18 工答案

一、客观题(本题共8小题,每小题4分,满分32分)

1,
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
; 2, $-\frac{1}{x}$; 3, $\int_0^1 dy \int_y^{\sqrt{y}} f \cdot dx$; 4, $-x + y + 3z + 1 = 0$; 5, $y = x$;

6,
$$(-2,4)$$
; 7, $\frac{8}{\sqrt{3}}$; 8, $x^2(-\ln x + C)$.

二、判断级数的敛散性(本题共2小题,每小题4分,满分8分)

1、因为
$$\sqrt{n}$$
 $\tan \frac{\pi}{n^2} \sim \sqrt{n} \frac{\pi}{n^2} = \frac{\pi}{n^{\frac{3}{2}}}$, $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\pi}{n^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ 收敛 $(p = \frac{3}{2} > 1)$, 所以 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{n} \tan \frac{\pi}{n^2}$ 收敛;

2、因为
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{u_{n+1}}{u_n} = \lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{2^{n+1}}{(n+2)^2(n+1)!} \frac{(n+1)^2 n!}{2^n} = \lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{2}{n+1} = 0 < 1$$
,所以 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{(n+1)^2 n!}$ 收

敛。

三、计算题(本题共3小题,每小题8分,满分24分)

$$1, \Leftrightarrow \mathbf{F} = \sin(\mathbf{x}\mathbf{y}) + \mathbf{x}\mathbf{z}^2 - 3\mathbf{y}\mathbf{z} - 2,$$

$$F_x = y\cos(xy) + z^2$$
, $F_y = x\cos(xy) - 3z$, $F_z = 2xz - 3y$,

所以
$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = -\frac{F_x}{F_z} = -\frac{y\cos(xy) + z^2}{2xz - 3y}$$
, $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = -\frac{F_y}{F_z} = -\frac{x\cos(xy) - 3z}{2xz - 3y}$ 。

$$y = \ln x = \ln(3 + (x - 3)) = \ln(3\left(1 + \frac{(x - 3)}{3}\right))$$

$$= \ln 3 + \ln \left(1 + \frac{(x-3)}{3} \right) = \ln 3 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-1\right)^{n-1}}{n} \frac{(x-3)^n}{3^n}, x \in \left(0, 6\right]$$

3、
$$y'' + 5y' + 4y = 0$$
特征方程 $r^2 + 5r + 4 = 0$,特征根 $r_1 = -1, r_2 = -4$

齐次通解为
$$y = C_1 e^{-x} + C_2 e^{-4x}$$
, 设非齐次特解为 $y^* = Axe^{-x}$ 带入得 $A = \frac{2}{3}$

故非齐次通解为
$$y = C_1 e^{-x} + C_2 e^{-4x} + \frac{2}{3} x e^{-x}$$

四、计算题(本题共3小题,每小题8分,满分24分)

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 3yf_1' + 8xf_2'; \qquad \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = 3f_1' + 3y3xf_{11}'' + 8x3xf_{21}'' = 3f_1' + 9xyf_{11}'' + 24x^2f_{12}''$$

2.
$$\iint_{\Omega} (3y-1)d\sigma = \int_{0}^{3} dy \int_{-y}^{3-2y} (3y-1)dx = \int_{0}^{3} (3y-1)(3-y)dy = 9$$

$$z_x = 3x^2 - 8x + 2y = 0$$

 $z_y = 2x - 2y = 0$
得驻点(0,0)(2,2)

$$A = z_{xx} = 6x - 8, B = z_{xy} = 2, C = z_{yy} = -2$$

(0,0)是极大值点,取得极大值1,(2,2)不是极值点 五、计算题(本题共2小题,每小题6分,满分12分)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{nx^{n-1}}{3^n} \, \text{\text{Ways}}(-3,3)$$

$$S(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{nx^{n-1}}{3^n} = \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^n}{3^n}\right)^n$$

$$= \left(\frac{\frac{x}{3}}{1+\frac{x}{3}}\right)' = \left(\frac{x}{3+x}\right)' = \frac{3}{\left(3+x\right)^2}, x \in (-3,3)$$

$$\iint_{D} e^{\sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}}} dxdy = \iint_{D} \rho e^{\rho} d\rho d\phi$$

$$= 4 \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\varphi \int_{1}^{2} \rho e^{\rho} d\rho = 2\pi \int_{1}^{2} \rho de^{\rho} = 2\pi e^{2}$$