# A Neural Algorithm of Artistic Style

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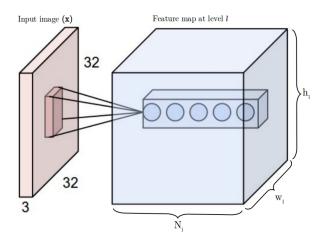
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#### **Notations**

- $\overrightarrow{p}$ : The original, content image
- $\overrightarrow{a}$ : The original, artwork image
- $\overrightarrow{x}$ : The image to be generated. It is initiated as a random noise image.
- F': **Feature Map** at level I, is the result of appling filters at level I. If  $N_I$  filters are applier at level I, then this feature map has a depth of  $N_I$ .
- $N_I$ : The number of filters applier at level I. This is the same as the depts of the feature map at level I.
- $M_l$ : the dimension of the feature map at level I, which is equal to  $N_l \times M_l$ .
- $\mathbf{F}^I$ : The feature map at level I. it is an  $N_I \times M_I$  matrix.

#### **Notations**



### Content Representation

- Gradient descent is performed on a white noise image  $(\overrightarrow{x})$  and a content image  $(\overrightarrow{p})$
- $F^I$  and  $P^I$ : Respective feature maps of the noise image and the original image
- Goal: Reduce the squared-error loss between  $F^I$  and  $P^I$ .

$$\mathcal{L}(\overrightarrow{p}, \overrightarrow{x}, l) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j} (F_{ij}^l - P_{ij}^l)^2$$
 (1)

### Content Representation

The gradient of this loss with respect to activations in *I* can be easily calculated:

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{content}}{\partial F_{ij}^{I}} = \begin{cases} (F^{I} - P^{I})_{ij} & \iff F_{ij}^{I} > 0 \\ 0 & \iff F_{ij}^{I} < 0 \end{cases}$$
 (2)

Style representation is achived via the "Gram Matrix" G. Gram matrix is an  $N_I \times N_I$  matrix which calculates the correlations between different filter responses.

$$\mathbf{G}^{\mathbf{I}}_{ij} = \mathbf{F}^{\mathbf{I}^{\mathsf{T}}}_{i} \times \mathbf{F}^{\mathbf{I}}_{j} = (\mathbf{F}^{\mathbf{I}^{\mathsf{T}}} \times \mathbf{F}^{\mathbf{I}})_{ij}$$
(3)

Given  $G^I$  and  $A^I$  as respective Gram matrices of the noise image and the original image, our goal is to reduce the overal difference between  $G^I$  and  $A^I$ . In the sense, Contribution of layer I to the total loss is

$$E_{l} = \frac{1}{4N_{l}^{2}M_{l}^{2}} \sum_{i}^{N_{l}} \sum_{j}^{N_{l}} (G_{ij}^{l} - A_{ij}^{l})^{2} = \mathbf{1}^{T} (\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{A}) (\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{A})^{T}$$
 (4)

The total loss is:

$$\mathcal{L}_{style}(\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{x}) = \sum_{l=0}^{L} w_l E_l$$
 (5)

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{style}}{\partial F_{ii}^{I}} = \frac{\partial E_{I}}{\partial F_{ii}^{I}} = (4(\mathbf{G}^{I} - \mathbf{A}^{I}) \times \mathbf{F}^{I})_{ij}$$
 (6)

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{style}}{\partial F_{ij}^{l}} = \frac{\partial E_{l}}{\partial F_{ij}^{l}} = (4(\mathbf{G}^{l} - \mathbf{A}^{l}) \times \mathbf{F}^{l})_{ij}$$
 (7)

