



$$z = \frac{e}{i_d} \quad \text{pero } i_d = g_m V_g \\ \gamma V_g = \frac{R}{R - j X_C} e$$

entonces:

$$z = \frac{e}{g_m \left(\frac{R}{R - j X_C} e \right)} = \frac{R - j X_C}{g_m R}$$

$$z = \frac{1}{g_m} - j \frac{X_C}{g_m R}$$

si $R \ll X_C$

entonces:

$$z \approx -j \frac{X_C}{g_m R} = -j \frac{1}{g_m (2\pi f_0 C) R}$$

$$z = -j \frac{1}{2\pi f_0 C_{eq}}$$

donde $C_{eq} = g_m R C$

$$\gamma g_m = \frac{2J_{oss}}{I_{IO}} \left(1 - \frac{V_{AS}}{I_{IO}} \right)$$

Para TBJ se sigue el mismo procedimiento, resultando:

$$z = -j \frac{1}{2\pi f_0 C_{eq}}$$

donde $C_{eq} = \frac{\beta R C}{\beta r_e + R}$