Modeling an Online Music Business

Zane Kansil Loyola Marymount University Database Systems

December 3, 2014

Contents

Ι	\mathbf{Tit}	le Page	1
II	Co	ntents	2
II	I Des	scription of the Enterprise Ten sample Questions John would ask	4
ΙV	7 Def	finition of Environment	5
	IV.1	Input and Report forms	Ī
	IV.2	Assumptions	8
	IV.3	User-oriented data dictionary	G
	IV.4	Cross-reference table	11
\mathbf{v}	Ent	terprise Database Design	13
	V.1	Logical model of the Enterprise	13
	V	.1.1 List of Entities and Attributes	13
	V	.1.2 List of Relationships and Attributes	15
	V	.1.3 Entity-Relationship diagram of the Enterprise	16
	V.2	Conceptual model of the enterprise	17
	V.3		19
	V.4	Attribute dictionary	20
\mathbf{V}	I Dat	tabase and Query Definition	21
	VI.1	Database Definition	21
	VI.2	Database Queries	30
	VI.3		32
\mathbf{V}	II Da	tabase Integrity and Security	33
	VII.1	Functional Dependencies	33
	VII.2	Adjustments for Normalization	33
	VII.3	Integrity and Security	33
\mathbf{V}	III Imj	plementation Notes	34
	VIII.1	Indices	34
	VIII.2	Data	34
	VIII.3		34
		• v	34
τv	т	gang Lanmad	2 5

Chapter III

Description of the Enterprise

A friend of mine intends to put out an all-purpose site for his musical career. The site will be a hub for his online business and allow him to track sales and interactions with his fans.

The site will serve as a place to feature embedded music and video players for John's music. It will be necessary to monitor this hosted media in terms of listens and views. Some other metrics John is interested in are on-site plays (not a redirect), and redirects to his Soundcloud and YouTube accounts from their embedded players on his site. Videos and Songs are tracked separately due to their differing properties.

There is a sales aspect to the site, merchandise will also be sold under the same domain. Some merchandise will be physical, such as hats, headbands, wristbands and stickers. Other merchandise will be digital, such as a donation to download a mixtape (a non-album collection of John's music). Physical merchandise needs to be shipped, so appropriate data such as shipping_status and destination will need to be tracked. With physical merchandise, quantity and availability must be tracked. Digital merchandise is easier to manage as it is transmitted and there is less customer data to collect. Digital merchandise will also be infinitely available if listed, so there is no quantity related data to track.

JohnDB records data for Physical and Digital consumers separately.

As the main operator of his business, John wants to track of his sales and revenue. The most simple way to track this would be through a table of sales records. These records would detail everything necessary about the sale. A sale would correspond to a single type of product. If multiple products were purchased in the same transaction, then multiple sale entries would be logged.

III.1 Ten sample Questions John would ask

- 1. How many video plays today?
- 2. How many redirects to Soundcloud from embedded music players?
- 3. What is the redirect rate for videos?
- 4. Is "Black Silk Hooded Sweatshirt" sold out?
- 5. How many "Red Summer Beanie" items were sold in October 2014?
- 6. What physical goods are currently frozen? (sales prevented)
- 7. How many orders do I have to fill to the US?
- 8. What precentage of my digital consumers are from outside the US?
- 9. What is the average monthly revenue over the past six months?
- 10. What products have garnered zero sales in the past 14 days?

Chapter IV

Definition of Environment

IV.1 Input and Report forms

- 1. Video Metadata View
 - Video Name
 - Video (hosted at) URL
 - Number of plays
 - Total plays
 - Plays Today
 - Total redirects to YouTube
- 2. Song Metadata View
 - Song Name
 - Song Artist
 - Song (hosted at) URL
 - Total plays
 - Plays Today
 - Total redirects to SoundCloud
- 3. Add New Physical good
 - Name
 - Description Paragraph
 - Upload/Choose an Image
 - Color (optional)
 - Size (optional)
 - Price (in USD)
 - Current stock on hand
- 4. Add New Digital good
 - Name
 - Description Paragraph
 - Upload/Choose an Image
 - Price (in USD)
- 5. Physical Good Admin View

- Name
- Good SKU
- Good description (editable)
- Good's image url (editable)
- Price (in USD)
- Color of Good (editable)
- Quantity
- Size of Good

6. Digital Good Admin View

- Name
- Good SKU
- Good description (editable)
- Good's image url (editable)
- Price (in USD)
- Available (togglable)

7. Physical Consumer Admin View

- Customer id
- First Name (editable)
- Last Name (editable)
- Customer Phone Number (editable)
- Address Line 1 (editable)
- Address Line 2 (editable)
- Customer Country (fixed to 'US')
- Customer State (US states including 'HI' and 'AL')
- Customer Zip Code (editable)

8. Digital Consumer Admin View

- Customer id
- First Name (editable)
- Last Name (editable)
- Customer Phone Number (editable)
- Customer Country (editable)

9. Transaction Log

- Item SKU
- Sale type (digital or physical, derived)
- Status (received, shipped or fulfilled)
- Availability of Good
- Quantity (of each line item)
- Unit Price (of each line item)
- Line number (each line item is numbered sequentially)
- Total Order Cost (derived)
- Sale date (time that purchase was made)

10. Interaction Log

• Interaction timestamp

- \bullet Media identifier (interaction was made against this Song or Video)
- Title of Media

IV.2 Assumptions

- 1. Forms are used to add items to the site
- 2. Tables as opposed to graphs are the prefered way to view data
- 3. The Sales table functions as an Orders table as well, showing the status of each order in addition to transaction information
- 4. Only customers in the US are allowed to order physical goods

IV.3 User-oriented data dictionary

Datum	Information Definition						
c_email	Email address						
c_first_name	First name of customer Computer-assigned identifier						
c_id	Computer-assigned identifier						
c_last_name	Last name of customer						
c_phone	Phone number. All digits, no dashes or spaces.						
dc_country	Country which customer resides. Optional and may be any						
_	country.						
dg_is_available	Reflects whether or not this good is available for purchase.						
	Set to 'false' to prevent customers from soliciting a copy						
$g_{-}description$	Description of good						
g_image_url	URL of image for good						
g_name	Name of physical good						
g_price	Price of good in USD pennies						
g_sku	Uniquely identifies a class of item for sale. For physical						
	goods this is specific for each color color size.						
i_date	Datetime this interaction was logged						
li_number	Identifies the particular line item amongst a list of line items.						
	Line items in a purchase are numbered sequentially in this						
	manner						
li_quantity	Number of units sold in the line item. A series of line items						
	composes a purchase.						
m_id	Media identifier. Identifies a Song or Video hosted on the						
	site.						
mv_plays	Total plays originating at the site. This is derived from the						
	log of PLAY entries pointing to this song.						
mv_plays_today	Plays originating at the site today. This is derived from the						
	log of PLAY entries pointing to this song.						
mv_redirects	Number of redirects to YouTube (which occurs when the						
	embedded video is clicked by a viewer). This is derived						
	from the log of REDIRECT entries pointing to this song.						
mv_title	Music videos title, identical to its title on Youtube						
mv_upload_date	Datetime that the video was uploaded to YouTube						
mv_url	YouTube URL that the video is hosted at						
pc_address_line_1	Address of customer						
pc_address_line_2	Second line of customer address						
pc_country	Country which customer resides. This will always be 'US'						
pc_state	State which customer resides						
pc_zip_code	Zip code. 5 digits in the US.						
pg_color	Color of good						
pg_quantity_available	Current quantity available. This is an editable field so users						
	should take care not to set the field inappropriately.						
pg_size	Size of good, either 'S', 'M', 'L',, or a numbered size, or						
	'OSFA' (one size fits all)						

redirect_url	The non-local url that the redirect sent the user to. Music						
	videos redirect to a Soundcloud uri, Videos redirect to a						
	Youtube uri.						
sale_date	Datetime this sale was logged						
sale_fulfill_date	Datetime this sale was set to 'fulfilled'						
sale_id	Sales/transaction identifier						
sale_status	The shipping status, 'recieved', 'shipped' or 'fulfilled'						
so_artist	Artist of song, including features						
so_plays	Total plays originating at the site. This is derived from the						
	log of PLAY entries pointing to this song.						
so_plays_today							
	entries pointing to this song.						
so_redirects	Redirects to SoundCloud (triggered by clicks on the embed-						
	ded player). This is derived from the log of REDIRECT						
	entries pointing to this song.						
so_title	Title of song						
so_upload_date	Datetime that the video was uploaded to SoundCloud						
so_url SoundCloud URL that the video is hosted at							

IV.4 Cross-reference table

Datum	Form or Screen									
	Video Metadata View	Song Metadata View	Add New Physical good	Add New Digital good	Physical Good Admin	Digital Good Admin	Physical Consumer Admin View	Digital Consumer Admin View	Transaction Log	Interaction Log
c_email							x	x		
c_first_name							х	х		
c_id							X	X		
c_last_name							х	x		
c_phone							X	X		
dc_country								x		
dg_is_available				X		X			X	
$g_{-}description$			X	X	X	X				
g_image_url			X	X	X	X				
g_name			X	X	X	X			X	
g_price			X	X	X	X			X	
g_sku i_date					х	х			X	
										X
li_number									X	
li_quantity									X	
m_id										X
mv_plays	x									
mv_plays_today	х									
mv_redirects	x									
mv_title	X									X
mv_upload_date	x									
mv_url	х									
pc_address_line_1							X			
pc_address_line_2							X			
pc_country							X			
pc_state							X			
pc_zip_code							X			
pg_color			X		X				X	
pg_quantity_available			Х		X					
pg_size			Х		Х				X	
redirect_url										
sale_date									X	

sale_fulfill_date				x	
sale_id				X	
sale_status				X	
so_artist	X				
so_plays	X				
so_plays_today	X				
so_redirects	X				
so_title	X				X
so_upload_date	X				
so_url	X				

Chapter V

Enterprise Database Design

V.1 Logical model of the Enterprise

V.1.1 List of Entities and Attributes

- 1. Media
 - \bullet m_id
- 2. Music Video
 - \bullet mv_title
 - mv_url (url video is hosted at)
 - mv_upload_date
- 3. Song
 - \bullet so_title
 - so_artist
 - so_url (url song is hosted at)
 - \bullet so_upload_date
- 4. Play
 - \bullet i_date
- 5. Redirect
 - i date
 - redirect_url ("YouTube" or "SoundCloud")
- 6. Consumer
 - \bullet c_id
 - \bullet c_firstname
 - c_lastname
 - \bullet c_email
 - c_phone
- 7. Physical Consumer
 - \bullet pc_address_line_1

- pc_address_line_2
- pc_country
- pc_state

8. Digital Consumer

- dc_country (optional)
- 9. Purchase
 - \bullet sale_id
 - sale_status ("received", "shipped" or "fulfilled")
 - sale_date (datetime)
 - sale_fulfill_date (datetime)
- 10. Line Item
 - li_number
 - li_quantity
- 11. Good
 - g_sku
 - g_name
 - \bullet g_description
 - g_price
- 12. Digital Good
 - dg_is_available (boolean, used to prevent ordering)
- 13. Physical Good
 - \bullet pg_color
 - pg_size
 - pg_quantity_available
- \ast A date time is an instant in time. Has date information and time-of-day information. Example: 2014-09-06 T15:35:58+00:00 (September 6, 2014, 3:35:58pm)

V.1.2 List of Relationships and Attributes

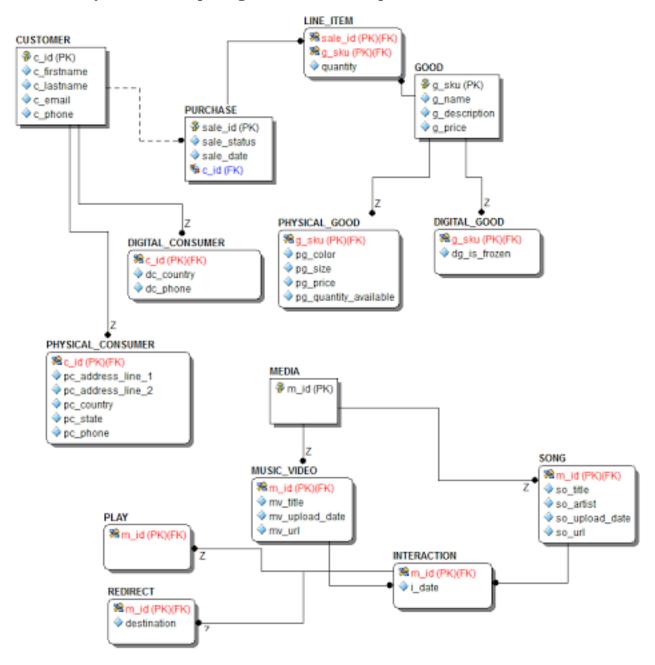
Media Relationships

- 1. MUSIC_VIDEO has many INTERACTION
- 2. INTERACTION has 1 MUSIC_VIDEO
- 3. SONG has many INTERACTION
- 4. INTERACTION has 1 SONG
- 5. INTERACTION is a PLAY
- 6. INTERACTION is a REDIRECT

Sales Relationships

- 1. CONSUMER is a PHYSICAL_CONSUMER
- 2. CONSUMER is a DIGITAL_CONSUMER
- 3. CONSUMERS make many PURCHASE
- 4. PURCHASE has 1 CUSTOMER
- 5. PURCHASE has many LINE_ITEM
- 6. PURCHASE has 1 STATUS
- 7. STATUS is applicable to 1 PURCHASE
- 8. LINE_ITEM belongs to 1 PURCHASE
- 9. LINE_ITEM has 1 GOOD
- 10. GOOD can appear in many LINE_ITEM
- 11. GOOD is a DIGITAL_GOOD
- 12. GOOD is a PHYSICAL_GOOD

V.1.3 Entity-Relationship diagram of the Enterprise



-ZK: will upgrade resolution next time...

V.2 Conceptual model of the enterprise

```
MEDIA(m_id)
MUSIC_VIDEO(m_id, mv_title, mv_url, mv_upload_date)
    PK/FK: m_id
    CK: m_id, mv_title, mv_url
SONG(m_id, so_title, so_artist, so_url, so_upload_date)
    PK/FK: m_id
    CK: m_id, so_title, so_url
PLAY(m_id, i_datetime)
    PK/FK: m_id
    CK: m_id
REDIRECT(m_id, m_to)
    PK/FK: m_id
    CK: m_id
CONSUMER(c_id, c_firstname, c_lastname, c_email)
    PK: c_id
    CK: c_id, c_email
PHYSICAL_CONSUMER(
 c_id
, pc_address_line_1
, pc_address_line_2
, pc_country
, pc_state
, pc_phone
    PK/FK: c_id
    CK: c_id, pc_phone
DIGITAL_CONSUMER(
  c_id
, pc_phone
, pc_country
    PK/FK: c_id
    CK: c_id, pc_phone
PURCHASE(p_id, c_id, p_date)
    PK/FK: p_id
    CK: p_id, c_id
```

```
LINE_ITEM(p_id, g_id, quantity)
    PK: p_id
    CK: p_id
    FK: p_id, g_id

GOOD(g_name, g_description, g_sku, g_price)
    PK: g_sku
    CK: g_name, g_sku

DIGITAL_GOOD(g_sku, dg_is_frozen)
    PK: g_sku
    CK: g_sku

PHYSICAL_GOOD(g_sku, pg_color, pg_size, pg_quantity_available)
    PK/FK: g_sku
    CK: g_sku
```

V.3 Table dictionary

V.4 Attribute dictionary

Chapter VI

Database and Query Definition

VI.1 Database Definition

```
-- ER/Studio Data Architect 9.6 SQL Code Generation
-- Project : zk-online-music-business.DM1
-- Date Created: Tuesday, November 04, 2014 21:18:16
-- Target DBMS : MySQL 5.x
-- TABLE: CUSTOMER
CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER(
    c_id VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
c_firstname VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
c_lastname VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
c_email VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
c_phone VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (c_id)
)ENGINE=INNODB
;
-- TABLE: DIGITAL_CONSUMER
CREATE TABLE DIGITAL_CONSUMER(
    c_id
           VARCHAR(20)
                                       NOT NULL,
    dc_country VARCHAR(20)
                                       NOT NULL,
                                       NOT NULL,
    dc_phone
                    VARCHAR(20)
    PRIMARY KEY (c_id)
)ENGINE=INNODB
```

```
;
-- TABLE: DIGITAL_GOOD
CREATE TABLE DIGITAL_GOOD(
                  VARCHAR(20)
                                 NOT NULL,
   g_sku
   dg_is_frozen BIT(1)
                                 NOT NULL,
   PRIMARY KEY (g_sku)
)ENGINE=INNODB
-- TABLE: GOOD
CREATE TABLE GOOD(
                    VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
   g_sku
   g_name
                   VARCHAR(20)
                                  NOT NULL,
   g_description
                   VARCHAR(20)
                                  NOT NULL,
                   VARCHAR(20)
                                  NOT NULL,
   g_price
   PRIMARY KEY (g_sku)
)ENGINE=INNODB
-- TABLE: INTERACTION
CREATE TABLE INTERACTION(
   m_id VARCHAR(20)
                           NOT NULL,
            DATETIME
   i_date
                           NOT NULL,
   PRIMARY KEY (m_id)
)ENGINE=INNODB
-- TABLE: LINE_ITEM
```

```
CREATE TABLE LINE_ITEM(
   sale_id VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
g_sku VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    quantity INT,
   PRIMARY KEY (sale_id, g_sku)
)ENGINE=INNODB
-- TABLE: MEDIA
CREATE TABLE MEDIA(
   m_id VARCHAR(20)
                         NOT NULL,
   PRIMARY KEY (m_id)
)ENGINE=INNODB
-- TABLE: MUSIC_VIDEO
CREATE TABLE MUSIC_VIDEO(
                     VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
   m_id
                                    NOT NULL,
   mv_title
                     VARCHAR (50)
                                   NOT NULL,
   mv_upload_date DATETIME
                      VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
   mv_url
   PRIMARY KEY (m_id)
)ENGINE=INNODB
;
-- TABLE: PHYSICAL_CONSUMER
CREATE TABLE PHYSICAL_CONSUMER(
    c_id
                        VARCHAR(20)
                                         NOT NULL,
   pc_address_line_1
                         VARCHAR (255)
                                        NOT NULL,
   pc_address_line_2 VARCHAR(255),
                       VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
   pc_country
   pc_state
   pc_phone
                        VARCHAR(20)
                                       NOT NULL,
   PRIMARY KEY (c_id)
```

```
)ENGINE=INNODB
-- TABLE: PHYSICAL_GOOD
CREATE TABLE PHYSICAL_GOOD(
                                       NOT NULL,
                          VARCHAR(20)
   g_sku
   pg_color
                          VARCHAR(20),
                          VARCHAR(20),
   pg_size
   pg_price
                          FLOAT(8, 0)
                                       NOT NULL,
                          INT
                                       NOT NULL,
   pg_quantity_available
   PRIMARY KEY (g_sku)
)ENGINE=INNODB
-- TABLE: PLAY
CREATE TABLE PLAY(
   m_id VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
   PRIMARY KEY (m_id)
)ENGINE=INNODB
-- TABLE: PURCHASE
CREATE TABLE PURCHASE(
   sale_date DATETIME
                              NOT NULL,
                              NOT NULL,
   c\_id
                VARCHAR(20)
   PRIMARY KEY (sale_id)
)ENGINE=INNODB
;
```

24

```
-- TABLE: REDIRECT
CREATE TABLE REDIRECT(
   PRIMARY KEY (m_id)
)ENGINE=INNODB
;
-- TABLE: SONG
CREATE TABLE SONG(
                   VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
   m\_id
                 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
DATETIME NOT NULL,
   so_title
   so_artist
   so_upload_date DATETIME
            VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
   so_url
   PRIMARY KEY (m_id)
)ENGINE=INNODB
-- INDEX: Ref22
CREATE INDEX Ref22 ON DIGITAL_CONSUMER(c_id)
-- INDEX: Ref97
CREATE INDEX Ref97 ON DIGITAL_GOOD(g_sku)
;
-- INDEX: Ref148
CREATE INDEX Ref148 ON INTERACTION(m_id)
;
-- INDEX: Ref84
```

```
CREATE INDEX Ref84 ON LINE_ITEM(sale_id)
-- INDEX: Ref95
CREATE INDEX Ref95 ON LINE_ITEM(g_sku)
-- INDEX: Ref1610
CREATE INDEX Ref1610 ON MUSIC_VIDEO(m_id)
-- INDEX: Ref21
CREATE INDEX Ref21 ON PHYSICAL_CONSUMER(c_id)
-- INDEX: Ref96
CREATE INDEX Ref96 ON PHYSICAL_GOOD(g_sku)
;
-- INDEX: Ref1312
CREATE INDEX Ref1312 ON PLAY(m_id)
-- INDEX: Ref23
CREATE INDEX Ref23 ON PURCHASE(c_id)
-- INDEX: Ref1313
CREATE INDEX Ref1313 ON REDIRECT(m_id)
-- INDEX: Ref1611
```

```
CREATE INDEX Ref1611 ON SONG(m_id)
-- TABLE: DIGITAL_CONSUMER
ALTER TABLE DIGITAL_CONSUMER ADD CONSTRAINT RefCUSTOMER2
   FOREIGN KEY (c_id)
   REFERENCES CUSTOMER(c_id)
;
-- TABLE: DIGITAL_GOOD
ALTER TABLE DIGITAL_GOOD ADD CONSTRAINT RefGOOD7
   FOREIGN KEY (g_sku)
   REFERENCES GOOD(g_sku)
;
-- TABLE: INTERACTION
ALTER TABLE INTERACTION ADD CONSTRAINT RefMUSIC_VIDEO8
   FOREIGN KEY (m_id)
   REFERENCES MUSIC_VIDEO(m_id)
ALTER TABLE INTERACTION ADD CONSTRAINT RefSONG9
   FOREIGN KEY (m_id)
   REFERENCES SONG(m_id)
-- TABLE: LINE_ITEM
ALTER TABLE LINE_ITEM ADD CONSTRAINT RefPURCHASE4
   FOREIGN KEY (sale_id)
   REFERENCES PURCHASE(sale_id)
ALTER TABLE LINE_ITEM ADD CONSTRAINT RefGOOD5
   FOREIGN KEY (g_sku)
   REFERENCES GOOD(g_sku)
```

```
;
-- TABLE: MUSIC_VIDEO
ALTER TABLE MUSIC_VIDEO ADD CONSTRAINT RefMEDIA10
   FOREIGN KEY (m_id)
   REFERENCES MEDIA(m_id)
;
-- TABLE: PHYSICAL_CONSUMER
ALTER TABLE PHYSICAL_CONSUMER ADD CONSTRAINT RefCUSTOMER1
   FOREIGN KEY (c_id)
   REFERENCES CUSTOMER(c_id)
;
-- TABLE: PHYSICAL_GOOD
ALTER TABLE PHYSICAL_GOOD ADD CONSTRAINT RefGOOD6
   FOREIGN KEY (g_sku)
   REFERENCES GOOD(g_sku)
-- TABLE: PLAY
ALTER TABLE PLAY ADD CONSTRAINT RefINTERACTION12
   FOREIGN KEY (m_id)
   REFERENCES INTERACTION(m_id)
;
-- TABLE: PURCHASE
ALTER TABLE PURCHASE ADD CONSTRAINT RefCUSTOMER3
```

28

FOREIGN KEY (c_id)

```
REFERENCES CUSTOMER(c_id)
;

--
-- TABLE: REDIRECT
--
ALTER TABLE REDIRECT ADD CONSTRAINT RefINTERACTION13
    FOREIGN KEY (m_id)
    REFERENCES INTERACTION(m_id)
;

--
-- TABLE: SONG
--
ALTER TABLE SONG ADD CONSTRAINT RefMEDIA11
    FOREIGN KEY (m_id)
    REFERENCES MEDIA(m_id)
;
```

VI.2 Database Queries

```
-- (1) How many video plays today?
SELECT count('p'.'i_date')
FROM 'MUSIC_VIDEO' AS 'mv'
INNER JOIN 'PLAY' AS 'p'
   'mv'.'m_id' = 'p'.'m_id'
WHERE 'p'.'i_date' >= curdate()
         'p'.'i_date' <= curdate()
AND
-- (2) How many redirects to Soundcloud from embedded music players?
SELECT count('r'.'to')
FROM 'SONG' AS 's'
INNER JOIN 'REDIRECT' AS 'r'
         's'.'m_id' = 'r'.'m_id'
        'r'.'to' = "soundcloud"
WHERE
-- (3) What is the redirect rate for videos?
SELECT count('p'.'m_id'), count('r'.'m_id')
         'MUSIC_VIDEO' AS 'mv'
INNER JOIN 'PLAY' AS 'p'
ON 'mv'.'m_id' = 'p'.'m_id'
INNER JOIN 'REDIRECT' AS 'r'
ON 'mv'.'m_id' = 'r'.'m_id'
-- (4) Is Black Silk Hooded Sweatshirt sold out?
SELECT 'pg'.'pg_quantity_available'
     'PHYSICAL_GOOD' AS 'pg'
FROM
-- (5) How many Red Summer Beanie items were sold in October 2014?
SELECT count('s'.'sale_id')
FROM 'PURCHASE' AS 's'
WHERE 's'.'sale_date' >= "2014-10-1"
AND 's'.'sale_date' <= "2014-10-31"
-- (6) What physical goods are currently frozen? (sales prevented)
SELECT 'pg'.'pg_name'
FROM
    'PHYSICAL_GOOD'
                       AS 'pg'
```

```
WHERE 'pg'.'pg_is_frozen' = 1
;
-- (7) How many orders do I have to fill to the US?
SELECT count('pg'.'sale_id')
         'PHYSICAL_CUSTOMER' AS 'pc'
INNER JOIN 'PURCHASE' AS 'sale'
ON 'pc'.'c_id'
                            = 'sale'.'c_id'
         'pc'.'pc_country' = "US"
WHERE
-- (8) What precentage of my digital consumers are from outside the US?
SELECT count('dg'.'c_id'), count('foreign'.'c_id')
FROM
      'DIGITAL_CUSTOMER'
                            AS 'dg'
      'DIGITAL_CUSTOMER'
                           AS 'foreign'
WHERE 'foreign'.'dc_country' != "US"
-- (9) What is the average monthly revenue over the past six months?
# INCOMPLETE
-- (10) What products have garnered zero sales in the past 14 days?
SELECT DISTINCT 'g'.'g_name'
               'LINE_ITEM'
                              AS 'li'
FROM
               'GOOD'
                              AS 'g'
LEFT JOIN
             'li'.'g_sku' = 'g'.'g_sku'
ON
WHERE
              'li'.'sale_date' >= DATE_SUB(curdate(), INTERVAL 2 WEEK)
              'g'.'g_sku' IS NULL
AND
;
```

VI.3 Design Tradeoffs and Limitations

Not too many limitation currently. I recently added a parent MEDIA entity for videos and songs.

Chapter VII

Database Integrity and Security

VII.1 Functional Dependencies

A list of the functional dependencies that hold on your database.

VII.2 Adjustments for Normalization

An explanation of the changes needed to normalize your database.

VII.3 Integrity and Security

A list (in English) of the integrity and security constraints which are to hold on your database.

Chapter VIII

Implementation Notes

VIII.1 Indices

A list of the indices used by your database, with a justification for each.

VIII.2 Data

The data used to populate your database.

VIII.3 Query Trace

A trace of the execution of each of your queries.

VIII.4 Implementation Assessment

An assessment of how smoothly your implementation went

Chapter IX

Lessons Learned