### Apache Kudu在网易实时数仓的实践

何李夫

网易杭研院软件工程师









## 收获国内外一线大厂实践 与技术大咖同行成长

♡ 演讲视频 ♡ 干货整理 ♡ 大咖采访 ♡ 行业趋势



# SPEAKER INTRODUCE

#### 何李夫

- Apache Kudu Committer & PMC member
- 2014年加入网易杭研院,曾负责分布式缓存系统开发,现负责实时数仓存储引擎开发
- 网易之前,设计和开发了新三板交易所核心 交易系统、短信增值业务平台等



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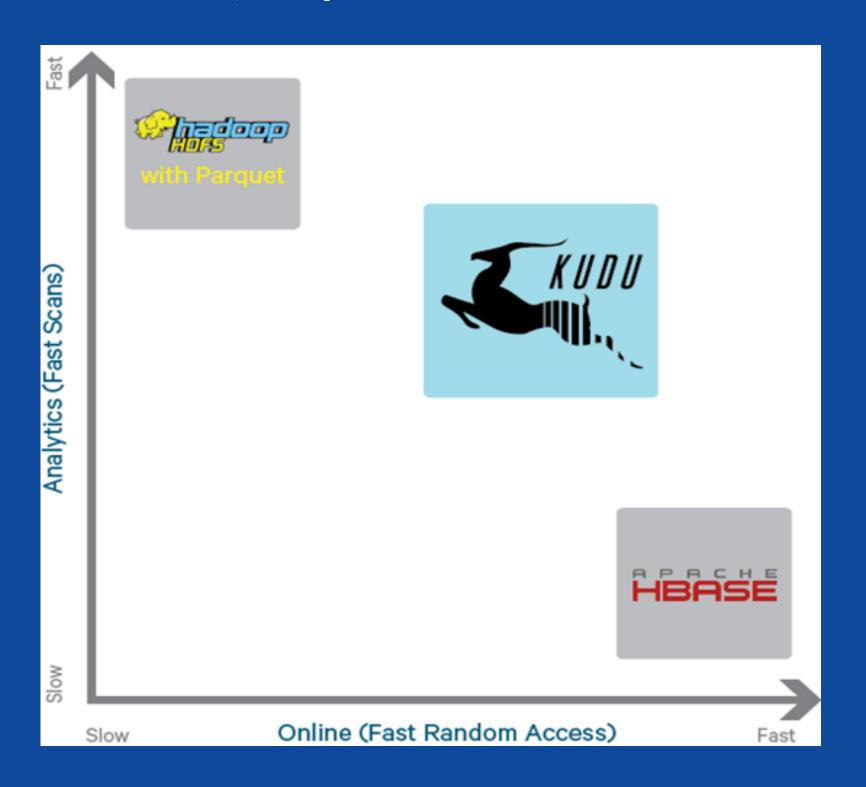
### CONTENTS 大纲

- 系统概述
- 生产实践
- 运维交流





#### Kudu定位



Fast Analytics on Fast Data

快速读写:低延时、高吞吐

实时数据:状态数据、时序日志





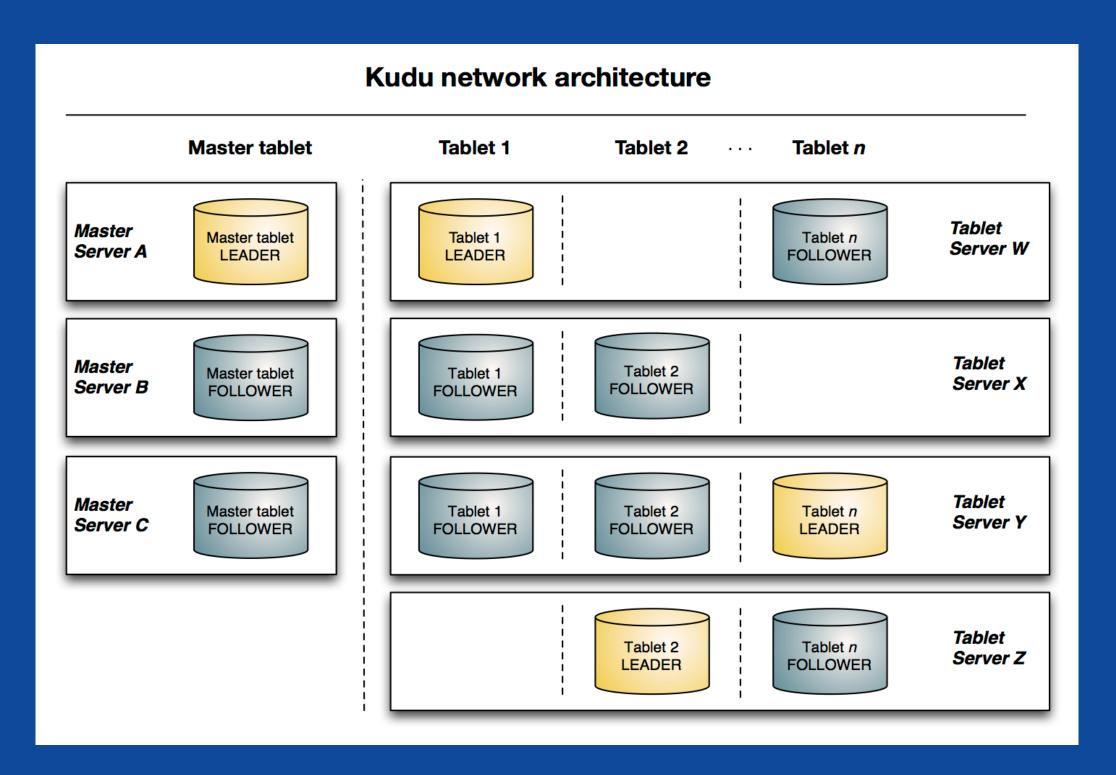
- Kudu优势
  - 列式存储引擎
  - 支持实时写入
  - 支持更新和删除

像传统的数据库



- SQL like Schema
- Composite Primary Key
- Range & Hash Partitions

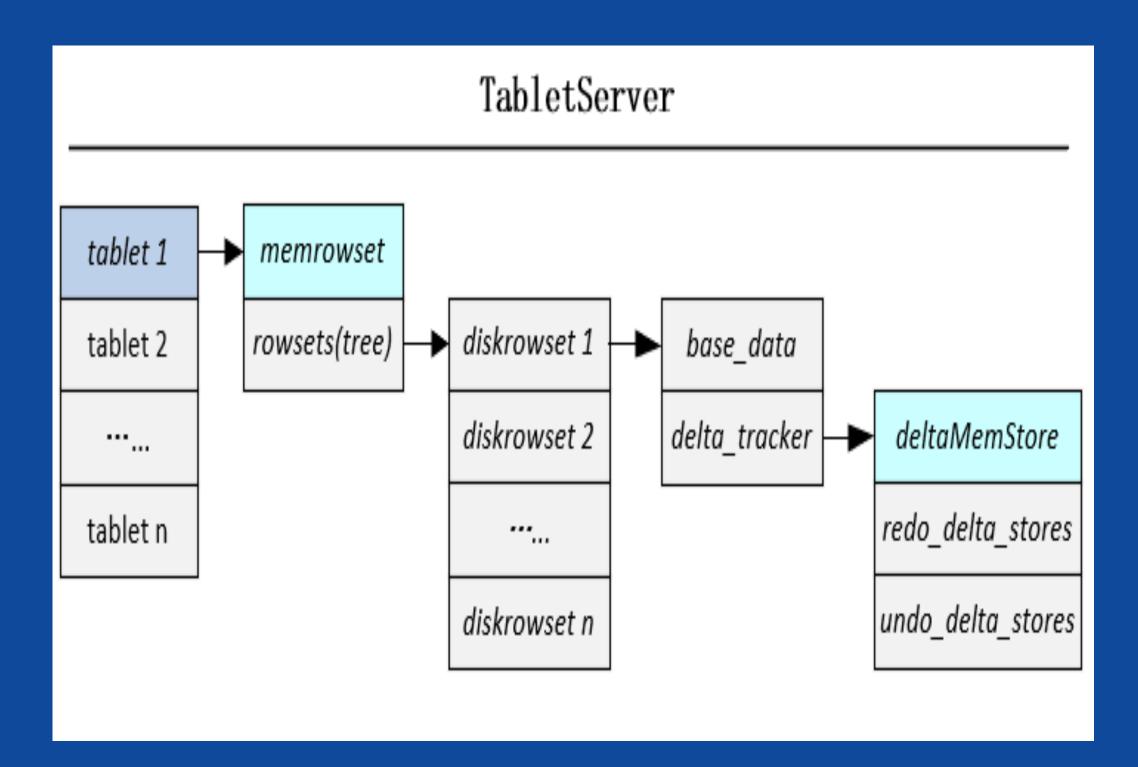




- Master & TServer
- Flexible Partitioning
- Raft Consensus
- All metadata in RAM



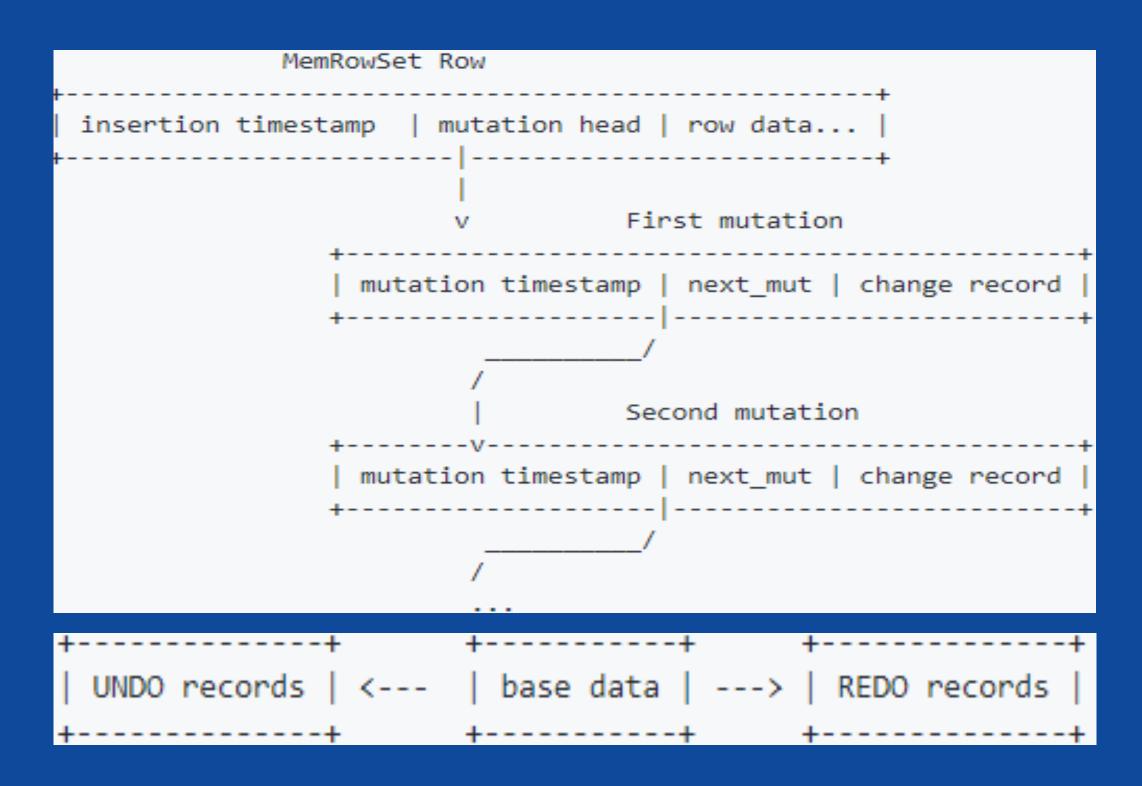




- LSM
- Interval Tree
- Primary key sequence



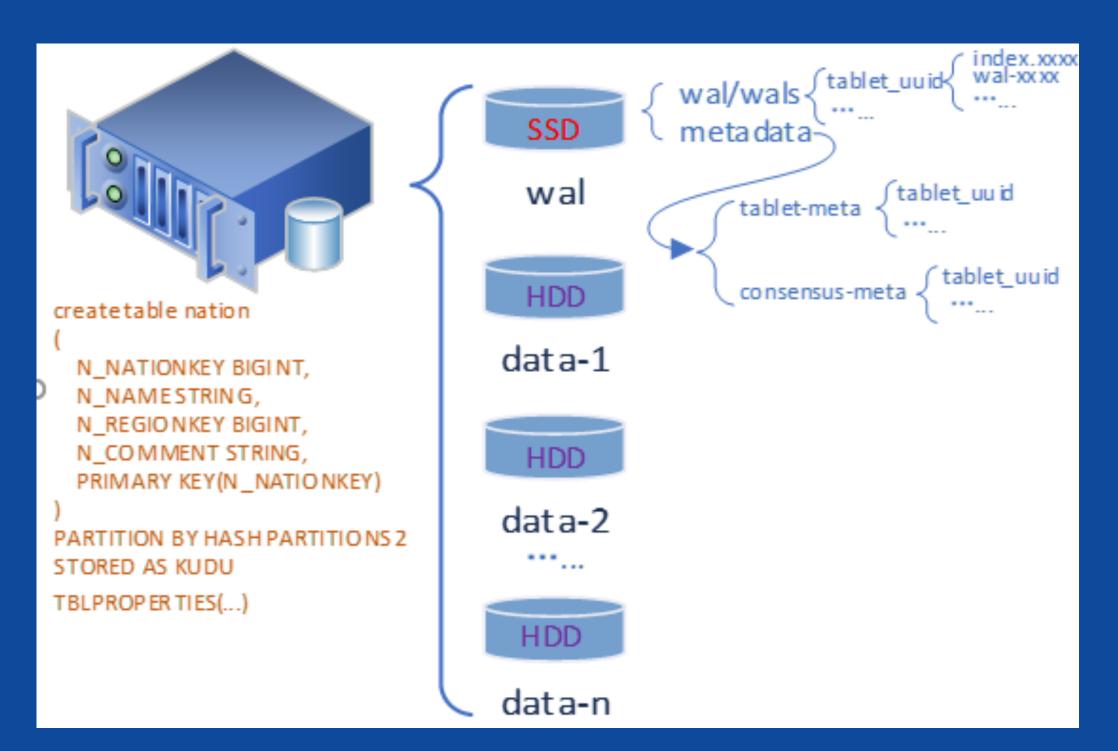




- MVCC
- Snapshot scanners
- Time-travel scanners
- Change-history queries

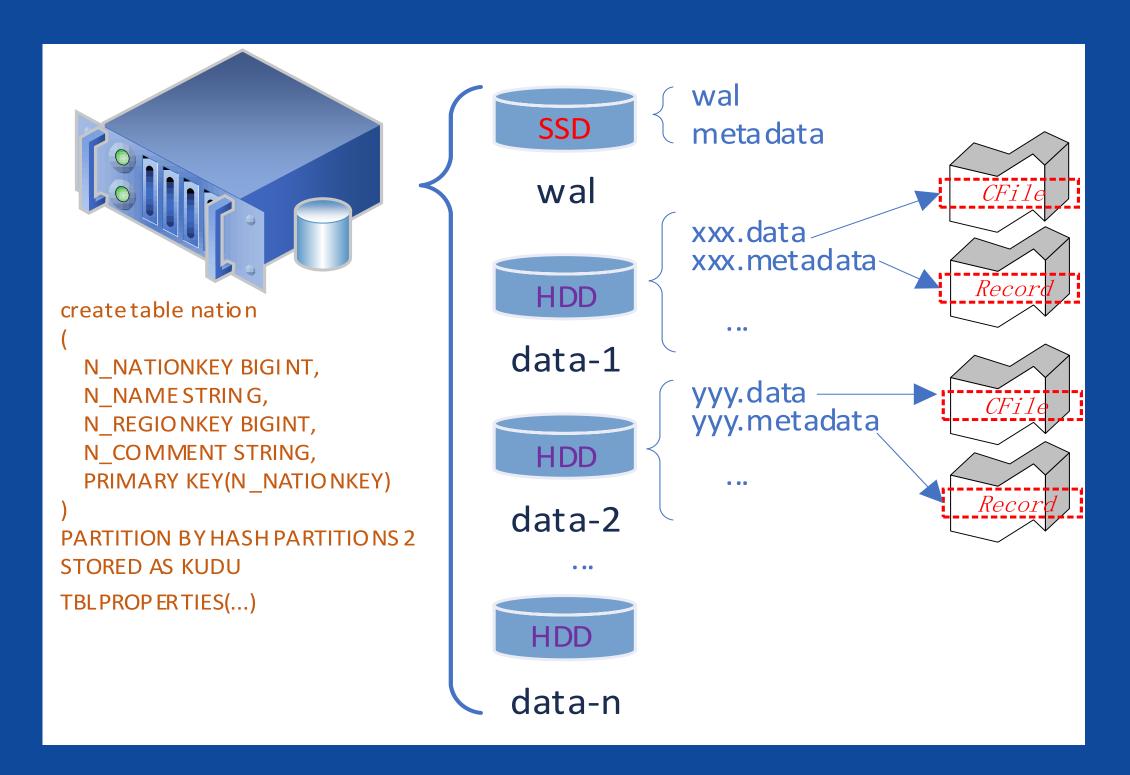






- WAL
- Tablet metadata
- Consensus metadata

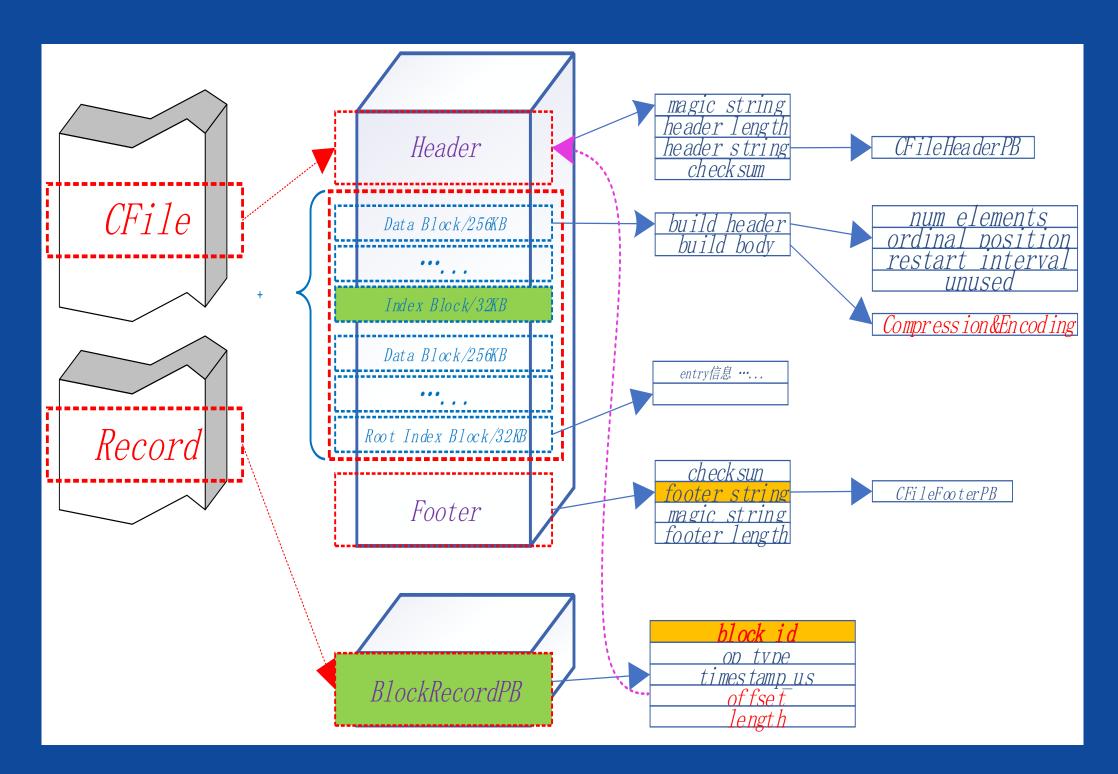




- Columnar Storage
- Append Only File
- Bloom File
- Punch Hole







- Project pushdown
- Predicate pushdown
- Encoding & compression





Kudu with Hadoop ecosystem



- Impala、Presto
- Spark、Hive、MapReduce
- Flink, Spark Streaming, Flume





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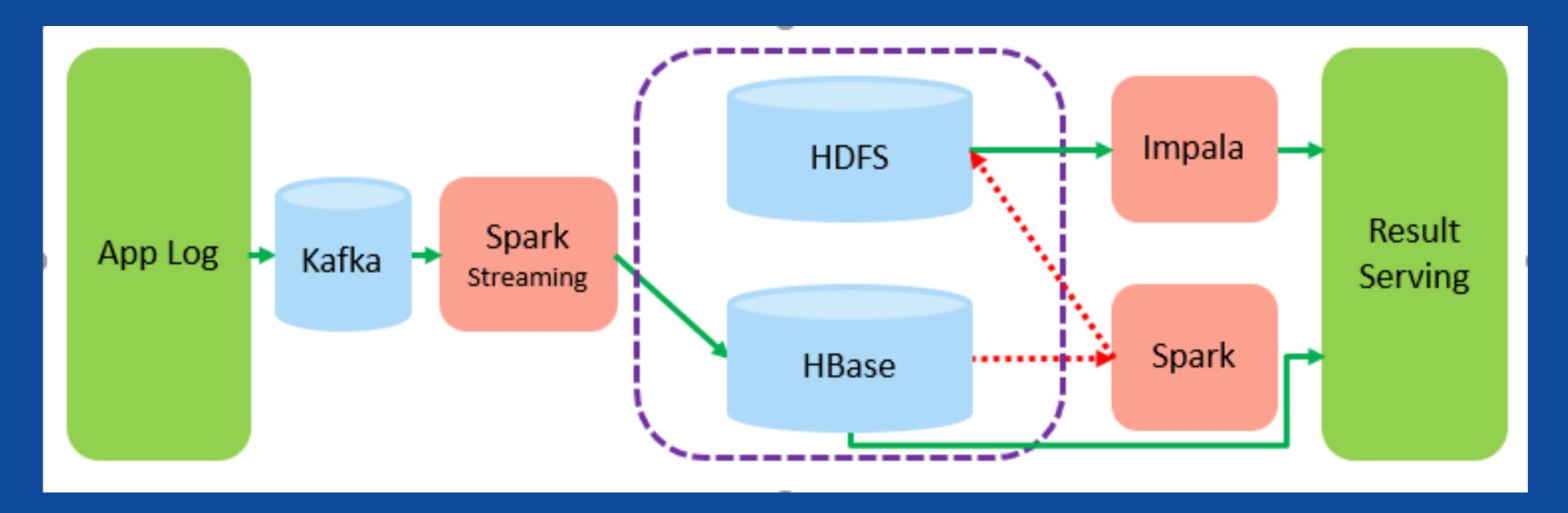
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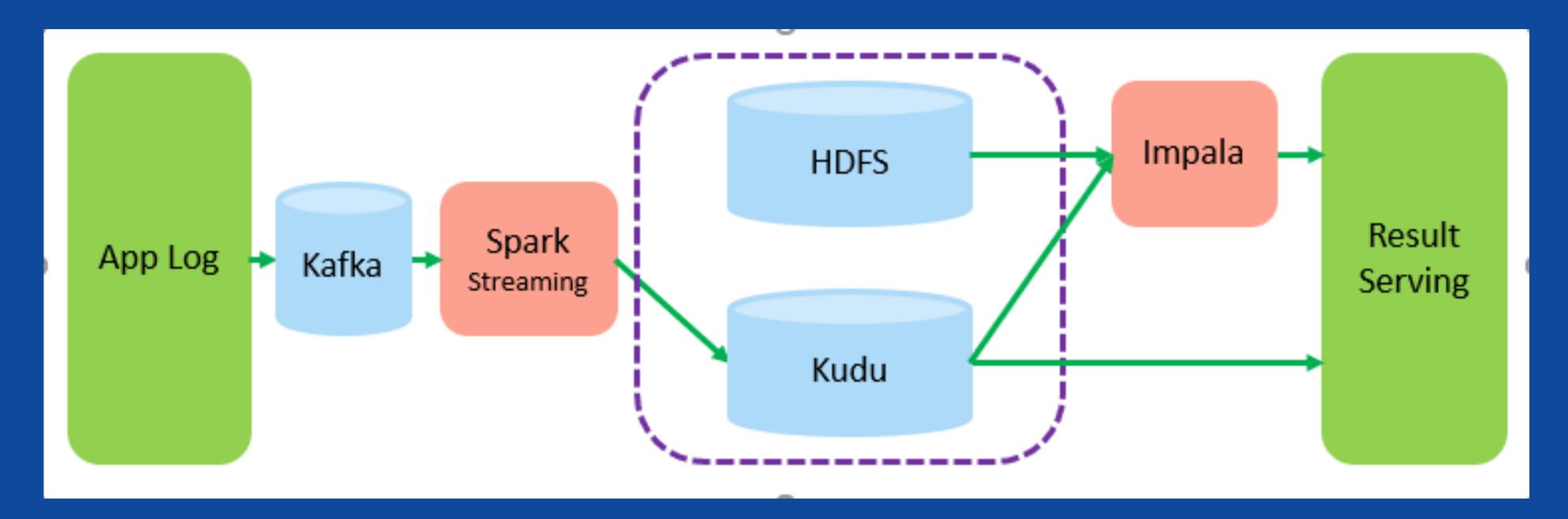




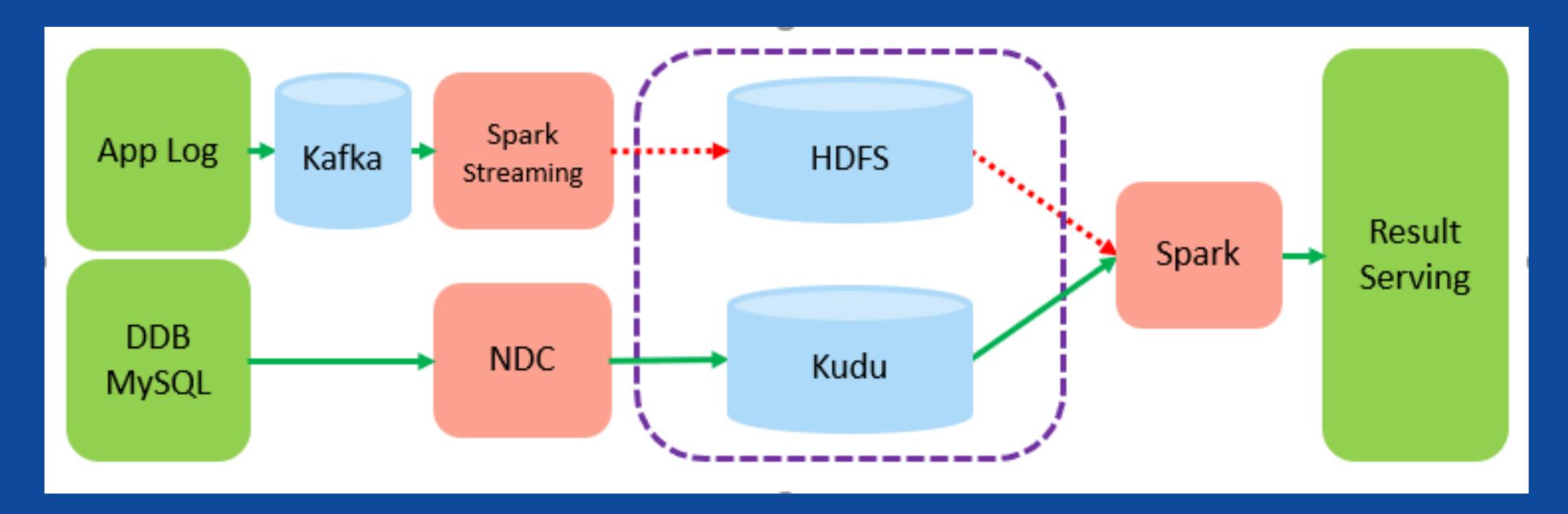
• Case1: 实时数据采集



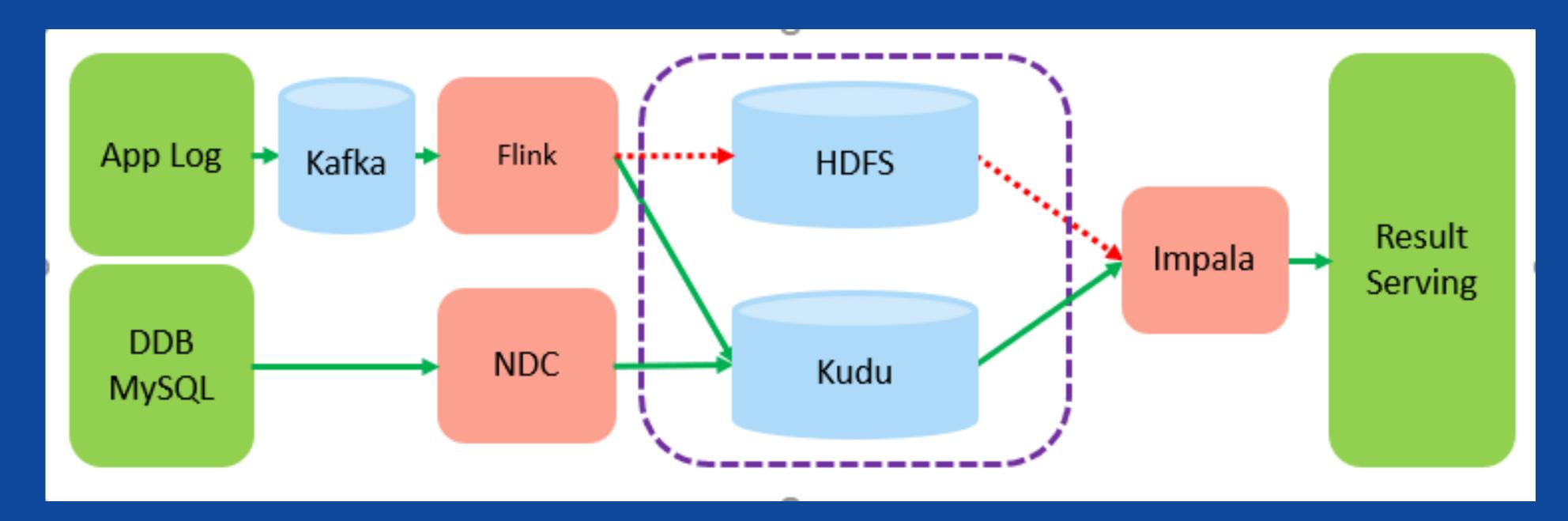
• Case1: 实时数据采集



• Case2: 维表数据关联应用

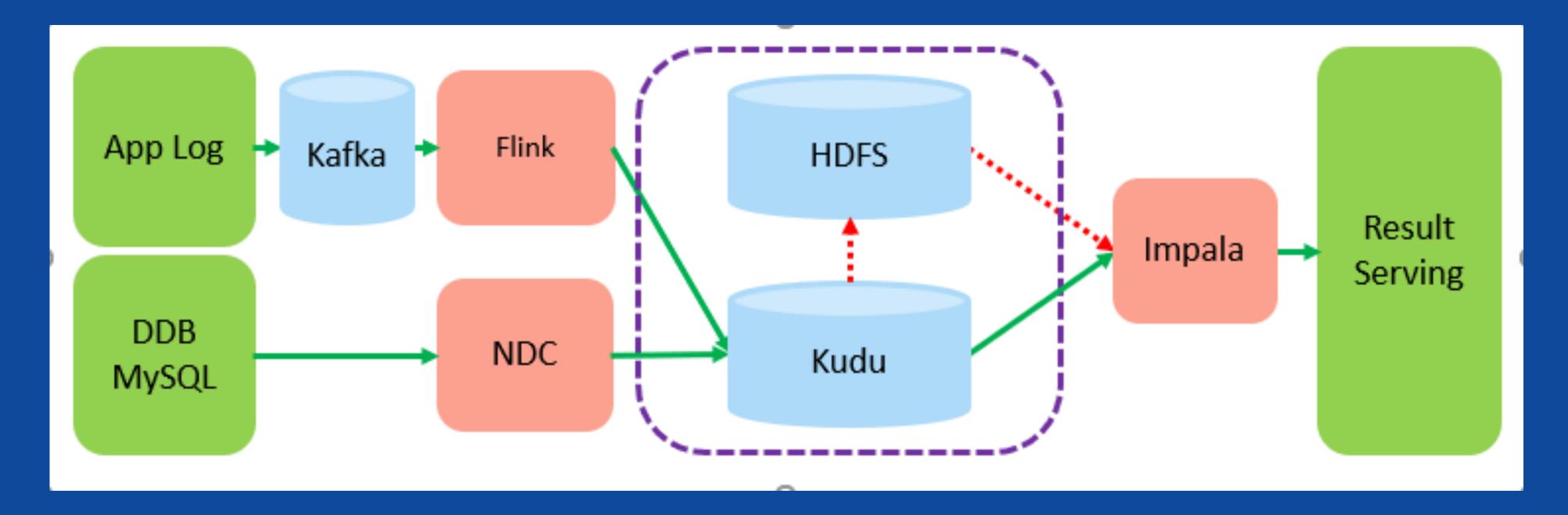


• Case3: 实时流量分析





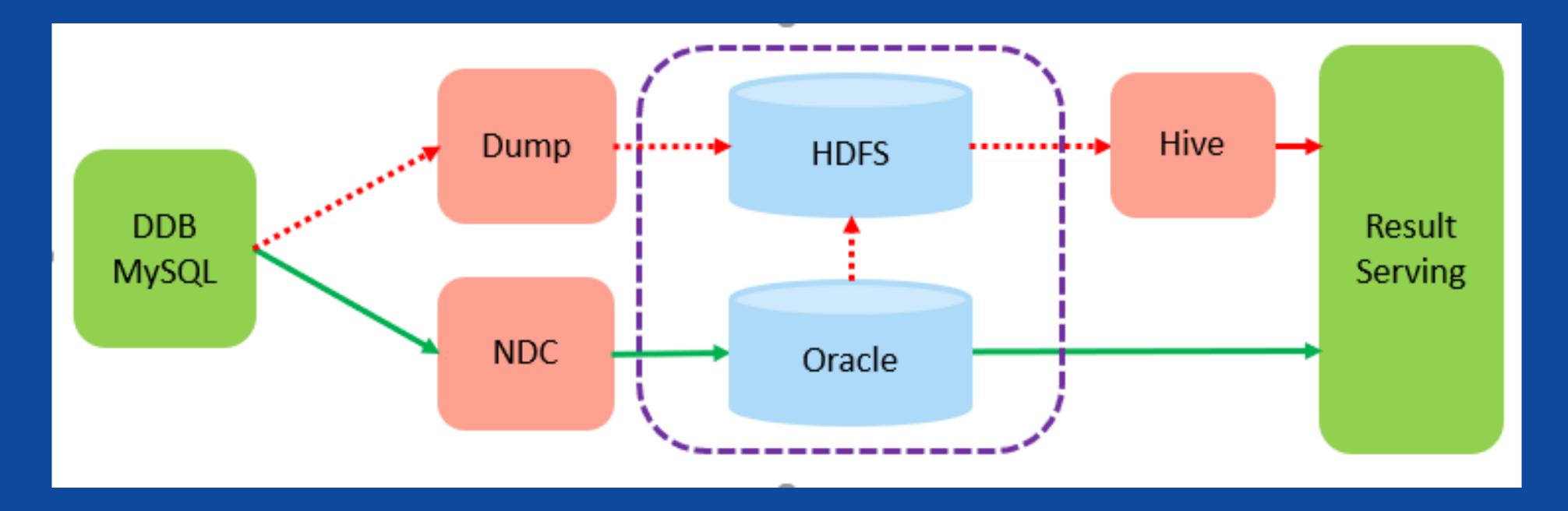
• Case3: 实时流量分析





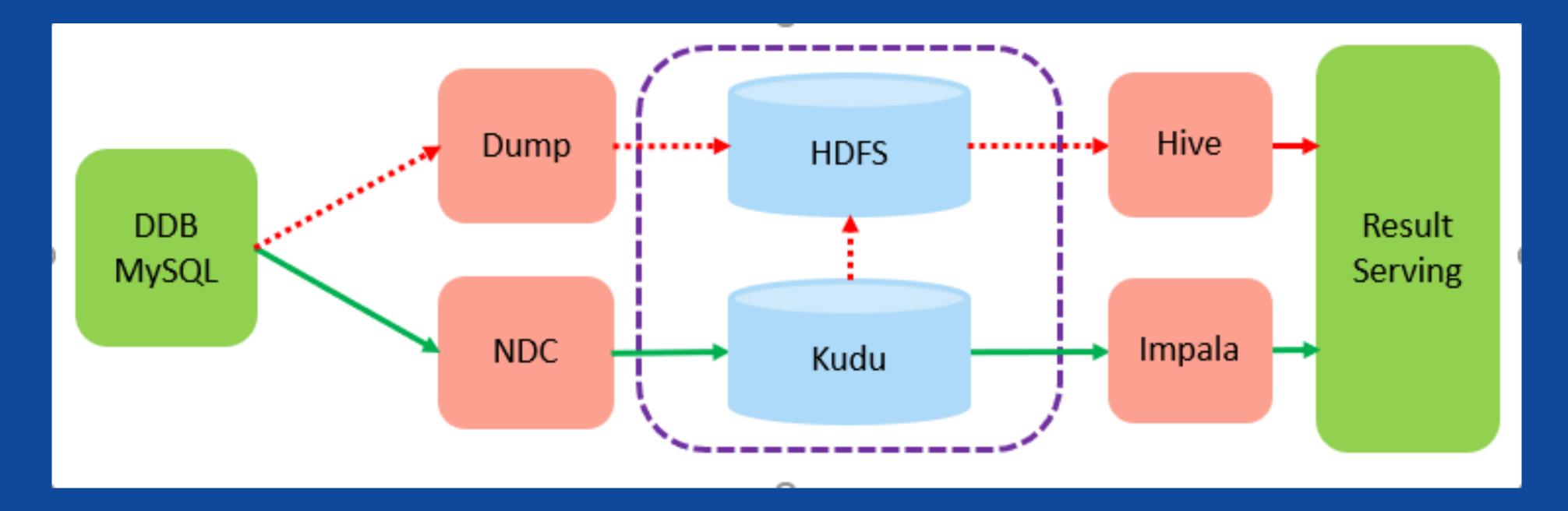


• Case4: 实时数仓ETL





• Case4: 实时数仓ETL





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#### • 生产部署

- 每个集群4个节点起,上规模后1个master独立
- 每个节点WAL独占1块SSD、其他多块SAS或SSD
- 启动ntp、nscd ( /etc/hosts ) 、关闭thp
- 万兆网络





#### • 生产部署

Default

Tags

#### Maintenance

--maintenance\_manager\_num\_threads
Size of the maintenance manager thread pool. For spinning disks, the number of threads should not be above the number of devices

Type int32

Default 1

Tags stable

#### Across all data

evolving,advanced

--fs\_target\_data\_dirs\_per\_tablet
Indicates the target number of data dirs to spread each tablet's data across. If greater than the number of data dirs available, data will be striped across those available. A value of 0 indicates striping should occur across all healthy data dirs. Using fewer data dirs per tablet means a single drive failure will be less likely to affect a given tablet.

Type int32

#### Schema Partitions

```
_ create table nation (
     N_NATIONKEY INT,
     N_NAME STRING,
     N REGIONKEY INT,
     N_COMMENT STRING,
     PRIMARY KEY (N_NATIONKEY)
                  单Range分区:小数据量维表
 STORED AS KUDU
 TBLPROPERTIES ('kudu.master_addresses'='kudu1,kudu2,kudu3');
create table nation (
     N NATIONKEY INT,
     N NAME STRING,
     N REGIONKEY INT,
     N_COMMENT STRING,
     PRIMARY KEY (N_NATIONKEY)
                                Hash分区不能修改
 STORED AS KUDU
 TBLPROPERTIES ('kudu.master_addresses'='kudu1,kudu2,kudu3');
```



#### Schema Partitions

```
CREATE TABLE app_log (
    day STRING,
    servertime BIGINT,
    action STRING,
    page_type STRING,
   os STRING,
   deviceudid STRING,
   logid STRING,
    ip STRING,
    sessionid STRING,
    PRIMARY KEY (day, servertime, action, page_type, os, deviceudid, logid)
PARTITION BY HASH (servertime) PARTITIONS 300,
RANGE (day)
                                                  Range分区需要
                                                   定时任务支持
   PARTITION VALUE = '2019-12-06'
 TBLPROPERTIES ('kudu.master_addresses'='kudu1,kudu2,kudu3')
```



#### • 性能分析

```
Query
CREATE TABLE `test_table3` (
                                                            SELECT col1,
                                                                 col2,
      `col1` BIGINT,
                                                                 col3
                                                             FROM impala::music_kudu_internal.test_table3
      `col2` BIGINT,
                                                             WHERE PRIMARY KEY >= (6, 6)
                                                              AND PRIMARY KEY < (6, 7)
      `col3` BIGINT,
                                                                               分区裁剪+主键索引
      PRIMARY KEY ('col1', 'col2')
                                                            SELECT col1,
                                                                 col2,
                                                                 col3
                                                             FROM impala::music_kudu_internal.test_table3
                                                             PARTITION BY HASH (col1, col2) Partitions 3
stored as kudu
                                                            SELECT col1,
select * from test_table3 where col1 = 6 and col2 = 6;
                                                                 col2,
                                                                 col3
select * from test_table3 where col2 = 6; /
                                                              FROM impala::music_kudu_internal.test_table3
                                                             WHERE PRIMARY KEY >= (6)
                                                              →AND PRIMARY KEY < (7) 全表扫描+主键索引
select * from test_table3 where col1 = 6; ----
```



### • 性能分析

Scanner id	State	Query		扫描请求	Reques	tor Duratio	Time sinc n star	e	每 Column State	列数据读	卖取详约	细信息
2673e8c14c0d4ff087e46b7810afa813	Complete	SELECT	dt, agency_id,		impala	146 ms	1.31 min	real: 146 ms	column	cells read	bytes read	blocks read
			contract_id,	持续时间=RTT+Serve	r耗时			/user: 136 ms	dt	327.68k	2.8K	5
			company_id, income_1m,	S	Server耗	时/	sys: 8	agency_id	196.61k			
	income_tm,					ms	contract_id	3.52M	2.29M	111		
			income_1y,						company_id	196.61k	249.2K	6
		income_yoy, income_mom,				讵	: 胃词列 •	income_type	3.52M	1.64M	57	
			income_1p,				L.	日でリンコ	income_1m	196.61k	1.30M	6
			income_tp,						income_tm	196.61k	1.31M	6
			income_type,						income_1y	2.39M	60B	3
	data_type FROM impala::m		_kudu_internal.test_copyright_agency_income_report_m					income_yoy	2.39M	65.4K	3	
			company_id = 0						income_mom	471.61k	1.11M	5
			contract_id = 2010						income_1p	220.20k	1.28M	6
		AND	income_type = 0						income_tp	203.46k	1.31M	6
									data_type	327.68k	9.3K	5
									total	14.16M	10.71M	1 225





- 阈值监控
  - 控制单个节点分片数量
  - 控制单个分片数据大小
  - 注意Rowset Layout Diagram

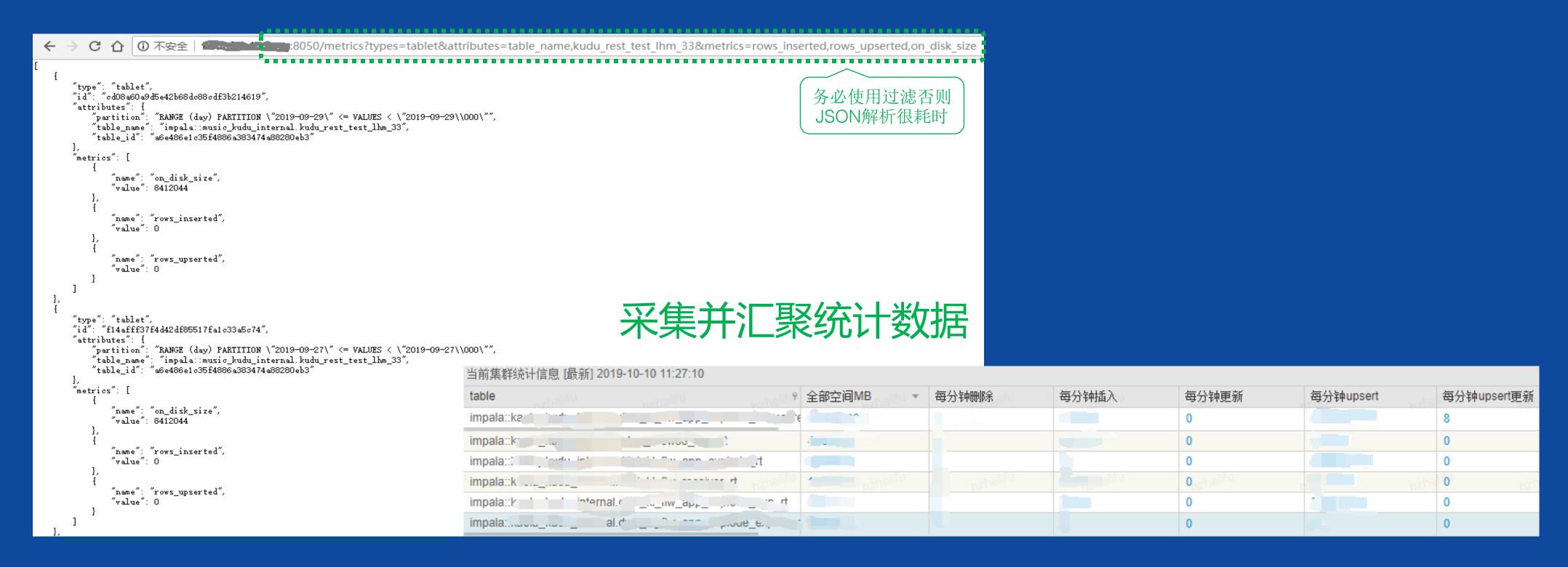
```
Rowset Layout Diagram for Tablet 43ff1d6a0a234fb7b4fb8027177c9a65

Highlighted rowsets indicate those that would be compacted next if a compaction were to run on this tablet.
```





#### • 指标监控







#### • 节点重启

#### --follower\_unavailable\_considered\_failed\_sec

Seconds that a leader is unable to successfully heartbeat to a follower after which the follower is considered to be failed and evicted from the config.

Туре	int32
Default	300
Tags	runtime,advanced

重启完,不要忘记设置回原值

```
线上保护,设置2小时
```

```
./bin/kudu tserver set_flag kudu follower_unavailable_considered_failed_sec 7200 --force
```





#### • 滚动升级

#### **Upgrade from a Previous Version of Kudu**

Before upgrading, you should read the Release Notes for the version of Kudu that you are about to install. Pay close attention to the incompatibilities, upgrade, and downgrade notes that are documented there.

Warning The following upgrade process is only relevant when you have binaries available.

支持滚动升级 升级前先重启一轮

- Prepare the software.
  - Place the new kudu-tserver, kudu-master, and kudu binaries into the appropriate Kudu binary directory.
- Upgrade the tablet servers.
  - Set the follower\_unavailable\_considered\_failed\_sec configuration to a high value (conservatively, twice the
    expected restart time) to prevent tablet replicas hosted on restarting tablet servers from being evicted and rereplicated.
    - \$ ./kudu tserver set\_flag <tserver> follower\_unavailable\_considered\_failed\_sec 7200
  - Restart one tablet server.
  - Wait for all tablet replicas on the tablet server to finish bootstrapping by viewing /tablets page in the tablet server web UI.
  - Restarting the tablet server will have reset the follower\_unavailable\_considered\_failed\_sec configuration.
     Raise it again as needed.
  - o Repeat the previous 3 steps for the remaining tablet servers.
  - Restore the original gflag value of every tablet server (the default is 5 minutes)





#### • 在线换盘

安全 https://kudu.apache.org/docs/command\_line\_tools\_reference.html#fs-update\_dirs update\_dirs: Updates the set of data directories in an existing Kudu filesystem If a data directory is in use by a tablet and is removed, the operation will fail unless --force is also used Usage: kudu fs update\_dirs [-force] [-fs\_data\_dirs=<dirs>] [-fs\_metadata\_dir=<dir>] [-fs\_wal\_dir=<dir>] 更新配置 设置维护 剔除异常 取消维护 关闭坏盘 机房换盘 节点 目录 窗口 窗口 启动节点





### 回顾总结

- 适合作为事务库的分析库
- 适合存储实时的日志数据
- 提供快速的数据分析能力

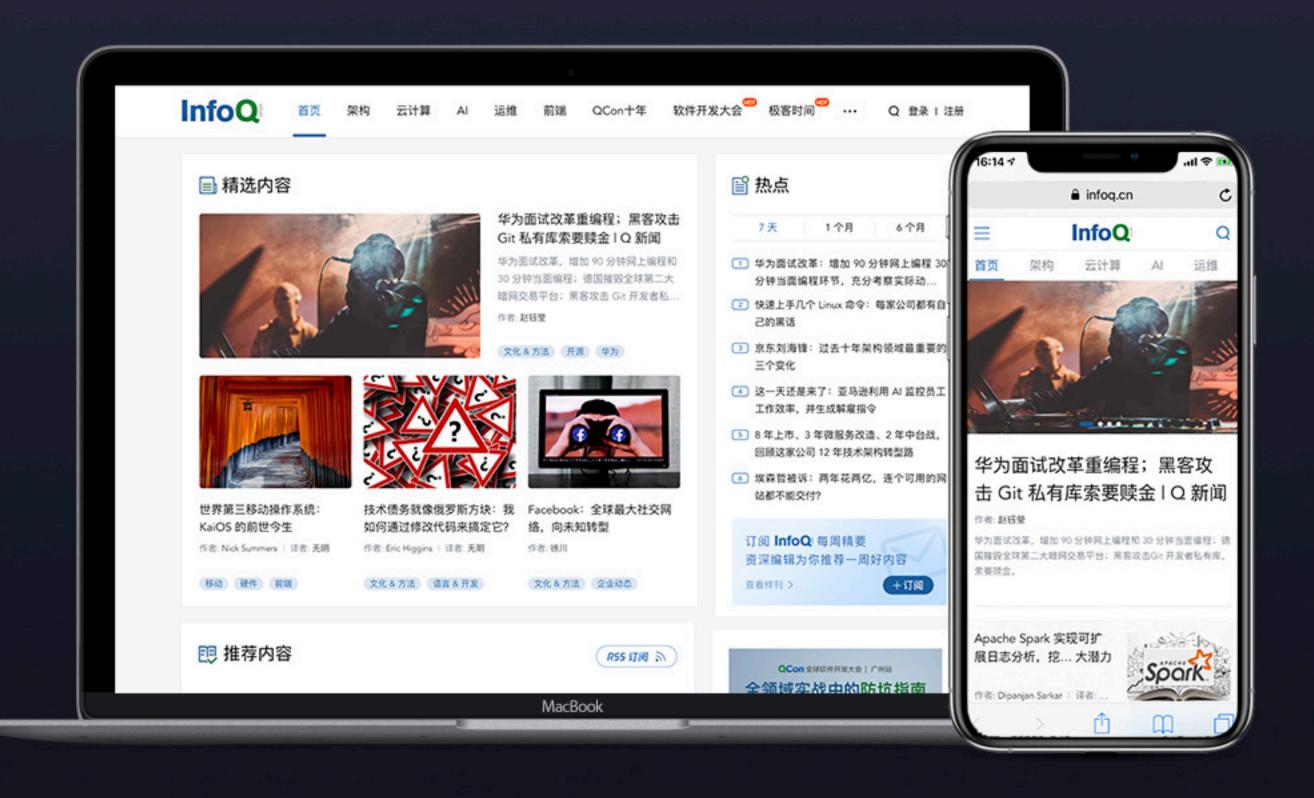






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