# **Course assignment**

#### R Markdown

An assignment to understand R markdown and reproducible research. Libraries that will be used.

```
library(dplyr)
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.1.1
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(ggplot2)
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.1.1
```

### **Assignment**

The first step is to load the data set that we will be working with.

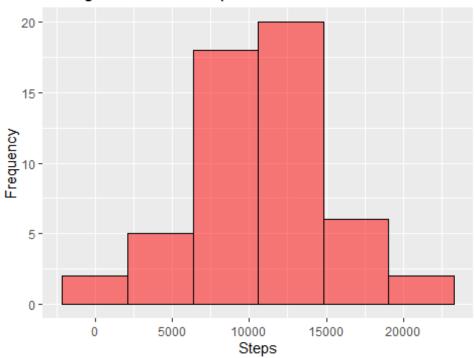
```
activity <- read.csv("data/activity.csv")</pre>
activity <- tibble::as_tibble(activity)</pre>
head(activity, n = 10)
## # A tibble: 10 x 3
##
                      interval
      steps date
##
     <int> <chr>
                         <int>
## 1
        NA 2012-10-01
                             0
## 2
        NA 2012-10-01
                             5
## 3
       NA 2012-10-01
                             10
## 4
       NA 2012-10-01
                             15
       NA 2012-10-01
## 5
                             20
## 6
       NA 2012-10-01
                             25
## 7
       NA 2012-10-01
                             30
## 8
       NA 2012-10-01
                             35
## 9
        NA 2012-10-01
                             40
        NA 2012-10-01
## 10
                             45
```

Histogram of the total steps in a day.

```
by_sum <- activity %>% group_by(date) %>% summarise(sum_Steps = sum(steps),
na.rm = TRUE)
by_sum <- tibble::as_tibble(by_sum)

ggplot(data = by_sum, aes(x = sum_Steps)) + geom_histogram (bins = 6, fill =
"red", col = "black", alpha = .5) + labs (x = "Steps", y = "Frequency", title
= "Histogram of Total steps")
## Warning: Removed 8 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).</pre>
```

# Histogram of Total steps



Mean and Median

for the steps taken each day.

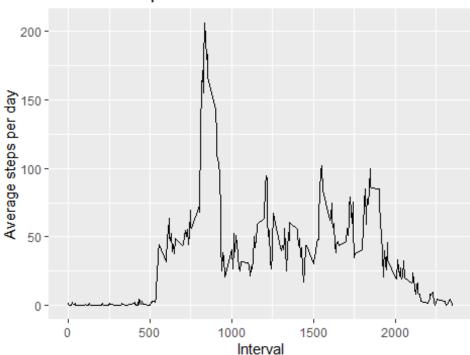
```
summary(by_sum)
##
        date
                          sum_Steps
                                         na.rm
    Length:61
                                        Mode:logical
##
                       Min.
                             : 41
    Class :character
                       1st Qu.: 8841
                                        TRUE:61
##
##
    Mode :character
                       Median :10765
##
                       Mean
                               :10766
##
                        3rd Qu.:13294
##
                       Max.
                               :21194
                       NA's
                               :8
##
```

The median is presented as 10,765 as for the mean is 10,766.

Time series plot of the 5-minute interval (x-axis) and the average steps per day (y-axis).

```
avg_interval <- activity %>% group_by(interval) %>% summarize(avg_steps =
mean(steps, na.rm = TRUE))
qplot(interval, avg_steps, data = avg_interval, geom=c("line"), xlab =
"Interval", ylab = "Average steps per day", main = "Time Series plot")
```

## Time Series plot



Finding the number

of missing values in the data set.

```
sum(is.na(activity))
## [1] 2304
```

Removing the missing values from the data using the mean average steps per day.

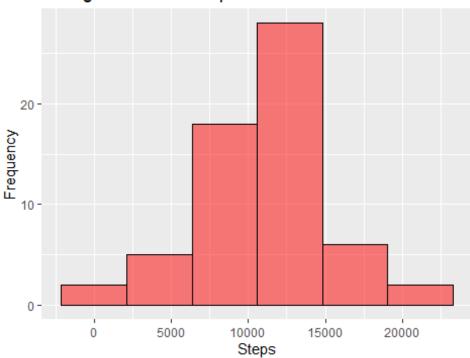
```
for (i in 1:nrow(activity)) {
    if(is.na(activity$steps[i])) {
        val <- avg_interval$avg_steps[which(avg_interval$interval == activity$interval[i])]
        activity$steps[i] <- val
    }
}
sum(is.na(activity))
## [1] 0</pre>
```

Histogram with the missing value replaced.

```
by_sum <- activity %>% group_by(date) %>% summarise(sum_Steps = sum(steps))
by_sum <- tibble::as_tibble(by_sum)

ggplot(data = by_sum, aes(x = sum_Steps)) + geom_histogram (bins = 6, fill =
"red", col = "black", alpha = .5) + labs (x = "Steps", y = "Frequency", title
= "Histogram of Total steps")</pre>
```

## Histogram of Total steps



Lets see if the mean

and median have changed.

```
summary(by sum)
##
       date
                        sum Steps
   Length:61
                      Min. : 41
##
   Class :character
                      1st Qu.: 9819
##
##
   Mode :character
                      Median:10766
##
                      Mean
                             :10766
##
                       3rd Qu.:12811
                      Max. :21194
##
```

Lastly, we will try to see if there is a pattern between steps in the weekday and steps in the weekend.

```
activity['type_of_day'] <- weekdays(as.Date(activity$date))
activity$type_of_day[activity$type_of_day %in% c('Saturday','Sunday')] <-
"weekend"</pre>
```

```
activity$type_of_day[activity$type_of_day != "weekend"] <- "weekday"
activity$type_of_day <- as.factor(activity$type_of_day)
interval_sum <- aggregate(steps ~ interval + type_of_day, activity, mean)

qplot(interval, steps, data = interval_sum, geom=c("line"), xlab =
"Interval", ylab = "Number of steps", main = "") + facet_wrap(~ type_of_day, ncol = 1)</pre>
```

