

Random Graphs: Second Team Homework

```
In [46]: import numpy as np
import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import itertools
import logging
logging.captureWarnings(True) # Logging warnings in order to suppress them
```

Exercise 1

Write a function that computes the second smallest eigenvalue λ_1 of the unweighted normalized graph Laplacian for a given graph with n vertices.

Then write a script that uses the assigned dataset, and computes the sequence of second smallest eigenvalue $\lambda_1(k)$ of the cumulative graph Edges($1 : k$, $1 : 2$), where $1 \leq k \leq m$ denotes the running number of edges.

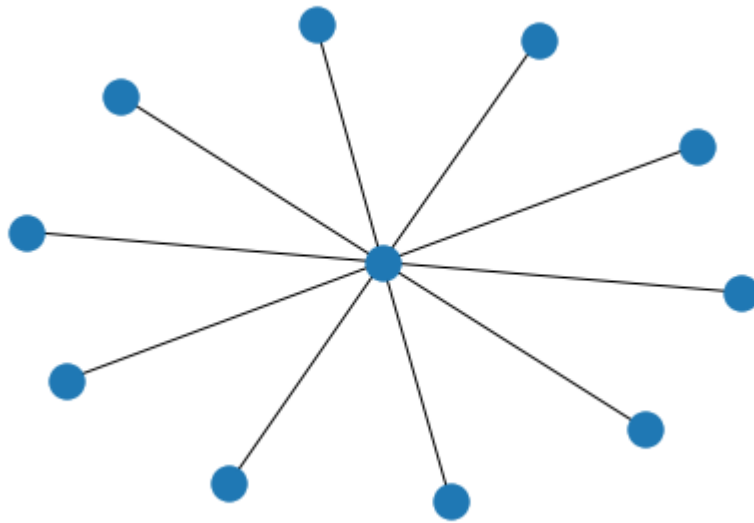
Specifically, order the edges according to their weights from file `*weight.txt`, starting with the largest weight first and then continue in a monotonic decreasing order.

```
In [5]: # Load data
file_location = "../kn57Nodes1to57_adj20.txt"
adj_matrix = np.genfromtxt(file_location, delimiter=' ', skip_header = 1)
graph = nx.Graph(adj_matrix)
```

```
In [7]: nx.draw(graph)
```



```
In [27]: # Testing the subgraph generation
graph_from_first_n_edges = lambda G, n: nx.from_edgelist(list(graph.edges)[:n])
subgraph = graph_from_first_n_edges(graph, 10)
nx.draw(subgraph)
```



```
In [25]: def second_smallest_eigenvalue_of_normalized_laplacian(G):
subgraph_laplacian = nx.normalized_laplacian_matrix(G).todense()
eigenvalues = np.linalg.eigvals(subgraph_laplacian)
return sorted(eigenvalues)[1]

second_smallest_eigenvalue_of_normalized_laplacian(subgraph)
```

```
Out[25]: 0.9999999999999998
```

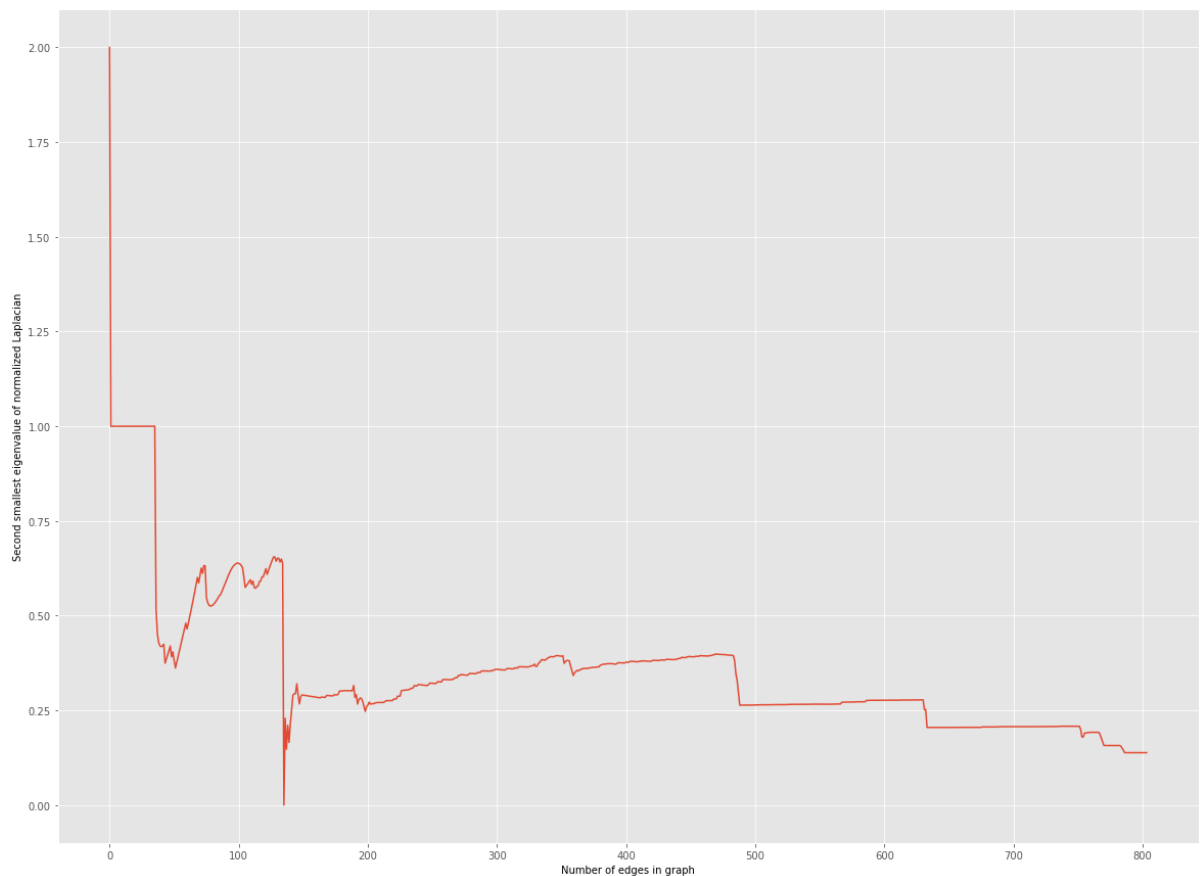
```
In [29]: # Compute the second smallest eigenvalue of the cumulative graph Edges(1 : k, 1 : 2
# where 1 ≤ k ≤ m is the running number of edges
second_smallest_eigenvals = \
    [second_smallest_eigenvalue_of_normalized_laplacian(graph_from_first_n_edges(gr
    for n in range(1,graph.number_of_edges()+1)]
```

```
In [35]: for i in range(0,len(second_smallest_eigenvals),20):
print(f"graph from first {i} edges:\t lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is {seco
```

graph from first 0 edges:	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 2.0
graph from first 20 edges: 9987	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.999999999999
graph from first 40 edges: 56631+0j)	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is (0.41801510442
graph from first 60 edges: 615273+0j)	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is (0.46487851362
graph from first 80 edges: 4608	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.528078237389
graph from first 100 edges: 34956+0j)	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is (0.63819984171
graph from first 120 edges: 8957	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.613362404365
graph from first 140 edges: 3456	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.215450820096
graph from first 160 edges: 2228	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.284348659196
graph from first 180 edges: 4618	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.300864579852
graph from first 200 edges: 98812+0j)	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is (0.26348885119
graph from first 220 edges: 84117	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.279628139110
graph from first 240 edges: 6074	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.317745339817
graph from first 260 edges: 39727	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.331342562383
graph from first 280 edges: 0717	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.347307375038
graph from first 300 edges: 8678	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.358178495390
graph from first 320 edges: 5636	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.364912966719
graph from first 340 edges: 87475	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.388969227666
graph from first 360 edges: 38216	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.348730434234
graph from first 380 edges: 4288	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.369140586429
graph from first 400 edges: 58104	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.377222495421
graph from first 420 edges: 92744	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.380730130604
graph from first 440 edges: 316	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.385804456325
graph from first 460 edges: 98574	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.393855663775
graph from first 480 edges: 985	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.395720866764
graph from first 500 edges: 7723	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.264401476890
graph from first 520 edges: 95997	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.264795100283
graph from first 540 edges: 31393	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.266009022749
graph from first 560 edges: 0009	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.266467389200
graph from first 580 edges: 06254	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.272494802635

graph from first 600 edges: 7155	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.276681890225
graph from first 620 edges: 31123	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.277257886498
graph from first 640 edges: 07208	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.204959294155
graph from first 660 edges: 8464	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.205038537120
graph from first 680 edges: 52063	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.206131757496
graph from first 700 edges: 18953	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.206957420338
graph from first 720 edges: 48482	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.207011114476
graph from first 740 edges: 35956	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.207988895617
graph from first 760 edges: 86396	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.191977361714
graph from first 780 edges: 6725	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.157106365146
graph from first 800 edges: 44583	lambda_1 of normalized laplacian is 0.138195096345

```
In [49]: plt.style.use('ggplot')
plt.figure(figsize=(20,15))
plt.plot(second_smallest_eigenvals)
plt.xlabel("Number of edges in graph")
plt.ylabel("Second smallest eigenvalue of normalized Laplacian")
pass # To hide output of last run command
```



Exercise 2

Question 1

```
In [66]: weight_matrix = np.array(\
# 1  2  3  4  5  6
[[0, 4, 1, 0, 0, 3], # 1
 [4, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1], # 2
 [1, 2, 0, 2, 1, 0], # 3
 [0, 0, 2, 0, 4, 1], # 4
 [0, 0, 1, 4, 0, 2], # 5
 [3, 1, 0, 1, 2, 0]  # 6
])
print(weight_matrix)
# Check if matrix is symmetric, to validate
# that weights are entered correctly
print(f"Matrix symmetric? {np.allclose(weight_matrix, weight_matrix.T)}")

[[0 4 1 0 0 3]
 [4 0 2 0 0 1]
 [1 2 0 2 1 0]
 [0 0 2 0 4 1]
 [0 0 1 4 0 2]
 [3 1 0 1 2 0]]
Matrix symmetric? True
```

```
In [81]: G = nx.Graph(weight_matrix)
laplacian = nx.laplacian_matrix(G).todense()
normalized_laplacian = nx.normalized_laplacian_matrix(G).todense()
eigenvalues, eigenvectors = np.linalg.eig(normalized_laplacian)

print("Laplacian matrix:", laplacian, "",
      "Normalized Laplacian matrix:", normalized_laplacian, "",
      "Eigenvalues:", eigenvalues, "",
      "Eigenvectors:", eigenvectors,
      sep="\n")
```

Laplacian matrix:

```
[[ 8 -4 -1  0  0 -3]
 [-4  7 -2  0  0 -1]
 [-1 -2  6 -2 -1  0]
 [ 0  0 -2  7 -4 -1]
 [ 0  0 -1 -4  7 -2]
 [-3 -1  0 -1 -2  7]]
```

Normalized Laplacian matrix:

```
[[ 1.          -0.53452248 -0.14433757  0.          0.          -0.40089186]
 [-0.53452248  1.          -0.3086067  0.          0.          -0.14285714]
 [-0.14433757 -0.3086067  1.          -0.3086067 -0.15430335  0.          ]
 [ 0.          0.          -0.3086067  1.          -0.57142857 -0.14285714]
 [ 0.          0.          -0.15430335 -0.57142857  1.          -0.28571429]
 [-0.40089186 -0.14285714  0.          -0.14285714 -0.28571429  1.          ]]
```

Eigenvalues:

```
[0.          0.44155271 0.90153939 1.65607672 1.56455746 1.43627373]
```

Eigenvectors:

```
[[ 0.43643578  0.49216179 -0.16377551 -0.52035065 -0.5077644  -0.10903523]
 [ 0.40824829  0.46680562  0.27052617  0.43313913  0.37207392 -0.46496552]
 [ 0.37796447 -0.0443707  0.66668519 -0.1756971  0.11694114  0.60511177]
 [ 0.40824829 -0.52354613  0.10926966  0.4190177  -0.58265988 -0.17951199]
 [ 0.40824829 -0.5074785  -0.18098343 -0.47053017  0.46828355 -0.3199309 ]
 [ 0.40824829  0.07915521 -0.64095957  0.3373155  0.17685892  0.52074734]]
```

Question 2

In [109...

```
from itertools import chain, combinations

def subsets(nodes):
    """Given list of nodes, generate all subsets of nodes which have length between
    return list(chain.from_iterable(combinations(nodes, r) for r in range(1,(len(nodes)-1))))
def cut_complement(G, nodes): return G.nodes - nodes
def cheeger_criterion(G, A): return len(list(nx.edge_boundary(G,A))) / min(len(A), len(G.nodes)-len(A))

def cheeger_number_partition(G):
    G_subsets = subsets(G.nodes)
    cheeger_number = min([cheeger_criterion(G,A) for A in G_subsets])
    cheeger_partition = G_subsets[G_subsets.index(cheeger_number)]
    return cheeger_number, cheeger_partition

cheeger_number, cheeger_partition = cheeger_number_partition(G)
print("Cheeger number:", cheeger_number)
print("Partition associated with Cheeger number:", cheeger_partition)
```

Cheeger number: 1.3333333333333333

Partition associated with Cheeger number: (0, 1, 2)

Question 3

In [114...

```
initialization = [v for v, g in zip(G.nodes,eigenvectors[1]) if g >= 0]
print("Initialization:", initialization)
initialization_cheeger = cheeger_criterion(G, initialization)
print("Associated Cheeger criterion value:", initialization_cheeger,
      "\nversus actual value of", cheeger_number)
```

Initialization: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

Associated Cheeger criterion value: 4.0

versus actual value of 1.3333333333333333