8/15/24, 10:04 AM p_stack.c

multithreaded/p_stack.c

```
/*
 1
 2
    A dynamic stack holding pointers
    - note: this current implementation only resizes stack to increase size, never to decrease size
 3
    */
 4
 5
 6
    #include "p_stack.h"
 7
    /**
 8
 9
     * @brief initialize stack with an initial size (capacity)
     * @param p PSTACK*: a pointer to uninitialized memory
10
11
     * @param stack_size size_t: initial capacity of the stack to be initialized
     * @return 0 on success; 1 otherwise
12
13
14
    int init_pstack(PSTACK *p, size_t stack_size)
15
        if (p == NULL || stack size == 0)
16
17
        {
18
            return 1;
19
        }
20
21
        p->size = stack_size;
22
        p \rightarrow pos = -1;
        p->items = (void **)malloc(stack_size * sizeof(void *));
23
24
25
        memset(p->items, 0, stack_size * sizeof(void *));
26
27
        return 0;
28
    }
29
    /**
30
31
     * @brief push an item onto the stack; if the stack is full, resize the stack
32
     * @param p PSTACK*: (pointer to) the stack the function will push item onto
     * @param item void*: pointer to push onto stack
33
     * @return 0 on success; 1 otherwise
34
35
     */
36
    int push_pstack(PSTACK *p, void *item)
37
    {
        if (p == NULL)
38
39
        {
40
            return 1;
41
        }
42
43
        if (is full pstack(p))
44
45
            resize pstack(p);
46
47
48
        ++(p->pos);
```

```
49
        p->items[p->pos] = item;
50
51
        return 0;
52
    }
53
54
    /**
55
     * @brief pop from the stack
     * @param p PSTACK*: (pointer to) the stack the function will pop from
56
     * @param p_item void**: pointer that will be populated with popped element (which itself is a
57
    pointer)
58
     * @return 0 on success; 1 otherwise
     */
59
    int pop_pstack(PSTACK *p, void **p_item)
60
61
        if (p == NULL || is empty pstack(p))
62
63
64
            return 1;
65
        }
66
        *p_item = p->items[p->pos];
67
        p->items[p->pos] = NULL;
68
        (p->pos)--;
69
        return 0;
70
71
    }
72
    /**
73
74
     * @brief check if the stack is full
75
     * @param p PSTACK*: (pointer to) the stack to check
     * @return true if full; false otherwise
76
77
     */
    bool is_full_pstack(PSTACK *p)
78
79
        if (p == NULL)
80
81
        {
82
            return 0;
83
84
        return (p->pos == (p->size - 1));
85
    }
86
87
    /**
88
     * @brief check if the stack is empty
     * @param p PSTACK*: (pointer to) the stack to check
89
     * @return true if empty; false otherwise
90
91
     */
92
    bool is_empty_pstack(PSTACK *p)
93
94
        if (p == NULL)
95
        {
96
            return 0;
97
        }
```

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```
98
         return (p->pos == -1);
99
    }
100
     /**
101
102
      * @brief resize stack to have greater capacity; maintain existing elements
103
      * @param p PSTACK*: (pointer to) the stack to resize
      * @return 0 on success; 1 otherwise
104
105
      */
     int resize_pstack(PSTACK *p)
106
107
     {
108
         size_t old_size = p->size;
109
         void **old items = p->items;
110
         p->size = (p->size) * PSTACK RESIZE FACTOR;
111
         p->items = (void **)malloc((p->size) * sizeof(void *));
112
         if (p->items == NULL)
113
         {
114
             return 1;
115
         }
116
117
         for (size_t i = 0; i < old_size; ++i)</pre>
118
119
             p->items[i] = old_items[i];
120
121
         for (size t i = old size; i < p->size; ++i)
122
         {
123
             p->items[i] = NULL;
124
         }
125
126
         free(old_items);
127
         old_items = NULL;
128
129
         return 0;
130
131
132
133
      * @brief returns number of elements currently in the stack
134
      * @param p STACK*: (pointer to) the stack
135
      * @return number of elements in the stack
136
137
     size_t num_elements_pstack(PSTACK *p)
138
139
         return p->pos + 1;
140
     }
141
     /**
142
143
      * @brief deconstruct stack: free all allocated memory
144
      * @param p PSTACK*: (pointer to) the stack to deconstruct
      * @return 0 on success; 1 otherwise
145
146
147
    int cleanup_pstack(PSTACK *p)
```

```
148
149
         if (p == NULL || p->items == NULL)
150
151
             return 0;
152
         }
153
         for (size_t i = 0; i < p->size; ++i)
154
155
             if (p->items[i] != NULL)
156
             {
157
                 free(p->items[i]);
158
                 p->items[i] = NULL;
159
             }
160
         free(p->items);
161
162
         p->items = NULL;
163
         return 0;
164 }
```