

1. (a) Define the loss function is that  $L$ . denote that  $y = \text{asinh}(x)$

then use the rule of chain, we have

Define that  $\eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5}$  be  $\lambda$

as we have  $\Delta w_{03} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{03}} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial a_3} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_3} \frac{\partial h_3}{\partial w_{03}} = \lambda w_{35} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_3} = d_3$

$$\Delta w_{04} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{04}} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial a_4} \frac{\partial a_4}{\partial h_4} \frac{\partial h_4}{\partial w_{04}} = \lambda w_{45} \frac{\partial a_4}{\partial h_4} = d_4$$

then  $\Delta w_{13} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{13}} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial a_3} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_3} \frac{\partial h_3}{\partial w_{13}} = \lambda w_{35} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_3} x_1 = \lambda w_{35} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_3} = d_3$

$$\Delta w_{23} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{23}} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial a_3} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_3} \frac{\partial h_3}{\partial w_{23}} = \lambda w_{35} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_3} x_2 = -\lambda w_{35} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_3} = -d_3$$

$$\Delta w_{14} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{14}} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial a_4} \frac{\partial a_4}{\partial h_4} \frac{\partial h_4}{\partial w_{14}} = \lambda w_{45} \frac{\partial a_4}{\partial h_4} x_1 = \lambda w_{45} \frac{\partial a_4}{\partial h_4} = d_4$$

$$\Delta w_{24} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{24}} = \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial a_4} \frac{\partial a_4}{\partial h_4} \frac{\partial h_4}{\partial w_{24}} = \lambda w_{45} \frac{\partial a_4}{\partial h_4} x_2 = -\lambda w_{45} \frac{\partial a_4}{\partial h_4} = -d_4$$

So ~~we~~, we have that

$$\Delta w_{03} = d_3, \Delta w_{13} = d_3, \Delta w_{23} = -d_3, \Delta w_{04} = d_4, \Delta w_{14} = d_4, \Delta w_{24} = -d_4$$

(b) Firstly, as we have

$$h_3 = w_{03} + w_{13}x_1 + w_{23}x_2, h_4 = w_{04} + w_{14}x_1 + w_{24}x_2$$

$$h_5 = w_{05} + w_{35}a_3(h_3) + w_{45}a_4(h_4)$$

then we get  $h_3 = -1 + 1 \times 1 + (-1) \times (-1) = 1, h_4 = 2 + (-1) \times 1 + 1 \times (-1) = 0$

$$g(h_3) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-1}}, g(h_4) = \frac{1}{1+e^0} = \frac{1}{2}, h_5 = \frac{1}{1+e^{-1}} + 1 \times \frac{1}{2} - 2 = \frac{1}{1+e^{-1}} - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$y = g(h_5) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-h_5}} = 0.317, \text{ loss: } (y - \hat{y})^2 = (0.317 - 1)^2 = 0.467$$

so we get that after forward propagation, the output is 0.317. error is 0.467

then we make back propagation

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{03}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial a_3} \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial h_3} \frac{\partial h_3}{\partial w_{03}} = 2(y-1) \cdot g(h_5)(1-g(h_5)) \cdot w_{35} \cdot g(h_3)(1-g(h_3)) \cdot 1$$

as  $y = g(h_5) = 0.317$ , we have  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{03}} = -0.058$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{04}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial a_4} \frac{\partial a_4}{\partial h_4} \frac{\partial h_4}{\partial w_{04}} = 2(y-1) \cdot g(h_5)(1-g(h_5)) \cdot w_{45} \cdot g(h_4)(1-g(h_4)) \cdot 1$$

as  $y = g(h_5) = 0.317$ , we have  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{04}} = -0.074$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{05}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial w_{05}} = 2(y-1) \cdot g(h_5)(1-g(h_5)) = -0.296, \text{ using (a), as } x_1=1, x_2=-1$$

we get  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{13}} = d_3 = -0.058, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{23}} = -d_3 = 0.058, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{14}} = d_4 = -0.074, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{24}} = -d_4 = 0.074$

then, as for  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{35}}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{45}}$ , we have



$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{35}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial w_{35}} = 2(y-1) \cdot 1 \cdot g(h_5) [1-g(h_5)] g(h_3) = -0.216$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{45}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial a_5} \frac{\partial a_5}{\partial h_5} \frac{\partial h_5}{\partial w_{45}} = 2(y-1) \cdot 1 \cdot g(h_5) [1-g(h_5)] g(h_4) = -0.148$$

so we get that, the new weight and bias are:

~~DA~~

$$w'_{03} = w_{03} - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{03}} = -0.971, w'_{04} = w_{04} - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{04}} = 2.037, w'_{05} = w_{05} - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{05}} = -1.852$$

$$w'_{13} = w_{13} - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{13}} = 1.029, w'_{14} = w_{14} - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{14}} = -0.963, \cancel{w'_{15} = w_{15} - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{15}} =}$$

$$w'_{23} = w_{23} - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{23}} = -1.029, w'_{24} = w_{24} - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{24}} = 0.963,$$

$$\cancel{w'_{35} = w_{35} - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{35}} = 1.108}, w'_{45} = w_{45} - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{45}} = 1.074$$

Then again apply forward propagation.

$$y' = g(h'_5) = 0.388 \quad \text{error: } (y'-1)^2 = 0.375$$



2. (a) i. 2  
 ii. 0.881  
 iii. 8  
 iv. 0.999665  
 v. 3.643  
 vi. 0.262  
 vii. 3  
 viii. 1.341

- (b) i. ~~1.651~~ 1.6505  
 ii. ~~0.892~~ 0.8918  
 iii. ~~2.000~~ 2.0000  
 iv. ~~0.999~~ 0.9986  
 v. 2

$$\begin{aligned} \ell'(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}) &= \ell(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}) + \lambda(\|\alpha\|_2^2 + \|\beta\|_2^2) = -\sum_{i=1}^3 y_i \log(y_i) + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\alpha\|_2^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\beta\|_2^2 \\ (c) \quad \ell'(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}) &= \ell(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}) + \lambda(\|\alpha\|_2^2 + \|\beta\|_2^2) = \ell(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}) + \lambda \left[ \sum_{j=1}^2 (\alpha_{j,i})^2 + \sum_{j=1}^2 (\beta_{j,i})^2 \right] \\ &= \ell(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}) + \lambda \left( \sum_{j=1}^2 (\alpha_{j,i})^2 + \sum_{j=1}^2 (\beta_{j,i})^2 \right) \\ &= \ell(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}) + \lambda \sum_{j=1}^2 (\alpha_{j,i})^2 \end{aligned}$$

ii. ~~1.411~~ 1.8762

iii. ~~1.408~~ 1.4076

iv. ~~17.698~~ 40.5526

v. ~~gradient~~ gradient update equation

$$\alpha_{j,i} = \alpha_{j,i} - \eta \left( \frac{\partial \ell(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y})}{\partial \alpha_{j,i}} + \lambda \alpha_{j,i} \right)$$

vi. the second and the fourth are true



3.

(a)

Here we use cross entropy as the loss function as we use logistic regression

$$\ell = \frac{1}{L} \sum_{l=1}^L [-y_l \log(\hat{y}_l) - (1-y_l) \log(1-\hat{y}_l)],$$

we then make derivation

$$\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial \hat{y}_l} = \frac{1}{L} (-y_l \frac{1}{\hat{y}_l} + (1-y_l) \frac{1}{1-\hat{y}_l}) \quad \text{as for } l' \neq l, \text{ the item is zero}$$

as we have that  $\hat{y}_l = \text{sigmoid}(w^T x_l)$ , then for  $w_i$  in  $w$ , we have

$$\begin{aligned} \text{so } \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial w_i} &= \sum_{l=1}^L \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial \hat{y}_l} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_l}{\partial w^T x_l} \frac{\partial w^T x_l}{\partial w_i} \quad \text{as we have for sigmoid } f'(x) = f(x)(1-f(x)) \\ &= \sum_{l=1}^L \frac{1}{L} (-y_l \frac{1}{\hat{y}_l} + (1-y_l) \frac{1}{1-\hat{y}_l}) \hat{y}_l (1-\hat{y}_l) x_{l,i} \quad \text{as } x \text{ is a 2D vector} \\ &= \sum_{l=1}^L \frac{1}{L} (-y_l (1-\hat{y}_l) + (1-y_l) \hat{y}_l) x_{l,i} \\ &= \frac{1}{L} \sum_{l=1}^L (\hat{y}_l - y_l) x_{l,i} \end{aligned}$$

then we have

$$w_i' = w_i - \alpha \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial w_i} = w_i - \frac{\alpha}{L} \sum_{l=1}^L (\hat{y}_l - y_l) x_{l,i}$$

(b) then as for  $P(y_{l=1} | \hat{y}_l) = \text{sigmoid}(w^T x_l)$  and  $P(y_{l=-1} | \hat{y}_l) = \text{sigmoid}(w^T x_l)$

we make function from the  $y_l$  in (b) to  $\hat{y}_l$  in (a)

as  $y_l \in \{-1, 1\}$ , to  $\hat{y}_l \in \{0, 1\}$

that is

$$y_l = 2\hat{y}_l - 1 \quad \hat{y}_l = \frac{1+y_l}{2}$$

$$\text{so } w_i' = w_i - \alpha \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial w_i} = w_i - \frac{\alpha}{L} \sum_{l=1}^L (\hat{y}_l - \frac{1+y_l}{2}) x_{l,i}$$

$$\Rightarrow w_i' = w_i - \frac{\alpha}{L} \sum_{l=1}^L (\hat{y}_l - \frac{y_l}{2} - \frac{1}{2}) x_{l,i}$$