

Network Verification

Solvers, Symmetries, Surgeries

Nikolaj Bjørner

NetPL, August, 2016

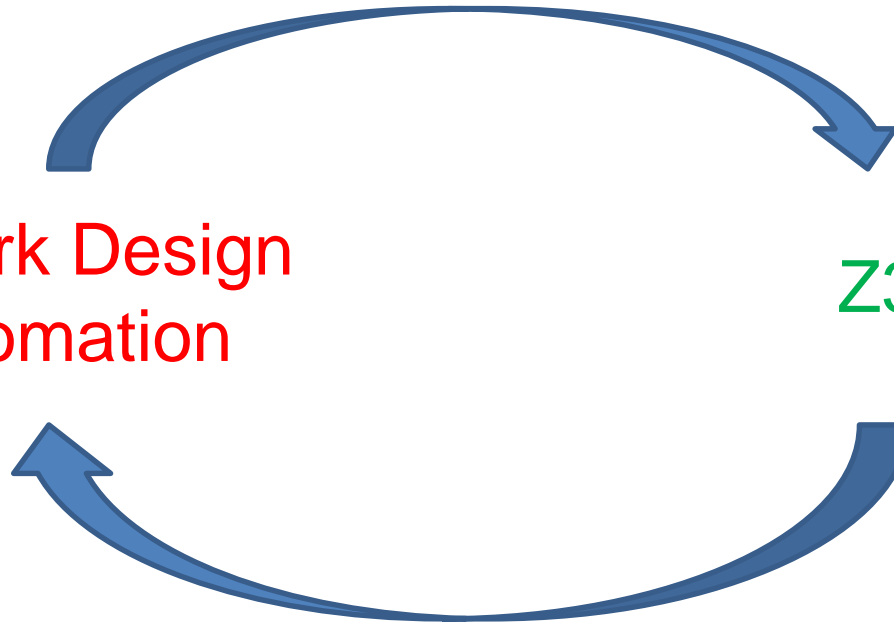
Microsoft
Research

Networking needs:

Configuration Sanity/Synthesis, Programming, Provisioning

Network Design
Automation



Z3



Z3 advances:

Bit-vector Reasoning ~ Header Spaces
Reachability Checking, Quantitative Reasoning

Symbolic Analysis with Z3

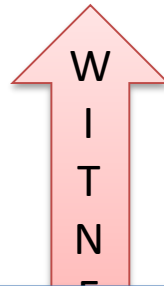
		Solution/Model
$x^2 + y^2 < 1 \text{ and } xy > 0.1$		sat, $x = \frac{1}{8}, y = \frac{7}{8}$
$x^2 + y^2 < 1 \text{ and } xy > 1$		unsat, Proof

Is execution path P feasible?



SAGE

W
I
T
N



Z3 solved more than **10 billion** constraints created by SymEx tools including SAGE checking Win8,10 and Office

Does Policy Satisfy Contract?

Z3 used by Pex, Static Driver Verifier, many other tools



Our competition also likes symbolic solving 😊



Byron Cook

August 15 at 4:39pm · 🌐

Hiring again in my group at Amazon/AWS. Know SMT, logic programming or constraint solving? want to live in NYC or Seattle? Do you want to write code? private message me.

👍 Like 💬 Comment ➦ Share

👍 Zvonimir Rakamaric, Peter O'Hearn and 24 others

5 shares



Byron Cook knowledge/interest in things related to networking (e.g. software defined networking) and cloud architecture would be a huge plus!

Like · Reply · 👍 1 · August 15 at 6:54pm



Nate Foster Sounds like I should send some students your way!

Like · Reply · 👍 2 · August 15 at 6:59pm



Zvonimir Rakamaric Are MS students encouraged to apply as well? Or is this mainly for PhDs? Thx!

Like · Reply · August 15 at 9:16pm



Byron Cook Both!

Like · Reply · August 15 at 9:24pm



Write a reply...



Karl Taylor no way... way beyond my thought process

Like · Reply · August 16 at 3:17am



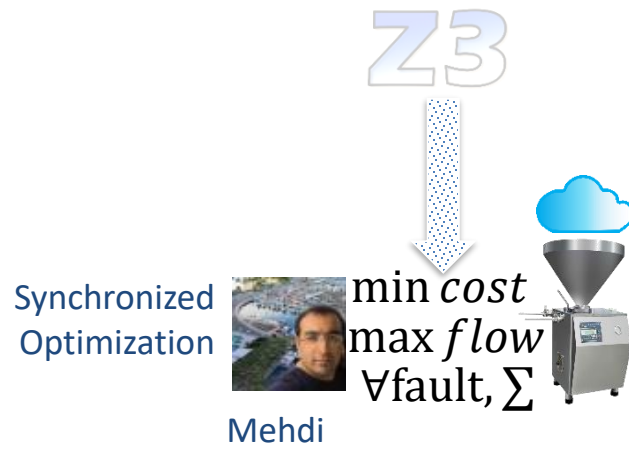
Satnam Singh Sadly already failed the Amazon interview process. I am not the best of the best 😞

Like · Reply · 👍 1 · August 17 at 5:10am

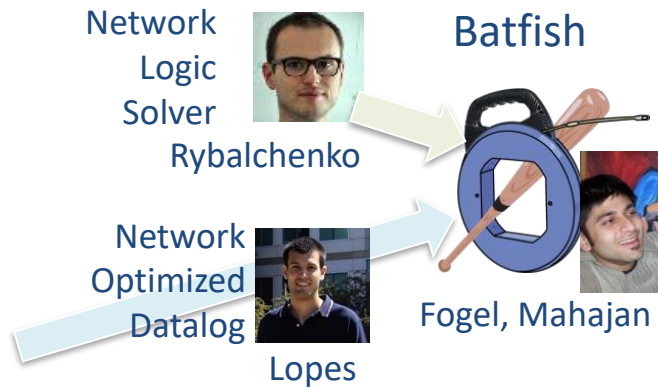
Microsoft Azure and
MSR are

always hiring.

Top engineering and
research orgs with big
and long term bets.



Network Optimization



Control Plane



Data Plane

Application	Research
Network buildout	Flows and Fault analysis
Traffic Engineering	Some secret sauce ☺.
Reachability in IP networks	Network Optimized Datalog Symmetries and surgeries
Sanity checking of Data plane Configuration	Models of Bit-vector formulas Contracts & Netw. Beliefs

Calculus and Solvers

Application	Calculus	Solver
SecGuru: Access Control Routing Validation Static configurations for Border Gateway Protocol	Satisfiability Modulo Theories for Bit-vectors	SAT
Checking <i>beliefs</i> in networks	Network Optimized Datalog	Datalog for Header Spaces
	Network Symmetries and Surgeries	Tries for Header Space partitioning
Verifying SDN controllers	Quantified logical formulas	Instantiation based reasoning

Verification: Values and Obstacles

	Hardware	Software	Networks
	Chips	Devices (PC, phone)	Service
Bugs are:	Burned into silicone	Exploitable, workarounds	Latent, Exposed
Dealing with bugs:	Costly recalls	Online updates	Live site incidents
Obstacles to eradication:	Design Complexity	Code churn, legacy, false positives	Topology, configuration churn
Value proposition	Cut time to market	Safety/OS critical systems, Quality of code base	Meet SLA, Utilize bandwidth, Enable richer policies

SecGuru

Policies as Logical Formulas

```

+ +--- 6 lines: interface FastEthernet0/0-----
+
+ interface FastEthernet0/1
+   description +++ LAN +++
+   ip address 192.168.255.10 255.255.255.248
+   speed 10
+   full-duplex
+
+ +--- 3 lines: inter
+
+ +--- 8 lines: inter
+
+ +--- 13 lines: router
+
+ ip forward-protocol nd
+ ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 192.168.255.202 250
+ ip route 81.000.00.000 255.255.255.255 87.00.00.0
+ ip route 172.16.0.0 255.255.0.0 192.168.255.11
+ ip route 192.168.255.252 255.255.255.255 ATM0/0/0.40
  
```

Traditional Low level of
Configuration network
managers use

Precise Semantics as
formulas

Allow: $(10.20.0.0 \leq srcIp \ 10.20.31.255) \wedge$
 $(157.55.252.0 \leq dstIp \leq 157.55.252.255) \wedge$
 $(protocol = 6)$

Deny: $(65.52.244.0 \leq dstIp \leq 65.52.247.255) \wedge$
 $(protocol = 4)$

Combining
semantics

$$\left(\bigvee_i Allow_i \right) \wedge \left(\bigwedge_j \neg Deny_j \right)$$



Contracts/
Policies

Z3

Semantic
Diffs

Access Control

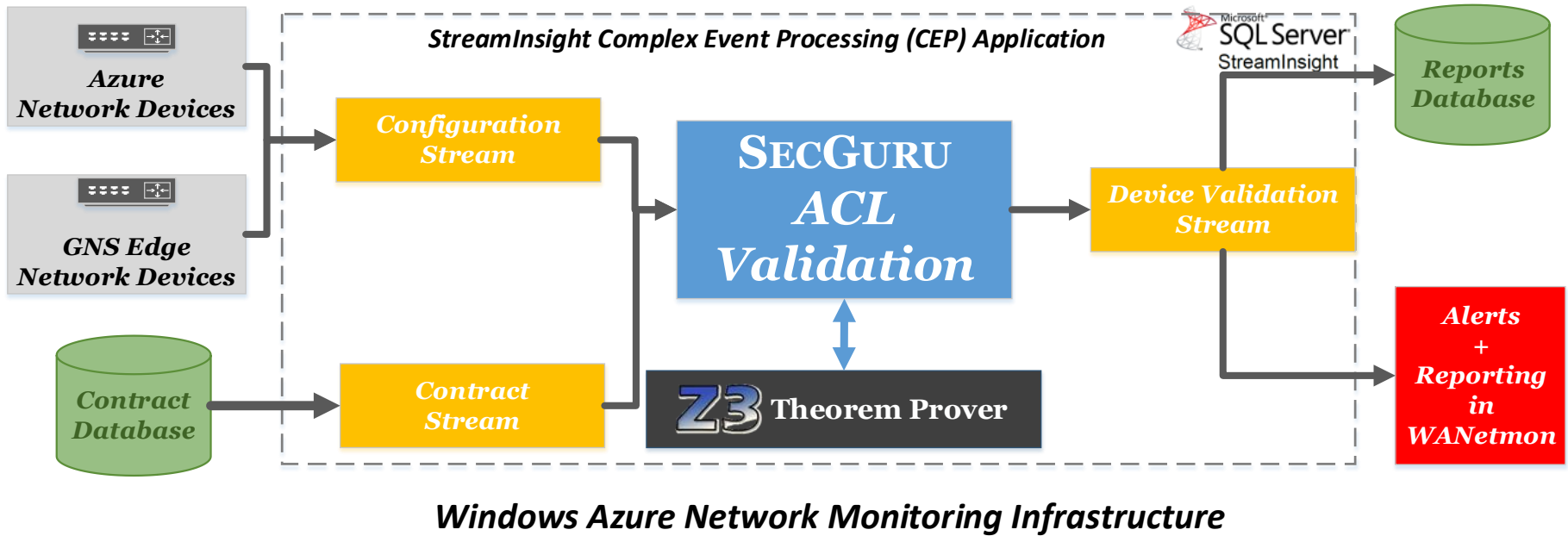
Contract:

DNS ports on DNS servers are **accessible** from tenant devices over both TCP and UDP.

Contract:

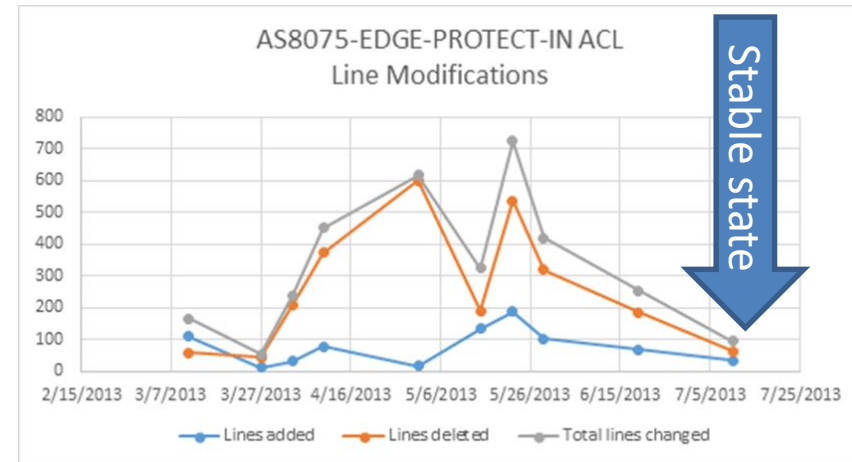
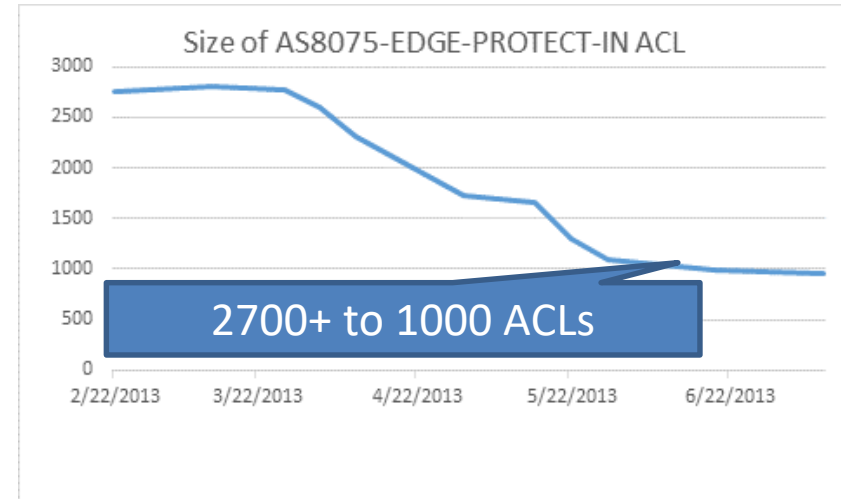
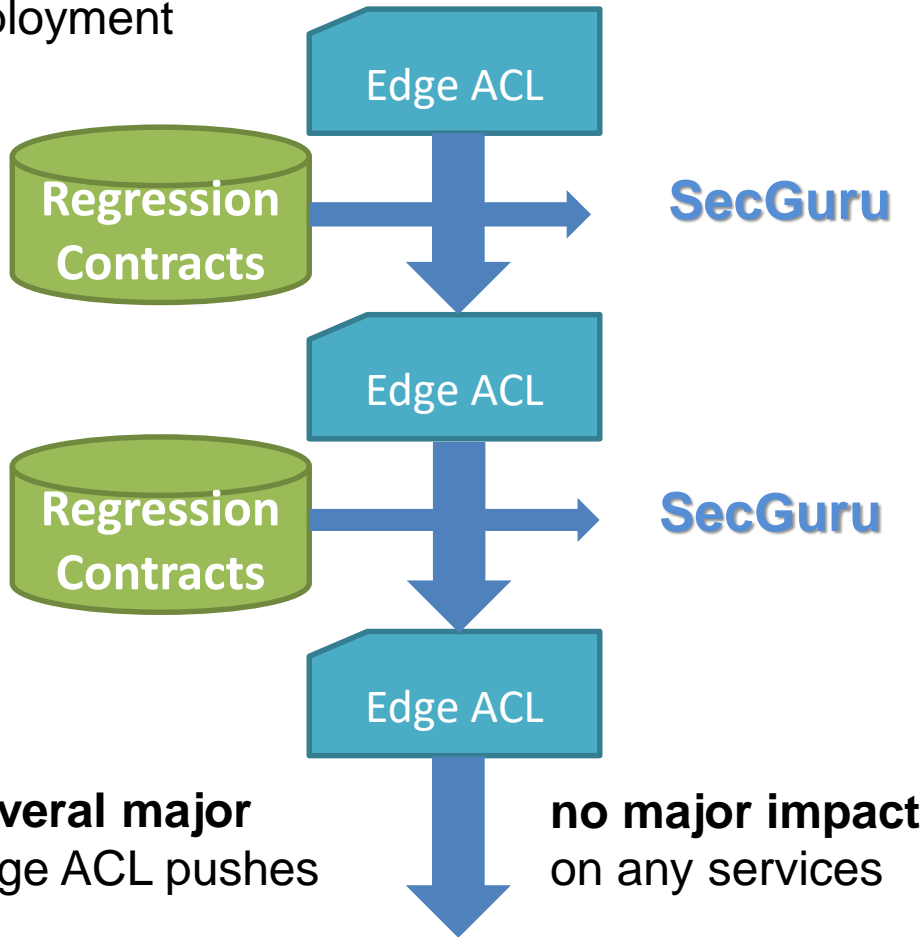
The SSH ports on management devices are **inaccessible** from tenant devices.

SecGuru workflow

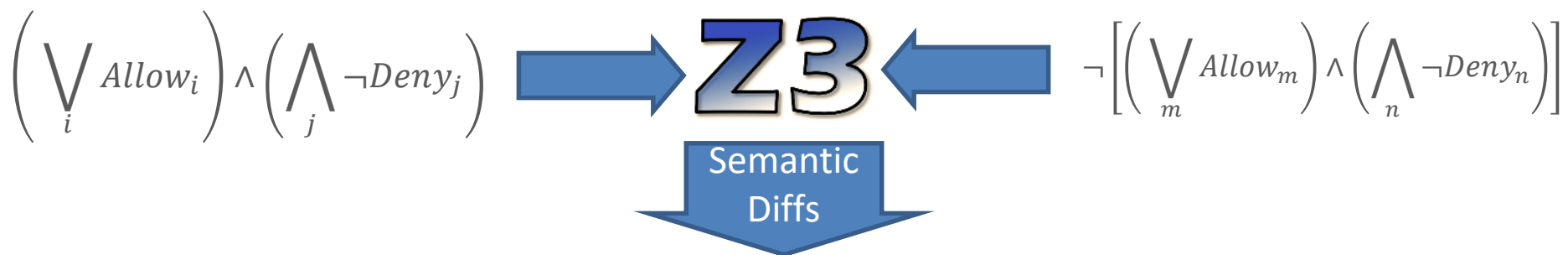


SecGuru for GNS edge ACLs

Regression test suite + SecGuru check correctness of Edge ACL prior to deployment



Beyond Z3: a *new* idea to go from one violation to all violations

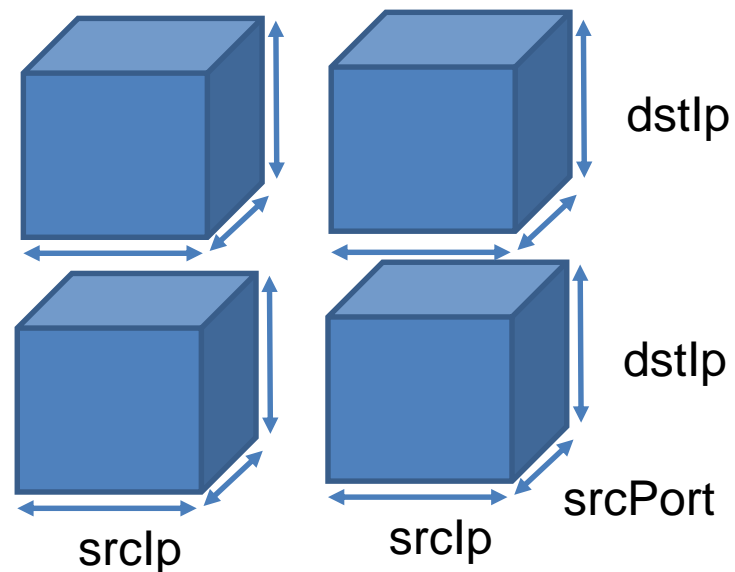


srcIp = 10.20.0.0/16, 10.22.0.0/16
dstIp = 157.55.252.000/24, 157.56.252.000/24
port = 80, 443

Representing solutions

- $2 * 2^{16} * 2 * 2^8 * 2 = 2^{27}$ single solutions, or
- 8 products of contiguous ranges, or
- A single product of ranges

SecGuru contains optimized algorithm for turning single solutions into all (product of ranges)



Verifying Forwarding Rules with SecGuru

Routes

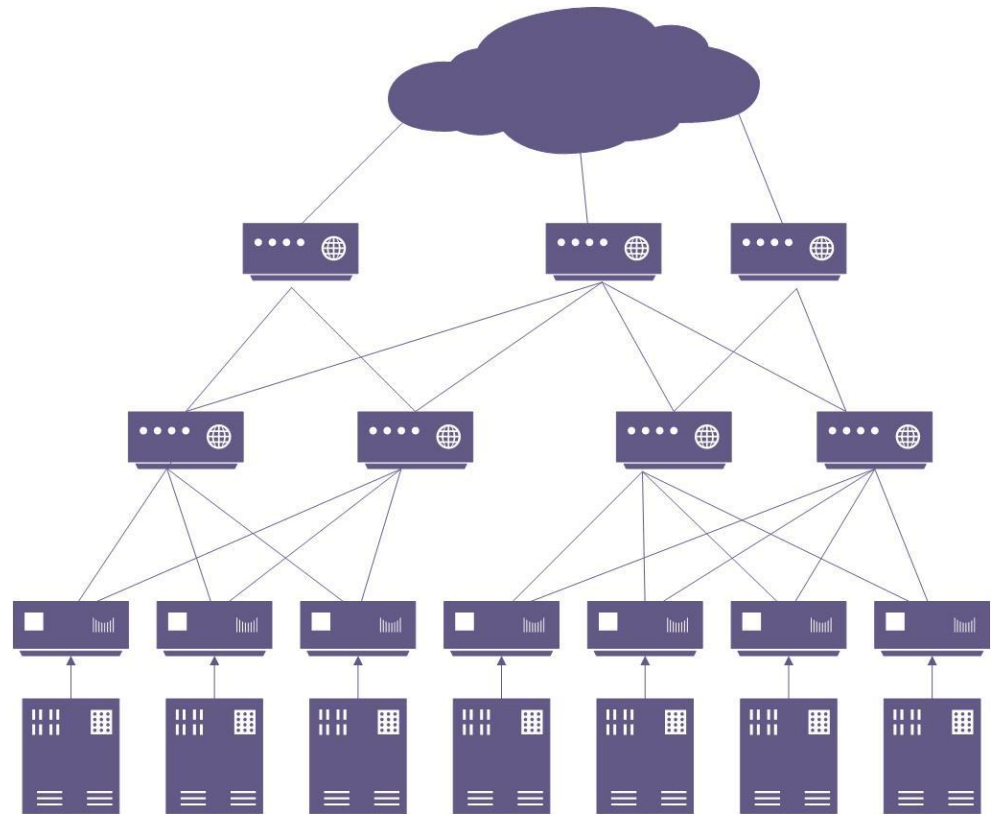
```
1  B E  0.0.0.0/0 [200/0] via 100.91.176.0, n1
2                                via 100.91.176.2, n2
3
4  B E  10.91.114.0/25 [200/0] via 100.91.176.125, n3
5                                via 100.91.176.127, n4
6                                via 100.91.176.129, n5
7                                via 100.91.176.131, n6
8  B E  10.91.114.128/25 [200/0] via 100.91.176.125, n3
9                                via 100.91.176.131, n6
10                               via 100.91.176.133, n7
11  ...
```

Logic

```
Router  $\equiv$ 
if ...
if  $dst = 10.91.114.128/25$  then  $n_3 \vee n_6 \vee n_7$  else
if  $dst = 10.91.114.0/25$  then  $n_3 \vee n_4 \vee n_5 \vee n_6$  else
 $n_1 \vee n_2$ 
```

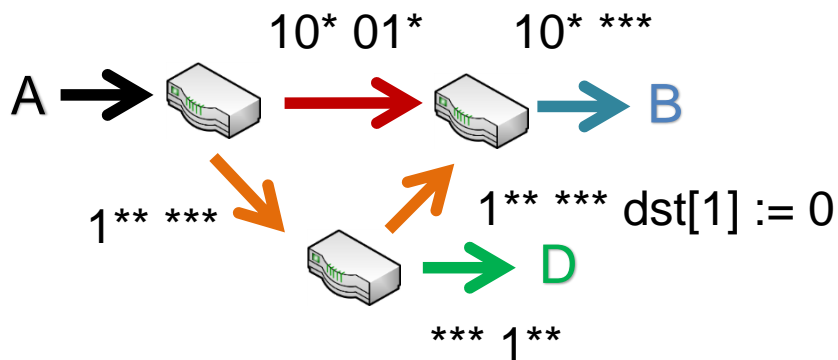
Contract

$Cluster(dst) \Rightarrow$
 $Router_1(dst) \equiv Router_2(dst)$



Network Reachability

Checking *beliefs* in Dynamic Networks



$$G_{12} := dst = 10^* \wedge src = 01^*$$

$$G_{13} := \neg G_{12} \wedge dst = 1^{**}$$

$$G_{2B} := dst = 10^*$$

$$G_{3D} := src = 1^{**}$$

$$G_{32} := \neg G_{3D} \wedge dst = 1^{**}$$

$$Id := src' = src \wedge dst' = dst$$

$$Set0 := src' = src \wedge dst' = dst[2] \vee dst[0]$$

Which packets can reach B from A?

Datalog useful for encoding a broad range of queries. We use *belief* for a class of general properties that one may expect to hold of networks.

Sample belief: packets flow through middle-box

[Lopes, B, Godefroid, Jayaraman, Varghese NSDI'15]

$B(dst, src)$

$$R1(dst, src) :- G_{12} \wedge Id \wedge R2(dst', src')$$

$$R1(dst, src) :- G_{13} \wedge Id \wedge R3(dst', src')$$

$$R2(dst, src) :- G_{2B} \wedge Id \wedge B(dst', src')$$

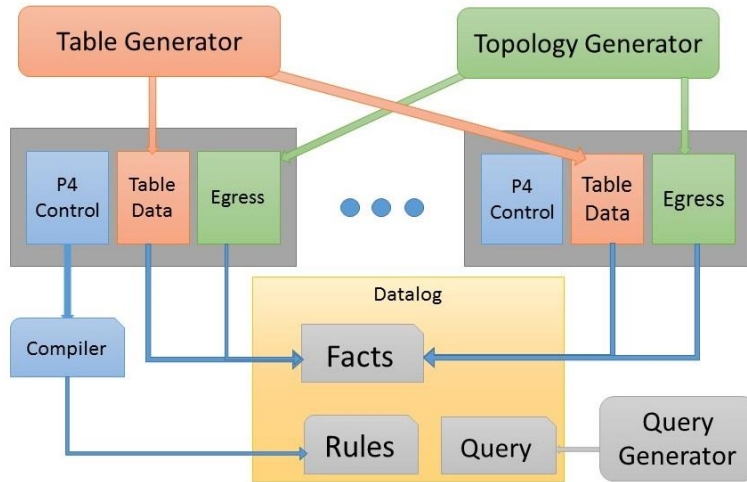
$$R3(dst, src) :- G_{3D} \wedge Id \wedge D(dst', src')$$

$$R3(dst, src) :- G_{32} \wedge Set0 \wedge R2(dst', src')$$

$$A(dst, src) :- R1(dst, src)$$

$$? \quad A(dst, src)$$

Applying NoD to P4₁₄



```

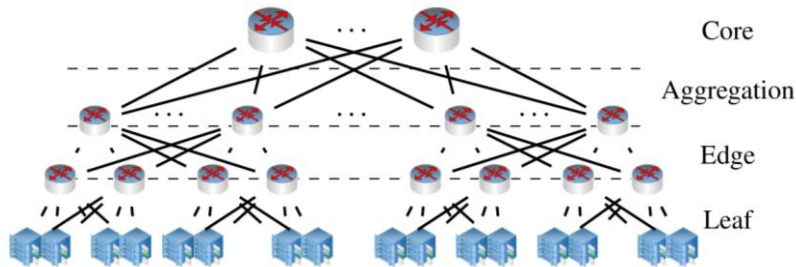
reach(S') :-
  reach(S),
  router_processing(S, S').

router_processing(S, S') :-
  reset_local_data(S, S0),
  start(S0, S1),
  egress(S1.local.addr, S1.std_md.egress_spec, Next, Port),
  S' = { S1 with std_md.ingress_port = Port, local.addr = Next }.

reset_local_data(S, S') :-
  S' = { S with local_md = 0, std_md = 0, parsed = 0 }.
    
```

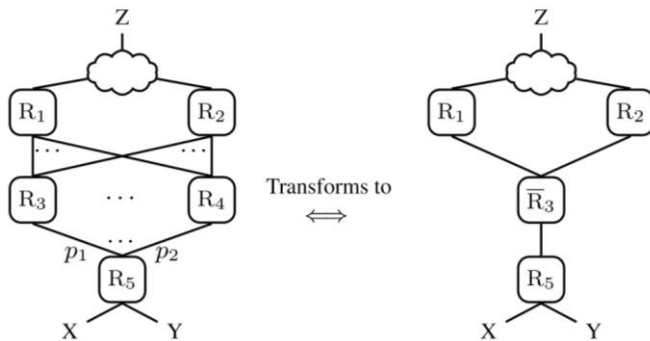
$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{table } table \{ reads \text{ actions} \} \in Prog \\
 act \in actions \\
 vals = add_entry_table_act(S.reads) \\
 S, \mathcal{E} \xrightarrow{act(vals)} S' \\
 S', \mathcal{E} \xrightarrow{stmt} S'' \\
 \text{apply} \frac{}{S, \mathcal{E} \xrightarrow{\text{apply}(table)\{act \{stmt\}\}} S''}
 \end{array}
 + \text{P4 code} + \text{Config} \xrightarrow{\quad} \text{NoD}$$


Scaling Network Verification using Symmetry and Surgery



A Theory of Network Dataplanes

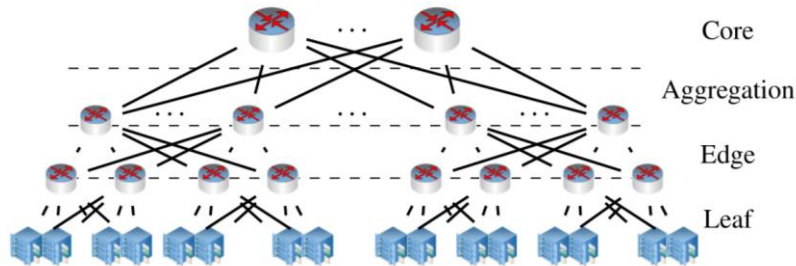
- $out : Nodes \rightarrow 2^{Ports}$
- $Port := \{n.i \mid n \in Nodes, i \in out(n)\}$
- $links: Port_N \rightarrow Nodes$
- $h@n.i \longrightarrow h'@n'.i'$
 $\in Trans$
 $\subseteq (Header \times Port) \times (Header \times Port)$
 Such that $n' = links(n.i), i' \in out(n')$



A basis for defining bisimulation relations:

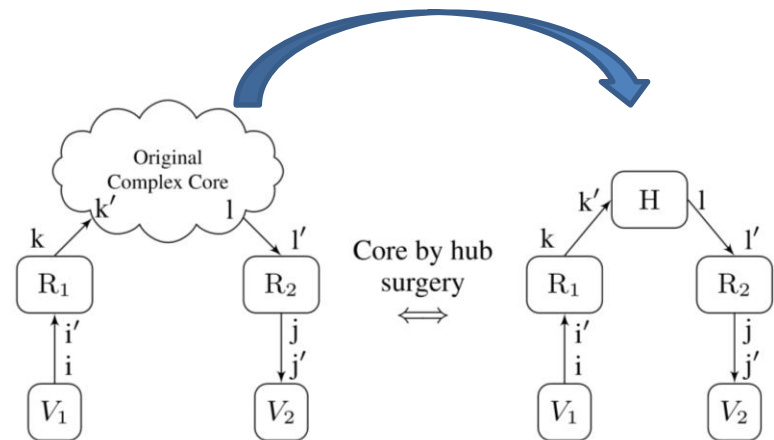
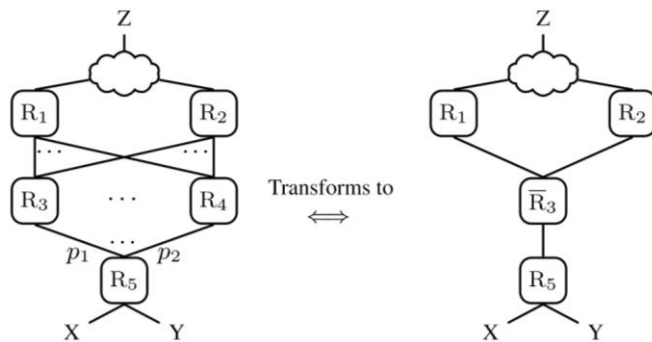
$$h@n.i \sim h'@n'.i'$$

Scaling Network Verification using Symmetry and Surgery

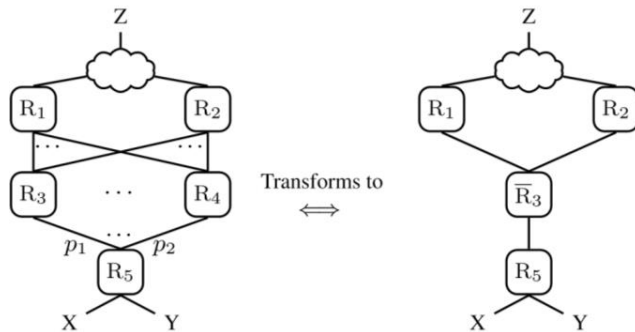
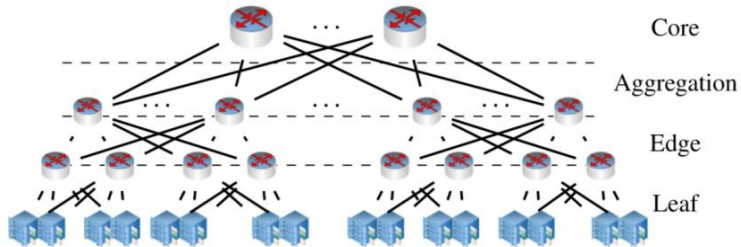


A Toolbox of Network Transformations

Example: Replace a core of a network by a single hub:

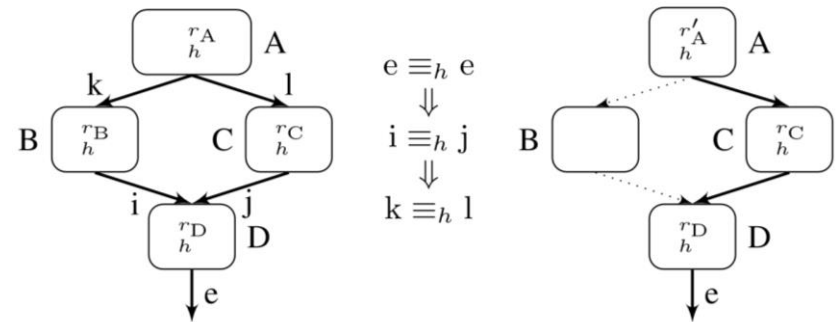


Scaling Network Verification using Symmetry and Surgery



Scaling comprehensive Network Verification

Example: Move rules from B to C if forwarding is the same.



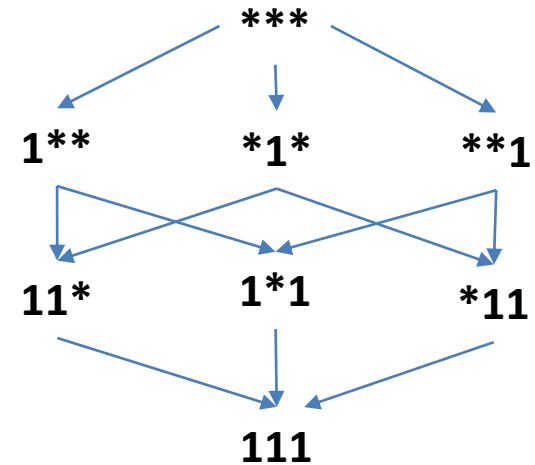
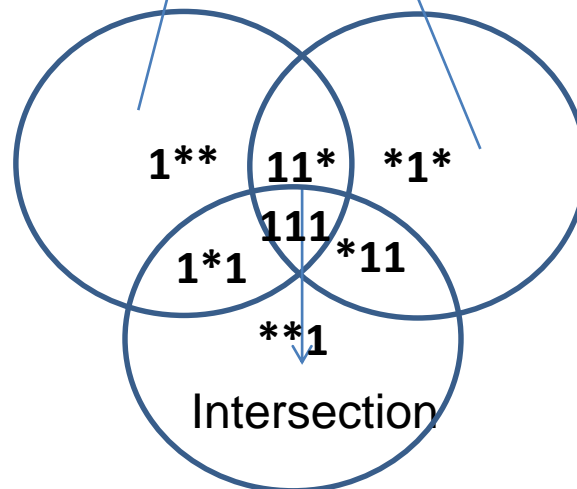
Relies on efficient representation of header equivalence classes.

Router Rules Venn Diagrams ddNF

Forwarding rules

1**	via port1
1	via port2
**1	via port3
***	via port2

Original guards



Summary

Much is about Configuration Correctness:

- Is intent captured? (SecGuru)
- Usage (NoD + P4)
- Synthesis (Control Plane)
- Bandwidth Use and Provisioning (QNA)

Modern packet switched networks a good use case for PL + Symbolic Methods