```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from statsmodels.graphics.mosaicplot import mosaic
from scipy import stats
csvfile = r"Project\adult.csv"
#data frame with all the data.
adultsStats = pd.read_csv(csvfile,header=0)
#remove fnlwgt because it is not being used for this project.
adultsStats = adultsStats.drop(['fnlwgt'],axis=1)
#Look for '?' and replace with nulls
adultsStats = adultsStats.replace('?','NULL')
#Transform Sex data to binary form
adultsStats['sex'] = adultsStats['sex'].replace('Female',0)
adultsStats['sex'] = adultsStats['sex'].replace('Male',1)
dictOfUniqueOccupation = {}
#get a dictonary of all the occupations in the data frame
for val in adultsStats['occupation'].unique():
  dictOfUniqueOccupation[val] = 0
```

```
#Remove NULL JOB
del dictOfUniqueOccupation['NULL']
#colors to use in graphs
arrayOfColors =
['yellow','crimson','deepskyblue','green','aquamarine','violet','brown','lightsalmon','steelblue','cyan','oliv
e','mediumseagreen','grey','orange']
color1 = "cornflowerblue"
color2 = "orange"
#create 2 dict one for tracking ppl abve 50k one for below.
dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k = dict(dictOfUniqueOccupation)
dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k = dict(dictOfUniqueOccupation)
for row in adultsStats.iterrows():
  occupation = row[1][5]
  income = row[1][13]
  sex = row[1][8]
  # Ignore Jobs with NULL not in the dict
  if(occupation == 'NULL'):
    continue
  if(income == '<=50K'):
    dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k[occupation] = dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k[occupation] +
1
  elif(income == '>50K'):
    dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k[occupation] = dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k[occupation] + 1
  else:
    print("Something is wrong check for this income:" + str(income))
```

```
#-----\
def bar_graph_of_occupations_by_income_groups():
  # What Jobs should we target when looking for ppl to recuirt to our school?
  #make the bar graph
  plt.bar(x=dictOfUniqueOccupation.keys(),height=dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k.values(), color =
color1, label = "occupation under 50k", labels = "Yes")
  plt.bar(x=dictOfUniqueOccupation.keys(),height=dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k.values(), color =
color2, label = "occupation over 50k", labels = "Yes")
  plt.title('Total people per occupuation based on income groups')
  plt.xticks(rotation =45, ha = "right")
  plt.ylabel('Number of people')
  plt.xlabel('Occupation')
  plt.legend(('Income at or less then $50k', 'Income over $50k'), loc = 'upper right', )
  plt.show()
def donut graphs of occupantions by income groups():
  #I condensed 'Armed-Forces' and Priv-house-serv' into Other-service clean up outliers that dont
afeect or help
  dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k['Other-service'] = dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k['Other-
service'] + dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k['Armed-Forces'] + dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k['Priv-
house-serv']
  copyOfdictOfUniqueOccupation = dict(dictOfUniqueOccupation)
  del copyOfdictOfUniqueOccupation['Armed-Forces']
```

```
del copyOfdictOfUniqueOccupation['Priv-house-serv']
  del dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k['Armed-Forces']
  del dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k['Priv-house-serv']
  arrayOfPplPerOccupationUnder50k = dictOfUniqueOccupationUnder50k.values()
  plt.pie(arrayOfPplPerOccupationUnder50k,shadow=False,autopct='%1.2f%%',textprops={'fontsize':13},
colors=arrayOfColors, labels=copyOfdictOfUniqueOccupation.keys(), labeldistance =1.01)
  plt.title("Job market for income at or under 50k", loc='center', fontsize = 20)
  plt.axis("equal")
  plt.gcf().gca().add_artist(plt.Circle( (0,0), 0.7, color='white'))
  plt.show()
  dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k['Other-service'] = dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k['Other-service']
+ dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k['Armed-Forces'] + dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k['Priv-house-
serv']
  del dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k['Armed-Forces']
  del dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k['Priv-house-serv']
  arrayOfPplPerOccupationOver50k = dictOfUniqueOccupationOver50k.values()\
  plt.pie(arrayOfPplPerOccupationOver50k,shadow=False,autopct='%1.2f%%',textprops={'fontsize':13},
colors=arrayOfColors, labels=copyOfdictOfUniqueOccupation.keys(), labeldistance =1.01)
  plt.title("Job market for income over 50k", loc='center', fontsize = 20)
  plt.axis("equal")
  plt.gcf().gca().add artist(plt.Circle((0,0), 0.7, color='white'))
  plt.show()
def Line_plot_age_vs_Captial_loss_by_income():
  # User Story 3 - People that didnt finish college, over all ages
```

```
df = adultsStats[['age','capital-loss','income']]
ageOfPeopleUnder50k = []
capitalLossOfPeopleUnder50k = []
agePeopleOver50k = []
capitalLossOfPeopleOver50k = []
for row in df.iterrows():
  age = row[1][0]
  capitalLoss = row[1][1]
  income = row[1][2]
  if(age == 'NULL' or capitalLoss == 'NULL' or income == 'NULL'):
    continue
  elif(income == '<=50K'):
    ageOfPeopleUnder50k.append(age)
    capitalLossOfPeopleUnder50k.append(capitalLoss)
  elif(income == '>50K'):
    agePeopleOver50k.append(age)
    capitalLossOfPeopleOver50k.append(capitalLoss)
  else:
    print("Something is wrong check for this income:" + str(income))
x1 = ageOfPeopleUnder50k
y1 = capitalLossOfPeopleUnder50k
x2 = agePeopleOver50k
y2 = capitalLossOfPeopleOver50k
```

```
plt.scatter(x1,y1)
  plt.scatter(x2,y2)
  plt.show()
def Line_plot_age_vs_Captial_avg_gain_by_income():
  # User Story 3 - People that didnt finish college, over all ages
  df = adultsStats[['age','capital-gain','income']]
  # ageOfPeopleUnder50k = []
  # capitalGainOfPeopleUnder50k = []
  # agePeopleOver50k = []
  # capitalGainOfPeopleOver50k = []
  dictAgeAndGainUnder50k = {}
  dictAgeAndGainOver50k = {}
  nonzeroCaptialGain = []
  for val in df['capital-gain']:
    if val != 0:
      nonzeroCaptialGain.append(val)
  std = np.std(nonzeroCaptialGain)
  for row in df.iterrows():
    age = row[1][0]
    capitalGain = row[1][1]
    income = row[1][2]
```

```
if(age == 'NULL' or capitalGain == 'NULL' or income == 'NULL'):
      continue
    elif(income == '<=50K' and capitalGain < 2 * std):
      if(age in dictAgeAndGainUnder50k):
        dictAgeAndGainUnder50k[age][0] = dictAgeAndGainUnder50k[age][0] + capitalGain
        dictAgeAndGainUnder50k[age][1] = dictAgeAndGainUnder50k[age][1] + 1
      else:
        dictAgeAndGainUnder50k[age] = [capitalGain,1]
    elif(income == '>50K'and capitalGain < 2 * std):
      if(age in dictAgeAndGainOver50k):
        dictAgeAndGainOver50k[age][0] = dictAgeAndGainOver50k[age][0] + capitalGain
        dictAgeAndGainOver50k[age][1] = dictAgeAndGainOver50k[age][1] + 1
      else:
        dictAgeAndGainOver50k[age] = [capitalGain,1]
    else:
      continue
      print("Something is wrong check for this income:" + str(capitalGain) )
  #https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/python-sort-dictionary-by-key/
  dictAgeAndGainUnder50k = dict(sorted(dictAgeAndGainUnder50k.items()))
  dictAgeAndGainOver50k = dict(sorted(dictAgeAndGainOver50k.items()))
  for key in dictAgeAndGainUnder50k:
    dictAgeAndGainUnder50k[key] =
round((dictAgeAndGainUnder50k[key][0]/dictAgeAndGainUnder50k[key][1]),2)
  for key in dictAgeAndGainOver50k:
```

```
dictAgeAndGainOver50k[key] =
round((dictAgeAndGainOver50k[key][0]/dictAgeAndGainOver50k[key][1]),2)
```

```
x1 = dictAgeAndGainUnder50k.keys()
  y1 = dictAgeAndGainUnder50k.values()
  x2 = dictAgeAndGainOver50k.keys()
  y2 = dictAgeAndGainOver50k.values()
  plt.plot(x1,y1,color1)
  plt.plot(x2,y2,color2)
  plt.legend(["Income =< 50k", "Income > 50k"])
  plt.title("Average Capital Gain by Age based on Income")
  plt.ylabel("Average Captial Gain ($)")
  plt.xlabel("Age")
  plt.show()
def mosaic_plot_location_by_gender_by_income():
  df = adultsStats[['native-counntry','sex','income']]
  dict = {('Inside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income > 50k'): 0,
      ('Inside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income > 50k'): 0,
      ('Outside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income > 50k'): 0,
      ('Outside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income > 50k'): 0,
      ('Inside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income <= 50k'): 0,
      ('Inside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income <= 50k'): 0,
      ('Outside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income <= 50k'): 0,
      ('Outside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income <= 50k'): 0 }
```

```
for row in df.iterrows():
    country = row[1][0]
    sex = row[1][1]
    income = row[1][2]
    if(country == 'NULL' or sex == 'NULL' or income == 'NULL'):
      continue
    elif(country=='United-States' or country=='Puerto-Rico' or country=='Outlying-US(Guam-USVI-etc)'):
      if(sex == 0):
         if(income == '<=50K'):
           dict[('Inside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income <= 50k')] = dict[('Inside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income <=
50k')] + 1
         if(income == '>50K'):
           dict[('Inside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income > 50k')] = dict[('Inside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income >
50k')] + 1
      elif(sex == 1):
         if(income == '<=50K'):
           dict[('Inside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income <= 50k')] = dict[('Inside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income <= 50k')]
+ 1
         if(income == '>50K'):
           dict[('Inside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income > 50k')] = dict[('Inside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income > 50k')] +
1
      else:
         print("THERE MIGHT BE A PROBLEM WITH THIS: " + row)
    else:
      if(sex == 0):
         if(income == '<=50K'):
           dict[('Outside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income <= 50k')] = dict[('Outside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income
<= 50k')] + 1
```

```
if(income == '>50K'):
           dict[('Outside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income > 50k')] = dict[('Outside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income >
50k')] + 1
      elif(sex == 1):
         if(income == '<=50K'):
           dict[('Outside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income <= 50k')] = dict[('Outside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income <=
50k')] + 1
         if(income == '>50K'):
           dict[('Outside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income > 50k')] = dict[('Outside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income >
50k')] + 1
      else:
         print("THERE MIGHT BE A PROBLEM WITH THIS: " + row)
  #https://www.statsmodels.org/devel/generated/statsmodels.graphics.mosaicplot.mosaic.html
  dictOfColor = {('Inside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income <= 50k') : 'goldenrod',
       ('Inside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income > 50k'): 'darkgoldenrod',
      ('Inside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income <= 50k'): 'orange',
      ('Inside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income > 50k'): 'darkorange',
      ('Outside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income <= 50k'): 'cornflowerblue',
      ('Outside Of USA', 'Female', 'Income > 50k'): 'royalblue',
      ('Outside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income <= 50k'): 'skyblue',
      ('Outside Of USA', 'Male', 'Income > 50k'): 'deepskyblue' }
  label=lambda k:{k:str(round(dict[k]/sum(dict.values())*100,1))+'%'}[k]
  #https://stackoverflow.com/questions/61704718/choosing-another-color-palette-for-a-mosaic-plot
  mosaic(dict, gap=0.003,labelizer=label, properties = lambda key: {'color': dictOfColor[key]})
  plt.title("Birthright US Citizens and Gender compared by Income Groups")
  plt.show()
```

```
def Education_and_avg_capital_loss_by_income_group():
  df = adultsStats[['capital-loss','education-num','income']]
  dictLossAndEducationUnder50k = {}
  dictLossAndEducationOver50k = {}
  # nonzeroCaptialloss = []
  # for val in df['capital-loss']:
  # if val != 0:
  #
        nonzeroCaptialloss.append(val)
  # std = np.std(nonzeroCaptialloss)
  # print(std)
  # print(df)
  for row in df.iterrows():
    loss = row[1][0]
    education = row[1][1]
    income = row[1][2]
    if(loss == 'NULL' or education == 'NULL' or income == 'NULL'):
      continue
    elif(income == '<=50K'):
      if(education in dictLossAndEducationUnder50k):
         dictLossAndEducationUnder50k[education][0] = dictLossAndEducationUnder50k[education][0]
+ loss
```

```
dictLossAndEducationUnder50k[education][1] = dictLossAndEducationUnder50k[education][1]
+ 1
      else:
        dictLossAndEducationUnder50k[education] = [loss,1]
    elif(income == '>50K'):
      if(education in dictLossAndEducationOver50k):
        dictLossAndEducationOver50k[education][0] = dictLossAndEducationOver50k[education][0] +
loss
        dictLossAndEducationOver50k[education][1] = dictLossAndEducationOver50k[education][1] + 1
      else:
        dictLossAndEducationOver50k[education] = [loss,1]
    else:
      continue
  for key in dictLossAndEducationOver50k:
    dictLossAndEducationOver50k[key] =
round((dictLossAndEducationOver50k[key][0]/dictLossAndEducationOver50k[key][1]),2)
  for key in dictLossAndEducationUnder50k:
    dictLossAndEducationUnder50k[key] =
round((dictLossAndEducationUnder50k[key][0]/dictLossAndEducationUnder50k[key][1]),2)
  x1 = dictLossAndEducationUnder50k.keys()
  y1 = dictLossAndEducationUnder50k.values()
  x2 = dictLossAndEducationOver50k.keys()
 y2 = dictLossAndEducationOver50k.values()
  print(x1)
  print(y1)
  plt.scatter(x1,y1, color = color1)
  plt.scatter(x2,y2, color = color2)
```

```
plt.xticks([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,14,15,16])
  plt.title("Average Capital Loss by Education Level based on Income")
  plt.ylabel("Average Captial Loss ($)")
  plt.xlabel("Education Level")
  plt.legend(["Income =< 50k", "Income > 50k"])
  plt.show()
def box_plot_workclass_by_Income_under_50k():
  df = adultsStats[['hours-per-week','income']]
  dictHoursWorkPerWeekByIncome = {'under50k' : [],
                   'over50k' : []}
  for row in df.iterrows():
    hoursPerWeek= row[1][0]
    income = row[1][1]
    if(hoursPerWeek == 'NULL' or income == 'NULL'):
      continue
    if(income == '<=50K'):
      dictHoursWorkPerWeekByIncome['under50k'].append(hoursPerWeek)
    elif(income == '>50K'):
      dictHoursWorkPerWeekByIncome['over50k'].append(hoursPerWeek)
    else:
      print("Something is wrong check for this income:" + str(income))
```

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
  ax.boxplot(dictHoursWorkPerWeekByIncome.values())
  ax.set_xticklabels(labels = dictHoursWorkPerWeekByIncome.keys(), fontsize = 20)
  ax.set_yticklabels(["0","10","20","30","40","50","60","70","80","90","100"],fontsize = 20)
  plt.title("Hours worked per week by Income Group", fontsize = 25)
  plt.ylabel("Hours worked per week", fontsize = 20)
  plt.xlabel("Income ($)", fontsize = 20)
  plt.show()
# bar_graph_of_occupations_by_income_groups()
#donut_graphs_of_occupantions_by_income_groups()
#Line_plot_age_vs_Captial_loss_by_income()
Line plot_age_vs_Captial_avg_gain_by_income()
# mosaic_plot_location_by_gender_by_income()
# Education_and_avg_capital_loss_by_income_group()
#box_plot_workclass_by_Income_under_50k()
# print(uniqueOccupation)
#print(adultsStats[adultsStats['workclass'] == '?']) FINDS SPECFIC VAL in COL
#print(adultsStats['occupation'].unique()) FINDS UNQUIE VALS IN COL
```