Desmistificando Microsserviços e DevOps: Projetando Arquiteturas Efetivamente Escaláveis

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[IF1004] - Seminários em SI 3



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Outline

 Modern software development organizations require entire teams of DevOps to automate and maintain software engineering processes and infrastructure vital to the organization. In this course, you will gain practical exposure to the skills, tools, and knowledge needed in automating software engineering processes and infrastructure. Students will have the chance to build new or extend existing software engineering tools and design a DevOps pipeline.

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Objectives

· Students are expected to gain practical exposure to tools, processes, and principles of software engineering through hands-on projects while understanding models and research ideas behind the tools and processes. Lectures will include workshop style learning experiences, where students get to work on a problemset and receive feedback from the instructor and other classmates. When possible, guest lectures from industry will help illustrate examples of how the technology is deployed in practice. AssertLab

Advanced Software and Systems Engineering Research Technologies

Topics

Welcome, course introduction and methodology

Challenges in software Delivery in modern software development

Processes, Agile software development and DevOps

*Unit Tests, TDD, BDD

Microservices Vs Monolith: Distributed Systems concepts and common arch. Patterns

Designing software to be run in containers

Containers: Docker

Orchestrating containers

Continuous Integration/Delivery

Deploy on Cloud

Software configuration Management

Source code Management: GIT

Software configuration System: Ansible

monitoring: Elastic Search, Kibana, Logstash

Presentation of projects



Resources

- The following books are not required but may provide useful references
 - DevOps: A Software Architect's Perspective (SEI Series in Software Engineering)
 - · Ansible: Up and Running
 - Continous Delivery
 - Continous Integration
 - Designing Data-Intensive Applications
 - Systems Performance: Enterprise and the Cloud
 - The Practice of Cloud System Administration



Warm up

Software Process Models

· What is a process model?

· What are some examples?

 What are some activities performed as part of a software process?

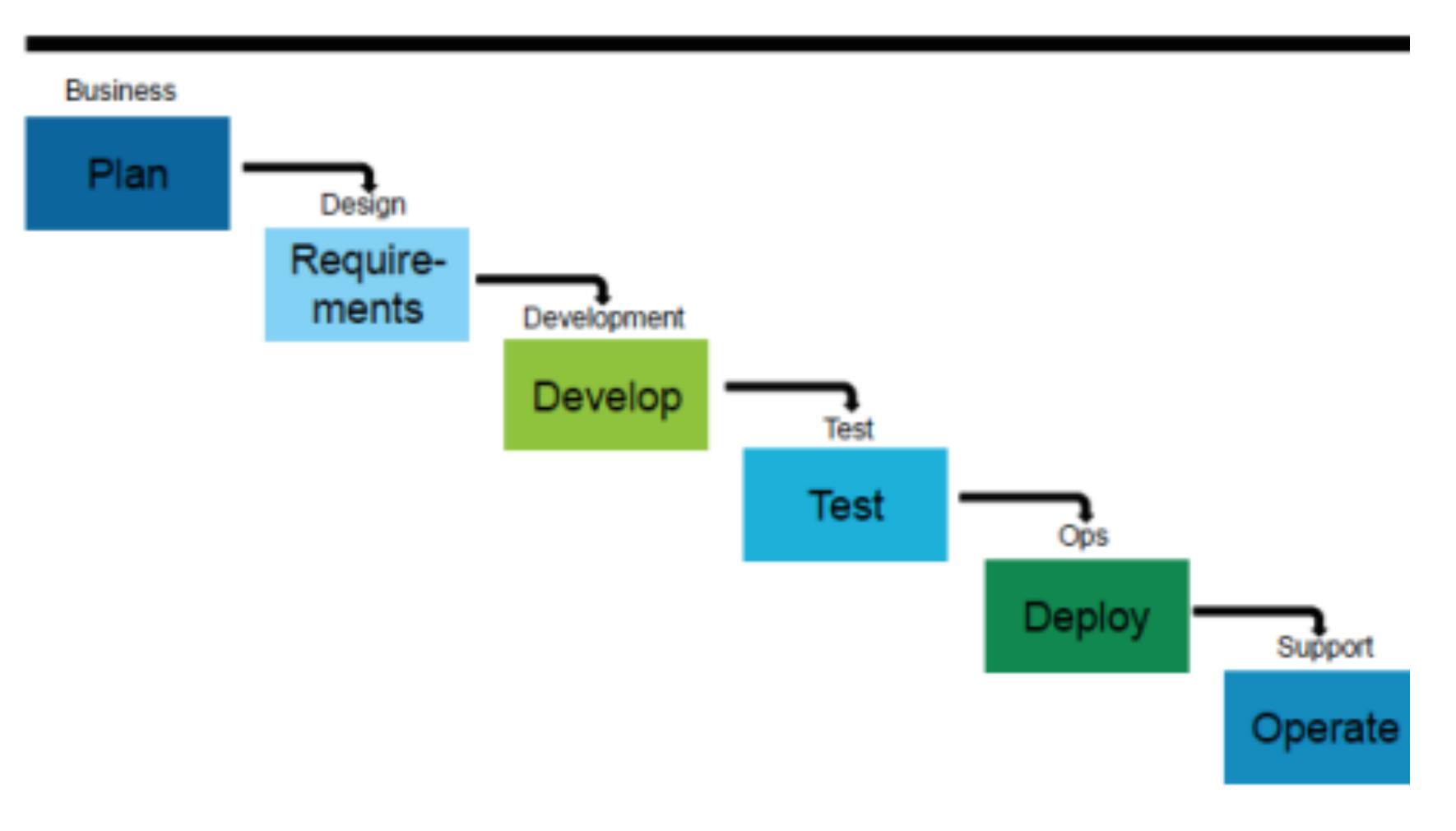


Process Model Activities

- Software project management
- Formal technical reviews
- Software quality assurance
- Software configuration management
- Document preparation and production
- Reusability management
- Measurement
- Risk management



Waterfall model



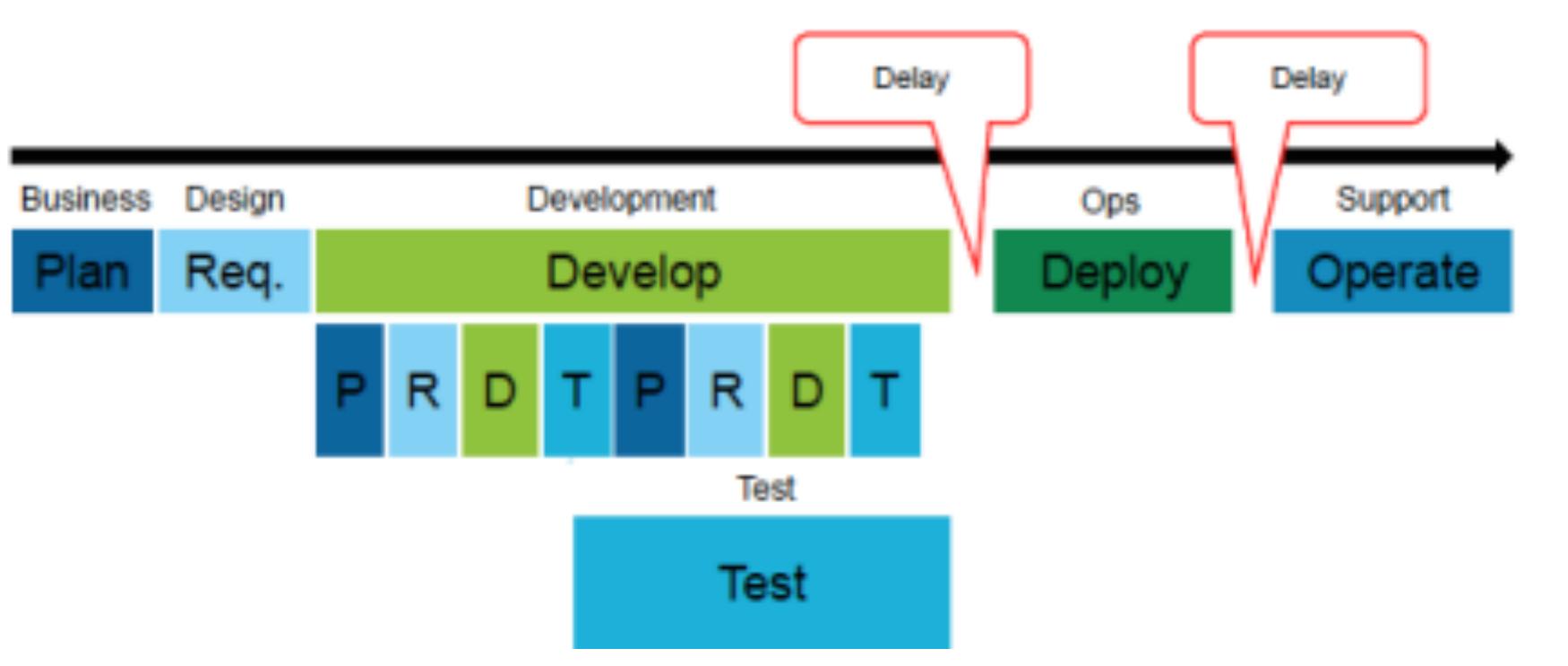
• Problems?

Benefits?

Still in use?



Agile Processes



Iteration: Plan, Requirements, Development, Testing.

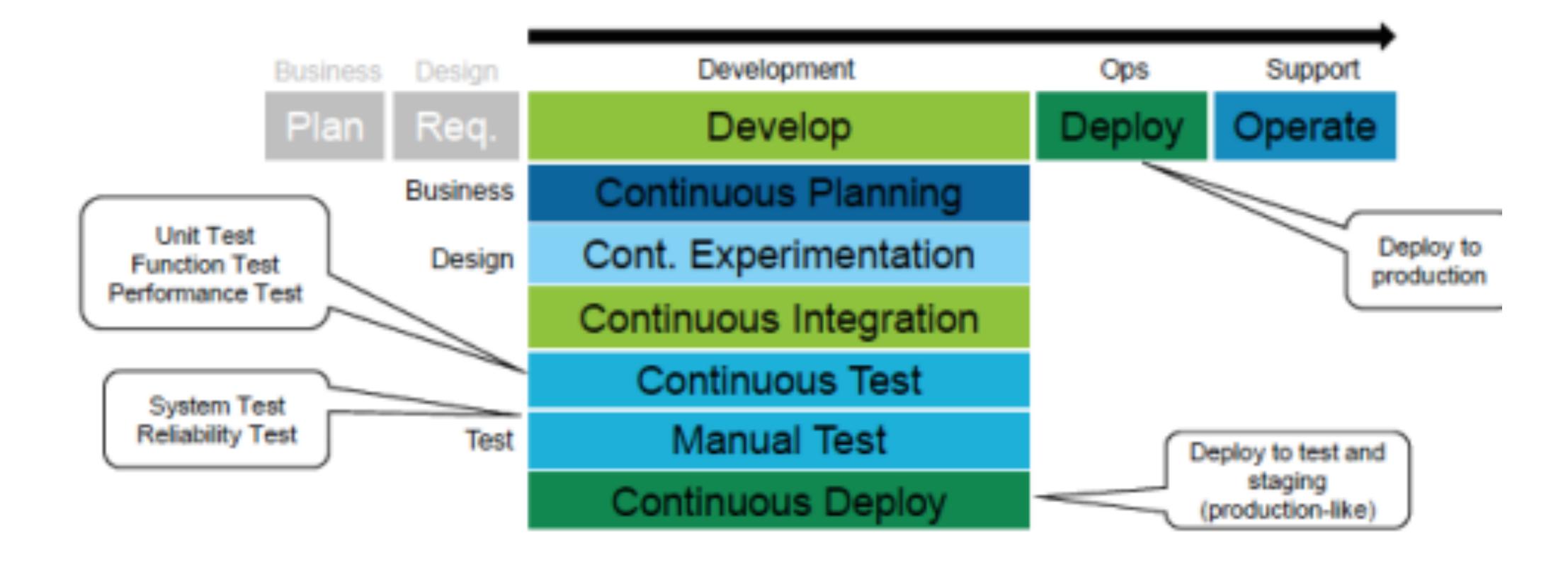
· Problems?

Benefits?

Where not in use?



Continuous * (Perpetual Development)





Operations Responsibility

| Who Does Operations? | | | Full Responsibility | Partial Responsibility |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Dev | | Ops | |
| Waterfall | | | Test Stagi | ng Production |
| Agile | Test | | Stagi | ng Production |
| DevOps | Test Staging | | | Production |
| DistributedOps | Test Staging Production | | Compliance an | d Guidance |
| NoOps | Test Staging Production | Compliance and Guidance | | |



Exercise

• What are some tradeoffs of having a DevOps vs NoOps team model?

 What process model did you experience at internship/past company?



Values

- No silos, no walls -- no responsibility pipelines.
- · One team, owning changes, "cradle to grave".
- You are the support person.



Nightly Build

Build code and run smoke test (Microsoft 1995)

- Benefits
 - · It minimizes integration risk.
 - It reduces the risk of low quality
 - · It supports easier defect diagnosis
 - It improves morale



Continuous Integration

• A practice where developers automatically build, test, and analyze a software change in response to every software change committed to the source repository.



Continuous Delivery

 A practice that ensures that a software change can be delivered and ready for use by a customer by testing in production-like environments.

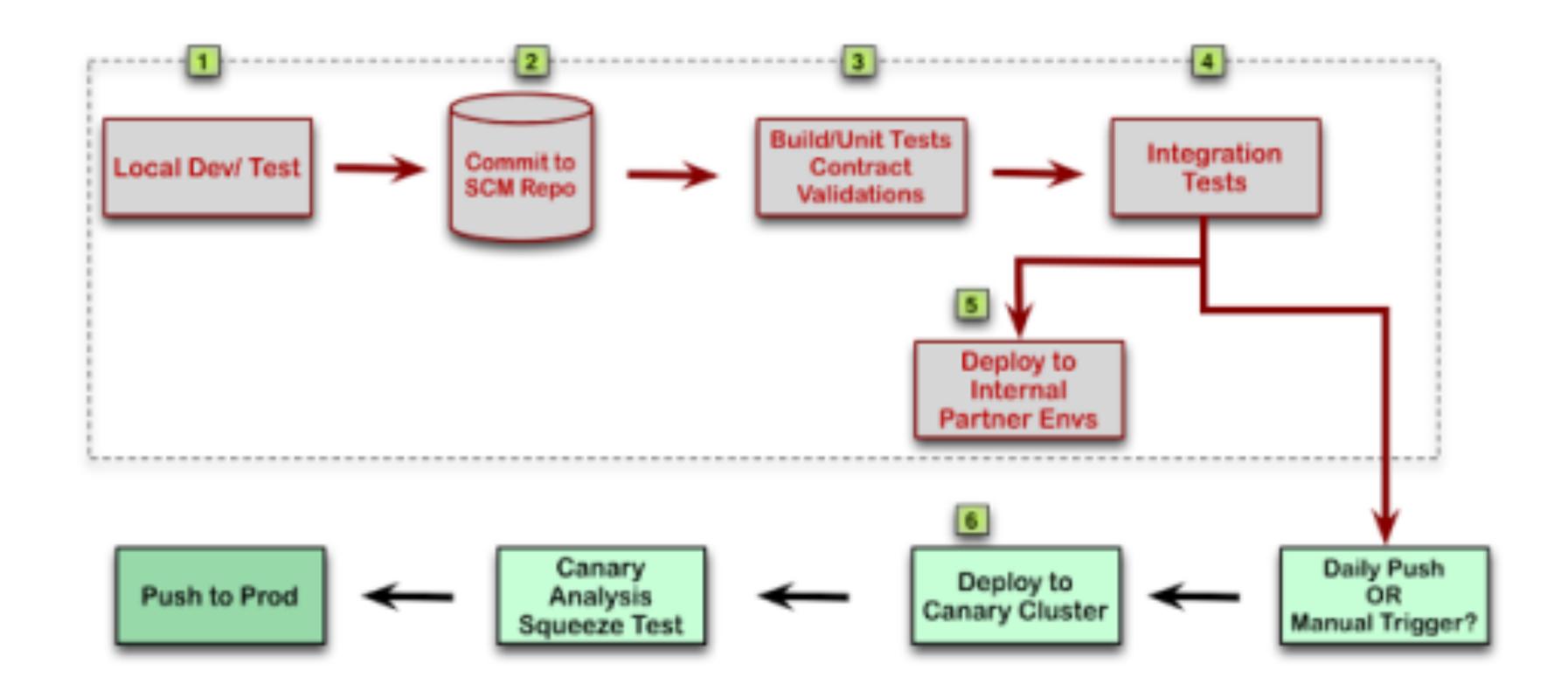


Continuous Deployment

 A practice where incremental software changes are automatically tested, vetted, and deployed to production environments.



Example Deployment Pipeline





Exercise

 How would you design a deployment pipeline for your project or a company you might work for?



Skills

http://pcottle.github.io/learnGitBranching/



- Basic course setup
 - · Slack team: http://if1004-2017-2.slack.com (@cin.ufpe.br)
 - Properly setting up your Slack profile by providing a picture will help the teaching staff learn your name. Upload a current headshot picture of you (not anyone else, not a cartoon picture of you, etc.) to your profile. Besides, make sure you have your first and last name as part of your profile.



- Learning Git
 - Solve the first four levels in: http://pcottle.github.io/learnGitBranching/
 - Introduction Sequence (5%)
 - · Ramping Up (5%)
 - Moving Work Around (5%)
 - A Mixed Bag (5%)
 - For extra credit, complete "Advanced Topics". (5%)
 - · For submission, you only need to demonstrate completing the levels, which can be done taking a screenshot. However, you should keep track of your solutions to help you remember how to solve these types of issues in the future, or recover if your progress gets lost.



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· Hooks

- · Create a local git repository (using git init) in a new directory. Create a "post-commit" file in .git/hooks/. Inside the file, create a command that will open a web page immediately after a commit is performed to that repo.
- Some hints:
 - http://stackoverflow.com/questions/8967902/why-do-you-need-to-put-bin-bash-atthe-beginning-of-a-script-file
 - chmod
 - start for windows, open for mac/linux
- · In your solution, provide the content of "post-commit". Finally, take a screencast, or a gif recording of the process. See details below.



Engineering Research Technologies

- Concepts
 - Reading 01: https://cl.ly/lu7K
 - In your own words, explain the difference between continuous integration, continuous delivery, and continuous deployment.
 - How does DevOps team model (e.g., site reliability engineer) differ than a a NoOps team model (e.g. Netflix team)? What differences in architecture allow for a NoOps model?
 - Explain the principle of Every Feature is an Expertiment
 - Explain the principle of Be Fast to Deploy, Slow(er) to Release.



Submit

- Submit in our Slack team, http://if1004-2017-2.slack.com, a MD file containing the following:
 - · Complete slack profile by deadline (20).
 - · Screenshot of completed git tutorial (20).
 - · Hooks (20)
 - Screencast (20)
 - · Concepts (20)
- For your screenshot embed in the markdown file of your LOGIN-HW1.md. Include a link to your screencast video/gif. Include your concept answers in your markdown file.



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