

Low Loss DuoPack: IGBT in **TrenchStop**® and Fieldstop technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode

- Approx. 1.0V reduced V<sub>CE(sat)</sub> and 0.5V reduced V<sub>F</sub> compared to BUP313D
- Short circuit withstand time 10μs
- · Designed for :
  - Frequency Converters
  - Uninterrupted Power Supply
- TrenchStop<sup>®</sup> and Fieldstop technology for 1200 V applications offers:
  - very tight parameter distribution
  - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
- NPT technology offers easy parallel switching capability due to positive temperature coefficient in V<sub>CE(sat)</sub>
- Low EMI
- Low Gate Charge
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>1</sup> for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models: <a href="http://www.infineon.com/igbt/">http://www.infineon.com/igbt/</a>

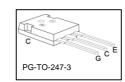
Туре	<b>V</b> <sub>CE</sub>	<b>I</b> C	V <sub>CE(sat), Tj=25°C</sub>	$T_{\rm j,max}$	Marking Code	Package
IKW15T120	1200V	15A	1.7V	150°C	K15T120	PG-TO-247-3

#### **Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V <sub>CE</sub>	1200	V
DC collector current $T_{\rm C} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$ $T_{\rm C} = 100^{\circ}{\rm C}$	I <sub>C</sub>	30 15	A
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	I <sub>Cpuls</sub>	45	
Turn off safe operating area	-	45	
$V_{CE} \le 1200 \text{V}, \ T_j \le 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			
Diode forward current	I <sub>F</sub>		
$T_{\rm C}$ = 25°C		30	
$T_{\rm C}$ = 100°C		15	
Diode pulsed current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	I <sub>Fpuls</sub>	45	
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$	±20	V
Short circuit withstand time <sup>2)</sup>	t <sub>SC</sub>	10	μS
$V_{\rm GE}$ = 15V, $V_{\rm CC} \le$ 1200V, $T_{\rm j} \le$ 150°C			
Power dissipation	P <sub>tot</sub>	110	W
$T_{\rm C}$ = 25°C			
Operating junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	-40+150	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{\rm stg}$	-55+150	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> J-STD-020 and JESD-022





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.



# IKW15T120

Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260	

#### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic	,			1
IGBT thermal resistance,	R <sub>thJC</sub>		1.1	K/W
junction – case				
Diode thermal resistance,	R <sub>thJCD</sub>		1.5	
junction – case				
Thermal resistance,	R <sub>thJA</sub>		40	
junction – ambient				

#### **Electrical Characteristic,** at $T_i = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Value		Unit
raiailletei	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{\rm GE} = 0  \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 0.5  \text{mA}$	1200	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{\rm GE} = 15 \rm V, \ I_{\rm C} = 15 \rm A$				
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	1.7	2.2	
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =125°C	-	2.0	-	
		T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	2.2	-	
Diode forward voltage	$V_{F}$	$V_{\rm GE} = 0  \text{V}, I_{\rm F} = 15  \text{A}$				
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	1.7	2.2	
		T <sub>j</sub> =125°C	-	1.7	-	
		T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	1.7	-	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{\rm GE(th)}$	$I_{\rm C}$ =0.6mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = $V_{\rm GE}$	5.0	5.8	6.5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =1200V, V <sub>GE</sub> =0V				mA
		$T_j=25$ °C	-	-	0.2	
		T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	-	2.0	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I <sub>GES</sub>	$V_{\text{CE}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{GE}}=20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{V}, I_{C} = 15 \text{A}$	-	10	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	$R_{Gint}$			none		Ω



Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	Ciss	$V_{CE}=25V$ ,	-	1100	-	pF
Output capacitance	Coss	$V_{GE}=0V$ ,	-	100	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	Crss	f=1MHz	-	50	-	
Gate charge	Q <sub>Gate</sub>	$V_{CC} = 960 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 15 \text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$	-	85	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L <sub>E</sub>		-	13	-	nH
Short circuit collector current <sup>1)</sup>	I <sub>C(SC)</sub>	$V_{\text{GE}} = 15 \text{ V}, t_{\text{SC}} \le 10 \mu\text{s}$ $V_{\text{CC}} = 600 \text{ V},$ $T_{\text{CC}} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{ C}$	-	90	-	A

#### Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j$ =25 °C

Dovometer	Cumbal	Conditions	Value			Unit	
Parameter	Symbol Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Ullit	
IGBT Characteristic							
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	T <sub>j</sub> =25°C,	ı	50	-	ns	
Rise time	$t_{r}$	$V_{CC}=600V, I_{C}=15A,$	-	30	-		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{\rm GE}=0/15V$ , $R_{\rm G}=56\Omega$ ,	-	520	-		
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	$L_{\sigma}^{(2)} = 180 \text{nH},$	-	60	-		
Turn-on energy	Eon	$C_{\sigma}^{(2)}$ =39pF	-	1.3	-	mJ	
Turn-off energy	E <sub>off</sub>	Energy losses include "tail" and diode	-	1.4	-		
Total switching energy	Ets	reverse recovery.	-	2.7	-		
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic							
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C,	-	140	-	ns	
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	$V_{R}$ =600V, $I_{F}$ =15A,	-	1.9	-	μC	
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I <sub>rrm</sub>	$di_{\rm F}/dt$ =600A/ $\mu$ s	-	17	-	Α	
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_{\rm b}$	di <sub>rr</sub> /dt		-	230	-	A/μs	

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 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.  $^{2)}$  Leakage inductance  $L_{\sigma}$  and Stray capacity  $C_{\sigma}$  due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.



#### Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j$ =150 °C

Donomotor	Cumbal	ol Conditions	Value			11!4	
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
IGBT Characteristic							
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	T <sub>j</sub> =150°C,	-	50	-	ns	
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{CC} = 600 \text{V}, I_{C} = 15 \text{A},$	-	35	-	1	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{GE} = 0/15V,$ $R_{G} = 56\Omega$	-	600	-		
Fall time	$t_{f}$	$L_{\sigma}^{(1)} = 180 \text{ nH},$	-	120	-		
Turn-on energy	Eon	$C_{\sigma}^{(1)}$ =39pF	-	2.0	-	mJ	
Turn-off energy	E <sub>off</sub>	Energy losses include trail" and diode	-	2.1	-		
Total switching energy	E <sub>ts</sub>	reverse recovery.	-	4.1	-		
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic						•	
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	330	-	ns	
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$	$V_{R}$ =600V, $I_{F}$ =15A,	-	3.4	-	μC	
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I <sub>rrm</sub>	di <sub>F</sub> /dt=600A/μs	-	21	-	Α	
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_{\rm b}$	di <sub>rr</sub> /dt		-	190	-	A/μs	

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 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Leakage inductance  $L_{\sigma}$  and Stray capacity  $\textit{C}_{\sigma}$  due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.





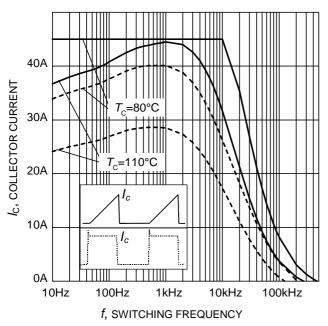


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency  $(T_j \le 150^{\circ}\text{C}, D = 0.5, V_{\text{CE}} = 600\text{V}, V_{\text{GE}} = 0/+15\text{V}, R_{\text{G}} = 56\Omega)$ 

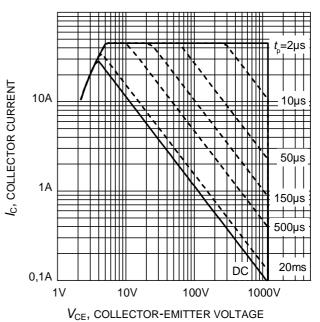


Figure 2. Safe operating area  $(D=0, T_C=25^{\circ}C, T_j \le 150^{\circ}C; V_{GE}=15V)$ 

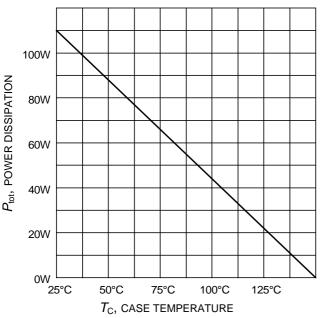


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature  $(T_i \le 150^{\circ}C)$ 

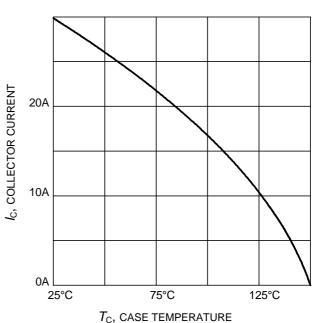


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature  $(V_{GE} \ge 15V, T_j \le 150^{\circ}C)$ 





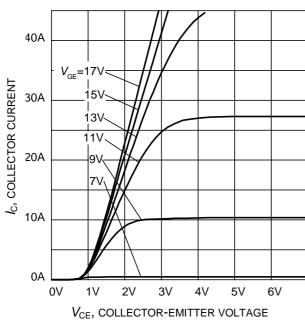


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic  $(T_i = 25^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

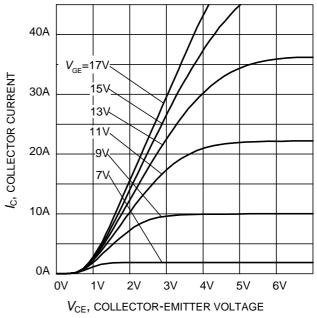


Figure 6. Typical output characteristic  $(T_i = 150^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

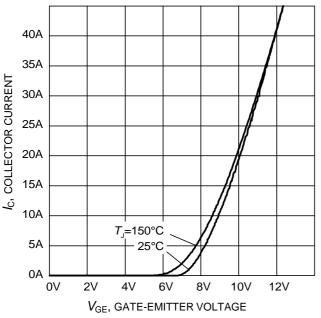
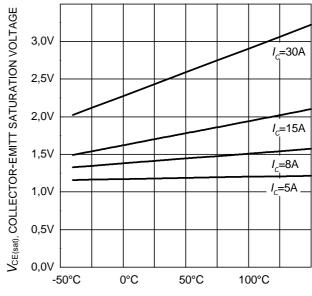


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic  $(V_{CE}=20V)$ 



 $T_{\rm J}$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature ( $V_{\rm GE}=15{\rm V}$ )



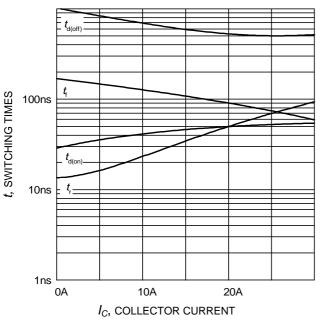


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current (inductive load,  $T_J$ =150°C,  $V_{CE}$ =600V,  $V_{GE}$ =0/15V,  $R_G$ =56 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

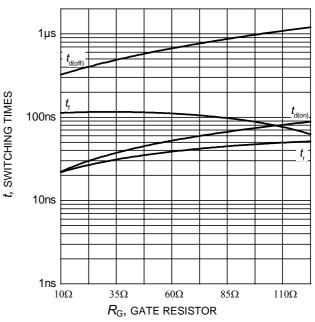


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor (inductive load,  $T_J$ =150°C,  $V_{CE}$ =600V,  $V_{GE}$ =0/15V,  $I_{C}$ =15A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

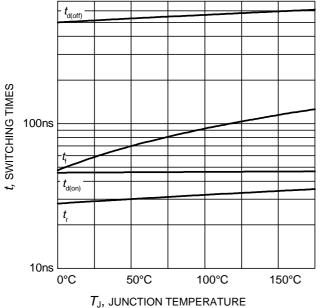


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature (inductive load,  $V_{\text{CE}}$ =600V,  $V_{\text{GE}}$ =0/15V,  $I_{\text{C}}$ =15A,  $R_{\text{G}}$ =56 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

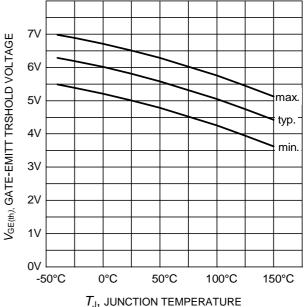


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature  $(I_C = 0.6 \text{mA})$ 



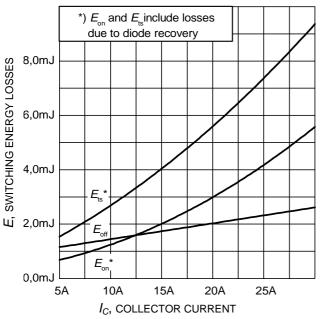


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current (inductive load,  $T_J$ =150°C,  $V_{CE}$ =600V,  $V_{GE}$ =0/15V,  $R_G$ =56 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

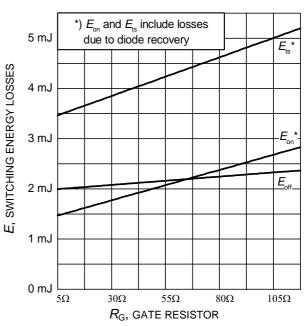


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor (inductive load,  $T_J$ =150°C,  $V_{CE}$ =600V,  $V_{GE}$ =0/15V,  $I_C$ =15A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

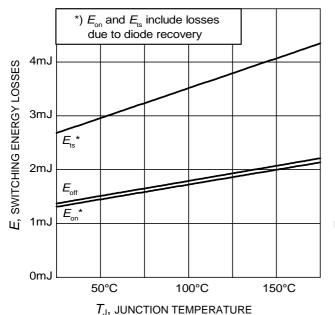
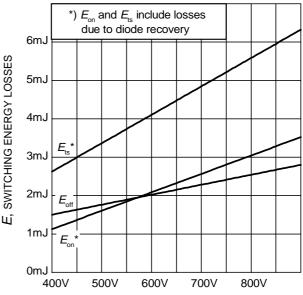


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature (inductive load.  $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ .

(inductive load,  $V_{\rm CE}$ =600V,  $V_{\rm GE}$ =0/15V,  $I_{\rm C}$ =15A,  $R_{\rm G}$ =56 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



 $V_{CE}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage

(inductive load,  $T_{\rm J}$ =150°C,  $V_{\rm GE}$ =0/15V,  $I_{\rm C}$ =15A,  $R_{\rm G}$ =56 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)





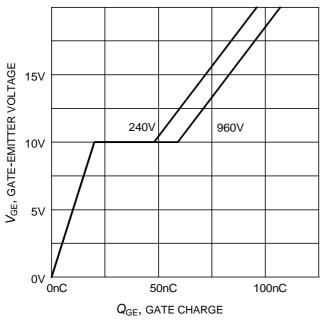


Figure 17. Typical gate charge  $(I_C=15 \text{ A})$ 

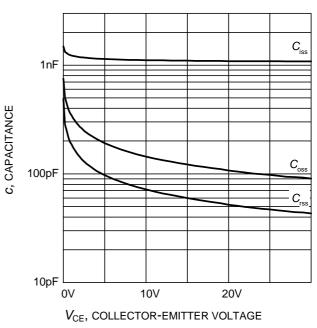


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage  $(V_{GE}=0V, f=1 \text{ MHz})$ 

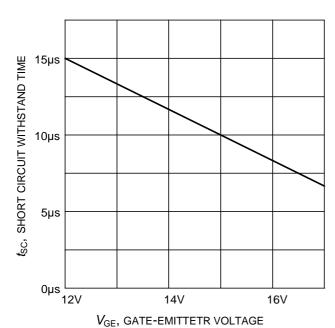


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage ( $V_{\text{CE}}$ =600V, start at  $T_{\text{J}}$ =25°C)

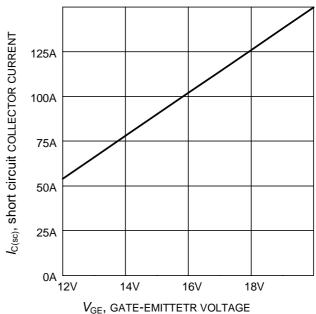


Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage  $(V_{CE} \le 600 \text{V}, \ T_{i} \le 150 ^{\circ}\text{C})$ 



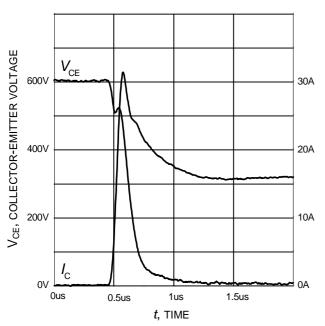


Figure 21. Typical turn on behavior  $(V_{GE}=0/15V, R_{G}=56\Omega, T_{j}=150^{\circ}C, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)$ 

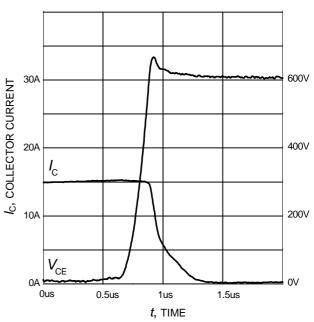


Figure 22. Typical turn off behavior  $(V_{GE}=15/0V, R_{G}=56\Omega, T_{j}=150^{\circ}C, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)$ 

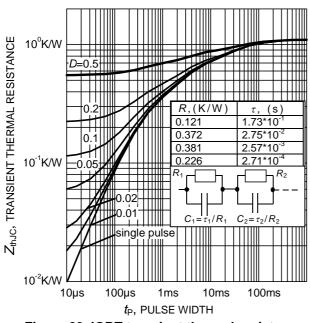


Figure 23. IGBT transient thermal resistance  $(D = t_p / T)$ 

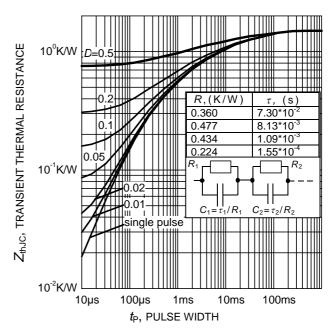


Figure 24. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  $(D=t_{\rm P}/T)$ 



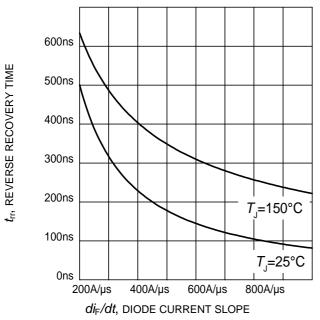


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope  $(V_R=600\text{V}, I_F=15\text{A}, \text{Dynamic test circuit in Figure E})$ 

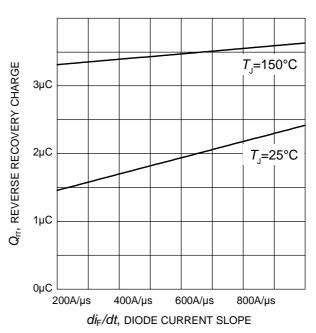


Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope  $(V_R=600\text{V}, I_F=15\text{A}, \text{Dynamic test circuit in Figure E})$ 

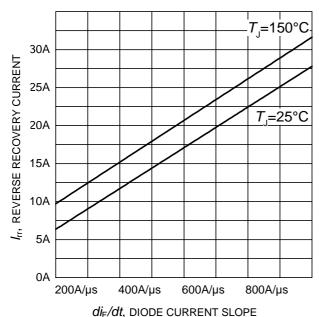


Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

 $(V_R=600V, I_F=15A,$ Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

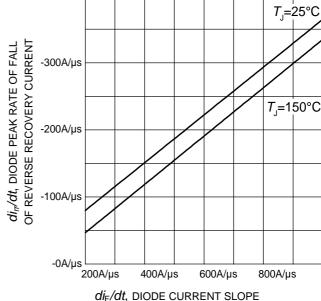


Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope (V<sub>R</sub>=600V, I<sub>F</sub>=15A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)





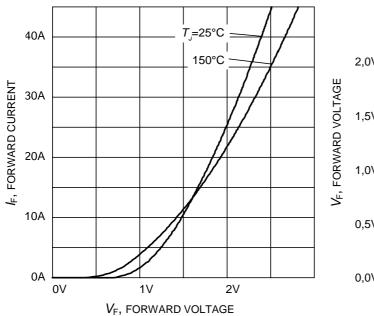


Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

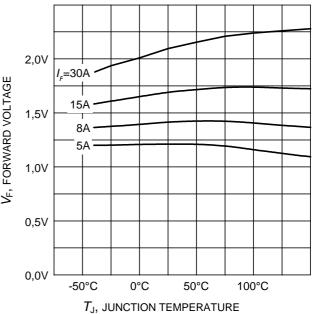
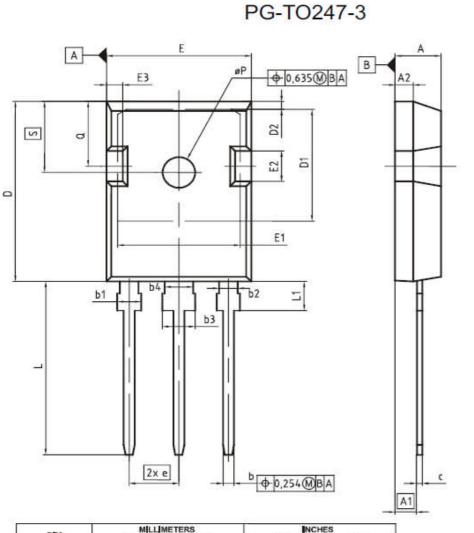


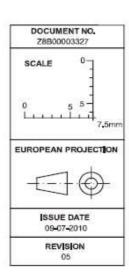
Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature





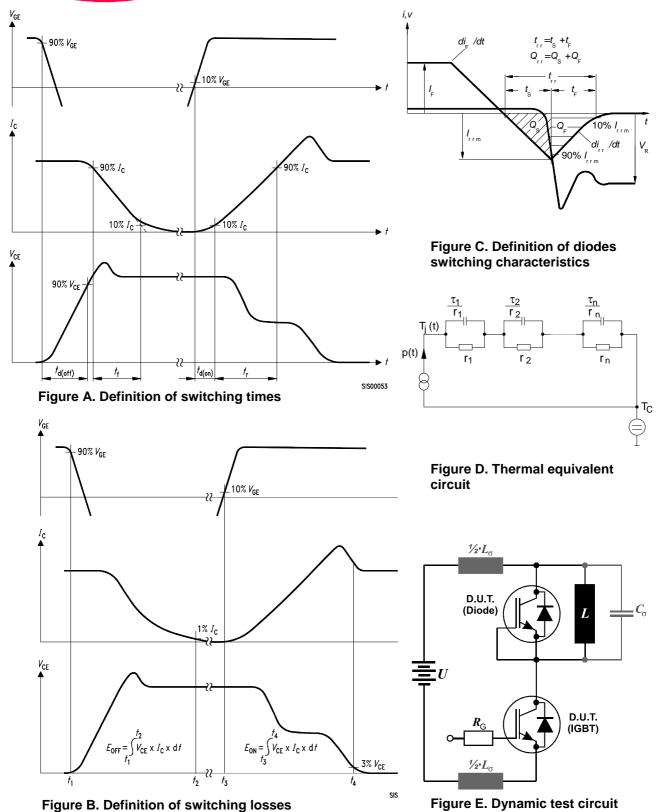


DBM	MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES
DEM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.83	5,21	0.190	0,205
A1	2.27	2,54	0.089	0,100
A2	1.85	2,16	0.073	0.085
ь	1.07	1,33	0,042	0.052
b1	1.90	2.41	0.075	0,095
b2	1.90	2.16	0,075	0,085
b3	2,87	3.38	0.113	0.133
b4	2,87	3.13	0,113	0.123
c	0,55	0.68	0,022	0,027
D	20,80	21,10	0.819	0,831
D1	16.25	17.65	0,640	0,695
D2	0.95	1.35	0.037	0.053
E	15.70	16.13	0.618	0,635
E1	13.10	14.15	0,516	0,557
E2	3,68	5.10	0.145	0,201
E3	1.00	2,60	0.039	0.102
e	5.	44 (BSC)	0.2	214 (BSC)
N		3		3
L	19.80	20,32	0.780	0.800
L1	4.10	4.47	0.161	0.176
gΡ	3,50	3.70	0.138	0.146
Q	5.49	6.00	0,216	0,236
s	6,04	6,30	0,238	0,248









Leakage inductance  $L_{\sigma}$  =180nH and Stray capacity  $C_{\sigma}$  =39pF.



## IKW15T120

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