] + 1)
12
13
                  break
14
       return jumps[n-1]
15
       #End here
16
   arr = []
   n = int(input()) #len(arr)
17
18 v for i in range(n):
19
       arr.append(int(input()))
   print('Minimum number of jumps to reach','end is', minJumps(arr,n))
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	minJumps(arr,n)	6 1 3 6 1 0 9	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 3	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 3	~
•	minJumps(arr,n)	7 2 3 -8 9 5 6 4	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 3	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 3	•



```
Question 3

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Create a Dynamic Programming python Implementation of Coin Change Problem.

For example:

Test	Input	Result
count(arr, m, n)	3	4
	4	
	1	
	2	
	3	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 def count(S, m, n):
2
        table = [[0 for x in range(m)] for x in range(n+1)]
3 ,
        for i in range(m):
4
           table[0][i] = 1
        for i in range(1, n+1):
5
            for j in range(m):
6
                # Count of solutions including S[j]
7
8
                #Start here
9
               x = table[i - S[j]][j] if i-S[j] >= 0 else 0
10
                # Count of solutions excluding S[j]
                y = table[i][j-1] if j >= 1 else 0
11
12
                # total count
13
                table[i][j] = x + y
14
        return table[n][m-1]
15
        #End here
16
    arr = []
17
   m = int(input())
   n = int(input())
18
19 v for i in range(m):
       arr.append(int(input()))
20
21 | print(count(arr, m, n))
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
*	count(arr, m, n)	3 4 1 2 3	4	4	*
~	count(arr, m, n)	3 16 1 2 5	20	20	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a python program to find the longest palindromic substring using Brute force method in a given string.

For example:

Input	Result	
mojologiccigolmojo	logiccigol	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 def printSubStr(str, low, high):
        for i in range(low, high + 1):
    print(str[i], end = "")
 2 🔻
 3
    def longestPalindrome(str):
 5
        n = len(str)
 6
        maxLength = 1
 7
        start = 0
 8 ,
        for i in range(n):
 9 .
             for j in range(i, n):
10
                 flag = 1
                 for k in range(0, ((j - i) // 2) + 1):
11
12
                     if (str[i + k] != str[j - k]):
                         flag = 0
13
14
                 if (flag != 0 and (j - i + 1) > maxLength):
15
                     start = i
16
                     maxLength = j - i + 1
        printSubStr(str, start, start + maxLength - 1)
17
18
19
    str = input()
20
    longestPalindrome(str)
21
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	mojologiccigolmojo	logiccigol	logiccigol	~
~	sampleelpams	pleelp	pleelp	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

```
Question 5

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Given an integer array nums, find the contiguous subarray (containing at least one number) which has the largest sum and return its sum.

A **subarray** is a **contiguous** part of an array.

Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [-2,1,-3,4,-1,2,1,-5,4]
Output: 6
Explanation: [4,-1,2,1] has the largest sum = 6.
```

For example:

Test	Input	Result
s.maxSubArray(A)	9	The sum of contiguous sublist with the largest sum is 6
	-2	
	1	
	-3	
	4	
	-1	
	2	
	1	
	-5	
	4	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
class Solution:
 1 🔻
 2 🔻
        def maxSubArray(self,A):
 3
            ######### Add your Code here
 4
            #Start here
 5
            res=0
            mm = -10000
 6
 7
            for v in A:
                res+=v
 8
 9
                mm=max(mm,res)
10 •
                if res<0:</pre>
11
                    res=0
12
            return mm
13
            #End here
14
    A =[]
15
   n=int(input())
16 ▼
    for i in range(n):
17
        A.append(int(input()))
18
    s=Solution()
   print("The sum of contiguous sublist with the largest sum is",s.maxSubArray(A))
19
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	s.maxSubArray(A)	9 -2 1 -3 4 -1 2 1 -5 4	The sum of contiguous sublist with the largest sum is 6	The sum of contiguous sublist with the largest sum is 6	~
~	s.maxSubArray(A)	5 5 4 -1 7 8	The sum of contiguous sublist with the largest sum is 23	The sum of contiguous sublist with the largest sum is 23	~

Passed all tests! ✓