## MATH 272, Homework 6 Due March $16^{\text{th}}$

Problem 1. Let

$$\vec{\gamma}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(t) \\ \sin(t) \\ t \end{pmatrix}, \quad f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 - 2z^2, \quad \vec{V}(x, y, z) = \begin{pmatrix} x - y \\ y + x \\ z \end{pmatrix}.$$

Compute derivatives of the following composite functions.

- (a)  $f(\vec{\gamma}(t))$ .
- (b)  $\vec{\boldsymbol{V}}(\vec{\boldsymbol{\gamma}}(t))$ .
- (c)  $\vec{\gamma}(\vec{V}(x,y,z))$ .

**Problem 2.** Show that for any fields f(x, y, z) and  $\vec{V}(x, y, z)$  that

(a) 
$$\vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{\nabla} f) = 0;$$

(b) 
$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{V})$$
.

Problem 3. Let

$$\vec{\boldsymbol{U}}(x,y,z) = \begin{pmatrix} -y \\ x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $\vec{\boldsymbol{V}}(x,y,z) = \begin{pmatrix} 2x \\ 2y \\ 2z \end{pmatrix}$ ,

be vector fields.

- (a) Explain why there exists no potential function f(x, y, z) for the vector field  $\vec{U}$ .
- (b) Explain why there does exist a potential function f(x, y, z) for the field  $\vec{V}$ .
- (c) Compute the potential function for  $\vec{V}$ .

**Problem 4.** Parameterize the following either implicitly or explicitly. In Cartesian coordinates, find the parameterization of the normal vector as well.

- (a) The plane perpendicular to the vector  $\vec{v} = \hat{x} + \hat{y} + \hat{z}$ .
- (b) The upper half of the unit circle in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .
- (c) The surface of the unit sphere in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

**Problem 5.** In cylindrical coordinates (either implicitly or explicitly), parameterize the following objects.

- (a) A cylinder with radius 3 and height 5 along with end-caps.
- (b) An infinite cone with a vertex angle of  $\pi/4$ .
- (c) A helical curve with constant radius 1 and pitch 1.
- (d) A hyperboloid of one sheet.