

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF COMPUTER AND EMERGING SCIENCES (KARACHI CAMPUS) Department of Computer Science Fall 2020

Project Report: [Advance Search Engine For Smartphones (Online Mobile Shopping)]

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Overview:

The software is a search engine for smartphones. It will provide the user a list of relevant and valid options and after processing it, the program will filter out the smartphones which does not meet the criteria stated by the user. The program will then finally display the names of the smartphones that does meet the criteria and will also provide the user an option to compare two chosen smartphones together. The program, after comparison, will finally display a passage in English comparing the two chosen products together.

Input:

• User will be provided with a list of valid and relative options from which he/she can select the desired feature from e.g.:

```
Welcome To Advance Search!
Please Select A Valid Option From The list Provided Below:
Prices
1: <10,000
2: 10,000-20,000
3: 20,000-30,000
4: 30,000-40,000
5: 40,000-50,000
6: >50,000
7: Skip
Input Selected Option: 6
RAM:
1: 1 GB
2: 2 GB
3: 3 GB
4: 4 GB
5: 6 GB
6: 8 GB
7: SKIP
Input Selected Option: 6
ROM:
```

Output:

• After taking the input, the program will filter out the smartphones that does not meet the required criteria and finally outputs the name of the products that does meet the criteria!

```
Your best Option/s is/are:
Samsung Galaxy S20 FE
VIVO V20
Oppo F17 pro
Oppo Reno 4
Samsung Galaxy A7
Samsung Galaxy A51
Samsung Galaxy Note 10 LITE
Samsung Galaxy S20
OnePlus 8T
OnePlus 8
```

• Along with this, user will be provided with a choice to compare any two products of his/her choice, the program then will print a passage in English comparing the two products together.

```
Phone 1: 4
Phone 2: 40
*)The price of OnePlus Nord is higher than the price of VIVO V20
*)OnePlus Nord has higher RAM than VIVO V20
*)OnePlus Nord has higher ROM than VIVO V20
*)OnePlus Nord has higher mega pixels than the camera of OnePlus Nord
*)VIVO V20's camera has higher mega pixels than the camera of OnePlus Nord
*)OnePlus Nord's battery is larger than the battery of VIVO V20
*)OnePlus Nord has more number of cameras than VIVO V20
*)VIVO V20's front camera has higher mega pixels than the camera of OnePlus Nord
*)VIVO V20 has memory card slot while OnePlus Nord don't have a memory card slot
*)VIVO V20 and OnePlus Nord both have a dual sim slot
*)VIVO V20 and OnePlus Nord both have Android
*)VIVO V20 and OnePlus Nord both have a fingerprint sensor
*)VIVO V20 has audio jack while OnePlus Nord don't have a audio jack
*)VIVO V20 and OnePlus Nord both have fast charging
*)VIVO V20 and OnePlus Nord both have 4G
*)OnePlus Nord has better processor than VIVO V20
```

Step by Step:

• The record is defined within the program

```
| finclude cstdib.h>
| sinclude cstdib.h.h*
| sinclude cstdib.
```

• Then all of the values of the resultant arrays are initialized to zero in order to avoid garbage values being printed

```
for (count1=0;count1<50;count1++){
    for (count2=0;count2<100;count2++){
        res1[count1][count2]=0;
        res2[count1][count2]=0;
        res4[count1][count2]=0;
        res5[count1][count2]=0;
        res6[count1][count2]=0;
        res6[count1][count2]=0;
        res8[count1][count2]=0;
        res9[count1][count2]=0;
        res9[count1][count2]=0;
        res10[count1][count2]=0;
        res11[count1][count2]=0;
        res12[count1][count2]=0;
        res13[count1][count2]=0;
        res14[count1][count2]=0;
        res14[count1][count2]=0;
    }
}</pre>
```

• Then the list for choice is printed

• Via 'if' conditions, the valid input is processed and the name of the smartphone (which meets the specified criteria) is assigned to the resultant array.

```
for(count1=0;count1<50;count1++){</pre>
                              if (prices[count1]<10000){
                              strcpy(res1[count1], names[count1]);
                    else if (input1a==2){
                         for(count1=0;count1<50;count1++){
    if ((prices[count1]>=10000)&&(prices[count1]<=20000)){
      strcpy(res1[count1], names[count1]);</pre>
                    else if (input1a==3){
                         for(count1=0;count1<50;count1++){
                              if ((prices[count1]>=20000)&&(prices[count1]<=30000)){
                              strcpy(res1[count1], names[count1]);
100 -
101 -
102 -
103 -
104
                   } else if (input1a==4){
                         for(count1=0;count1<50;count1++){</pre>
                              if ((prices[count1]>=30000)&&(prices[count1]<=40000)){
   strcpy(res1[count1], names[count1]);</pre>
                    }
if (input1a==5){
108 —
109 —
110 —
111
                         for(count1=0;count1<50;count1++){
    if ((prices[count1]>=40000)&&(prices[count1]<=50000)){
                              strcpy(res1[count1], names[count1]);
                    else if (inputla==6){
                         for(count1=0;count1<50;count1++){
   if (prices[count1]>50000){
                              strcpy(res1[count1], names[count1]);
                    else if (input1a==7){
                         for(count1=0;count1<50;count1++){</pre>
                         strcpy(res1[count1], names[count1]);}
```

• The same method is applied for the rest of the inputs

```
%d",&input2a);
hile((input2a<1)||(input2a>7)){
   printf("Error! Please
scanf("%d",&input2a);
f (input2a==1){
   for (count1=0;count1<50;count1++){
      (RAM[count1]==1){
       strcpy(res2[count1], names[count1]);
f (input2a==2){
   for (count1=0;count1<50;count1++){
   if (RAM[count1]==2){
       strcpy(res2[count1], names[count1]);
f (input2a==3){
   for (count1=0;count1<50;count1++){</pre>
   if (RAM[count1]==3){
       strcpy(res2[count1], names[count1]);
if (input2a==4){
   for (count1=0;count1<50;count1++){
   if (RAM[count1]==4){
       strcpy(res2[count1], names[count1]);
if (input2a==5){
   if (RAM[count1]==6){
       strcpy(res2[count1], names[count1]);
  (input2a==6){
```

• After the selection of the valid inputs, the resultant arrays are compared with each other and only the name of those products are printed which are common in all resultant arrays.

• After the recommendation, the program will provide the user with a choice of comparison between the desired products. The program will print a list of all the products that are present in the stored record.

```
printf("\nWould you like to compare any two smartphones? Y/N\n");
scanf(" %c",&comparison);
if ((comparison=='Y')||(comparison=='y')){
    printf("Please Select The Product From The Given List You Want To Compare Your Selected Phone With (Make Sure You Only Select The Ser for (count1=0;count1<50;count1++){
    i++;
    printf("%d: ",i);
    puts(names[count1]);
}
```

• The user will then be asked to enter the serial number of the two smartphone he/she wishes to compare

• The program will then compare all the features of the chosen products. Finally after the comparison, the program will print line by line comparison of all the features of the chosen products.

```
if (prices[phone1]>prices[phone2]){
                    printf("*)The price of %s is higher than the price of %s\n",names[phone1],names[phone2]);
                if (prices[phone1]<prices[phone2]){</pre>
                    printf("*)The price of %s is higher than the price of %s\n",names[phone2],names[phone1]);
                if (prices[phone1]==prices[phone2]){
   printf("*)The price of %s is same as the price of %s\n",names[phone1],names[phone2]);;
899 🗕
                if(RAM[phone1]>RAM[phone2]){
904
                    printf("*)%s has higher RAM than %s\n",names[phone1],names[phone2]);
                if(RAM[phone1]<RAM[phone2]){
                    printf("*)%s has higher RAM than %s\n",names[phone2],names[phone1]);
                if(RAM[phone1]==RAM[phone2]){
910
                    printf("*)%s has same RAM as of %s\n",names[phone1],names[phone2]);
                if(ROM[phone1]>ROM[phone2]){
                    printf("*)%s has higher ROM than %s\n",names[phone1],names[phone2]);
917 -
918 <del>-</del>
                if(ROM[phone1]<ROM[phone2]){
    printf("*)%s has higher ROM than %s\n",names[phone2],names[phone1]);
                if(ROM[phone1]==ROM[phone2]){
    printf("*)%s has same ROM as of %s\n",names[phone1],names[phone2]);
                if(camera[phone1]>camera[phone2]){
                                                     er mega pixels than the camera of %s\n",names[phone1],names[phone2]);
                    printf("*)%s's camera has hig
                if(camera[phone1]<camera[phone2]){
                                                     er mega pixels than the camera of %s\n",names[phone2],names[phone1]);
                    printf("*)%s's camera has high
                if(camera[phone1]==camera[phone2]){
                    printf("*)%s's camera has same mega pixels as of %s\n",names[phone1],names[phone2]);
                if(screen[phone1]>screen[phone2]){
                    printf("*)%s's screen is larger than the screen of %s\n",names[phone1],names[phone2]);
                if(screen[phone1]<screen[phone2]){</pre>
                    printf("*)%s's screen is larger than the screen of %s\n",names[phone2],names[phone1]);
```

Conclusion:

The program aims to make it easier for the users to find what they are looking for. The search engine will narrow down the list of number of products, consequently aiding the user in making the final decision. If the user is confused between two products, the program will also allow the user to compare the features of the two products together. This program is influenced from the <u>advance search engine</u> of whatmobile.com with some added features like comparison of the features between the chosen products. The program gets the job done like any other search engine and allows the user to make most out of their expenditure.