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# Introduction

## **Substitutions Summary**

Level	Repertoire Substitution	Etude Substitution
Prep A—Prep B	<ul> <li>one Syllabus substitution from the next higher level</li> <li>OR</li> <li>one Teacher's Choice substitution</li> </ul>	not applicable
Levels 1–2	<ul> <li>one Syllabus substitution from the next higher level (except Level 2 List C: Inventions)</li> <li>OR</li> <li>one Teacher's Choice substitution for List B</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>one Syllabus substitution from the next higher level OR</li> <li>one Teacher's Choice substitution OR</li> <li>one Popular Selection List substitution</li> </ul>
Levels 3–7	<ul> <li>one Syllabus substitution from the next higher level OR</li> <li>one Teacher's Choice substitution for List C</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>one Syllabus substitution from the next higher level OR</li> <li>one Teacher's Choice substitution OR</li> <li>one Popular Selection List substitution</li> </ul>
Levels 8–9	<ul> <li>one Syllabus substitution from the next higher level OR</li> <li>one Teacher's Choice substitution for List C or D</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>one Syllabus substitution from the next higher level OR</li> <li>one Teacher's Choice substitution OR</li> <li>one Popular Selection List substitution</li> </ul>
Level 10	<ul> <li>one Syllabus substitution from ARCT         OR</li> <li>one Teacher's Choice substitution for List C, D, or E</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>one Syllabus substitution from ARCT List F         OR</li> <li>one Teacher's Choice substitution         OR</li> <li>one Popular Selection List substitution</li> </ul>
ARCT Performer	<ul> <li>one Syllabus substitution from LRCM         OR</li> <li>one Teacher's Choice substitution for List C, D, or E</li> </ul>	not applicable
LRCM Performer	• one Student's Choice substitution (prior approval required)	not applicable

For any substitute selections falling outside these categories, and any substitutions for the Associate Diploma (ARCT), students must complete an Examination Substitute Piece Request Form (available online) in advance of the examination registration deadline. Students are advised to prepare an alternate work in case the request is denied.

For the Licentiate Diploma (LRCM), candidates must complete the Licentiate Registration form (available online) and submit it along with their complete Examination Program Form (included in the registration package) to The Royal Conservatory in advance of the examination registration deadline. The substitute selection(s) will be evaluated as part of the overall program. An Examination Substitute Piece Request Form is not required.



# Level-by-Level Requirements

# Preparatory A

Preparatory A Requirements	Marks
Repertoire	66
three selections from the Syllabus List	20
	20
	20
Memory (2 marks per repertoire selection)	6
Technical Requirements	14
Technical Tests	14
Musicianship	
Ear Tests	10
– Clapback	4
– Chords	2
– Playback	4
Sight Reading	10
– Rhythm	5
– Playing	5
Total possible marks (pass = 60)	100

# Repertoire

Please see "Repertoire" on p. 4 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

Students must prepare *three* contrasting selections. Two memory marks are awarded for each repertoire selection that is performed by memory.

► The following selections are found in *Celebration Series*°, *Sixth Edition: Preparatory A Piano Repertoire* on the pages indicated.

Title	Composer	Page
Allegro in C Major, op. 1, no. 4	Reinagle	4
Melody in G Major, op. 101, no. 39	Beyer	5
The Juggler	Faber	6
On the Trampoline	Niamath	7
Bluebottle	Norton	8
Giraffe	Richert	9
Ladybug Waltz	Ogilvy	10
Owl in the Night	Rollin	11
Bumper Cars	Olson	12
The Haunted Mouse	Faber	14
Criss Cross	Price	15
A Skating Waltz	Berlin	16
Sleigh Bells	Donkin	17
Barefoot on the Beach	Crosby Gaudet	18
Panda Blues	Jiang	19
The Haunted Harp	Donkin	20
Rock Climbing	Konecsni	21
What's That Noise?	Mier	22
Around a Roundabout	Gerou	24
Prickly Pear Rag	Alexander	26
The Wandering Ogre	Mrozinski	28
Sleepy Head	Duncan	29
Baby Kangaroo	Crosby Gaudet	30
Curious Cat	Richert	31
Smooth and Crunchy	Milne	32

For a complete list of repertoire from additional sources, see "Complete Repertoire" on p. 10.

# **Technical Requirements**

Please see "Technical Requirements" on p. 7 and "Technical Tests Examples" on p. 120 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

# Preparatory A

## **Technical Tests**

Students must play all patterns from memory.

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values
Scales				
Legato Pentascales (five-finger patterns)	C, G, D major A minor	tonic to dominant, ascending and descending	J = 100	J
Staccato Pentascales		(ending with solid/blocked root-position triad)		اب
Chords				
Triad Sequence • broken	C major	HS 1 octave, ascending	<b>J</b> = 60	3
• solid/blocked			J = 72	J }

# Musicianship

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 124 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

### Ear Tests

## Clapback

Students will choose to clap, tap, or sing the rhythm of a short melody after the examiner has played it *twice*. The examiner will identify the time signature and count one measure before beginning.

Time Signatures	Note Values	Approximate Length
3 4	. ]. ] ] ]	two measures

### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality (major or minor) of a triad after the examiner has played the first five notes of a major or minor scale followed by the tonic triad in solid/blocked form *once*.

Chords	Position
major and minor triads	root position

# Playback

Students will be asked to play back a melody based on the first three notes of a major scale. The examiner will identify the key, play the tonic triad *once*, and play the melody *twice*.

Beginning Note	Keys	Approximate Length
tonic, mediant	C, G major	four notes

## Sight Reading

## Rhythm

For a given rhythm, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the given rhythm.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signature	Note Values	Approximate Length
4	٥١٦	two measures

### Playing

Students will be asked to play *two* four-note melodies written on the grand staff starting on any of these notes with the given fingers:



- One melody will be in the treble clef, to be played with the right hand alone.
- One melody will be in the bass clef, to be played with the left hand alone.

The melodies will move by step in one direction only and may contain a repeated note. Fingering will be indicated for the first note only.

Time Signature	Note Values
4	

# Preparatory B

## **Technical Tests**

Students must play all patterns from memory.

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values
Scales				
Legato Pentascales (five-finger patterns)	D, A, F major E, D minor	HS tonic to dominant, ascending and descending	<b>J</b> = 60	Л
Staccato Pentascales		(ending with solid/blocked root-position triad)	<b>*</b> = 00	Ţ
One-octave Scales	C, G major A minor (natural)	HS 1 octave	<b>J</b> = 60	Л
Contrary Motion Scale	C major	HT 1 octave	<b>J</b> = 60	Л
Chords				
Tonic Triads • broken	C, G major A minor	HS 1 octave (root position and inversions)	<b>J</b> = 50	3

# Musicianship

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 124 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

#### Ear Tests

### Clapback

Students will choose to clap, tap, or sing the rhythm of a short melody after the examiner has played it *twice*. The examiner will identify the time signature and count one measure before beginning.

Time Signatures	Note Values	Approximate Length	
3 4	o J. J J J	two measures	

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality (major or minor) of a triad after the examiner has played the first five notes of a major or minor scale followed by the tonic triad in solid/blocked form *once*.

Chords	Position
major and minor triads	root position

### Playback

Students will be asked to play back a melody based on the first three notes of a major or minor scale. The examiner will identify the key, play the tonic triad *once*, and play the melody *twice*.

Beginning Note	Keys	Approximate Length
tonic, mediant	C, G major A minor	four notes

## Sight Reading

#### Rhythm

For a given rhythm, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the given rhythm.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signature	Note Values	Approximate Length
44	۰٫٫٫	two measures

### Playing

Students will be asked to play a short melody written on the grand staff, divided between the hands, and starting on *any of these notes* in the following positions.



Fingering will be indicated for the first note of each hand only.

Time Signature	Note Values
44	

# Complete Repertoire

Please see "Repertoire" on p. 4 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

Students must prepare *three* contrasting selections from the following list. Two memory marks are awarded for each repertoire selection that is performed by memory.



Level 1 Requirements	Marks
Repertoire	56
one selection from List A one selection from List B one selection from List C Memory (2 marks per repertoire selection)	16 18 16 6
Technical Requirements	24
Etudes: <i>one</i> etude from the <i>Syllabus</i> list Technical Tests	12 12
Musicianship	
Ear Tests  - Clapback  - Intervals  - Chords  - Playback  Sight Reading  - Rhythm  - Playing	10 2 2 2 2 4 10 3 7
Total possible marks (pass = 60)	100

# Repertoire

Please see "Repertoire" on p. 4 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

Students must prepare *three* contrasting selections: *one* from each of List A, List B, and List C. Two memory marks are awarded for each repertoire selection that is performed by memory.

► The following selections are found in *Celebration Series*°, *Sixth Edition: Piano Repertoire 1* on the pages indicated.

# List A Baroque and Classical Repertoire

Title	Composer	Page
Minuet in C Major, op. 38, no. 4	Hässler	4
Bourrée in D Minor	Graupner	5
Burlesque in G Major	Anonymous	6
Andante in G Minor	Telemann	7
German Dance in D Major, Hob. IX:22, no. 2	Haydn	8
Gavotte in G Major	Dunhill	9
Minuet in D Major	L. Mozart	10
Minuet in D Minor	Anonymous	11
High Spirits	Türk	12
Ukrainian Folk Song, op. 107, no. 3	Beethoven	13

#### List B Romantic, 20th-, and 21st-century Repertoire arr. Silvester 14 Early One Morning The Swiss Cuckoo arr. Berlin 15 Sweet Jasmine Alexander 16 Niimi Aandeg Assiginaak 18 This Guy's Disguised Sowash 20 Lunar Eclipse Faber 21 March of the Terrible Trolls Niamath 22 Poole Mist 23 24 Clear Mountain Sky Springer Angelfish Crosby Gaudet 26 A Simple Waltz Burge 28 Olson 30 Amber Moon Waltz, op. 39, no. 13 Kabalevsky 32 Song of the Dark Woods Siegmeister 33 Reminiscence McLean 34 Uptown News Gerou 36

#### List C **Inventions** Cranky Cat Richert 38 arr. Goolkasian 39 Mary Had a Little Lamb Rahbee Young Ludwig Exploring Kinney 40 The Playful Parrot Thomas 40 The Snake Christopher 41 Invention on a Latvian Folk Tune Kenins 42 Bartók Conversation No. 3 42 Markow Teapot Invention 43 Swinstead 44 Follow My Leader

For a complete list of repertoire from additional sources, see "Complete Repertoire" on p. 20.



# **Technical Requirements**

Please see "Technical Requirements" on p. 7 and "Technical Tests Examples" on p. 120 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

# Etudes

Students must prepare one etude from the following list.

▶ The following selections are found in *Celebration Series*°, *Sixth Edition: Piano Etudes 1* on the pages indicated.

Title	Composer	Page	Title	Composer	Page
Celebration	Crosby Gaudet	4	Speedy Comet	Mathews	16
Etude in C Major, op. 125, no. 3	Diabelli	5	Far Away	Richert	17
Heavenly Blue	Gerou	6	Answering	Diemer	18
Clockwork	McIntyre	8	Jump Pop Hop	Brown	19
Beaver Boogie	Chatman	9	Melodie in F Major, op. 218,	Köhler	20
Morning Greeting, op. 117,	Gurlitt	10	no. 36		
no. 13			Into the Waves	Niamath	21
Morning Fanfare	Fernández	11	Detectives	Donkin	22
Etude in C Major	Le Couppey	12	Scherzo, op. 39, no. 12	Kabalevsky	23
Both Ways	Tansman	13	Four-Wheel Drive	Norton	24
Tricky Traffic	Garrow	14	★ Students may substitute a popular se	election for the etude.	See p. 5

# **Technical Tests**

Students must play all patterns from memory.

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values
Scales				
Two-octave	C, G, F major A, E, D minor (natural and harmonic)	HS 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 69	Л
Contrary Motion	C major	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 69	Л
Chromatic	Starting on C	HS 1 octave	<b>J</b> = 69	Л
Chords				
Tonic Triads • broken	C, G, F major	HS 1 octave	<b>J</b> = 50	3
• solid/blocked A, E, D minor		(root position and inversions)	J = 100	J}

All scales are to be played *legato*.

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 124 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

#### Ear Tests

### Clapback

Students will choose to clap, tap, or sing the rhythm of a short melody after the examiner has played it *twice*. The examiner will identify the time signature and count one measure before beginning.

Tin	ne Signatures	Note Values	Approximate Length
3 4		٥٥.٥١٦١	two to three measures

#### Intervals

Students will be asked to identify any of the following intervals. The examiner will play each interval in melodic form (ascending and descending) *once*.

OR

Students may choose to sing or hum any of the following intervals (ascending and descending). The examiner will play the first note *once*.

Intervals (ascending and descending)
minor 3rd
major 3rd

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality (major or minor) of a triad after the examiner has played it in broken and then solid/blocked form *once*.

Chords	Position
major and minor triads	root position

## Playback

Students will be asked to play back a melody based on the first five notes of a major or minor scale. The examiner will identify the key, play the tonic triad *once*, and play the melody *twice*.

Beginning Note	Keys	Approximate Length
tonic, dominant	C, G major A minor	five notes

# Sight Reading

### Rhythm

For a given rhythm, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the given rhythm.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signature	Note Values	Approximate Length
4	٥١١٦	two measures

### Playing

Students will be asked to play a four-measure melody, written on the grand staff and divided between the hands. Fingering will be indicated for the first note of each hand only.

Keys	Time Signature	Note Values
C, G, F major A minor	4	

# Complete Repertoire

Please see "Repertoire" on p. 4 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

Students must prepare *three* contrasting selections: *one* from each of List A, List B, and List C. Two memory marks are awarded for each repertoire selection that is performed by memory.

Bullets used to denote selections for examination purposes:

- one selection
- ▶ one selection, found in *Celebration Series*®, *Sixth Edition: Piano Repertoire 1*

### List A

# Baroque and Classical Repertoire

#### Anonymous

- ▶ Burlesque in G Major (in Notebook for Wolfgang)
- ► Minuet in D Minor (in *Notebook for Wolfgang*)

#### Bach, Johann Christian

• Aria in F Major, BWV Anh. 131 (in *Notenbuch der Anna Magdalena Bach*)

#### Bach, Johann Christoph Friedrich

Musikalische Nebenstunden

- Minuet in C Major
- Schwäbisch in D Major

#### Bach, Johann Sebastian

 Chorale, BWV 514 (in Notenbuch der Anna Magdalena Bach BAR; WIE)



# **Technical Requirements**

Please see "Technical Requirements" on p. 7 and "Technical Tests Examples" on p. 120 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

# Etudes

Students must prepare *one* etude from the following list.

▶ The following selections are found in *Celebration Series®*, *Sixth Edition: Piano Etudes 2* on the pages indicated.

Title	Composer	Page	Title	Composer	Page
Etude in F Major, op. 190, no. 27	Köhler	4	The Wind	Tan	16
Allegro in C Major, op. 38, no. 8	Hässler	5	Autumn Leaves	Niamath	17
Etude in D Major, op. 139, no. 33	Czerny	6	Rustic Dance	Strecke	18
Etude in D Minor, op. 82, no. 65	Gurlitt	7	The Lonely Shepherd	Alexander	19
Pierrot Skipping	Chrétien	8	Razzle Dazzle	McDonagh	20
The Little Juggler, op. 89, no. 21	Kabalevsky	9	Playing	Doolittle	22
Bird in the Bebop	Rossi	10	Etude in G Major, op. 166, no. 6	Bertini	23
Arcade Game	Gieck	12	Peking Opera on Black Keys	Jiang	24
Crazy Comics	Donkin	13			
Trumpet Blues	Norton	14	★ Students may substitute a popular sele for details.	ction for the etude.	See p. 5

# **Technical Tests**

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values
Scales				
Two-octave	G, F, Bb major E, D, G minor (harmonic and melodic)	HS 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 80	Л
Formula Pattern	C, G major	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 80	Л
Chromatic	Starting on G	HS 1 octave	<b>J</b> = 80	Л
Chords				
Tonic Triads • broken	G, F, B♭ major	HS 1 cetavo	<b>J</b> = 60	3
• solid/blocked E, D, G m	, D, G minor	1 octave (root position and inversions)	J = 112	] }

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 124 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

#### Ear Tests

### Clapback

Students will choose to clap, tap, or sing the rhythm of a short melody after the examiner has played it *twice*. The examiner will identify the time signature and count one measure before beginning.

Time Signatures	Note Values	Approximate Length
34	. ]. ] ] ] ] ] . )	two to three measures

#### Intervals

Students will be asked to identify any of the following intervals. The examiner will play each interval in melodic form (ascending and descending) *once*.

OR

Students may choose to sing or hum any of the following intervals (ascending and descending). The examiner will play the first note *once*.

Intervals (ascending and descending)	
minor 3rd	
major 3rd	
perfect 5th	

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality (major or minor) of a triad after the examiner has played it in solid/blocked form *once*.

Chords	Position
major and minor triads	root position

### Playback

Students will be asked to play back a melody based on the first five notes of a major or minor scale. The examiner will identify the key, play the tonic triad *once*, and play the melody *twice*.

Beginning Note	Keys	Approximate Length
tonic, dominant	G, F major	five notes
	D minor	

# Sight Reading

### Rhythm

For a given rhythm, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the given rhythm.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signatures	Note and Rest Values	Approximate Length
3 4 4 4	. ]. ] ] ] }	two to four measures

### Playing

Students will be asked to play a four-measure melody, written on the grand staff and divided between the hands. Melodies may move beyond the five-finger position.

Keys	Time Signature	Note Values
C, G, F major A, D minor	4	٥١١٦

# Complete Repertoire

Please see "Repertoire" on p. 4 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

Students must prepare *three* contrasting selections: *one* from each of List A, List B, and List C. Two memory marks are awarded for each repertoire selection that is performed by memory.

Bullets used to denote selections for examination purposes:

- one selection
- ▶ one selection, found in *Celebration Series®*, *Sixth Edition: Piano Repertoire 2*

#### List A

# Baroque and Classical Repertoire

#### Anonymous

► Entrée in A Minor (in Notebook for Wolfgang)

#### Arnold, Samuel

• Gavotte in C Major, op. 12, no. 2

#### Bach, Carl Philipp Emanuel

- Minuet in E flat Major, H 171
- Minuetto II in F Minor, H 196/2

### Bach, Johann Sebastian

- Aria in D Minor, BWV 515 (in Notenbuch der Anna Magdalena Bach BAR; WIE)
- ► Minuet in G Major, from Suite in G Minor, BWV 822





# **Technical Requirements**

Please see "Technical Requirements" on p. 7 and "Technical Tests Examples" on p. 120 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

## Etudes

Students must prepare two technically contrasting etudes from the following list.

▶ The following selections are found in *Celebration Series*°, *Sixth Edition: Piano Etudes 3* on the pages indicated.

Title	Composer	Page
Etude in D Major, op. 37, no. 17	Lemoine	4
Etude in G Major, op. 108, no. 19	Schytte	5
Arabesque, op. 100, no. 2	Burgmüller	6
Left Alone → play with LH only	Grill	7
Wild Rose	Richert	8
Dance in Bulgarian Rhythm → with repeat	arr. Emonts	10
Trumpet March, op. 36, no. 53	Gedike	11
Prelude No. 4 in F Major	Pearce	12
Witches and Wizards	Donkin	14

Title	Composer	Page
Ripple Effect	Bender	15
Zigzag	Evans	16
Wasps	Noble	18
Playful Snakelets	Но	19
Prelude VII	Arens	20
On Horseback, op. 98, no. 5	Grechaninov	21
Mouse Dance → with repeat	Metelka	22
Clockwork Chimes	Glennie	23
Computer Chatter	Donkin	24

 $<sup>\</sup>bigstar$  Students may substitute a popular selection for *one* of the etudes. See p. 5 for details.

# **Technical Tests**

Students must play all patterns from memory.

CONTENTS

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values
Scales				
Two-octave	D, F, B <sub>b</sub> major B, D, G minor (harmonic and melodic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 80	J
Formula Pattern	D major	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 80	J
Chromatic	Starting on D	HS 1 octave	<b>J</b> = 80	Л
Chords				
Tonic Triads • broken	D, F, B <sub>b</sub> major	HS 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 69	<b>J</b>
solid/blocked  B, D, G minor	(root position and inversions)	<b>J</b> = 120	J٤	

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 4 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 124 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

#### Ear Tests

### Clapback

Students will choose to clap, tap, or sing the rhythm of a short melody after the examiner has played it *twice*. The examiner will identify the time signature and count one measure before beginning.

Time Signatures	Note Values	Approximate Length
3 4	. ] . ] . ]	three to four measures

#### Intervals

Students will be asked to identify any of the following intervals. The examiner will play each interval in melodic form (ascending and descending) *once*.

OR

Students may choose to sing or hum any of the following intervals (ascending and descending). The examiner will play the first note *once*.

Intervals (ascending and descending)
minor 3rd
major 3rd
perfect 4th
perfect 5th

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality (major or minor) of a triad after the examiner has played it in solid/blocked form *once*.

AND

Students will be asked to identify a single note as the root, third, or fifth of a major or minor triad after the examiner has played the triad in broken form *once*.

Chords	Position
major and minor triads	root position

#### Playback

Students will be asked to play back a melody based on the first five notes of a major or minor scale. The examiner will identify the key, play the tonic triad *once*, and play the melody *twice*.

Beginning Note	Keys	Approximate Length
tonic, mediant,	D, F major	five to six notes
dominant	D, G minor	

# Sight Reading

### Rhythm

For a given rhythm, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the given rhythm.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time S	ignatures	Note and Rest Values	Approximate Length
3 4 4 4		. ]. ] ] ] ] . ) }	four measures

### Playing

Students will be asked to play a four-measure passage, hands together.

Keys	Time Signatures	Note Values
C, G, D, F major A, D minor	4	

# Complete Repertoire

Please see "Repertoire" on p. 4 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

Students must prepare *three* contrasting selections: *one* from each of List A, List B, and List C. Two memory marks are awarded for each repertoire selection that is performed by memory.

Bullets used to denote selections for examination purposes:

- one selection
- ▶ one selection, found in *Celebration Series*®, *Sixth Edition: Piano Repertoire 3*

#### List A

# Baroque Repertoire

#### Anonymous

• Minuet in A Minor (in Notebook for Wolfgang OTT)

#### Bach, Johann Sebastian, attr.

- ► Musette in D Major, BWV Anh. 126 (in Notenbuch der Anna Magdalena Bach BAR; WIE)
- ▶ Polonaise in G Minor, BWV Anh. 119 (in *Notenbuch der Anna Magdalena Bach* BAR; WIE)

#### Blow, John

► Gavot in C Major (in *Musick's Hand-Maid*, second part)

#### Böhm, Georg

 Menuet fait par Mons. Böhm (in Notenbuch der Anna Magdalena Bach BAR; WIE)



# **Technical Requirements**

Please see "Technical Requirements" on p. 7 and "Technical Tests Examples" on p. 120 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

# Etudes

Students must prepare two technically contrasting etudes from the following list.

▶ The following selections are found in *Celebration Series*®, *Sixth Edition: Piano Etudes 4* on the pages indicated.

Title	Composer	Page
Etude in E Minor, op. 65, no. 42	Loeschhorn	4
Chastushka, op. 89, no. 25	Kabalevsky	5
Masquerade	Niamath	6
The Lonely Traveller	Glennie	8
Etude in C Major, op. 65, no. 5	Kirchner	9
A Frightening Experience, op. 98, no. 11	Grechaninov	10
Dewdrops, op. 33, no. 12	Maykapar	11
The Somersault King	Schoenmehl	12

Title	Composer	Page
Parade of the Penguins	Previn	13
Ballade, op. 100, no. 15	Burgmüller	14
Cloud Dance	Case	16
Solitude → play with RH only	Grill	17
The Avalanche, op. 45, no. 2	Heller	18
The Spies	Coulthard	20
Firecrackers	Olson	22
When the Planets Are Aligned	Telfer	24

<sup>★</sup> Students may substitute a popular selection for *one* of the etudes. See p. 5 for details.

# **Technical Tests**

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values
Scales				
Two-octave	D, A, Bb, Eb major B, G, C minor (harmonic and melodic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 92	Л
Formula Pattern	C minor (harmonic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 92	Л
Chromatic	Starting on C	HS 1 octave	<b>J</b> = 104	J
Chords				
Tonic Triads • broken	D, A, Bb, Eb major	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 60	3
• solid/blocked	B, G, C minor	(root position and inversions)	J = 120	<b>J</b> }
Arpeggios				
Tonic	D, A, Bb, Eb major B, G, C minor	HS 2 octaves (root position only)	<b>J</b> = 72	U

# Musicianship

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 124 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

#### Ear Tests

### Clapback

Students will choose to clap, tap, or sing the rhythm of a short melody after the examiner has played it *twice*. The examiner will identify the time signature and count one measure before beginning.

Time Signatures	Note Values	Approximate Length
348		two to four measures

#### Intervals

Students will be asked to identify any of the following intervals. The examiner will play each interval in melodic form (ascending and descending) *once*.

OR

Students may choose to sing or hum any of the following intervals (ascending and descending). The examiner will play the first note *once*.

Intervals (ascending and descending)
minor 3rd
major 3rd
perfect 4th
perfect 5th
perfect octave

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality (major or minor) of a triad after the examiner has played it in solid/blocked form *once*.

AND

Students will be asked to identify a single note as the root, third, or fifth of a major or minor triad after the examiner has played the triad in broken form *once*.

Chords	Position
major and minor triads	root position

### Playback

Students will be asked to play back a melody based on the first five notes of a major or minor scale. The examiner will identify the key, play the tonic triad *once*, and play the melody *twice*.

Beginning Note	Keys	Approximate Length
tonic, mediant, dominant	D, A major G, C minor	six to eight notes

## Sight Reading

### Rhythm

For a given melody, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the rhythm of the given melody.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signatures	Note and Rest Values	Approximate Length
34	0.0.000	four measures

#### **Playing**

Students will be asked to play a four-measure passage, hands together.

Keys	Time Signatures	Note Values
C, G, D, F major A, E, D minor	34	. ]. ] ] ]

# Complete Repertoire

Please see "Repertoire" on p. 4 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

Students must prepare *three* contrasting selections: *one* from each of List A, List B, and List C. Two memory marks are awarded for each repertoire selection that is performed by memory.

Bullets used to denote selections for examination purposes:

- one selection
- ▶ one selection, found in *Celebration Series*°, *Sixth Edition: Piano Repertoire 4*



# **Technical Requirements**

Please see "Technical Requirements" on p. 7 and "Technical Tests Examples" on p. 120 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

# Etudes

Students must prepare two technically contrasting etudes from the following list.

▶ The following selections are found in *Celebration Series®*, *Sixth Edition: Piano Etudes 5* on the pages indicated.

Title	Composer	Page	Title	Composer	Page
Prelude, op. 39, no. 19	Kabalevsky	4	Little Dragon	Но	14
Little Piece No. 13	Tajčević	5	Etude on a Pentatonic Scale	Jiang	15
Etude in C Major, op. 718, no. 7	Czerny	6	Elves	Bloch	16
Dance of the Dragonflies,	Rohde	8	Staccatoville!	Alexander	18
op. 76, no. 7			A Summer Day	Norton	20
Dragonfly Scherzo	Crosby Gaudet	9	Chromatic Monochrome	Ikeda	22
Harmony of the Angels, op. 100, no. 21	Burgmüller	10	The Black Pony	Papp	24
Joyous Etude	Bober	12	★ Students may substitute a popular s See p. 5 for details.	election for one of the	etudes.

# **Technical Tests**

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values
Scales				
Two-octave	A, E, F, Ab major A, E, F minor (harmonic and melodic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 104	J
Formula Pattern	A major A minor (harmonic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 104	J
Chromatic	Starting on A, F	HT 1 octave	J = 104	J
Chords				
Tonic Triads  ● broken	A, E, F, Al-major	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 66	3
• solid/blocked A, E, F minor	(root position and inversions) ending with I–V–I progression	<b>J</b> = 66	ال	
Dominant 7th Chords • broken	A, E, F, Ab major	HS 1 octave	<b>J</b> = 72	Л
• solid/blocked	solid/blocked (root position and inversions)		<b>J</b> = 60	ا ا
Arpeggios				
Tonic	A, E, F, Ab major A, E, F minor	HS 2 octaves (root position only)	<b>J</b> = 80	л

# Musicianship

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 124 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

#### Ear Tests

#### Intervals

Students will be asked to identify any of the following intervals. The examiner will play each interval in melodic form (ascending or descending) followed by harmonic form *once*.

OR

Students may choose to sing or hum any of the following intervals (ascending or descending). The examiner will play the first note *once*.

Intervals (ascending or descending)
minor 3rd, major 3rd
perfect 4th
perfect 5th
minor 6th, major 6th
perfect octave

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality of the following chords after the examiner has played the chord in solid/blocked form, close position *once*.

Chords	Position
major and minor triads	root position
dominant 7th (major-minor 7th)	root position

### **Chord Progressions**

Students will be asked to identify chord progressions in major keys as I–IV–I or I–V–I after the examiner has played the progression *twice*. The progression will be played in keyboard style, and the bass line will ascend from the tonic.

Chord Progressions	
I–IV–I	
I–V–I	

#### Playback

Students will be asked to play back a melody based on the first five notes and upper tonic of a major or minor scale. The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the melody *three* times.

- Before the first playing, the examiner will count one measure.
- After the second playing, the student will clap the rhythm or sing the melody.
- After the third playing, the student will play the melody.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	A, E major A, E minor	34	up to eight notes

#### OR

Students may choose to play back a given four-measure question phrase and improvise an answer phrase to create an eight-measure parallel period. The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the question phrase *three* times.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Total Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	C, G, F major	34	eight measures

## Sight Reading

### Rhythm

For a given melody, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the rhythm of the given melody.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signatures	Approximate Length
3 4 6	four measures

#### Playing

Students will be asked to play a passage of music comparable to Level 2 repertoire.

Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
major and minor keys, up to two sharps or flats	3 4 6 4 4 8	eight measures

#### OR

Students may choose to read a lead sheet (with a melody and root/quality chord symbols) and realize an accompaniment based on the chord symbols provided. Harmonic vocabulary will be aligned with the chords presented for study in Level 5 Theory in the *Theory Syllabus*.

Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
major and minor keys, up to two sharps or flats	3 4 6 4 4 8	eight measures



# Etudes

Students must prepare two technically contrasting etudes from the following list.

▶ The following selections are found in *Celebration Series*®, *Sixth Edition: Piano Etudes 6* on the pages indicated.

Title	Composer	Page	Title	Composer	Page
Etude in A flat Major, op. 139,	Czerny	4	Dancing Scales	Burge	16
no. 51			Courting Counting	Glennie	18
Solfeggio in D Major	J.C.F. Bach	5	Etude in F Major, op. 88, no. 18	Berens	20
The Goblin and the Mosquito	Price	6	Math Whiz	Sowash	22
River City Blues	Mier	8	Jazz Piece No. 2	Peterson	24
Heartache, op. 32, no. 2	Fuchs	10	Etude in E Minor, op. 29, no. 14	Bertini	25
Miniature, op. 62, no. 6  → with repeats	Kirchner	11	Malfunction! Malfunction!	Telfer	26
Moto perpetuo	Gerou	12	Game of Patience, op. 25, no. 2	Karganov	28
Moonbeams	Louie	14	★ Students may substitute a popular sel p. 5 for details.	ection for <i>one</i> of the e	tudes. See

# Technical Tests

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values	
Scales					
Two-octave	G, E, B, Dl major G, E, B, C# minor (harmonic and melodic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 60	,,,,	
Formula Pattern	E major E minor (harmonic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 60	<b></b>	
Chromatic	Starting on E, D	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 60	. <del></del>	
Chords					
Tonic Triads • broken	G, E, B, Dl major	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 80	3	
• solid/blocked	G, E, B, C# minor	(root position and inversions) ending with I–V–I progression			
Dominant 7th Chords • broken	G, E, B, Dl major		J = 88	Л	
• solid/blocked		HS 2 actores	<b>J</b> = 72		
Leading-tone Diminished 7th Chords  • broken	G, E, B, C# minor	2 octaves (root position and inversions)	<b>J</b> = 88	Л	
• solid/blocked	7,7,7,5,0,0,0		<b>J</b> = 72		
Arpeggios					
Tonic	G, E, B, Db major G, E, B, C# minor	HS			
Dominant 7th	G, E, B, D♭ major	2 octaves (root position only)	<b>J</b> = 92		
Leading-tone Diminished 7th	G, E, B, C# minor	(100t position only)			

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 120 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

## Ear Tests

#### Intervals

Students will be asked to identify any of the following intervals. The examiner will play each interval in melodic form (ascending or descending) followed by harmonic form *once*.

OR

Students may choose to sing or hum any of the following intervals (ascending or descending). The examiner will play the first note *once*.

Intervals (ascending or descending)
minor 2nd, major 2nd
minor 3rd, major 3rd
perfect 4th
perfect 5th
minor 6th, major 6th
perfect octave

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality of the following chords after the examiner has played the chord in solid/blocked form, close position *once*.

Chords	Position
major and minor triads	root position
dominant 7th (major-minor 7th)	root position
diminished 7th	root position

## **Chord Progressions**

Students will be asked to identify chord progressions in major or minor keys as listed below, after the examiner has played the progression *twice*. The progression will be played in keyboard style, and the bass line will ascend from the tonic.

Major	Minor
I–IV–I	i–iv–i
I-V-I	i–V–i

### Playback

Students will be asked to play back a melody based on the complete scale (from tonic to tonic or dominant to dominant). The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the melody *three* times.

- Before the first playing, the examiner will count one measure.
- After the second playing, the student will clap the rhythm or sing the melody.
- After the third playing, the student will play the melody.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	G, E major G, E minor	34	up to nine notes

#### OR

Students may choose to play back a given four-measure question phrase and improvise an answer phrase to create an eight-measure parallel period. The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the question phrase *three* times.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Total Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	C, G, F major	34	eight measures

## Sight Reading

### Rhythm

For a given melody, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the rhythm of the given melody.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signatures	Approximate Length
3 4 6 4 4 8	four measures

#### Playing

Students will be asked to play a passage of music comparable to Level 3 repertoire.

Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
major and minor keys, up to three sharps or flats	2348	eight measures

#### OR

Students may choose to read a lead sheet (with a melody and root/quality chord symbols) and realize an accompaniment based on the chord symbols provided. Harmonic vocabulary will be aligned with the chords presented for study in Level 6 Theory in the *Theory Syllabus*.

Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
major and minor keys, up to two sharps or flats	2348	eight measures



# **Technical Requirements**

Please see "Technical Requirements" on p. 7 and "Technical Tests Examples" on p. 120 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

## Etudes

Students must prepare two technically contrasting etudes from the following list.

▶ The following selections are found in *Celebration Series*®, *Sixth Edition: Piano Etudes 7* on the pages indicated.

Title	Composer	Page	Title	Composer	Page
Toccatina, op. 8, no. 1	Maykapar	4	Running Around, op. 105, no. 4	Goolkasian	18
Tambourin, op. 2, no. 7	Gambarini	6		Rahbee	
Halley's Comet	Telfer	7	Lullaby, op. 109, no. 7	Burgmüller	20
Etude in G Minor, op. 24, no. 15	Concone	8	White Noon	Ikeda	22
Leafy Sea Dragon	Dykstra	10	Mischievous Mouse	Но	24
Etude in C sharp Minor, op. 125,	Heller	12	White Sands, Blue Seas	Thomas	26
no. 19			Zephyr	Donkin	28
Chickadees	Richert	14	* Students may substitute a popular sele	ection for <i>one</i> of the	etudes. See
Dancing Barefoot in the Rain	Okoye	16	p. 5 for details.		

## **Technical Tests**

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values	
Scales					
Two-octave	C, D, F, AЬ, GЬ major C, D, F, G#, F# minor (harmonic and melodic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 76	<del>,,,,</del>	
Formula Pattern	D major D minor (harmonic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 76	<del>,,,,</del>	
Chromatic	Starting on D, Gb	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 76	<del>,,,,</del>	
Chords					
Tonic Four-Note • broken only	C, D, F, Ab, Gb major C, D, F, G#, F# minor	HT 2 octaves (root position and inversions) ending with I–IV–V–I progression	<b>J</b> = 60	. <del>,,,,</del>	
Dominant 7th Chords • broken	C, D, F, Ab, Gb major	HT 2 octaves (root position and inversions)	<b>J</b> = 60	<i></i>	
• solid/blocked			<b>J</b> = 80		
Leading-tone Diminished 7th Chords  ◆ broken	C, D, F, G#, F# minor		<b>J</b> = 60	<del>,,,,</del>	
• solid/blocked	G, D, T, G, T TIMIO		<b>J</b> = 80	ا ا	
Arpeggios					
Tonic	C, D, F, Ab, Gb major C, D, F, G#, F# minor	HT 2 octaves (root position and inversions)	<b>J</b> = 60	<del>,,,,</del>	
Dominant 7th	C, D, F, Ab, Gb major	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 60	<del>,,,,</del>	
Leading-tone Diminished 7th	C, D, F, G#, F# minor	(root position only)			



# Musicianship

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 120 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

### Ear Tests

#### Intervals

Students will be asked to identify any of the following intervals. The examiner will play each interval in melodic form (ascending or descending) followed by harmonic form *once*.

#### OR

Students may choose to sing or hum any of the following intervals (ascending or descending). The examiner will play the first note *once*.

Intervals (ascending or descending)
minor 2nd, major 2nd
minor 3rd, major 3rd
perfect 4th
perfect 5th
minor 6th, major 6th
minor 7th, major 7th
perfect octave

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality of the following chords after the examiner has played the chord in solid/blocked form, close position *once*.

Chords	Position
major, minor, and augmented triads	root position
dominant 7th (major-minor 7th)	root position
diminished 7th	root position

### **Chord Progressions**

Students will be asked to identify chord progressions in major or minor keys as listed below, after the examiner has played the progression *twice*. The progression will be played in keyboard style, and the bass line will ascend from the tonic.

Major	Minor
I–IV–I	i—iv—i
I–V–I	i–V–i
I–IV–V	i–iv–V

#### **Playback**

Students will be asked to play back a melody based on the complete scale (from tonic to tonic or dominant to dominant). The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the melody *three* times.

- Before the first playing, the examiner will count one measure.
- After the second playing, the student will clap the rhythm or sing the melody.
- After the third playing, the student will play the melody.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	D, F major D, F minor	236	up to ten notes

#### OR

Students may choose to play back a given four-measure question phrase and improvise an answer phrase to create an eight-measure contrasting period. The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the question phrase *three* times.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Total Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	C, G, F major	236	eight measures

### Sight Reading

#### Rhythm

For a given melody, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the rhythm of the given melody.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signatures	Approximate Length
2348	four measures

### Playing

Students will be asked to play a passage of music comparable to Level 4 repertoire.

Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
major and minor keys, up to three sharps or flats	2348	eight to twelve measures

#### OR

Students may choose to read a lead sheet (with a melody and root/quality chord symbols) and realize an accompaniment based on the chord symbols provided. Harmonic vocabulary will be aligned with the chords presented for study in Level 7 Theory in the *Theory Syllabus*. Students are encouraged to provide creative accompaniments appropriate to the style of the given melody.

Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
major and minor keys, up to three sharps or flats	<b>2348</b>	eight to twelve measures



List C				
Romantic Repertoire				
Mélodie, op. 4, no. 2	Hensel	40		
Song without Words, op. 38, no. 4	Mendelssohn	42		
Polonaise in C Major, op. 1, no. 2	C. Schumann	44		
Waltz in B Minor, op. posth. 69, no. 2	Chopin	46		
Prelude in E flat Major, op. 31, no. 1	Glière	50		
Knecht Ruprecht, op. 68, no. 12	R. Schumann	52		
Arabeske	Lang	55		
Nocturne in B flat Major, H 37	Field	58		

Post-Romantic, 20th-, and 21st-century Repertoire				
The Spruce, op. 75, no. 5	Sibelius	61		
The Little Shepherd	Debussy	64		
Seven Good-humored Variations on a Ukrainian Folk Song, op. 51, no. 4	Kabalevsky	66		
Through Moanin' Pines	Burleigh	70		
Prelude No. 3	Valenti	72		
Incognito	Sifford	74		
Mysterious Summer's Night	Kuzmenko	77		
Blue Angel	Chatman	78		
Catching Butterflies	Ding	80		
Tango callejero	Springer	82		
Prelude, op. 69	Goolkasian Rahbee	84		

For a complete list of repertoire from additional sources, see "Complete Repertoire" on p. 71.

Duncan

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# **Technical Requirements**

Sunshower

Please see "Technical Requirements" on p. 7 and "Technical Tests Examples" on p. 120 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

# Etudes

Students must prepare two technically contrasting etudes from the following list.

▶ The following selections are found in *Celebration Series®*, *Sixth Edition: Piano Etudes 8* on the pages indicated.

Title	Composer	Page
The Storm, op. 109, no. 13	Burgmüller	4
Village Joke	Bartók	6
Romanza, op. 57, no. 4	Gade	8
Open	Gieck	10
Murmures du ruisseau	Jaëll	12
Sieste caniculaire, op. 82, no. 3	Laurin	14
Bolero, op. 35, no. 4	Casella	16

Title	Composer	Page
Flip Flops	Thomas	18
The Woodpecker	Lu	20
Etude in C Major, op. 46, no. 24	Heller	22
Etude in A Major, op. 27, no. 26	Kabalevsky	24
Etude in C Major, op. 299, no. 3	Czerny	28
Dance of the Elves, op. 21, no. 3	Karganov	30

★ Students may substitute a popular selection for *one* of the etudes. See p. 5 for details.



# **Technical Tests**

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values		
Scales	Scales					
Four-octave	C, D, E, Bb, Eb, Gb major C, D, E, Bb, Eb, F# minor (harmonic and melodic)	HT 4 octaves	<b>J</b> = 88	<del>,,,,</del>		
Formula Pattern	Eb major Eb minor (harmonic)	HT 4 octaves	<b>J</b> = 88			
Chromatic	Starting on Eb, E	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 88	<del>,,,,</del>		
Chords						
Tonic Four-note • broken only	C, D, E, Bb, Eb, Gb major C, D, E, Bb, Eb, F# minor	HT 2 octaves (root position and inversions) ending with I–IV–V <sub>4-3</sub> <sup>6-5</sup> —I progression	<b>J</b> = 80	<del>,,,,</del>		
Dominant 7th Chords • broken	C, D, E, Bb, Eb, Gb major		<b>J</b> = 80			
• solid/blocked		HT 2 octaves	J = 100			
Leading-tone Diminished 7th Chords • broken	C, D, E, Bb, Eb, F# minor	(root position and inversions)	<b>J</b> = 80	. <del></del>		
• solid/blocked			<b>J</b> = 100			
Arpeggios						
Tonic	C, D, E, Bb, Eb, Gb major C, D, E, Bb, Eb, F# minor	HT 4 octaves (root position and inversions)	<b>J</b> = 69	J		
Dominant 7th	C, D, E, Bb, Eb, Gb major	HT 4 octaves (root position only)				
Leading-tone Diminished 7th	C, D, E, Bb, Eb, F# minor		<b>J</b> = 69	J <del>.,,,</del>		

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 124 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

### Ear Tests

#### Intervals

Students will be asked to identify any of the following intervals. The examiner will play each interval in melodic form (ascending or descending) followed by harmonic form *once*.

OR

Students may choose to sing or hum any of the following intervals (ascending or descending). The examiner will play the first note *once*.

Intervals (ascending or descending)		
minor 2nd, major 2nd	perfect 5th	
minor 3rd, major 3rd	minor 6th, major 6th	
perfect 4th	minor 7th, major 7th	
augmented 4th/diminished 5th	perfect octave	

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality of the following chords after the examiner has played the chord in solid/blocked form, close position *once*.

Chords	Position
major, minor, and augmented triads	root position
dominant 7th (major-minor 7th)	root position
diminished 7th	root position

## **Chord Progressions**

Students will be asked to identify each chord in a four-chord progression in a major or minor key as listed below, after the examiner has played the progression *twice*. In the second playing, the examiner will pause on each chord for the student to identify it. The progression will be played in keyboard style.

Major	Minor
I–IV–V–I	i–iv–V–i
I–IV–V–vi	i–iv–V–VI
I-vi-IV-V	i–VI–iv–V
I-vi-IV-I	i–VI–iv–i

### Playback

Students will be asked to play back a melody based on the complete scale (from tonic to tonic or dominant to dominant). The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the melody *three* times.

- Before the first playing, the examiner will count one measure.
- After the second playing, the student will clap the rhythm or sing the melody.
- After the third playing, the student will play the melody.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	B♭, E♭ major C, E minor	2348 (may include an upbeat)	up to eleven notes

#### OR

Students may choose to play back a given four-measure question phrase and improvise an answer phrase to create an eight-measure contrasting period. The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the question phrase *three* times.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Total Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	C, G, F major A, E, D, minor	2348 (may include an upbeat)	eight measures

## Sight Reading

### Rhythm

For a given melody, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the rhythm of the given melody.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signatures Approximate Length	
2346	four measures

#### Playing

Students will be asked to play a passage of music comparable to Level 5 repertoire.

Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
major and minor keys, up to four sharps or flats	<b>4448</b> (may include an upbeat)	eight to twelve measures

#### OR

Students may choose to read a lead sheet (with a melody and root/quality chord symbols) and realize an accompaniment based on the chord symbols provided. Harmonic vocabulary will be aligned with the chords presented for study in Level 8 Theory in the *Theory Syllabus*. Students are encouraged to provide creative accompaniments appropriate to the style of the given melody.

Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
major and minor keys, up to three sharps or flats	<b>2348</b> (may include an upbeat)	eight to twelve measures



# Technical Tests

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values
Scales				
Four-octave	C, Db, D, Eb, E, F major C, C#, D, Eb, E, F minor (harmonic and melodic)	HT 4 octaves	J = 104	
Formula Pattern	F, Db major F, C# minor (harmonic)	HT 4 octaves	<b>J</b> = 104	,,,,,
Chromatic	starting on any note from C–F	HT 4 octaves	<b>J</b> = 104	,,,,,
In Octaves • solid/blocked staccato or	F, Db major F, C# minor (harmonic and melodic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 60	
• broken <i>legato</i> *			<b>J</b> = 72	
Chords				
Tonic Four-note • broken	C, Db, D, Eb, E, F major C, C#, D, Eb, E, F minor  HT 2 octaves (root position and inversions) ending with		<b>J</b> = 104	, <del>,,,,</del>
• solid/blocked or		<b>J</b> = 80	ا ا	
• broken alternate-note pattern**		I–VI–IV–V <sub>4</sub> –V <sup>8–7</sup> –I progression	<b>J</b> = 80	
Dominant 7th • broken	C, Db, D, Eb, E, F major	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 104	. <del></del>
• solid/blocked		(root position and inversions)	J = 104	
Leading-tone Diminished 7th  • broken	C, C#, D, Eb, E, F minor	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 104	, <del>,,,,</del>
• solid/blocked		(root position and inversions)	<b>J</b> = 104	
Arpeggios	,	<del> </del>		·
Tonic	C, Db, D, Eb, E, F major C, C‡, D, Eb, E, F minor	нт		
Dominant 7th	C, Db, D, Eb, E, F major	4 octaves (root position and inversions)	<b>J</b> = 84	1777
Leading-tone Diminished 7th	C, C#, D, E♭, E, F minor	(100t position and inversions)		

<sup>\*</sup> Broken *legato* octaves may be substituted for solid/blocked octaves for candidates with small hands.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Broken alternate-note pattern may be substituted for solid/blocked chords for candidates with small hands.

# Musicianship

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 124 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

#### Ear Tests

#### Intervals

Students will be asked to identify any of the following intervals. The examiner will play each interval in melodic form (ascending or descending) followed by harmonic form *once*.

#### OR

Students may choose to sing or hum any of the following intervals (ascending or descending). The examiner will play the first note *once*.

Intervals (ascending or descending) minor 2nd, major 2nd minor 3rd, major 3rd perfect 4th augmented 4th/diminished 5th perfect 5th minor 6th, major 6th minor 7th, major 7th perfect octave	
minor 3rd, major 3rd  perfect 4th  augmented 4th/diminished 5th  perfect 5th  minor 6th, major 6th  minor 7th, major 7th	Intervals (ascending or descending)
perfect 4th augmented 4th/diminished 5th perfect 5th minor 6th, major 6th minor 7th, major 7th	minor 2nd, major 2nd
augmented 4th/diminished 5th perfect 5th minor 6th, major 6th minor 7th, major 7th	minor 3rd, major 3rd
perfect 5th minor 6th, major 6th minor 7th, major 7th	perfect 4th
minor 6th, major 6th minor 7th, major 7th	augmented 4th/diminished 5th
minor 7th, major 7th	perfect 5th
	minor 6th, major 6th
perfect octave	minor 7th, major 7th
	perfect octave

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality of the following chords after the examiner has played the chord in solid/blocked form, close position *once*.

Chords	Positions
major and minor four-note chords	root position, 1st inversion
augmented triad	root position
dominant 7th (major-minor 7th)	root position
diminished 7th	root position

## **Chord Progressions**

Students will be asked to identify each chord in a four-chord progression in a major or minor key after the examiner has played the progression *twice*. In the second playing, the examiner will pause on each chord for the student to identify it. The progression will be played in keyboard style, beginning on the tonic chord, and may include any of the following chords.

Major	Minor
I, IV, V, vi (root position only)	i, iv, V, VI (root position only)

### Playback

Students will be asked to play back the upper part of a two-part phrase. The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the phrase *three* times.

- Before the first playing, the examiner will count one measure.
- After the second playing, the student will clap the rhythm or sing the upper part of the phrase.
- After the third playing, the student will play the upper part of the phrase.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	any major or minor key, up to four sharps or flats	2348	up to nine notes

#### OR

Students may choose to play back a two-measure opening, complete the question (antecedent) phrase, and improvise an answer (consequent) phrase to create an eight-measure constrasting period. The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the two-measure opening *three* times.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Total Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	any major or minor key up to two sharps or flats	2348	eight measures

# Sight Reading

#### Rhythm

For a given melody, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the rhythm of the given melody.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signatures	Approximate Length
2348	four to six measures

#### **Playing**

Students will be asked to play a passage of music comparable to Level 6 repertoire.

Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
major and minor keys up to five sharps or flats	any	up to sixteen measures

#### OR

Students may choose to read a lead sheet (with a melody and root/quality chord symbols) and realize an accompaniment based on the chord symbols provided. Harmonic vocabulary will be aligned with the chords presented for study in Level 9 Harmony in the *Theory Syllabus*. Students are expected to provide creative accompaniments appropriate to the style of the given melody.

Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
major and minor keys, up to four sharps or flats	any	up to sixteen measures

# Complete Repertoire

Please see "Repertoire" on p. 4 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

Students must prepare *four* contrasting selections: *one* from each of List A, List B, List C, and List D. Repertoire selections must be memorized. Memory marks will be deducted for any repertoire selections not performed by memory. The program selected should not exceed 15 minutes in length

Bullets used to denote selections for examination purposes:

- one selection
- ▶ one selection, found in *Celebration Series*®, *Sixth Edition: Piano Repertoire 9*

#### List A

# Baroque Repertoire

#### Bach, Johann Sebastian

- ► Fugue in C Major, BWV 952
- Fugue in C Major, BWV 953 (in Klavierbüchlein für Wilhelm Friedemann Bach BAR)

Capriccio sopra la lontananza del fratello dilettissimo, BWV 992

• 3rd movement

Sinfonias (Three-part Inventions)

- Sinfonia No. 1 in C Major, BWV 787
- ▶ Sinfonia No. 2 in C Minor, BWV 788
- Sinfonia No. 3 in D Major, BWV 789
- Sinfonia No. 4 in D Minor, BWV 790
- Sinfonia No. 5 in E flat Major, BWV 791
- Sinfonia No. 6 in E Major, BWV 792

#### Bach, Johann Sebastian (continued)

- Sinfonia No. 7 in E Minor, BWV 793
- Sinfonia No. 8 in F Major, BWV 794
- Sinfonia No. 9 in F Minor, BWV 795
- ► Sinfonia No. 10 in G Major, BWV 796
- Sinfonia No. 11 in G Minor, BWV 797
- Sinfonia No. 12 in A Major, BWV 798
- Sinfonia No. 13 in A Minor, BWV 799
- Sinfonia No. 14 in B flat Major, BWV 800
- Sinfonia No. 15 in B Minor, BWV 801

The Well-Tempered Clavier, 1

• Prelude and Fugue in C Minor, BWV 847

#### Bach, Willhelm Friedemann

- Fantasia in C Major, Fk 14
- Prelude in C Minor, Fk 29

#### Daquin, Louis-Claude

Premier livre de pièces de clavecin, 3e suite

• Le coucou (Rondeau)

## Handel, George Frideric

Suite No. 1 in B flat Major, HWV 434

► Aria con variazioni

Suite No. 4 in E Minor, HWV 429

- Allemande
- Courante
- Sarabande
- Gigue

#### Krebs, Johann Ludwig

Suite No. 3 in E flat Major

Gigue

#### Platti, Giovanni Benedetto

Sonata in C Minor, op. 4, no. 2

• 3rd movement

Sonata No. 2 in C Minor (in 12 Sonate per clavicembalo RIC)

• 1st movement (Fantasia)

### Rameau, Jean-Philippe

Nouvelles suites de pièces de clavecin

► L'Egyptienne

### Scarlatti, Domenico

- Sonata in D Minor, K 9
- Sonata in E Major, K 20
- ► Sonata in C Major, K 132
- Sonata in C Major, K 159
- Sonata in E Major, K 162
- Sonata in A Major, K 209
- Sonata in E Minor, K 263
- ► Sonata in E Major, K 380
- Sonata in G Minor, K 426
- Sonata in D Major, K 430
- Sonata in F Minor, K 481
- Sonata in E Major, K 531

#### Soler, Antonio

► Sonata in D Minor, R 360



#### LEVEL

# Level 10

# **Technical Tests**

	Keys	Played	Tempo	Note Values
Scales				
Four-octave	Gb, G, Ab, A, Bb, B major F#, G, G#, A, Bb, B minor (harmonic and melodic)	HT 4 octaves	J = 120	<del>,,,,</del>
Separated by a 3rd	Gь, G, Аь major	HT 4 octaves	<b>J</b> = 104	
Separated by a 6th	A, Вь, В major	HT 4 octaves	<b>J</b> = 104	
In Octaves • solid/blocked staccato or	Bb, B major Bb, B minor (harmonic and melodic)	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 80	
• broken <i>legato</i> *			<b>J</b> = 92	
Chromatic in Octaves	starting on any note from F# to B	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 80	<b></b>
Chords				
Tonic Four-note  ● broken alternate-note pattern	Gb, G, Ab, A, Bb, B major F#, G, Ab, A, Bb, B minor	HT 2 octaves	<b>J</b> = 96	J.,,
• solid/blocked		(root position and inversions) ending with $I-VI-IV-V_4^6-V^{8-7}-I$ progression	<b>J</b> = 120	ال
Dominant 7th  ◆ broken alternate-note pattern	Gь, G, Aь, A, Вь, В major		<b>J</b> = 96	. <del>,,,,</del>
• solid/blocked	HT 2 octaves	J = 120		
Leading-tone Diminished 7th  ◆ broken alternate-note pattern	F#, G, Ab, A, Bb, B minor	(root position and inversions)	<b>J</b> = 96	. <del></del>
• solid/blocked			J = 120	JJ
Arpeggios	1			
Tonic	Gь, G, Aь, A, Вь, B major F#, G, Aь, A, Вь, B minor	HT 4 octaves		
Dominant 7th	Gb, G, Ab, A, Bb, B major	(root position and inversions, either individually or in sequence starting with root position or any inversion) $J = S$	<b>J</b> = 92	<del>,,,,,</del>
Leading-tone Diminished 7th	F#, G, Ab, A, Bb, B minor			

<sup>\*</sup> Broken *legato* octaves may be substituted for solid/blocked octaves for students with small hands.

Please see "Musicianship" on p. 7 and "Musicianship Examples" on p. 124 for important information regarding this section of the examination.

#### Ear Tests

#### Intervals

Students will be asked to identify any of the following intervals. The examiner will play each interval in either melodic form (ascending or descending) or harmonic form *once*.

#### OR

Students may choose to sing or hum any of the following intervals (ascending or descending). The examiner will play the first note *once*.

Intervals (ascending or descending)
minor 2nd, major 2nd
minor 3rd, major 3rd
perfect 4th
augmented 4th/diminished 5th
perfect 5th
minor 6th, major 6th
minor 7th, major 7th
perfect octave
minor 9th, major 9th

#### Chords

Students will be asked to identify the quality of the following chords after the examiner has played the chord in solid/blocked form, close position *once*.

Chords	Positions
major and minor four-note chords	root position, 1st inversion
augmented triad	root position
dominant 7th (major-minor 7th)	root position
diminished 7th	root position
major-major 7th	root position
minor-minor 7th	root position

### **Chord Progressions**

Students will be asked to identify each chord in a five-chord progression in a major or minor key as I, IV, V, VI, or cadential <sup>6</sup> after the examiner has played the progression *twice*. In the second playing, the examiner will pause on each chord for the student to identify it. The progression will be played in keyboard style and will begin on the tonic chord.

Major	Minor
I, IV, V, vi (root position only)	i, iv, V, VI (root position only)
cadential $^6_4$	cadential $^6_4$

### Playback

Students will be asked to play back a diatonic melody and harmonize it, using basic harmonic progressions (I, IV, and V) in solid/blocked chords with the left hand. The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the melody *three* times.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Approximate Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	any major or minor key, up to four sharps or flats	2348	four measures

#### OR

Students may choose to play back a two-measure opening, complete the question (antecedent) phrase, and improvise an answer (consequent) phrase to create an eight-measure contrasting period. The examiner will identify the key and time signature, play the tonic chord *once*, and play the two-measure opening *three* times.

Beginning Note	Keys	Time Signatures	Total Length
tonic, mediant, dominant, upper tonic	any major or minor key up to three sharps or flats	2346	eight measures

# Sight Reading

#### Rhythm

For a given melody, students will be asked to:

- Tap a steady beat with their hand or foot for one measure.
- Continue tapping while speaking, tapping, or clapping the rhythm of the given melody.

A steady pulse and metric accentuation are expected.

Time Signatures	Approximate Length
2348	four to six measures