

# FRHTTP & Functional Reactive Programming in NodeJS\*

\*For non-PhDs

Unfortunately many people's intro  
to FRP looks something like this

A word cloud of FRP concepts arranged in a spiral pattern. The words are: isomorphism, monad, monoidal functor, lift, flatmap, lambda calculus, and lens. The spiral starts with 'isomorphism' at the top right and ends with 'lens' at the bottom.

isomorphism

monad

monoidal functor

lift

flatmap

lambda calculus

lens



I just wanted to make something cool...

Let's try a gentler  
approach



**THE IMPURITY OF THINE  
FUNCTOR HATH CAUSED  
OFFENSE**

**AND THINE MONAD HATH NO  
LIFT**

FRP isn't new

# What is FRP?

FRP is a programming methodology  
based on **composing pure functions**  
that respond to **values over time**

# Characteristics of a pure function

Maintains no state

Operates on only its inputs

Does not alter its inputs

Produces repeatable output (if the function has the other characteristics this one just happens)

# The alternative to pure functions

Functions whose output is not solely based on inputs

Functions that change the system

These are **Side Effects** (we want to minimize these and keep them at the edges)



# Values over time

We represent this with a concept called “streams”

Something puts a value on a stream, and the stream calls our function with that value as input.

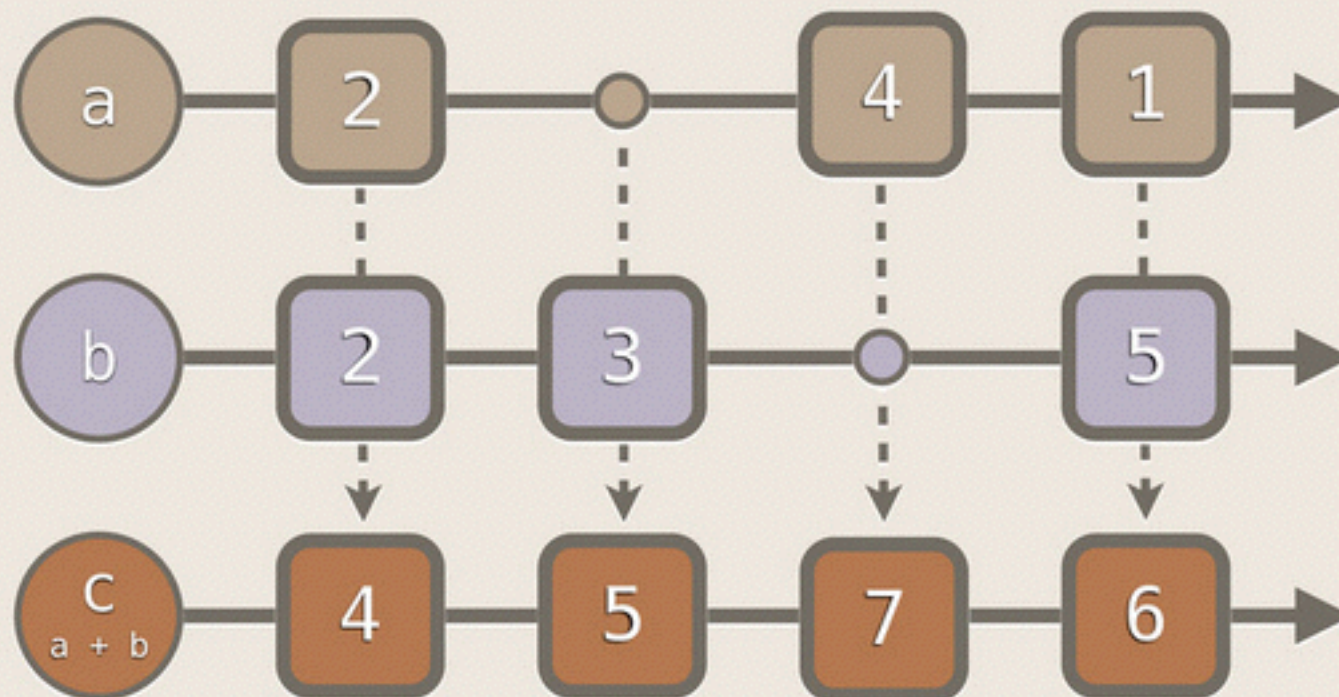
This is what makes us “reactive”

Streams are also where we compose functions to create complex behaviors from simple building blocks

# Have you ever used a spreadsheet?

Then you've done FRP! Let's look...

```
a := 2  
b := 2  
c := a + b
```



# Benefits



Easy to reason about,  
removing state makes lots  
of inconsistency go away.

Composable - We can  
compose complex behaviors  
from simple behaviors

Lazy - Everything is lazy  
evaluated, meaning we  
don't pay a runtime cost for  
things we don't do

Code reuse becomes much easier as functions are small and perform singular transformations.



Code correctness is  
provable and tests are  
easy to write

Errors are easy to reproduce  
and remedy, even if they  
happen in production.

No more of this....



The need for “Future proofing”  
is minimized/eliminated  
because adding behavior/  
refactoring is so easy.



**CAUTION**

**THIS SIGN HAS  
SHARP EDGES**

**DO NOT TOUCH THE EDGES OF THIS SIGN**



**ALSO, THE BRIDGE IS OUT AHEAD**



No more Callback  
Hell!



# FRHTTP

Functional Reactive HTTP

[github.com/ayasin/frhttp](https://github.com/ayasin/frhttp)

“Simplicity is prerequisite for reliability.”

–Edsger W. Dijkstra



# FRHTTP Basic Concepts

when - when some data is ready, run me

render - when nothing else can happen,  
render the results

# when

**when(name, in, out, fn, advancedOpts);**

name : used for logging and debugging

in : an array of the names of the params you need

out : an array of the params you produce

fn : the function to run

advancedOpts : takeMany, triggerOn, enter, exit

This is chainable : when().when().when()...

# The function in the when block

**function (emit, input);**

emit : an object with a value method and done method

input : an object with each of your requested inputs

# Render

**render(in, fn);**

in : an array of the names of the params you need

fn : the function to run



# The function in the render block

**function (writer, input);**

writer : an object with several methods for sending data

input : an object with each of your requested params

# One more thing...

```
inject ({field: val});
```

Allows you to “inject” objects into a route’s execution

Remember, we want to not use global vars, this lets us avoid that.

# Making a route

```
var FRHttp = require('frhttp'),  
    server = FRHttp.createServer();  
server.GET(path).onValue(function (route) { /* your code here */});  
server.listen(9000);
```

Supported Verbs:

GET

HEAD

PUT

POST

DELETE

NON\_REST

But I have an existing  
ExpressJS app...

No problem...

```
var server = require('http').createServer();  
  
// set up a bunch of routes  
  
app.get('/', server.runRoute);
```



Now that we've got the basics, let's go to  
the IDE

