

Math 425

Problems of the diagnosis

$$\frac{c}{0}$$

where numerator $c \neq 0$ (So we can't factor-and-cancel OR rationalize!)

ex 1 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{-7}{x-3}$

diagnosis: $\frac{-7}{0}$ → Answer could be $-\infty, +\infty,$
or DNE!

Notice x near 3 means

$(x-3)$ could be small POSITIVE or small NEGATIVE,
left and right limits needed!

Solution $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{-7}{x-3} = ?$

This
is
required.

$x \rightarrow 3$ so $x-3 \rightarrow 0$
 $x > 3$ so $x-3 > 0$
 so $\frac{1}{x-3} \rightarrow +\infty$
 and $\frac{-7}{x-3} \rightarrow -\infty$

p1.

Conclude $\frac{-7}{x-3} < 0$

Answer
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{-7}{x-3} = -\infty$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{-7}{x-3} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

This is required: $\left. \begin{array}{l} x \rightarrow 3 \text{ so } x-3 \rightarrow 0 \\ x < 3 \text{ so } x-3 < 0 \end{array} \right\}$

conclude $\frac{-7}{x-3} > 0$

so our answer is POSITIVE

so $\frac{1}{x-3} \rightarrow -\infty$

and $\frac{-7}{x-3} \rightarrow (-7)(-\infty) = \infty$

Answer

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{-7}{x-3} = +\infty$$

Since $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{-7}{x-3} \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{-7}{x-3}$

conclude $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{-7}{x-3}$ DNE.

ex2 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{-5}{x^2 - 8x + 16}$

Can we direct-sub? Put $x=4$

into $x^2 - 8x + 16$, get 0, NOPE
Can NOT dir sub!

p2

ex 2, continued.

Look at the denom, a polynomial

$$p(x) = x^2 - 8x + 16$$

We just saw: if you sub $x=4$,
YOU GET 0

This means $x-4$ is a factor
[and this will help. A LOT!]

$$\text{Factor: } x^2 - 8x + 16 = (x-4)^2.$$

So our problem is
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{-5}{(x-4)^2} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Required

$x \rightarrow 4$]
$x-4 \rightarrow 0$ (pos or neg)	
$(x-4)^2 \rightarrow 0, (x-4)^2 > 0$	

$$\frac{1}{(x-4)^2} \rightarrow +\infty$$

$$\frac{-5}{(x-4)^2} \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$\text{so } \frac{-5}{(x-4)^2} < 0$$

Our answer
will be NEGATIVE

Ans:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{-5}{(x-4)^2} = -\infty.$$

Some for you to try:

ex1 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{x+2}{x^2-6x-7} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{x+2}{(x-7)(x+1)}$
helpful step

$x+2$ on top ; $x+2 \rightarrow 9$ N.p.

$x+1$ in denom : $x+1 \rightarrow 8$. N.p.

$x-7$ in denom $\rightarrow 0$, might be NEGATIVE
might be POSITIVE

left and right hand limits NECESSARY

Calc 1 team says: this limit dne!

ex2 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{x-9}{x^2-14x+49}$

Calc 1 team
gets $-\infty$
as answer.
Please check!

ex3 $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} \frac{x-4}{16-x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -4} \frac{x-4}{(4-x)(4+x)}$
ALG

= $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} \frac{1}{4+x}$
cancel

Calc1 team gets
DNE for answer
Please check!