Answer 3 SQL:

Create table users(user\_id int, username varchar(30));

Insert into users values(1,’John doe’),(2,’Jane Doe’),(3,’Alice Jones’),(4,’Lisa Romero’);

Create table training\_details(user\_training\_id int, user\_id int, training\_id int, training\_date varchar(30));

Insert into training\_details values(1,1,1,”2015-08-02”),

(2,2,1,”2015-08-03”),

(3,3,2,”2015-08-02”),

(4,4,2,”2015-08-04”),

(5,2,2,”2015-08-03”),

(6,1,1,”2015-08-02”),

(7,3,2,”2015-08-04”),

(8,4,3,”2015-08-03”),

(9,1,4,”2015-08-03”),

(10,3,1,”2015-08-02”),

(11,4,2,”2015-08-04”),

(12,3,2,”2015-08-02”),

(13,1,1,”2015-08-02”),

(14,4,3,”2015-08-03”);

select u.username, t.user\_id, t.training\_date, count(t.training\_id) as no\_of\_lessons from users u inner join training\_details t on u.user\_id=t.user\_id group by u.username,t.training\_id having no\_of\_lessons>1 order by t.training\_date desc;