Statistical Graphics: Creating Histograms

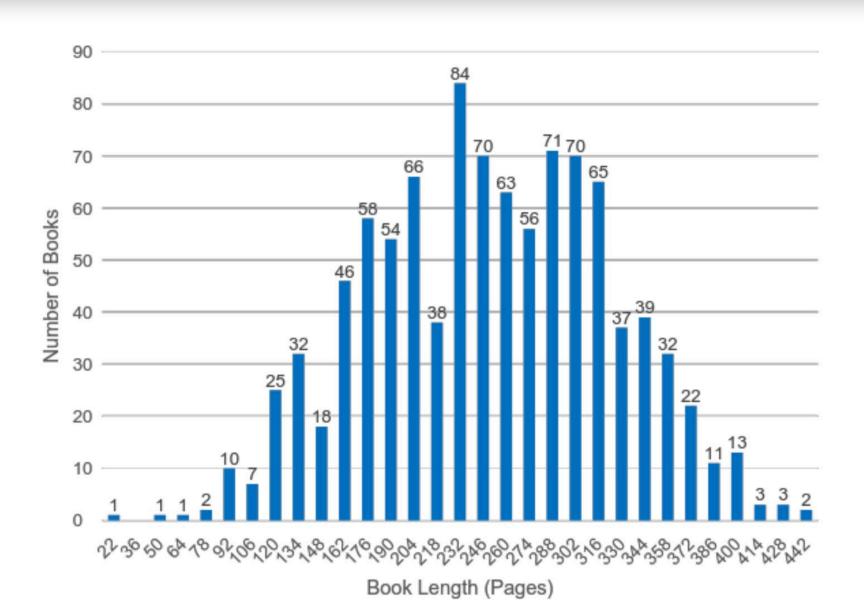


Objective



Define design principles for Histograms and the impact of parameter choices on the visualization.

Histograms



Histogram Binning

Number of bins (k) can be user-specified or chosen from a suggested bin width (h) such that:

$$k = \left\lceil \frac{\max x - \min x}{h} \right\rceil$$

Histogram Binning

Common choices for k include the square-root choice where:

$$k = \sqrt{N}$$

Histogram Binning

Sturge's formula

Scott's choice

Freedman-Diaconis rule

$$k = [\log N + 1]$$

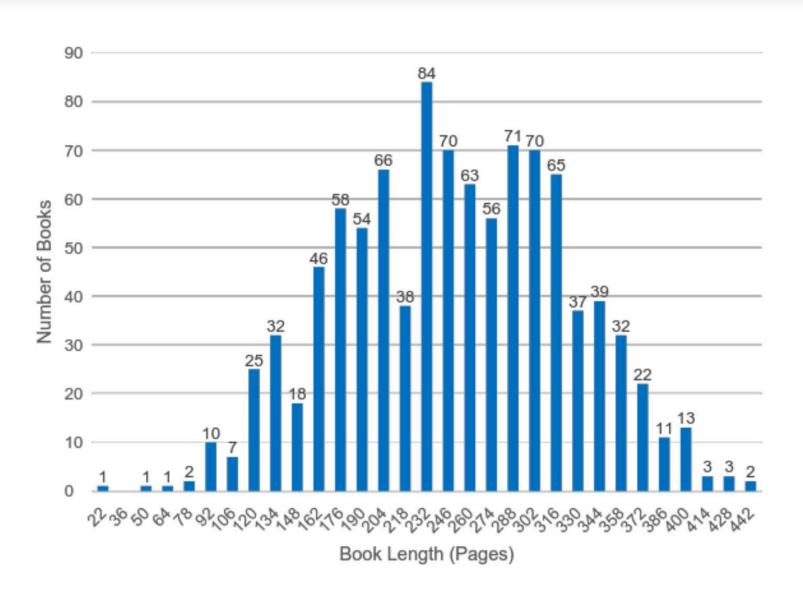
$$h = \frac{3.5\sigma}{\frac{1}{N^{\frac{1}{3}}}}$$

$$h = 2IQR(x)N^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

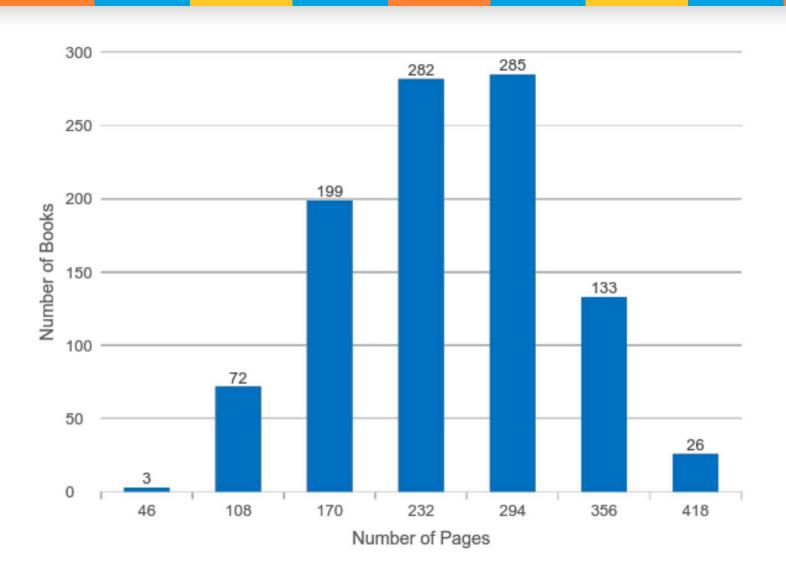
Histogram Example

- Plot a histogram of 1000 book lengths.
- Use all four common choices for k or h.
- All x-axis labels indicate the center of the histogram bin.

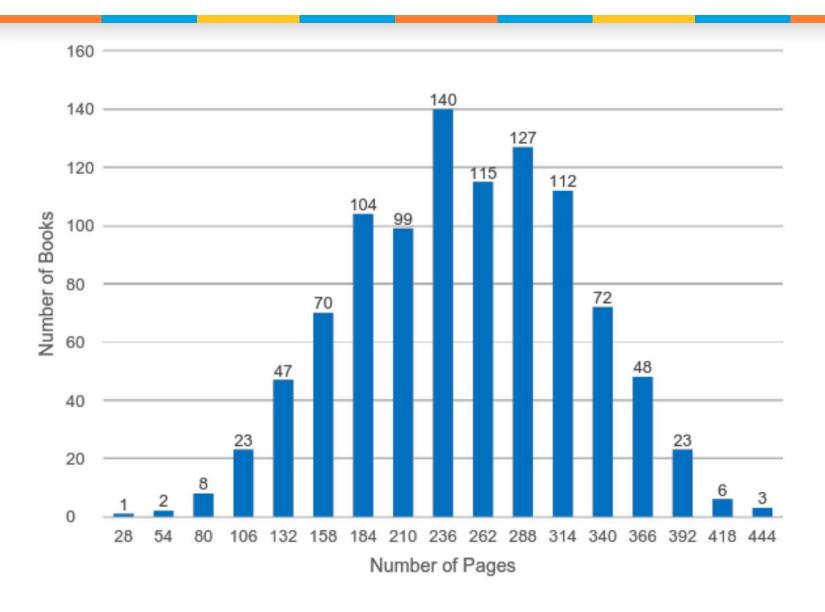
Square-Root Choice



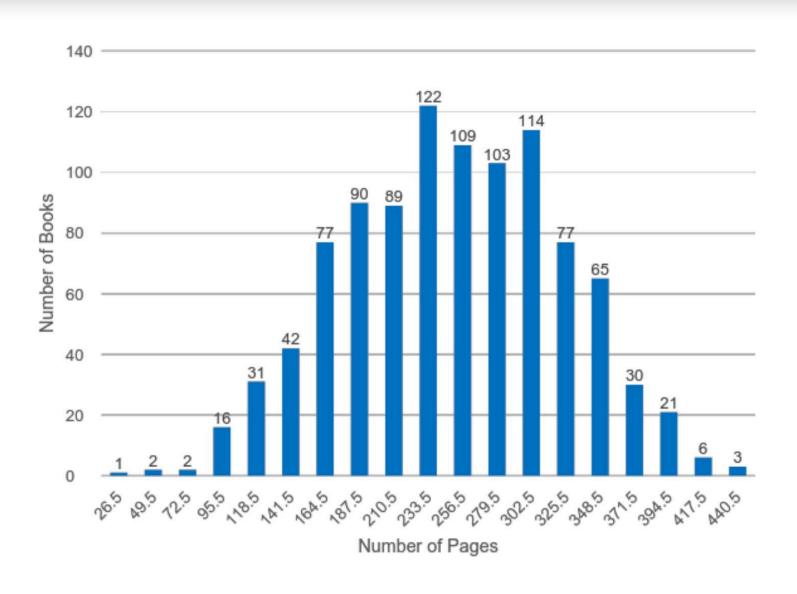
Sturge's Formula



Scott's Choice



Freedman-Diaconis Rule



Histograms

