```
2:
     libxbee - a C library to aid the use of Digi's Series 1 XBee modules
               running in API mode (AP=2).
 3:
 4:
 5:
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19: */
20:
24:
25: /* this file contains code that is used by Win32 ONLY */
26: #ifndef _WIN32
27: #error "This file should only be used on a Win32 system"
28: #endif
29:
30: #include "win32.h"
31: #include "win32.dll.c"
32:
33: static int init_serial(xbee_hnd xbee, int baudrate) {
34:
     int chosenbaud;
35:
     DCB tc;
36:
     int evtMask;
37:
     COMMTIMEOUTS timeouts;
38:
39:
      /* open the serial port */
40:
     xbee->tty = CreateFile(TEXT(xbee->path),
41:
                           GENERIC_READ | GENERIC_WRITE,
                           0, /* exclusive access */
42:
                           NULL, /* default security attributes */
43:
44:
                           OPEN_EXISTING,
45:
                           FILE_FLAG_OVERLAPPED,
46:
                           NULL);
47:
      if (xbee->tty == INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE) {
48:
       xbee_log("Invalid file handle...");
49:
       xbee_log("Is the XBee plugged in and avaliable on the correct port?");
50:
       xbee_mutex_destroy(xbee->conmutex);
51:
       xbee_mutex_destroy(xbee->pktmutex);
52:
       xbee_mutex_destroy(xbee->sendmutex);
53:
       Xfree(xbee->path);
54:
       return -1;
55:
56:
57:
     GetCommState(xbee->tty, &tc);
58:
     tc.BaudRate = baudrate;
59:
                         = TRUE;
      tc.fBinary
60:
     tc.fParity
                         = FALSE;
61:
     tc.fOutxCtsFlow
                         = FALSE;
62:
     tc.fOutxDsrFlow
                         = FALSE;
63:
      tc.fDtrControl
                          = DTR_CONTROL_DISABLE;
64:
      tc.fDsrSensitivity
                         = FALSE;
     tc.fTXContinueOnXoff = FALSE;
65:
     tc.fOutX
66:
                         = FALSE;
67:
     tc.fInX
                         = FALSE;
68:
      tc.fErrorChar
                         = FALSE;
69:
      tc.fNull
                          = FALSE;
70:
     tc.fRtsControl
                         = RTS_CONTROL_DISABLE;
71:
     tc.fAbortOnError
                         = FALSE;
72:
     tc.ByteSize
                         = 8;
73:
      tc.Parity
                         = NOPARITY;
74:
      tc.StopBits
                          = ONESTOPBIT;
75:
     SetCommState(xbee->tty, &tc);
76:
77:
      timeouts.ReadIntervalTimeout = MAXDWORD;
78:
      timeouts.ReadTotalTimeoutMultiplier = 0;
79:
      timeouts.ReadTotalTimeoutConstant = 0;
80:
      timeouts.WriteTotalTimeoutMultiplier = 0;
      timeouts.WriteTotalTimeoutConstant = 0;
81:
82:
      SetCommTimeouts(xbee->tty, &timeouts);
83:
84:
     SetCommMask(xbee->tty, EV_RXCHAR);
```

```
return 0;
87: }
88:
89: /* a replacement for the linux select() function... for a serial port */
90: static int xbee_select(xbee_hnd xbee, struct timeval *timeout) {
91:
      int evtMask = 0;
92:
      COMSTAT status;
93:
      int ret;
94:
95:
      for (;;) {
96:
          /* find out how many bytes are in the Rx buffer... */
97:
         if (ClearCommError(xbee->tty,NULL,&status) && (status.cbInQue > 0)) {
98:
           /* if there is data... return! */
          return 1; /*status.cbInQue;*/
99:
100:
         } else if (timeout && timeout->tv_sec == 0 && timeout->tv_usec == 0) {
101:
          /* if the timeout was 0 (return immediately) then return! */
102:
          return 0;
103:
104:
105:
         /* otherwise wait for an Rx event... */
106:
        memset(&(xbee->ttyovrs),0,sizeof(OVERLAPPED));
107:
        xbee->ttyovrs.hEvent = CreateEvent(NULL,TRUE,FALSE,NULL);
108:
         if (!WaitCommEvent(xbee->tty,&evtMask,&(xbee->ttyovrs))) {
109:
           if (GetLastError() == ERROR_IO_PENDING) {
110:
             DWORD timeoutval;
111:
             if (!timeout) {
112:
              /* behave like the linux function... if the timeout pointer was NULL
113:
                 then wait indefinately */
114:
              timeoutval = INFINITE;
115:
             } else {
116:
               /* Win32 doesn't give the luxury of microseconds and seconds... just miliseconds! */
              timeoutval = (timeout->tv_sec * 1000) + (timeout->tv_usec / 1000);
117:
118:
119:
             ret = WaitForSingleObject(xbee->ttyovrs.hEvent,timeoutval);
120:
            if (ret == WAIT_TIMEOUT) {
121:
               /* cause the WaitCommEvent() call to stop */
122:
              SetCommMask(xbee->tty, EV_RXCHAR);
123:
               /* if a timeout occured, then return 0 */
124:
              CloseHandle(xbee->ttyovrs.hEvent);
125:
              return 0;
126:
             }
127:
           } else {
128:
            return -1;
129:
130:
131:
         CloseHandle(xbee->ttvovrs.hEvent);
132:
133:
134:
       /* always return -1 (error) for now... */
135:
      return -1;
136: }
137:
138: /* this offers the same behavior as non-blocking I/O under linux */
139: int xbee_write(xbee_hnd xbee, const void *ptr, size_t size) {
140: xbee->ttyeof = FALSE;
141:
      if (!WriteFile(xbee->tty, ptr, size, NULL, &(xbee->ttyovrw)) &&
142:
           (GetLastError() != ERROR_IO_PENDING)) return 0;
143:
      if (!GetOverlappedResult(xbee->tty, &(xbee->ttyovrw), &(xbee->ttyw), TRUE)) {
144:
        if (GetLastError() == ERROR_HANDLE_EOF) xbee->ttyeof = TRUE;
145:
        return 0;
146:
147:
      return xbee->ttyw;
148: }
149:
150: /* this offers the same behavior as non-blocking I/O under linux */
151: int xbee_read(xbee_hnd xbee, void *ptr, size_t size) {
152:
      xbee->ttyeof = FALSE;
153:
      if (!ReadFile(xbee->tty, ptr, size, NULL, &(xbee->ttyovrr)) &&
154:
           (GetLastError() != ERROR_IO_PENDING)) return 0;
155:
       if (!GetOverlappedResult(xbee->tty, &(xbee->ttyovrr), &(xbee->ttyr), TRUE)) {
156:
        if (GetLastError() == ERROR_HANDLE_EOF) xbee->ttyeof = TRUE;
157:
        return 0;
158:
159:
      return xbee->ttyr;
160: }
161:
162: /* this is because Win32 has some weird memory management rules...
163:
      - the thread that allocated the memory, MUST free it... */
164: void xbee_free(void *ptr) {
165: if (!ptr) return;
166:
      free(ptr);
167: }
168:
169: /* win32 equivalent of unix gettimeofday() */
170: int gettimeofday(struct timeval *tv, struct timezone *tz) {
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```
if (tv) {
172:
       struct _timeb timeb;
173:
        ftime(&timeb);
174:
        tv->tv_sec = timeb.time;
175:
        tv->tv_usec = timeb.millitm * 1000;
176:
      /* ignore tz for now */
177:
178:
      return 0;
179: }
180:
182: /* ### Helper Functions (Mainly for VB6 use) ##################### */
184:
185: /* enable the debug output to a custom file or fallback to stderr */
186: int xbee_setupDebugAPI(char *path, int baudrate, char *logfile, char cmdSeq, int cmdTime) {
187:
      xbee_hnd xbee = default_xbee;
188:
      int fd, ret;
      if ((fd = _open(logfile,_O_WRONLY | _O_CREAT | _O_TRUNC)) == -1) {
189:
190:
       ret = xbee_setuplogAPI(path,baudrate,2,cmdSeq,cmdTime);
191:
      } else {
192:
       ret = xbee_setuplogAPI(path,baudrate,fd,cmdSeq,cmdTime);
193:
194:
      if (fd == -1) {
195:
       xbee_log("Error opening logfile '%s' (errno=%d)... using stderr instead...",logfile,errno);
196:
197:
      return ret;
198: }
199: int xbee_setupDebug(char *path, int baudrate, char *logfile) {
     return xbee_setupDebugAPI(path,baudrate,logfile,0,0);
200:
201: }
202:
203: /* These silly little functions are required for VB6
204:
     - it freaks out when you call a function that uses va_args... */
205: xbee_con *xbee_newcon_simple(unsigned char frameID, xbee_types type) {
206:
     return xbee newcon(frameID, type);
207: }
208: xbee_con *xbee_newcon_16bit(unsigned char frameID, xbee_types type, int addr) {
209:
     return xbee_newcon(frameID, type, addr);
210: }
211: xbee_con *xbee_newcon_64bit(unsigned char frameID, xbee_types type, int addrL, int addrH) {
     return xbee_newcon(frameID, type, addrL, addrH);
212:
213: }
214:
215: void xbee_enableACKwait(xbee_con *con) {
     con->waitforACK = 1;
216:
217: }
218: void xbee_disableACKwait(xbee_con *con) {
219:
     con->waitforACK = 0;
220: }
221:
222: void xbee_enableDestroySelf(xbee_con *con) {
223:
     con->destroySelf = 1;
224: }
226: /* for vb6... it will send a message to the given hWnd which can in turn check for a packet */
227: void xbee_callback(xbee_con *con, xbee_pkt *pkt) {
228:
      xbee_hnd xbee = default_xbee;
229:
      win32_callback_info *p = callbackMap;
230:
231:
      /* grab the mutex *.
232:
      xbee_mutex_lock(callbackmutex);
233:
234:
       /* see if there is an existing callback for this connection */
235:
      while (p) {
236:
       if (p->con == con) break;
237:
        p = p->next;
238:
239:
240:
      /* release the mutex (before the SendMessage, as this could take time...) */
241:
      xbee_mutex_unlock(callbackmutex);
242:
243:
       /* if there is, continue! */
      if (p) {
244:
        xbee_log("Callback message sent!");
245:
246:
        SendMessage(p->hWnd, p->uMsg, (int)con, (int)pkt);
247:
248:
        xbee_log("Callback message NOT sent... Unmapped callback! (con=0x%08X)",con);
249:
      }
250: }
251:
     /* very simple C function to provide more functionality to VB6 */
252:
253: int xbee_runCallback(int(*func)(xbee_con*,xbee_pkt*), xbee_con *con, xbee_pkt *pkt) {
254:
      return func(con,pkt);
255: }
```

```
257: void xbee_attachCallback(xbee_con *con, HWND hWnd, UINT uMsg) {
258:
       xbee_hnd xbee = default_xbee;
259:
       win32_callback_info *1, *p;
260:
261:
       /* grab the mutex */
262:
       xbee_mutex_lock(callbackmutex);
263:
264:
       1 = NULL;
265:
       p = callbackMap;
266:
267:
       /* see if there is an existing callback for this connection */
268:
       while (p) {
269:
        if (p->con == con) break;
270:
         l = p;
271:
        p = p->next;
272:
       /* if not, then add it */
273:
274:
       if (!p) {
275:
       p = Xcalloc(sizeof(win32_callback_info));
276:
        p->next = NULL;
         p->con = con;
277:
278:
         if (!1) {
279:
           xbee_log("Mapping the first callback...");
           callbackMap = p;
280:
281:
         } else {
282:
           xbee_log("Mapping another callback...");
283:
           1->next = p;
284:
285:
       } else {
286:
         xbee_log("Updating callback map...");
287:
       /* setup / update the parameters */
288:
       xbee_log(" connection @ 0x*08X",con);
xbee_log(" hWnd = 0x*08X",hWnd);
289:
290:
291:
       xbee_log(" uMsg
                               = 0x\%08X",uMsg);
       p->hWnd = hWnd;
292:
293:
       p->uMsg = uMsg;
294:
295:
       /* setup the callback function */
296:
      con->callback = xbee_callback;
297:
       /* release the mutex */
298:
299:
      xbee_mutex_unlock(callbackmutex);
300: }
301:
302: void xbee_detachCallback(xbee_con *con) {
303:
       xbee_hnd xbee = default_xbee;
304:
       win32_callback_info *1 = NULL, *p = callbackMap;
       xbee_mutex_lock(callbackmutex);
305:
306:
307:
       /* see if there is an existing callback for this connection */
308:
       while (p) {
309:
        if (p->con == con) break;
310:
         1 = p_i
311:
        p = p->next;
312:
       ^{\prime} ^{\prime} if there is, then remove it! ^{*\prime}
313:
314:
       if (p) {
        if (!1) {
315:
316:
           callbackMap = NULL;
317:
         } else if (1->next) {
318:
           1->next = 1->next->next;
319:
         } else {
320:
           1->next = NULL;
321:
         xbee_log("Unmapping callback...");
322:
323:
         xbee_log(" connection @ 0x%08X",con);
                     hWnd = 0x%08X",p->hWnd);
uMsg = 0x%08X",p->uMsg);
324:
         xbee_log("
325:
         xbee_log(" uMsg
326:
         Xfree(p);
327:
328:
329:
       con->callback = NULL;
330:
331:
       /* release the mutex */
332:
       xbee_mutex_unlock(callbackmutex);
333: }
```