

Application Examples of our Modules

We will consider here the following samples:

- the benign files `benign1`, `benign2` and `benign3`;
- the following malicious files `malicious1`, `malicious2` and `malicious3`;
- the benign folders `Dir-Benign1`, `Dir-Benign2`, `Dir-Benign3`;
- the malicious folders `Dir-Malicious1`, `Dir-Malicious2` and `Dir-Malicious3`;
- the unknown files `unknown1`, `unknown2`;
- and the unknown folders `Dir-Unknown1` and `Dir-Unknown2`.

Each name representing an hypothetical path to the files/folders you wish to analyse.

JavaScript Detection Tool

Detection of JavaScript samples respecting the grammar defined by ECMA-International, detection of broken JavaScript, and files not written in JavaScript.

Help

```
> python3 <path-of-JsDetection/JsDetection.py> --help
```

Mandatory attributes are `--f <list-of-files>` or `--d <list-of-repositories>`. The two options can be combined.

To analyse files

```
> python3 <path-of-JsDetection/JsDetection.py> --f benign1 malicious1
```

To analyse directories

```
> python3 <path-of-JsDetection/JsDetection.py> --d Dir-Malicious1 Dir-Unknown1 Dir-Unknown2
```

To analyse files and directories

```
> python3 <path-of-JsDetection/JsDetection.py> --f benign1 malicious1 --d Dir-Malicious1 Dir-Unknown1 Dir-Unknown2
```

Static Analysis of JavaScript Executables

Both lexical and syntactical analysis of JavaScript samples can be performed. This study is based on a frequency analysis of the 4-grams present in the considered files.

Help

```
> python3 <path-of-src/MainStaticAnalysisJs.py> --help
```

Mandatory attributes are `--f <list-of-files>` or `--d <list-of-repositories>`. The two options can be combined.

To create a CSV file containing the probability of the 4-grams encountered in the considered files

```
> python3 <path-of-src/MainStaticAnalysisJs.py> --f benign1 malicious1 --d Dir-Malicious1 Dir-Unknown1 Dir-Unknown2
```

To add a label in the CSV file (default value being `'?'` for unknown)

The first label stands for the first file and the first directory (if any), the second for the second ones etc.

```
> python3 <path-of-src/MainStaticAnalysisJs.py> --f benign1 malicious1 --l 'benign' 'malicious'
```

Here benign1 is labeled as 'benign' and malicious1 as 'malicious'.

```
> python3 <path-of-src/MainStaticAnalysisJs.py> --d Dir-Malicious1 Dir-Unknown1 Dir-Unknown2 --l 'malicious'
```

Here Dir-Malicious1 is labeled as 'malicious'. As for Dir-Unknown1 and Dir-Unknown2, they are labeled as '?' because no label has been given for them.

To store the CSV file in the directory Test/ (--ep option)

```
> python3 <path-of-src/MainStaticAnalysisJs.py> --f benign1 malicious1 --l 'benign' 'malicious' --ep 'Test/'
```

To produce histograms (--h option, the path can be chosen with the --hp option) **and/or PCA** (--g option, the path can be chosen with the --gp option)

```
> python3 <path-of-src/MainStaticAnalysisJs.py> --f benign1 malicious1 --l 'benign' 'malicious' --h True --g True
```

Clustering of JavaScript Executables

Clustering of JavaScript samples into k (configurable) families.

Help

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/Clustering.py> --help
```

Mandatory attributes are: --f <list-of-files> (or --d <list-of-repositories>, the two options can be combined);
and --c <number-of-clusters>.

Clustering of the given files in 5 clusters with k-means++ algorithm

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/Clustering.py> --f benign1 malicious1 --d Dir-Malicious1 Dir-Unknown1 Dir-Unknown2 --c 5
```

Clustering of the given files in 5 clusters with k-means++ algorithm **and graphical representation of the clusters** (--g option)

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/Clustering.py> --f benign1 malicious1 --d Dir-Malicious1 Dir-Unknown1 Dir-Unknown2 --c 5 --g True
```

Classification of JavaScript Executables

Detection of malicious JavaScript documents.

● Creating a Model

Help

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/LearnModel.py> --help
```

Mandatory attributes are: --f <list-of-files> (or --d <list-of-repositories>, the two options can be combined);
and --l <list-of-labels>.

As previously, the first label stands for the first file and directory (if any), the second for the second ones etc.

To create a model using a directory containing benign files, and another one with malicious files

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/LearnModel.py> --d Dir-Malicious1 Dir-Benign1 --l 'malicious' 'benign'
```

To specify a model path (--md option) **and/or a model name** (--mn option)

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/LearnModel.py> --d Dir-Malicious1 Dir-Benign1 --l 'malicious' 'benign' --md 'Test/' --mn 'model1'
```

To test the files used to build the model on the model and print the score (--ps option)

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/LearnModel.py> --d Dir-Malicious1 Dir-Benign1 --l 'malicious' 'benign' --ps True
```

To test the files used to build the model on the model and print the predictions (--pr option)

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/LearnModel.py> --d Dir-Malicious1 Dir-Benign1 --l 'malicious' 'benign' --pr True
```

● Updating a Model

Help

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/UpdateModel.py> --help
```

Mandatory attributes are: --f <list-of-files> (or --d <list-of-repositories>, the two options can be combined);

--l <list-of-labels>;

and --m <old-model-path> (see the previous point to create a model).

To update a model with benign and malicious files

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/UpdateModel.py> --f malicious1 malicious2 benign1 --l 'malicious' 'malicious' 'benign' --m <path-of-the-model-to-be-updated>
```

To specify a path for the new model (--md option) **and/or a model name** (--mn option)

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/UpdateModel.py> --f malicious1 malicious2 benign1 --l 'malicious' 'malicious' 'benign' --m <path-of-the-model-to-be-updated> --md 'Test/' --mn 'model2'
```

● Testing a Model / Classifying new Files

Help

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/ClassifyWithModel.py> --help
```

Mandatory attributes are: --f <list-of-files> (or --d <list-of-repositories>, the two options can be combined);

and --m <path-of-the-model-to-be-used> (see how to create a model, previously).

To detect malicious JS executables

```
> python3 <path-of-MachineLearning/ClassifyWithModel.py> --d Dir-Unknown1 Dir-Unknown2 --m <path-of-the-model-to-be-used>
```

A list of the files tested (only those respecting the grammar defined by ECMA-International) will be returned. For each file, you will see whether it was classified as 'benign' or as 'malicious'.