## Example of a local application: QGIS

ZLANDS

Summer School on Digital Humanities
Course material available at
https://github.com/AugustoCiuffoletti/dhss\_2021

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## Example of a local application: QGIS

- We see the basic concepts at work
- Quantum GIS (QGIS) is an Open Source GIS application
  - software is developed and maintained by volunteers
  - first release in 2002
- Runs on Windows, Linux, MacOS
- Acquires and aggregates layers from different formats
  - both local data and remote databases
- Lets you create new layers
  - populated with customized features
- In the end you can:
  - produce a graphic file (jpg, png etc.)
  - save in QGIS format
  - publish the map
- It does everything, but expect a steep learning curve

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#### Create a new project

Open QGIS and select Project-> New

#### Create a raster background layer

- Ctrl-L -> Browser -> XYZ Tiles
- Double-click on OpenStreetMap
- Use the control pad to focus on a limited region
- Note: Instead of Ctrl-L you can use the Data source manager icon in the toolbar

### Step by step QGIS tutorial - 2

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#### Define a vector layer

- Layer -> New Vector -> New shapefile
  - or use the New Shapefile icon in the toolbar
- Select
  - a filename where to save the layer (e.g., Demo)
  - the features type: Point, Multipoint, Line, Polygon
    - in the example that follows we use Point
  - a coordinate system (wgs84 EPSG: 4326)
- Add fields for the features in the layer (New Field form)
  - when finished hit Ok
- The new layer appears in the Layers Panel

### Further configuration of a layer

- Double click on the Demo layer to set layer properties
  - in Symbol set the graphic symbol and its properties
  - in Labels select Single label and next field to use to label the point on the map
  - in Fields update feature fields

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#### Populate a vector layer (with points)

- Select the Demo layer and press the Pencil icon in the toolbar
  - a pencil appears in the Demo row in the Layer panel
- Type ctrl+. to enter new point features
  - the mouse pointer becomes a crosshair
- Move the pointer on the map and click to add a new point feature
  - ...a box appears to set feature attributes
- ... repeat for each point
- To move a point feature Edit -> Move feature or use the Vertex tool in the toolbar
- To exit edit mode, right click again on the Demo layer and Toggle Edit (the pencil disappears)
  - or use the Pencil icon again

#### Update feature attributes

- Right click on the Demo layer and select Open attribute table
  - Bottom right icons to select the view style
- ctrl+E to enable table edit (or click Pencil icon)
- Modify one or more attribute values
- ctrl+s to save the magnum fine

#### Add an attribute ("desc") to the features

- Right click on the Demo layer and select Open attribute table
  - ctrl+w to add a new attribute
  - Set name and type (e.g., "desc" of type String) for the attribute
  - Double click to set the attribute value (or to modify it)

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#### Compute fields with point coordinates

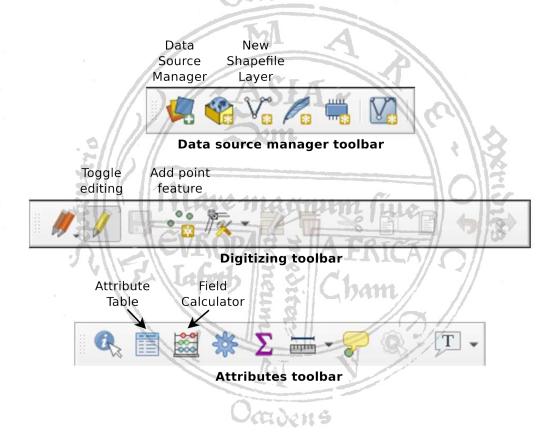
- Select a layer and click the Open Attribute Table button in the toolbar
- Select the abacus icon in the attribute table window
- Input a name for the field you want ot add (e.g. Lat)
- Select a type for the field (e.g. Real)
- Type the formula y(\$geometry) in the Expression box
- Create another field for the latitude (e.g. Lat, x(\$geometry))
- See more functions expanding the Geometry drop-down list

#### Save your work

- Save the project in qGis native format (Ctrl+S or Project -> Save)
- Export as an image (Project -> Save as Image)
- Export in a portable vector format (Project -> Export DXF)

### GUI shortcuts shortform

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### Lab Activity

- (Basic) North of La Spezia there is a region called "Cinque Terre". The name comes from five fisherman villages: Corniglia, Manarola, Vernazza, Monterosso and Riomaggiore. Set a Point for each of them and show on the map a label with their name.
- (Intermediate) Draw a sea route to visit all villages starting from Levanto (another small town on the north). Convert the line to a new layer of vertices using Vector -> Geometry tools -> Exctract Vertices (by the way, you need a permit to do that)
- (Advanced) Compute longitude and latitude of such points, and label each of them with a string "(long, lat)" using the concat function in the calculator

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