

Extracting all text from a powerpoint file in VBA

Asked 9 years, 6 months ago Active 8 years, 3 months ago Viewed 12k times



6



1



I have a huge set of powerpoint files from which I want to extract all the text and just lump it all into one big text file. Each source (PPT) file has multiple pages (slides). I do not care about formatting - only the words.

I could do this manually with a file by just ^A ^C in PPT, followed by ^V in notepad; then page down in the PPT, and repeat for each slide in the powerpoint. (Too bad I can't just do a ^A that would grab EVERYTHING ... then I could use sendkey to copy / paste)

But there are many hundreds of these PPTs with different numbers of slides.

It seems like this would be a common thing to want to do, but I can't find an example anywhere.

Does anyone have sample code to do this?

[vba](#) [text](#) [powerpoint](#) [strip](#)

edited Jan 19 '11 at 6:51

[Todd Main](#)

30.9k 10 73 136

asked Jan 12 '11 at 23:10

[elbillaf](#)

1,596 7 34 59

2 Answers



3



Here's some code to get you started. This dumps all text in slides to the debug window. It doesn't try to format, group or do anything other than just dump.

```
Sub GetAllText()  
Dim p As Presentation: Set p = ActivePresentation  
Dim s As Slide  
Dim sh As Shape  
For Each s In p.Slides  
    For Each sh In s.Shapes  
        If sh.HasTextFrame Then  
            If sh.TextFrame.HasText Then  
                Debug.Print sh.TextFrame.TextRange.Text  
            End If  
        End If  
    End For  
End For
```



edited Apr 17 '12 at 1:58

sberry

107k 15 113 147


answered Jan 13 '11 at 1:36

Todd Main


30.9k 10 73 136

I'll give it a try and get back! – [elbillaf](#) Jan 13 '11 at 3:30

Cool. Note that the debug window has a limited amount of text that it can hold. You can kick out the results to a .txt or other file though. – [Todd Main](#) Jan 13 '11 at 5:44

Still have problem. Set PPT = CreateObject("PowerPoint.Application") PPT.Visible = True PPT.Presentations.Open filename:=src, ReadOnly:=True Set p = PPT.ActivePresentation For Each s In p.Slides For Each sh In s.Shapes If sh.HasTextFrame Then If sh.TextFrame.HasText Then Print #1, sh.TextFrame.TextRange.Text End If End If Next Next – [elbillaf](#) Jan 13 '11 at 23:57 

Powerpoint seems to open, but I can't see the stuff...when I just copy / paste your code it works fine, but I'm processing hundreds (perhaps 1000s) of these files at a time. Not sure how to format this thing in follow-up comments. thanks,tff – [elbillaf](#) Jan 14 '11 at 0:00

To see the debug window, you need to open the VBE (Visual Basic Editor) in PowerPoint. Then open the Immediate window (I believe it is Ctrl+G). But if you want to see what is getting kicked out, instead of `Debug.Print` you could also use a `MsgBox`. I'd do that on a small PPT as it will quickly fill up much of the screen in the returned message box. Are you automating this from a different piece of software though? I ask because you're doing `Set PPT = CreateObject("PowerPoint.Application")`, which you wouldn't need to do if you were using the VBE in PowerPoint. – [Todd Main](#) Jan 16 '11 at 6:53 

The following example shows code to loop through a list of files based on Otaku's code given above:

1

```
Sub test_click2()  
  
Dim thePath As String  
Dim src As String  
Dim dst As String  
Dim PPT As PowerPoint.Application  
Dim p As PowerPoint.Presentation  
Dim s As Slide  
Dim sh As PowerPoint.Shape  
Dim i As Integer  
Dim f(10) As String  
  
f(1) = "abc.pptx"  
f(2) = "def.pptx"  
f(3) = "ghi.pptx"  
  
thePath = "C:\Work\Text parsing PPT\"
```

```
On Error Resume Next
Kill dst
Open dst For Output As #1
Set PPT = CreateObject("PowerPoint.Application")
PPT.Activate
PPT.Visible = True
'PPT.WindowState = ppWindowMinimized
PPT.Presentations.Open filename:=src, ReadOnly:=True
For Each s In PPT.ActivePresentation.Slides
    For Each sh In s.Shapes
        If sh.HasTextFrame Then
            If sh.TextFrame.HasText Then
                Debug.Print sh.TextFrame.TextRange.Text
            End If
        End If
    Next
Next
PPT.ActivePresentation.Close
Close #1
Next i
Set PPT = Nothing

End Sub
```

answered Jan 18 '11 at 21:59

[elbillaf](#)

1,596 7 34 59

Great effort. Thanks for sharing your final solution with the community, while still accepting otaku's answer. – [froeschli](#) Jan 18 '11 at 22:50
