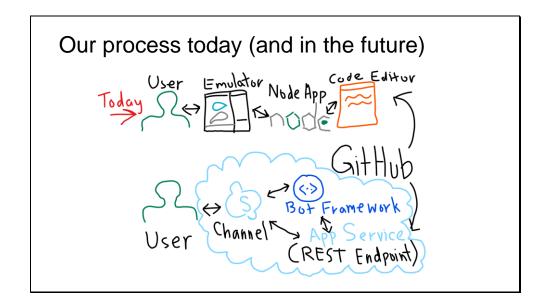


If the links in this deck are broken please let us know (mailto: michhar<at>Microsoft.com). Thanks in advance and enjoy learning about bots and the Microsoft Bot Framework.

Main site: <u>aka.ms/mladsbots</u> Chat room: <u>aka.ms/botedu-discuss</u>

This link contains additional resources on the bot framework and related topics. mailto: michhar<at>microsoft.com for questions/comments. Show site.



Learning objectives

What You'll Know at the End of this Session

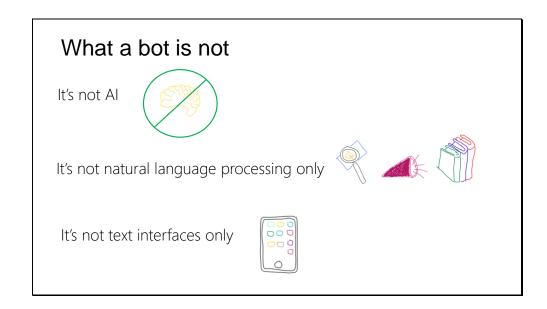
- 1. What **a bot is** and is **not**
- 2. The **major components** of the Bot Framework
- 3. Deploying and working with channels
- 4. Your **arsenal** or **toolbox**



Learning objectives for this overview module on the Bot Framework

What is a bot?





Not Al:

- Bots can be simple task automation utilities.
- Example: Password reset bot. There's no Al here. Just ask a couple of security validation questions, then reset the password.
- They may have AI as well, if the scenario applies

Not only NLP:

- Natural language processing has limitations, still. The more your bot depends on NLP, the worse the experience gets. Hint: Typing isn't always the best option.
- Move away from NLP as quickly as possible
- "Drive" the user as much as you can (menus, choices, etc). Less typing = better

Not only text interfaces:

- Bot channels are evolving quickly to support richer experiences: Media, buttons, custom controls. These are here or on their way. Text is not known to the best experience for everything.
- Examples:
 - Skype allows audio and 3D bots as well.
 - Slack, Facebook and Skype have buttons/custom Uls

What is a bot?

Simply put, a bot is an **application** that performs an automated task. That's it.



Siri, Cortana, the old-school MS Clippy and even AOL's SmarterChild are some examples. Essentially, bots perform automated tasks that are generally **REPETITIVE** for humans to do. We want to make life easier for the end user of the bot.

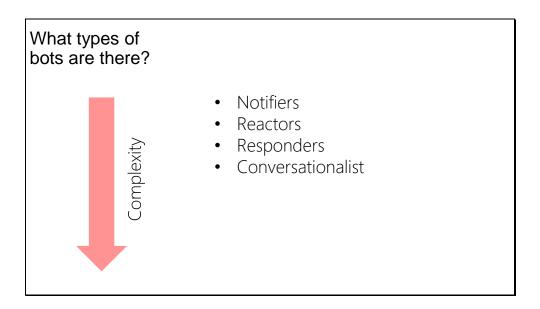
Bots are apps.

They can:

- Exist in different channels and across platforms.
- Do anything from simple task automation like taking food orders to leveraging sophisticated deep learning algos as is used by CaptionBot (https://www.captionbot.ai/ which describes the contents of an image how a human would) and otherAl-esque capabilities.

What a bot can do is only limited to the APIs your bot uses.

Bots don't have to leverage the MS Bot Framework (e.g. MimikerAlarm https://www.microsoft.com/cognitive-services/en-us/mimickeralarm, an app for waking you up), but the Framework makes dev and deploy much simpler and faster for.



Based on this blog post: http://willschenk.com/bot-design-patterns/?imm_mid=0e50a2&cmp=em-data-na-na-newsltr 20160622 about different bot types and the definitions of these.

- Notifier simply broadcast messages aka push bot e.g. ping me when there's a interesting tweet about Hadley Wickam
- Reactor reacts to messages on service, but doesn't persist anything (message, user state, location) e.g. send me the stock price for a stock I specify, but don't remember me or what I say
- Responder reacts to messages on service, persists message and knows who I am e.g. send me today's weather forecast for a city, use my user name on this channel, and remember what cities I choose
- Conversationalist reacts to messages, persists messages, knows who I am, knows about the "place" I'm at (channel, room,...), knows the state of the conversation e.g. send me today's weather forecast for a city, use my user name on this channel, remember what cities I choose, format it nicely for this channel, and if the conversation is old, archive it and send as email.

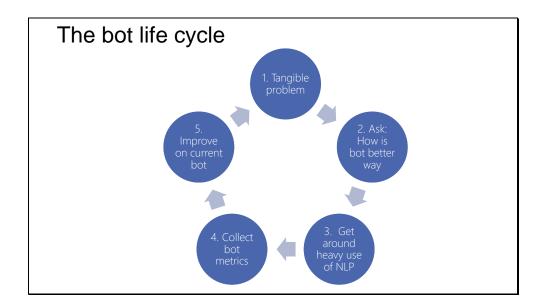
From "Bot Design Patterns": Questions that help us formulate what kind of bot we might want or need: Do they react to messages?

Do they know who they are talking to?

Can they learn from what was said?

Do they know where the conversation is taking place?

Do they remember the overall conversation?



- Start by asking what problem are we trying to solve. Refine until it looks like a tangible problem and not "magic"
- Ask how a bot will be a better experience. User experience is EVERYTHING
- Avoid too much natural language. Careful with unrealistic expectations. Natural language recognition is limited. Menus work great. Commands work great. Buttons, etc.
- You can only analyze and improve your bot if you're collecting metrics for it
- Iterate, improve

Consideration when going the route of a bot

- Provide as much value to the user as you can
- Participate in a productive conversation (minimize complexity)
- Emotion, variety and personality are vital (even if Markov Chain bot)
- Utilize the interaction patterns of the messaging canvas and the mobile OS
- Craft an engaging welcome message
- Be judicious with data and message frequency (avoid "push bots")
- Give feedback (e.g. confirm intent)
- Keep the user in control (e.g. turn on/off updates)
- Be nice and do the right things (e.g. operating with integrity and respectful and considerate of everyone)

From: https://docs.botframework.com/en-us/directory/best-practices

This may have been in your mind before this tutorial. Ethical and societal considerations as well in an article by Satya Nadella: https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/partnership-future-how-humans-ai-can-work-together-solve-nadella

Here enters the Bot Framework

The Benefits of the Bot Framework

For developers

- Bots are more capable nowadays so more functions
- Bot Builder SDKs or custom code you have choices
- Faster testing, dev and deployment
- Easy integration with the cloud
- Growing community

For end users

- User choice of channels
- Users have trust and control of their data
- New experiences

For businesses

- Broad access to their customers and new experience
- Reduced cost of development
- · High quality bots

For developers

Bots are more capable because of supporting services i.e. MS Cognitive Services and BF State Service Bring your own bot or build your own bot with the Bot Builder SDKs

With SDKs and sample code on github

Smooth cloud deployment and integration

Big community (open source community, issues, gitters, stackoverflow – active and responsive)

For end users

Users can choose from a variety of conversation channels

Users have trust and control of their data – encrypted and accessible anytime

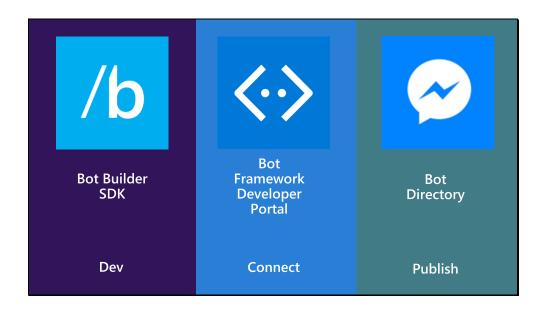
Frictionless fun or at least makes something much easier

For businesses

Broad access to their customers where they already are conversing giving them new experiences

Reduced cost of development – just faster with SDKs and builtin functionality like dialog handling and language understanding

High quality bots (big support and dev community) as well as, bots are reviewed after publishing and surfaced on Bot Directory



Bot Builder is itself a framework for building conversational applications ("Bots").

The Bot Builder SDK is <u>an open source SDK hosted on GitHub</u> that provides everything you need to build great dialogs within your Node.js-, .NET- or REST API-based bot.

The Bot Framework Developer Portal lets you connect your bot(s) seamlessly text/sms to Skype, Slack, Facebook Messenger, Kik, Office 365 mail and other popular services. Register, configure and publish.

The Bot Directory is a public directory of all reviewed bots registered through the Developer Portal.

NB: Bot builder and bot connector SDK now one in V3 of framework: http://docs.botframework.com/enus/support/upgrade-to-v3/#botbuilder-and-connector-are-now-one-sdk

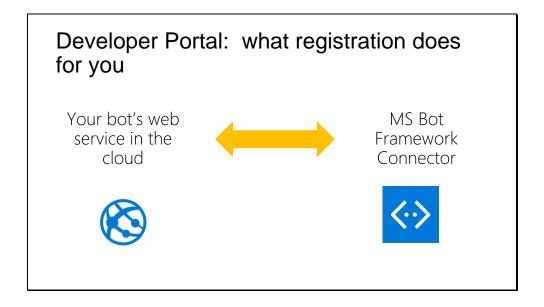
Bot Builder: Development Kits and REST Bot Builder SDKs for: • .NET framework for C# • Node.js

And there's also

• REST and REST State APIs



SDKs infographic: http://docs.botframework.com/en-us/images/faq-overview/bot_builder_sdk_july.png



Expose a Microsoft Bot Framework-compatible API on the Internet, then the Bot Framework Connector service will forward messages from your Bot to a user, and will send user messages back to your Bot.

State Service: types of bot data stored for us User data Conversation data

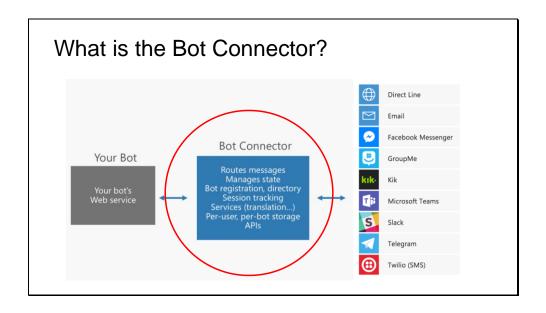
- This data is currently stored for free for you within the Bot Framework State Service.
- However, you may bring in your own data source (format: key-value store)

User data – globally available for user across all conversations

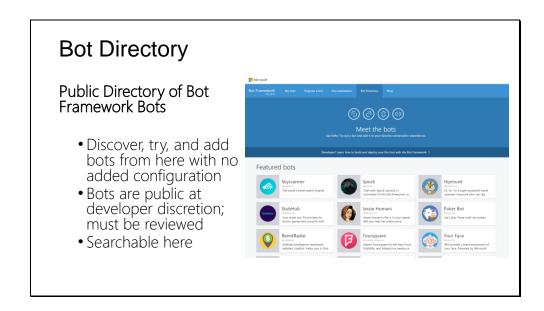
conversation data – stores globally for a single conversation (many users could be involved)

User-conversation data – stores globally conversation data for a user (But private to just that user)

Dialog data as well – persists for a single dialog (helpful for temp data in a waterfall set of steps)

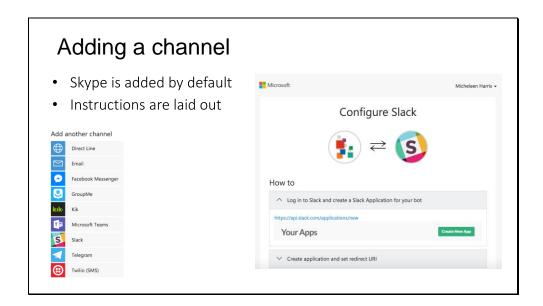


It's part of the Bot Builder SDK http://docs.botframework.com/en-us/csharp/builder/sdkreference/gettingstarted.html#channels



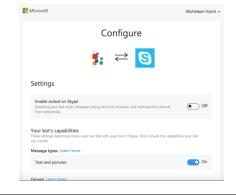
Bots must be submitted for review and approved in order to appear in the directory As of Nov. 17, 2016 there are 94 bots in the directory from MS and other companies

Working with channels



Often, the most time will be spent configuring your credentials as a developer on the target service, registering your app, and getting a set of Oauth keys that Microsoft Bot Framework can use on your behalf

Editing a channel

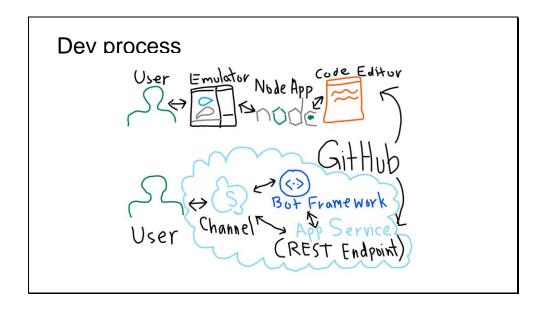


Skype for instance, through configuring we can:

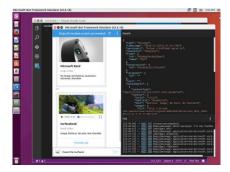
- Disable/enable globally
- Turn on/off group messaging
- and more

Toolbox

Let's see some tech stuff and code!



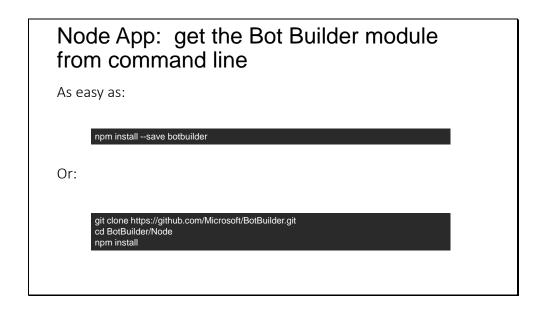
The BF Emulator



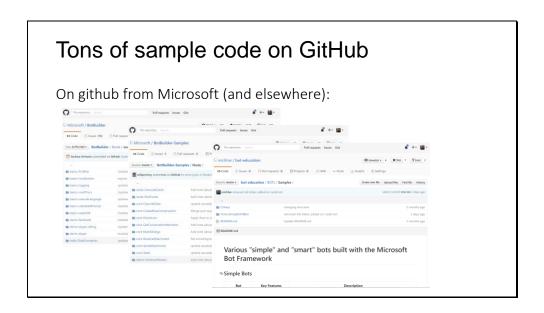
- **New** Support for Mac, Linux and Windows
- **New** All the Bot Framework card types are supported
- New Save multiple profiles for when you're working online and off
- **New** Simplifies configuration when you're working with ngrok
- New Uses the webchat control for higher fidelity layout and consistency with the webchat experience

Emulator purpose:

Send requests and receive responses to/from your bot endpoint on localhost Inspect the Json response Emulate a specific user and/or conversation



We will set up after the Cognitive Services Overview https://docs.botframework.com/en-us/node/builder/guides/core-concepts



https://github.com/Microsoft/BotBuilder-Samples

https://github.com/Microsoft/BotBuilder/tree/master/CSharp/Samples https://github.com/Microsoft/BotBuilder/tree/master/Node/examples

https://github.com/michhar/bot-education/tree/master/BOTs/Samples

More out there...so many, can't list...

Parting thought (before our lab)



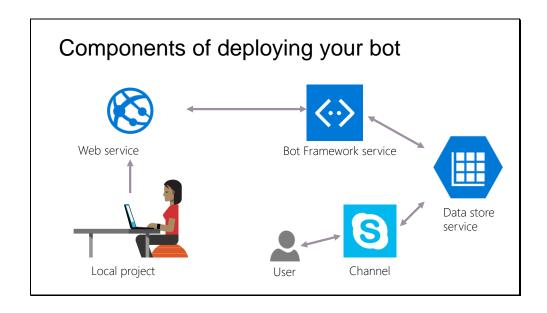
We can aim for our bots to: Be transparent and have algorithmic accountability so that humans can undo unintended harm. (Satya Nadella)

Ethical and societal considerations taken directly from an article by Satya Nadella: https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/partnership-future-how-humans-ai-can-work-together-solve-nadella

Resources

Support	Contact
Bot Builder SDK issues and suggestions	Use the issues tab on our github repo: https://github.com/Microsoft/BotBuilder/
Using a bot	Contact the bot's developer through their publisher e-mail
Community support	Use StackOverflow, with the hashtag #botframework
Reporting Abuse	Contact us at bf-reports@microsoft.com



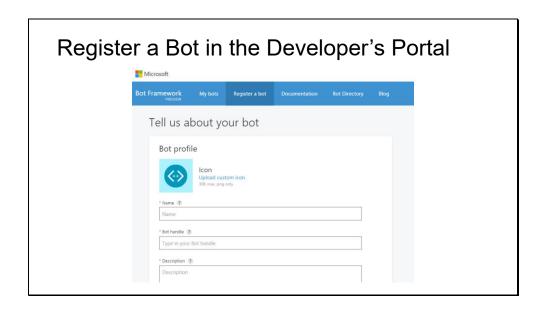


Steps:

The developer writes their bot code, leveraging the BF libraries in the SDKs and APIs available Create an endpoint for the bot to talk to in the cloud

Connect to the Bot Framework service (Connector and State services)

Pass user and conversation data between channel and Framework (data store in the state service, managed by the BF) The user interacts with the bot on a channel of their choosing



Register on the developer portal by clicking the 'Register a bot' link: https://dev.botframework.com/bots/new

Name: TemplateBot

Bot Handle: templatebot (for referencing in Bot Directory and name for bot on web chat, NOT the app's URL used as endpoint)

Also, add a description here

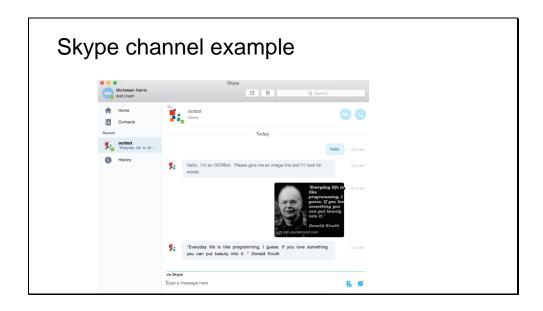
Configuration

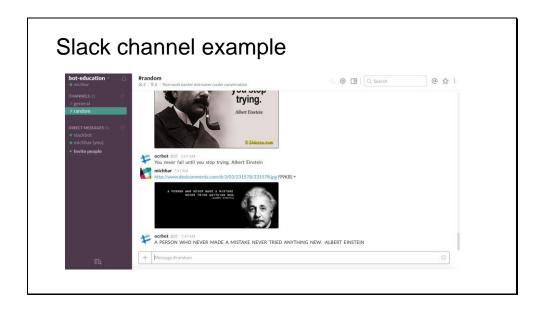
Remember the URL endpoint from deploying endpoint step. Should be something like:

"https://botwebappname.azurewebsites.net/api/messages"

You'll go through the "Generate App ID and password" wizard, then return to the registration page.

Go back and edit this profile anytime





Test conversing in BF Command Line **Emulator** • Using the Emulator, exit or /quit to exit settings estimated by an appled and appSecret settings of change port, emulator serviceurl, bot endpoint, appId and appSecret settings dump [#] to show contents of last # activitys (default: 1) attachment [path] <- to add a file to your activity you can: Send requests and receive rent settings: tt: 9000 plator ServiceUrl: http://localhost:9000/ Endpoint: http://localhost:3978/api/messages Id: Bot1 Jid: disabled Password: disabled responses to/from your bot endpoint on localhost or deployed in cloud Inspect the JSON response Emulate a specific user and/or conversation ta salu. lease give me an image link tps://img0.etsystatic.com/045/0/6267543/il_570xN.665155536_842h.jpg /img0.etsystatic.com/045/0/6267543/il_570xN.665155536_842h.jpg this be madness, yet there is method in 't. Download tool for free

No longer exists \otimes This link will redirect now: https://docs.botframework.com/en-us/tools/bot-framework-emulator/#mac-and-linux-support-using-command-line-emulator

In code editor: the Connector in Node.js Bot Builder SDK UniversalBot – a simplified way to connect bots to dialogs var connector = new builder.ChatConnector({ appld: process.env.MICROSOFT_APP_ID, appPassword: process.env.MICROSOFT_APP_PASSWORD }); var bot = new builder.UniversalBot(connector); server.post('/api/messages', connector.listen()); var connector = new builder.ConsoleConnector().listen(); var bot = new builder.UniversalBot(connector);

UniversalBot (https://docs.botframework.com/en-us/node/builder/chat-reference/classes/_botbuilder_d_.universalbot)

- has a lightweight connector model and includes ChatConnector and ConsoleConnector classes
- your bot can even utilize both the ChatConnector and ConsoleConnector and others at the same time if so desired
- replaces and unifies old classes like BotConnectorBot and TextBot
- updates and changes from https://docs.botframework.com/en-us/node/builder/whats-new/

In code editor: integration galore for Cognitive Services

Cognitive services (aka ProjectOxford)...

Language understanding for example...

Note on dialogs: Bot Builder breaks conversational applications up into components called dialogs. If you think about building a conversational application in the way you'd think about building a web application, each dialog can be thought of as route within the conversational application.

From: https://docs.botframework.com/en-us/node/builder/guides/core-concepts