



PECE – POLI – USP  
MBA – Tecnologia de Software

Aula 06  
Mineração de Processos I

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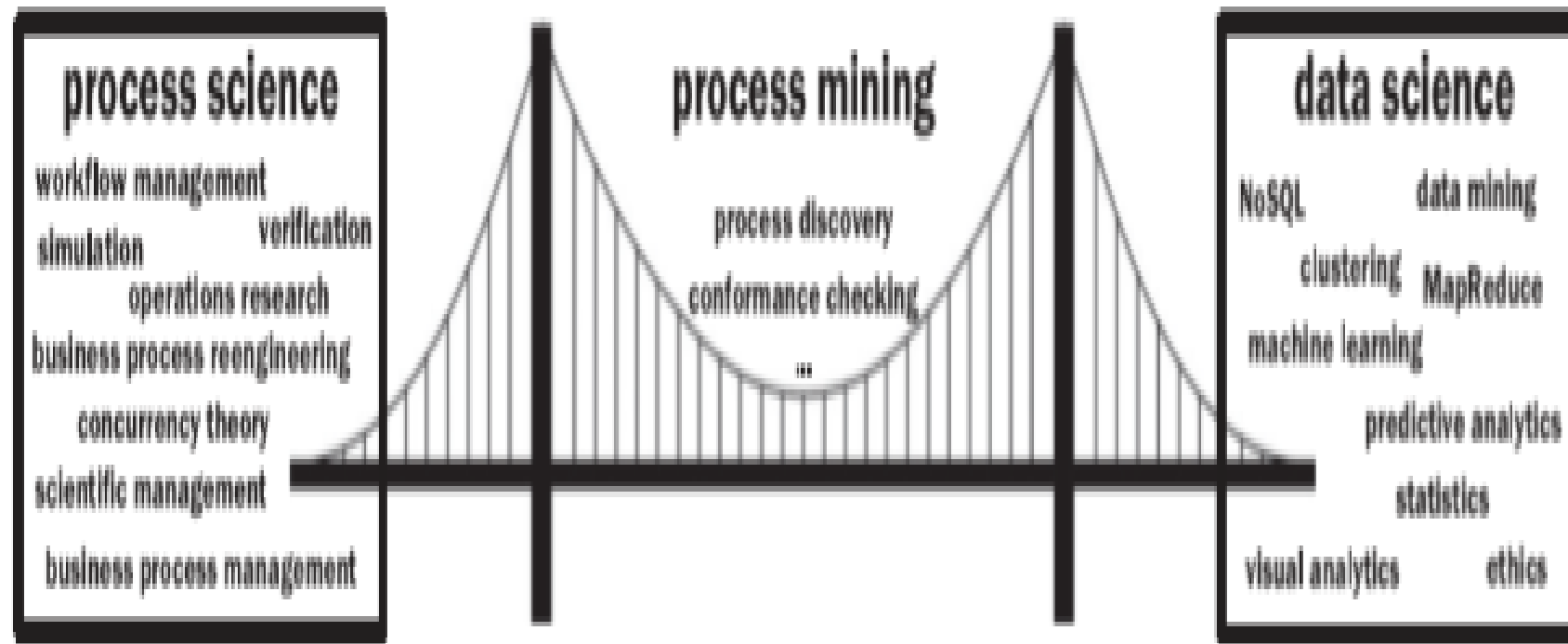
# Roteiro

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# Process Science

- **Process science** refers to a broader discipline that combines **knowledge** from **information technology** and **knowledge** from **management sciences** to improve and run operational processes
- **Process science** aims at **process improvements** in terms of time, costs, quality, speed, flexibility, and reliability

# Process Science



# Process Science

- The adoption of **IT systems** - resulted in dramatic changes in the organization of work and enabled **new ways of doing business**
- **Innovations in computing and communication (ICT Systems)** are still the main drivers behind change in almost all **business processes**
- **Business processes** have become **more complex**, heavily rely on **information systems**, and may span multiple organizations

# Process Mining Manifesto

- ❑ A **manifesto** is a “**public declaration of principles and intentions**” by a group of people
- ❑ The **Process Mining Manifesto** is written by members and supporters of the **IEEE Task Force** (2009)
- ❑ The goal of this **task force** is to promote the *research, development, education, implementation, evolution, and understanding* of **process mining**.

# Process Mining Manifesto

- **Process mining** techniques are able to **extract knowledge** from **event logs** commonly available in today's **information systems**
- There are **two main drivers** for process mining interests
  1. **more and more events are being recorded**, thus, providing detailed information about the history of processes
  2. there is **a need to improve and support business processes** in competitive and rapidly changing environments

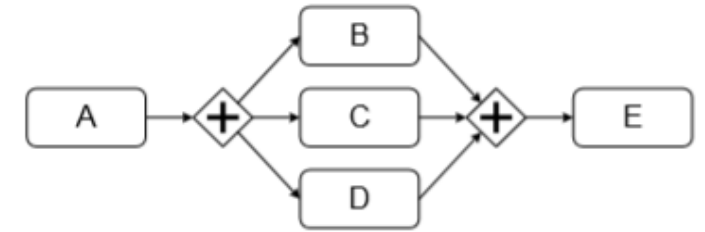
# Process Mining Manifesto

- ❑ **Concrete objectives of the PM Manifesto** are:
  - ❑ **To make** end-users, developers, consultants, business managers, and researchers **aware** of the state-of-the-art in process mining
  - ❑ **To promote the use** of process mining techniques and tools and stimulate new applications
  - ❑ **To play a role** in standardization efforts for logging event data
  - ❑ **To organize** tutorials, special sessions, workshops, panels
  - ❑ **To publish** articles, books, videos, and special issues of journals



# Process Mining Manifesto

## □ Process Mining – Guiding Principles (GP) –



(a) B, C, and D can be executed in any order

six GP was described to prevent users/analysts from making mistakes:

**GP1 - Event Data** should be treated as first-class citizens

**GP2 – Log extraction** should be driven by questions

**GP3 – Concurrency, choice and other basic control-flow constructs** should be supported

**GP4 – Events** should be related to model elements

**GP5 – Models** should be treated as purposeful abstractions of reality

**GP6 - Process Mining** should be a **continuous process**

# Process Mining Definition

- ❑ **Process mining** is a relatively young research discipline that sits between
  - ❑ **computational intelligence** and **data mining**
  - ❑ **process modeling** and **analysis**
- ❑ **Process mining** provides an important bridge between data mining and business process modeling and analysis
- ❑ The idea of **process mining** is to discover, monitor and improve real processes by extracting knowledge from event logs readily available in today's (information) systems

# Process Mining Definition

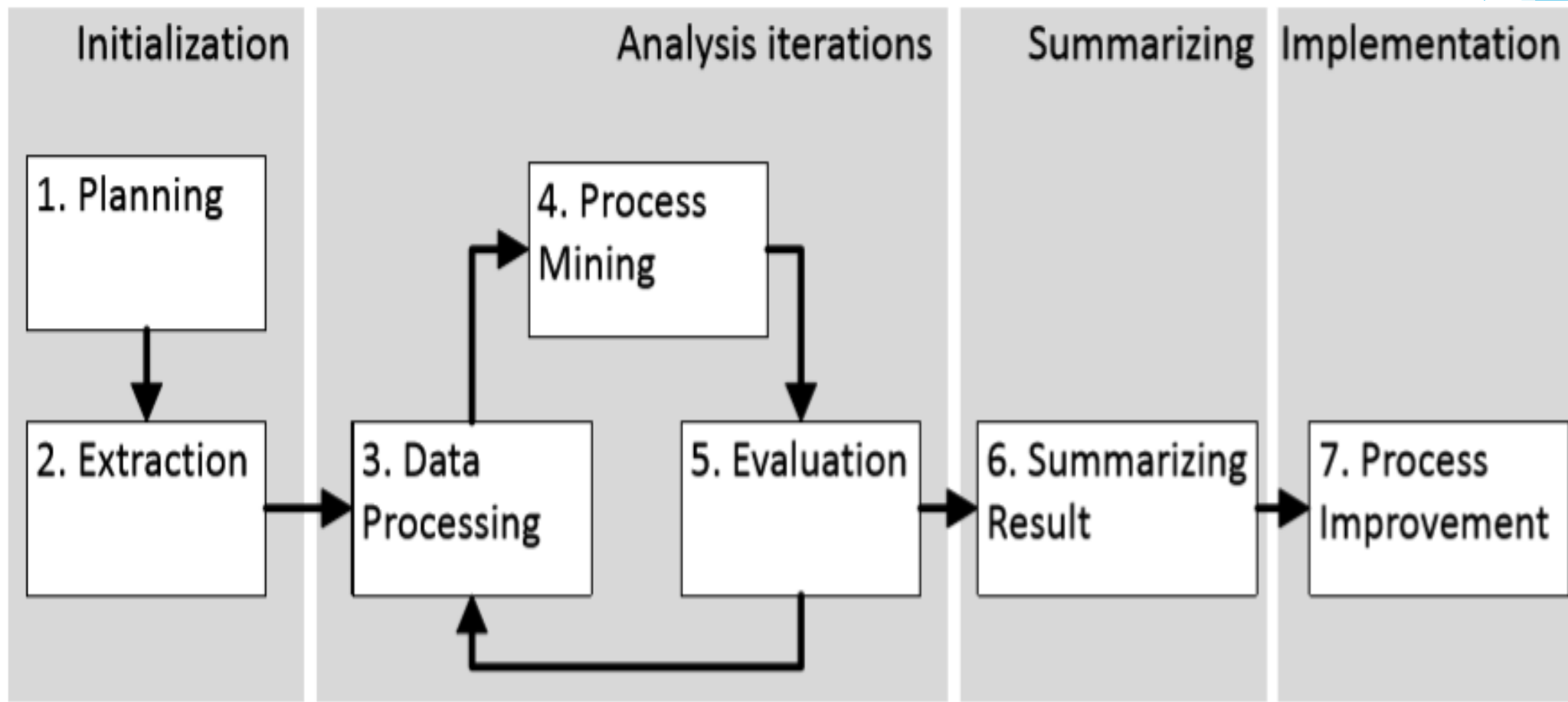
## **Process Mining** (ou **Mineração de Processos**)

um conjunto de técnicas quem extraem conhecimento de logs de eventos armazenados em diversos sistemas de informações, afim de descobrir modelos que representam o processo analisado, verificar a conformidade dos eventos em relação ao modelo descoberto, e por fim ampliar e expandir o modelo descoberto tratando informações de gargalos, desempenho e recursos.

(Garcia *et al.*, 2019)

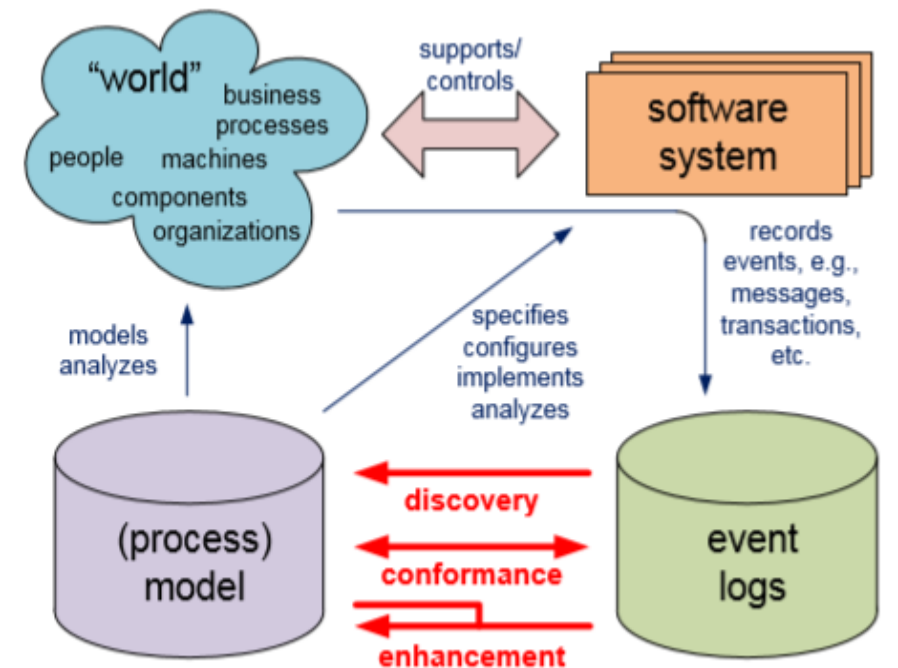
# Process Mining Definition

## Process Mining activities

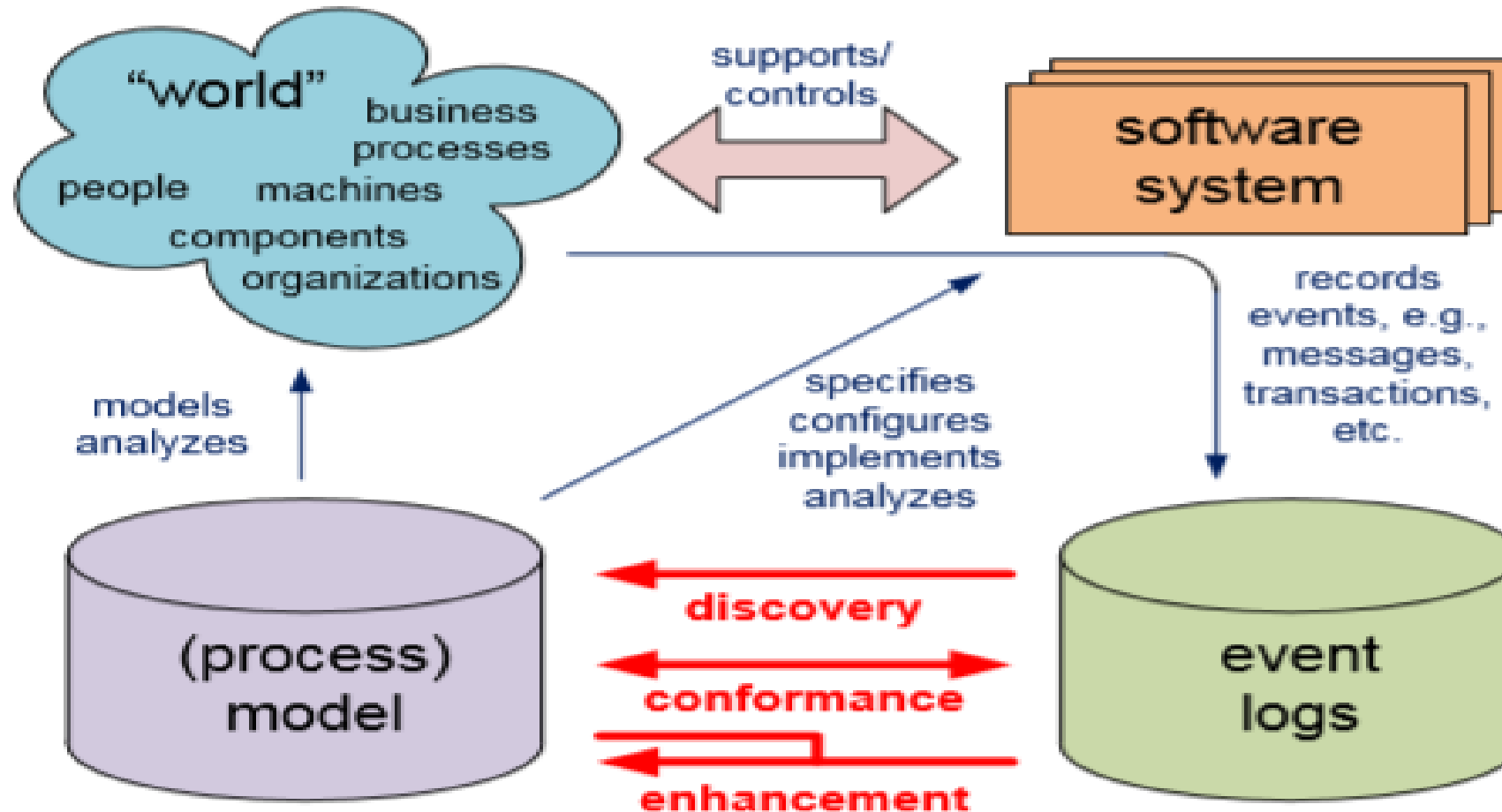


# Process Mining Definition

- ❑ **Process mining** includes
  - ❑ **DISCOVERY** - takes an event log and produces a process model without using any a-priori information
  - ❑ **CONFORMANCE** - monitoring deviations by comparing model and event log. Conformance checking can be used to check if reality, as recorded in the log, conforms to the model and vice versa
  - ❑ **ENHANCEMENT** - the idea is to extend or improve an existing process model using information about the actual process recorded in some event log.

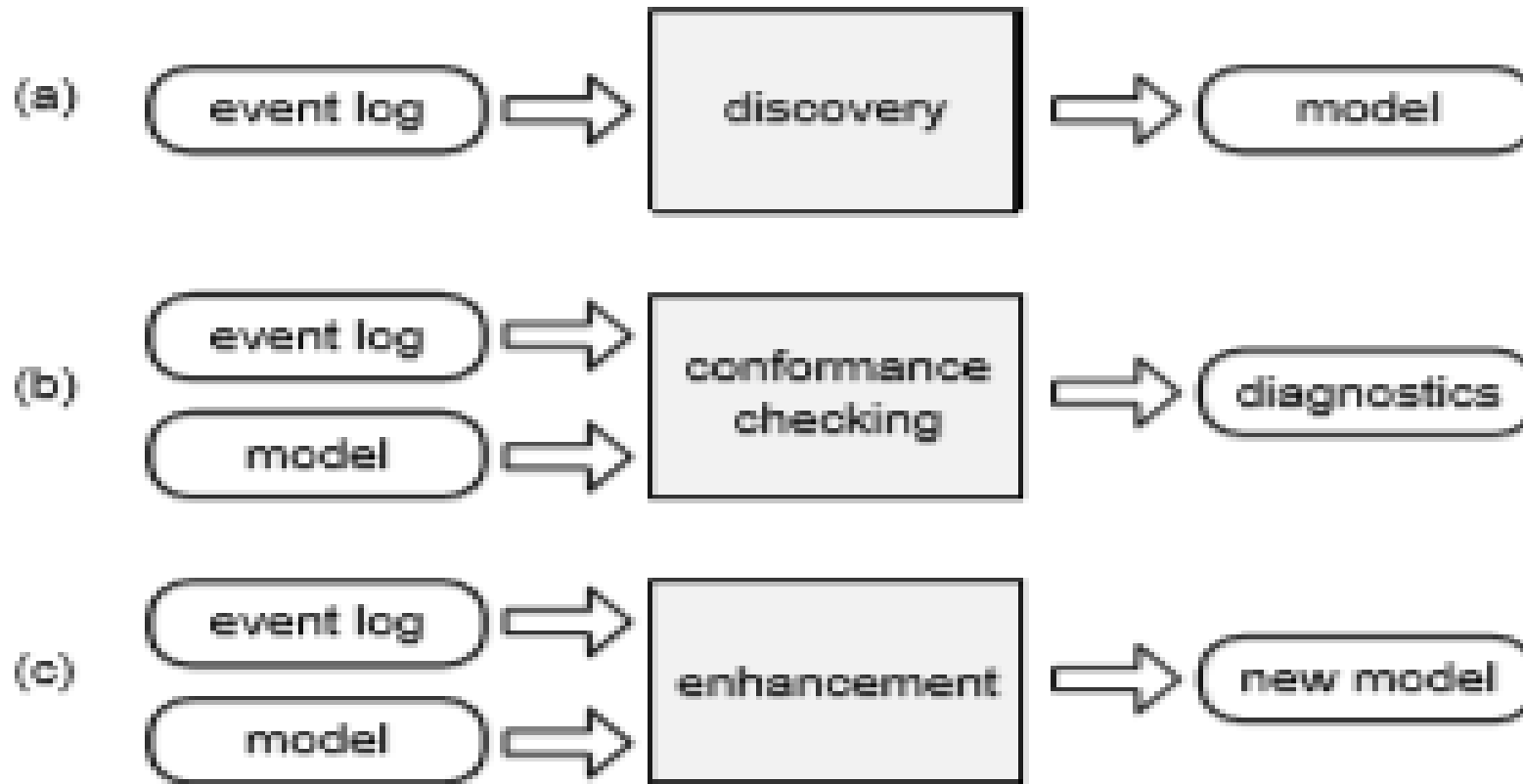


# Process Mining Definition



# Process Mining Definition

Process Mining based on its inputs and outputs



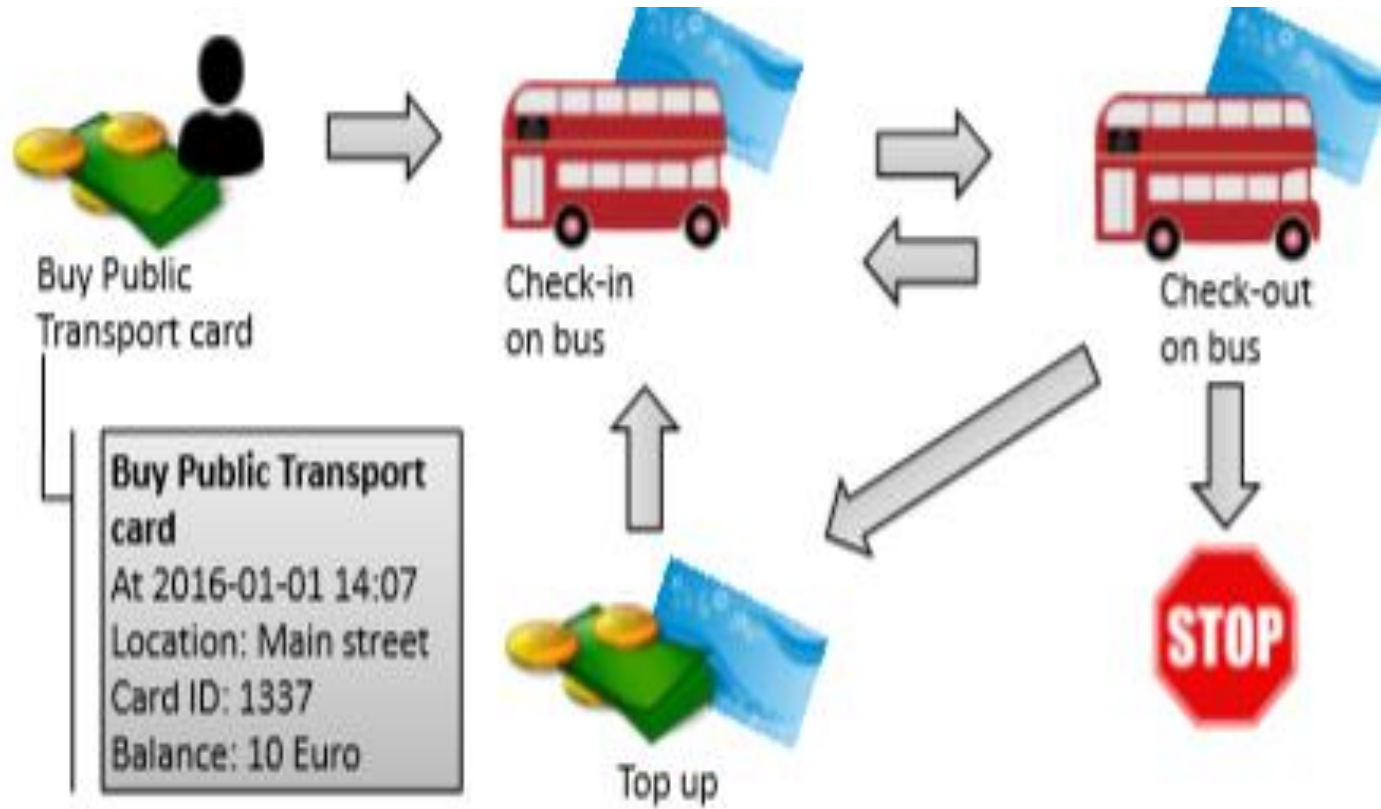
# Process Mining & Event Logs

**Event** data is everywhere





# Process Mining & Event Logs



# Process Mining & Event Logs



# Process Mining & Event Logs

Card ID	Action	Timestamp	Location	Card Balance
1337	Buy Public Transport card	2016-01-01 14:07	Main Street	10
1337	Check in on bus	2016-01-01 14:13	Main Street	8
1337	Check out on bus	2016-01-01 14:42	Central Station	9.20
9927	Check in at station	2016-01-01 15:03	Airport Train Station	22
9927	Check out at station	2016-01-01 17:24	Central Station	16

# Process Mining & Event Logs

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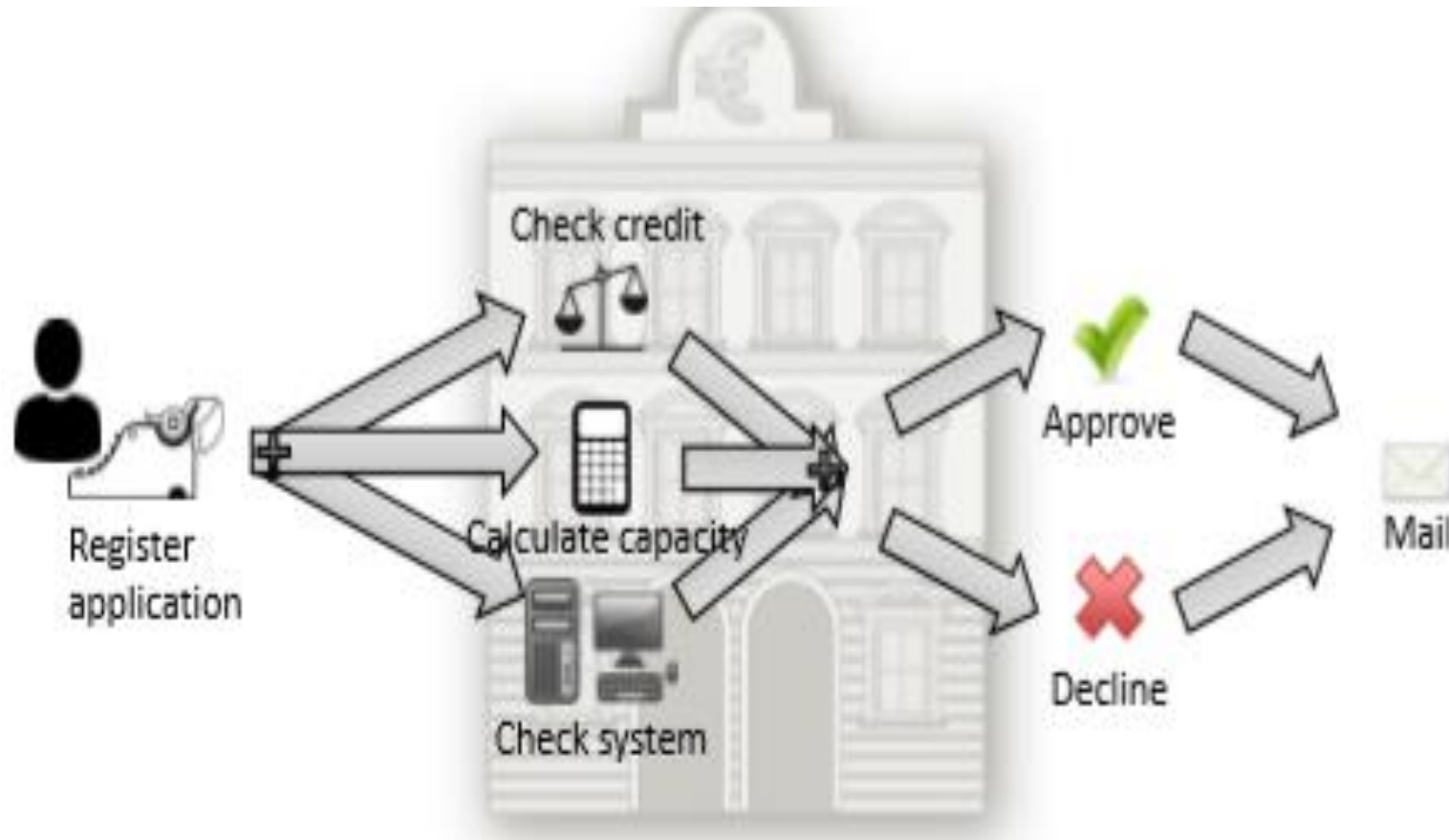
Trace

Event Name

Event Timestamp

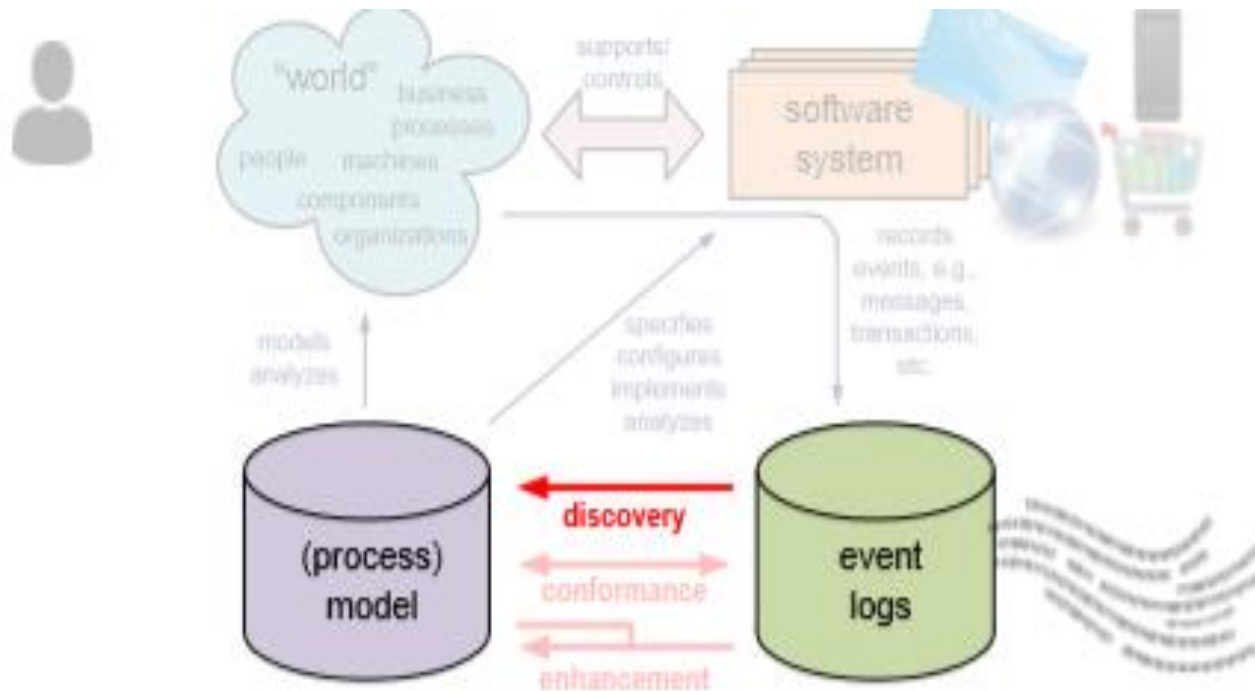
Event Extra Attributes

# Process Mining & Event Logs

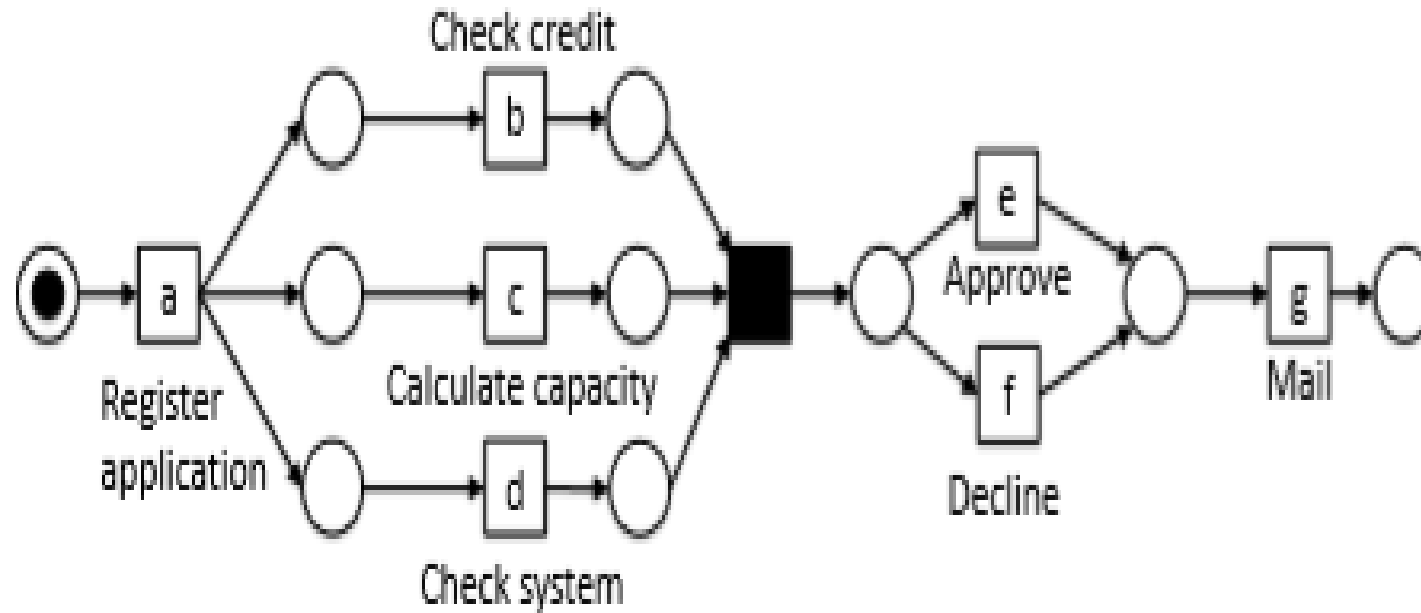


# Process Mining & Event Logs

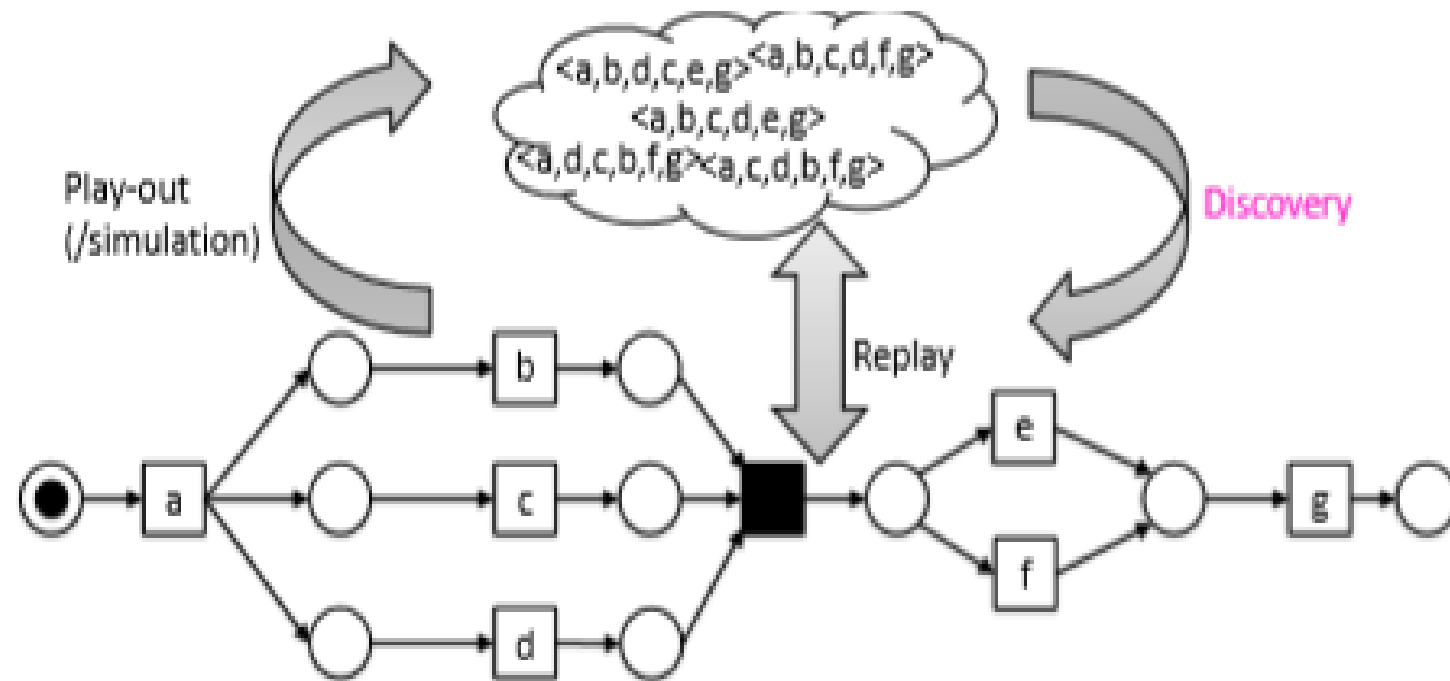
- Discovery



# Process Mining & Event Logs



# Process Mining & Event Logs





# Process Mining & Event Logs

- Recognize patterns

Common patterns:

- Sequence
- Choice
- Parallelism
- Loops

$\langle a, b, c, d, e, g \rangle$

$\langle a, b, c, d, f, g \rangle$

$\langle a, c, d, b, f, g \rangle$

$\langle a, b, d, c, e, g \rangle$

$\langle a, d, c, b, f, g \rangle$

1. Each trace has length 6
2.  $a$  is always first, and  $g$  last
3.  $e$  and  $f$  are alternating, and second last
4.  $b$ ,  $c$  and  $d$  each occur once, in any order

# Process Mining & Process Engineering

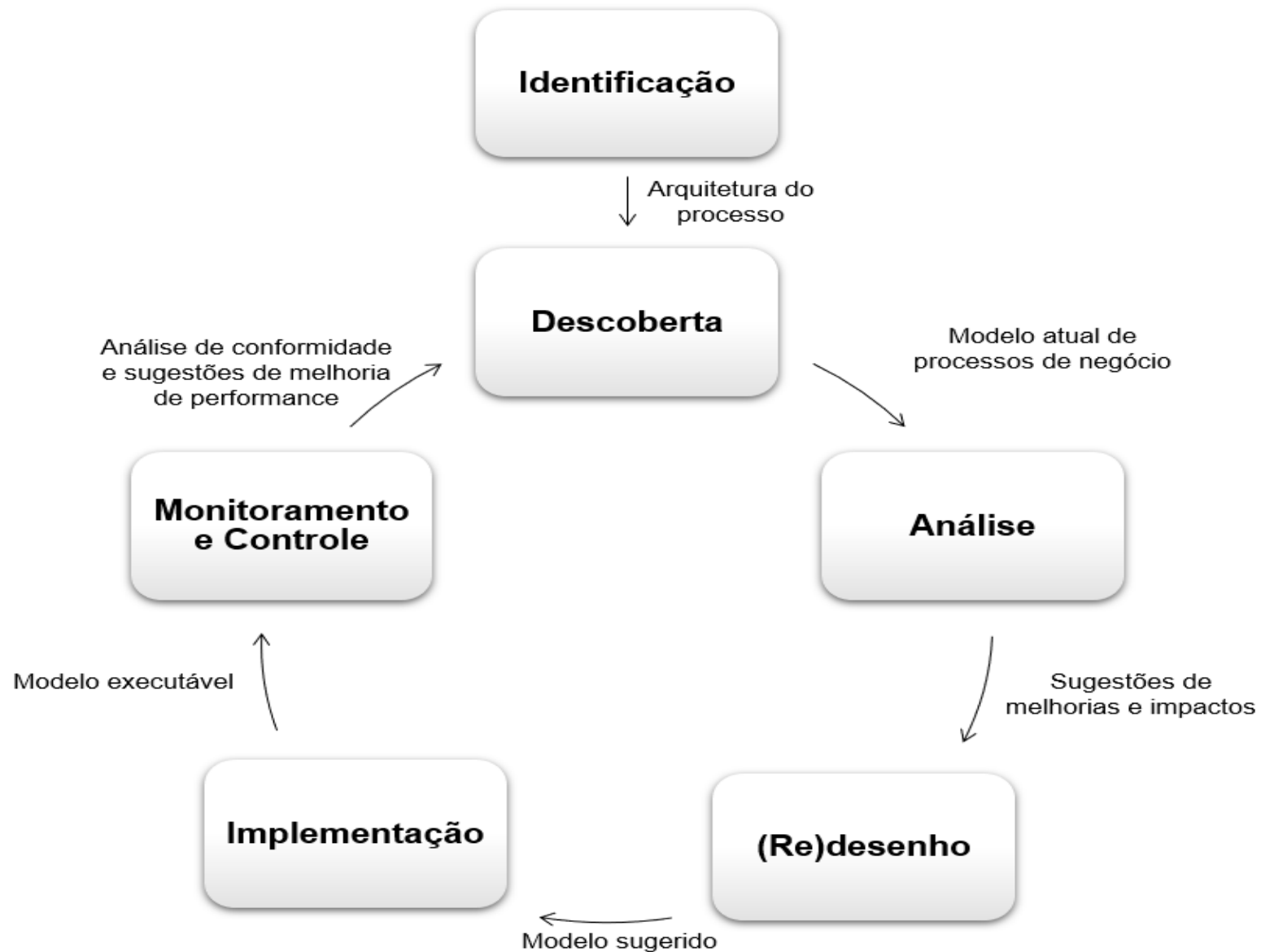
- ❑ Antes da **ascensão da mineração de processos**, o **engenheiro de processos** definia o **processo** baseado em **modelos pré-definidos** e também em suas **experiências**, e, então, os colaboradores de cada área deveriam **praticar o processo desenhado**.
- ❑ O **modelo do processo** sofre pouca influência das pessoas que **realmente o colocam em prática** e acabam **não atendendo** características específicas das organizações.

# Process Mining & Process Engineering

Rubin et al. (2007), Van Der Aalst et al. (2011) e Lemos et al. (2011)

indicam que é possível utilizar **técnicas de mineração de processos** para auxiliar na **descoberta/identificação do modelo de processo** real sendo executado, e também detectar discrepâncias – que são **humanamente impossíveis** de serem detectadas manualmente, devido ao volume dos dados – entre os modelos e a execução dos processos.

# Process Mining & Process Engineering



# Process Mining & Event Logs

Exemplos de eventos gerados por sistemas baseados em software:

- ❑ saque de caixa eletrônico,
- ❑ um médico que ajusta uma máquina de raio x,
- ❑ um cidadão dando entrada em sua carteira de motorista,
  - ❑ pagamento de imposto de renda e
- ❑ recebimento da passagem eletrônica de um viajante.

**Como explorar os dados dos eventos para prover ideias de melhorias, identificar gargalos, antecipar problemas e agilizar processos?**

# Process Mining & Event Logs

Para a **mineração de processos** utiliza-se o **log de eventos**.

- ❑ As **técnicas de mineração de processos** assumem que é possível **registrar sequencialmente os eventos** de forma que cada evento se refira a uma atividade (um passo dentro de um processo) e está relacionado a um caso particular (uma instância de processo).
- ❑ Os **logs de eventos** podem conter informações adicionais, como por exemplo, o recurso (pessoa ou dispositivo) que está executando ou iniciando a atividade, a data e o horário do evento.

## Tipos de Mineração de Processos

- ❑ Identificação (*discovery*)
- ❑ Conformidade (*conformance*)
- ❑ Otimização (*enhancement*)

# Process Mining - Types

## Tipos de Mineração de Processos

### Identificação (*discovery*)

- ❑ **gerar o modelo** a partir da **leitura do log de eventos**, sem utilizar informações adicionais
- ❑ Trata-se do tipo de mineração mais proeminente porque **as técnicas existentes são realmente capazes de descobrir processos reais** simplesmente baseados nos exemplos de execução dos logs



# Process Mining - Types

## Tipos de Mineração de Processos

### Conformidade (*conformance*)

- ❑ Visa **verificar a conformidade do processo atual, o modelo formal** que está vigente **comparado com o modelo gerado** a partir dos logs de execução.
- ❑ Permite **verificar se a realidade encontrada nos logs de execução está em conformidade com o modelo desenhado, e vice-versa.**

# Process Mining - Types

## Tipos de Mineração de Processos

### Otimização (*enhancement*)

- ❑ visa **melhorar o modelo formal** existente com base nas informações presentes nos logs de execução.
- ❑ Utiliza-se a informação de data/horário do log de execução para apresentar gargalos, nível de serviço, tempo de processamento e frequência.