Sort
$$f(R) = R$$
 telle que
$$f(x) = 0$$

Sof x ER* et n EIN*. Abos

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\frac{1}{2^{k}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{k}} \right) - \frac{1}{2^{k}} \right) + \frac{1}{2^{n}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{n}} \right)$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2^{k}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{k}} \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2^{k}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{k}} \right) + \frac{1}{2^{n}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{n}} \right)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{1}{2^{k}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{k}} \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2^{k}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{n}} \right) + \frac{1}{2^{n}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{n}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2^{n}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{n}} \right) - \frac{1}{2^{n}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{n}} \right) + \frac{1}{2^{n}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{n}} \right) = \frac{1}{2^{n}} \left(\frac{x}{2^{n}} \right)$$

Danc

$$\left|\frac{f(x)}{x}\right| = \left|\frac{1}{x}\sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right) - f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right) + f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right)\right) + f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right)\right|$$

$$\left|\frac{f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right) - f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right)}{\frac{x}{2h}} - f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right) + \left|\frac{f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right)}{x}\right|$$

$$\left|\frac{f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right) - f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right)}{\frac{x}{2h}} - f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right)\right|$$

$$\left|\frac{f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right) - f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right)}{\frac{x}{2h}} + \left|\frac{f\left(\frac{x}{2h}\right)}{x}\right|$$

Soit Exo. Alors, it exists you tel que
$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \in [-\gamma, \eta] \times \partial 3}{x} \left| \frac{f(2\alpha) - f(\alpha)}{x} \right| \leq \varepsilon$$

$$\cos \frac{f(2\alpha) - f(\alpha)}{x} = 0.$$
Soit $x \in [-\gamma, \sigma [\sigma] \circ \eta] \cdot Alors.$

$$\left| \frac{f(\alpha)}{x} \right| \leq \frac{c}{x} \frac{1}{2h} \left| \frac{f(2 \cdot \frac{x}{2h}) - f(\alpha)}{x} \right| + \left| \frac{f(\frac{x}{2h})}{x} \right|$$

$$\leq \varepsilon \quad \cos \frac{|x|}{2h} \cdot |x| \cdot |x|$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
& \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2^{k}} \cdot \mathcal{E} + \left| \frac{1}{2^{n}} \right| \\
& \langle \mathcal{E} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{k}} \cdot \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2^{n}}}{1 + \frac{1}{2^{n}}} + \left| \frac{1}{2^{n}} \right| \\
& \langle \mathcal{E} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{n}} \cdot \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2^{n}}}{2^{n}} + \left| \frac{1}{2^{n}} \right| \\
& \langle \mathcal{E} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{n}} \cdot \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2^{n}}}{2^{n}} + \left| \frac{1}{2^{n}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{n}} \right|
\end{array}$$

Celo étont viroi pour fout nEN* on peut foir tendre n'est + 00. Or f(u) $\xrightarrow{u \to 0} 0$, donc $\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x}{2^n}\right)$ $\xrightarrow{n \to 0} 0$ Por possoge à l'umile, on en dédeit que $\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$ $\leqslant E$.