Group 2: Fake News Detector

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Overview of the problem



Overview of the problem

- **Objective:** Build a Fake News Detector using NLP models
- Required to:
 - Test & assess multiple combinations of:
 - Data Cleaning
 - Natural Language Processing
 - Vectorization techniques
 - Modeling
 - Analyze results on test set to try to come up with optimizations

Data pre-processing

Data cleaning:

- Best model removes: URLs, numbers, double spaces, special characters...
- \circ Noticed a negative impact on removing stopwords for this exercise (Δ = 1.15% avg. acc.)

Word processing:

- Lemmatization avg. acc. = 93.65% ⇒ 20 models tested
- Stemming avg. acc. = 93.97% ⇒ 6 models tested
- Low average difference but overall lemmatization achieved top acc. in most cases.

Language processing:

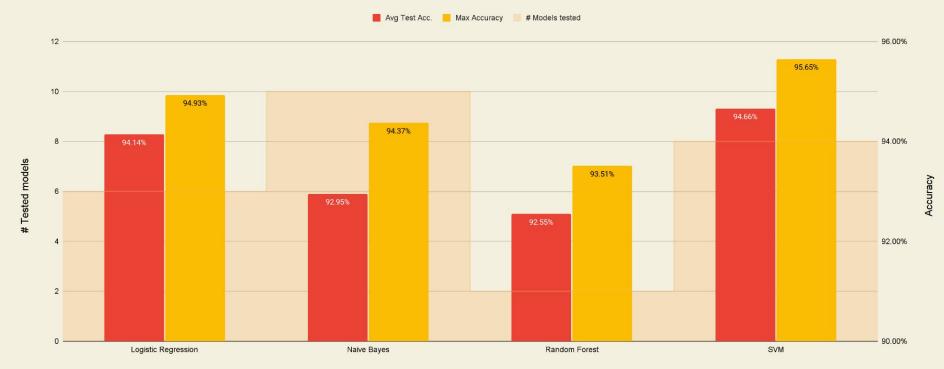
- Bigram,
- BoW, BoW Bigram/Trigram
- o TF-IDF, TF-IDF Bigram
- TF-IDF + Trigram reached the best accuracy

Over 30 models tested

~	Owner v	Stopwords v	Stem or Lemma ~	Bow / N-gram / TF-IDF	~	Model	~	%	Top accuracy	~
1	Aurele	Yes	Lemmanization	BoW		Naive Bayes			ç	93.44%
2	Aurele	Yes	Lemmanization	Bigram		Naive Bayes		t	8	39.06%
3	Aurele	Yes	Lemmanization	TF-IDF		Naive Bayes			ç	92.73%
4	Aurele	Yes	Lemmanization	TF-IDF		Random Forest			ģ	91.59%
5	Aurele	Yes	Lemmanization	TF-IDF		Logistic Regression			ç	93.93%
6	Aurele	Yes	Stemming	BoW		Naive Bayes			ç	92.79%
7	Aurele	Yes	Stemming	TF-IDF		SVM			ç	93.73%
8	Aurele	Yes	Lemmanization	BoW		SVM			g	3.44%
9	Aurele	No	Lemmanization	BoW		Naive Bayes			ç	94.37%
10	Aurele	No	Lemmanization	Bigram		Naive Bayes			ç	92.13%
11	Aurele	No	Lemmanization	TF-IDF		Naive Bayes			ç	93.91%
12	Aurele	No	Lemmanization	TF-IDF		Random Forest			ç	93.51%
13	Aurele	No	Lemmanization	TF-IDF		Logistic Regression			ç	94.48%
14	Aurele	No	Stemming	BoW		Naive Bayes			ç	93.98%
15	Aurele	No	Stemming	TF-IDF		SVM			ç	95.27%
16	Aurele	No	Lemmanization	BoW		SVM			ç	95.05%
17	Aurele	No	Lemmanization	TF-IDF Bigram		SVM			ç	95.63%
18	Aurele	No	Lemmanization	TF-IDF Trigram		SVM			ç	95.65%

Result analysis over 26 selected models

Tested models | Avg Acc. vs Top Accuracy



Top test accuracy - 95.65%

- Stopwords included
- WordnNet Lemmatizer
- TF-IDF + Trigram
- SVM model (kernel='rbf', gamma='scale', C=100.0)



Defining the Problem Science Presentation

Evaluation

We performed clustering of the titles according to repetitive keywords in the title.(The upper graph)

We got the following results:

- Cluster 0: north, korea, say, syria, russia 217 Titles
- Cluster 1: medium, social, ep, room, boiler 189 Titles
- Cluster 2: police', 'new', 'hillary', 'say', 'video 7961 Titles
- Cluster 3: donald', 'supporter', 'president', 'video', 'trump 1205 Titles
- Cluster 4: refugee', 'bangladesh', 'rohingya', 'myanmar', 'muslim- 412 Titles

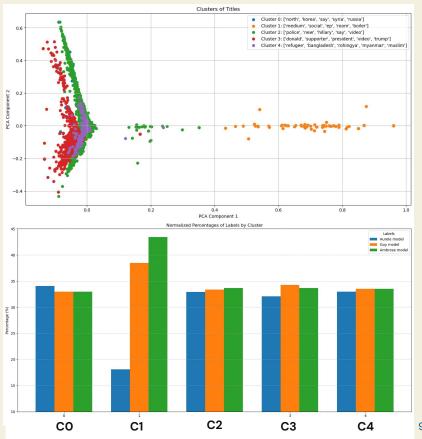
According to the keywords selected by the model, you can see that cluster number 1 has the least titles that are mostly far from being news titles

Following, we combined our best models accuracies results under the created clustering.(The bottom graph).

You can as well see that in the 1 cluster is a largest deviation between the models that could be caused but the title names that are not really related to the news titles

Conclusion:

- The 1 cluster could be filtered out by preprocessing the data or by performing the clustering before data preprocess
- If ignoring the 1 cluster we could see that the deviation between the models lies between 30 to 35 percent



Fake News Detector

Enter a News headline to check its veracity

Enter News Headline

Advice:

Trump offers invites to foreign leaders through calls and back channels

Likely News.

Clear Submit

Flag



Susan Walsh/A

Even without Xi coming, Trump's invitation sheds light on the president-elect's confidence and ambition

- Trump offers invites to foreign leaders through calls and back channels
- 'The statements change every day': Capitol rioters try to parse Trump's pardon pledges
- 'Are you worried?': Acosta asks former January 6 committee chair about Trump's threat **⊙ 2:51**

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Project overview

- Data cleaning is critical to the training and success of the model
- Testing all the possible combinations takes a long time, especially when exploring models like SVM and Random Forest
- Improving further the model would require depper analysis of the training data set and of the test results

