STAT GR5206 Homework 1 [100 pts] Due 8:00pm Monday, September 26th on Canvas

Your homework should be submitted on Canvas as an R Markdown file. Please only submit the knitted .html file. We will not (and cannot) accept any other formats. Please clearly label the questions in your responses and support your answers by textual explanations and the code you use to produce the result. Note that you cannot answer the questions by observing the data in the "Environment" section of RStudio or in Excel – you must use coded commands.

Problem 1

In this assignment we'll be studying a data set which provides information on the survival rates of passengers on the fatal voyage of the ocean liner *Titanic*. The dataset provides information on each passenger including, for example, economic status, sex, age, cabin, name, and survival status. This is a training dataset taken from the Kaggle competition website; for more information on Kaggle competitions, please refer to https://www.kaggle.com. Students should download the data set on Canvas. Below is a more detailed description of the variables.

Table 1: VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS

PassengerId	Identification Number
Survived	Survival $(0 = No; 1 = Yes)$
Pclass	Passenger Class $(1 = 1st; 2 = 2nd; 3 = 3rd)$
Name	Name
Sex	Sex
Age	Age
SibSp	Number of Siblings/Spouses Aboard
Parch	Number of Parents/Children Aboard
Ticket	Ticket Number
Fare	Passenger Fare
Cabin	Cabin
Embarked	Port of Embarkation ($C = Cherbourg; Q = Queenstown; S = Southampton)$

Perform the following tasks:

Part 1: Importing Data into R

i. Import the titanic dataset into RStudio using read.table(). Use the argument as.is = TRUE. The dataset should be stored in a data frame called titanic.

- ii. How many rows and columns does titanic have? (If there are not 891 rows and 12 columns something is wrong. Check part (i) to see what could have gone wrong.)
- iii. Create a new variable in the data frame called Survived. Word. It should read either "survived" or "died" indicating whether the passenger survived or died. This variable should be of type 'character'.

Part 2: Exploring the Data in R

- i. Use the apply() function to calculate the mean of the variables Survived, Age, and Fare. This will require using the apply() function on a sub-matrix of dimension 891×3. Explain what the mean of Survived tells us. One of the mean values is NA. Which variable has a mean value of NA and why is this the case?
- ii. Compute the proportion of female passengers who survived the titanic disaster. Round your answer to 2 decimals using the round() function. Hint ?round.
- iii. Of the survivors, compute the proportion of female passengers. Round your answer to 2 decimals. This answer may take a few lines of code. One strategy would be to create a survivors matrix that only includes individuals who survived the disaster. Then using the survived matrix, calculate the proportion of females.
- iv. Use the following code to create an empty numeric vector of length three called Pclass.Survival. We will fill in the elements of Pclass.Survival with the survival rates of the three classes.

```
classes <- sort(unique(titanic$Pclass))
Pclass.Survival <- vector("numeric", length = 3)
names(Pclass.Survival) <- classes</pre>
```

Next use a for loop to fill in the Pclass.Survival vector with the survival rates for each class. The statements inside the loop should update the vector Pclass.Survival with the survival rate (the proportion of people who survived) for each class. Your loop should look like the following, with of course, your own code added inside the loop.

```
for (i in 1:3) {
  code that fills in the Pclass.Survival vector
}
```

The elements in the Pclass.Survival vector should be rounded to two decimal places.

v. Now create a Pclass.Survival2 vector that should equal the Pclass.Survival vector

from the previous question, but use the tapply() function. Again, round the values to 2 decimals.

vi. Does there appear to be a relationship between survival rate and class?