

Below the full list of available operators that can be used in ABAC rule definition can be found alongside the respective meaning explanation.

Operator	Meaning
EQUAL	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the left and right operands are equal
GREATER_THAN	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the left operand is of greater value than the right operand (numerical attributes only)
LESS_THAN	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the left operand is of lesser value than the right operand (numerical attributes only)
GREATER_THAN_OR_EQUAL	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the left operand is of greater value than or equal to the value of the right operand (numerical attributes only)
LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the left operand is of lesser value than or equal value of the right operand (numerical attributes only)
NOT_EQUAL	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the left operand is of different value than the right operand
SUBSET	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the left operand's values are a subset of the right operand's values (applies to attributes that are lists, arrays etc. only)
NOT_SUBSET	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the left operand's values are not a subset of the right operand's values (applies to attributes that are lists, arrays etc. only)
SET_CONTAINS	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the set of values of the left operand contains the value/values of the right operand (attributes must be of same type e.g. strings or numbers)
SET_NOT_CONTAINS	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the set of values of the left operand does not contain the values/values of the right operand (attributes must be of the same type e.g. strings or numbers)
REGEX	The condition evaluates to TRUE if and only if the left operand's value matches the regular expression that is provided by the right operand