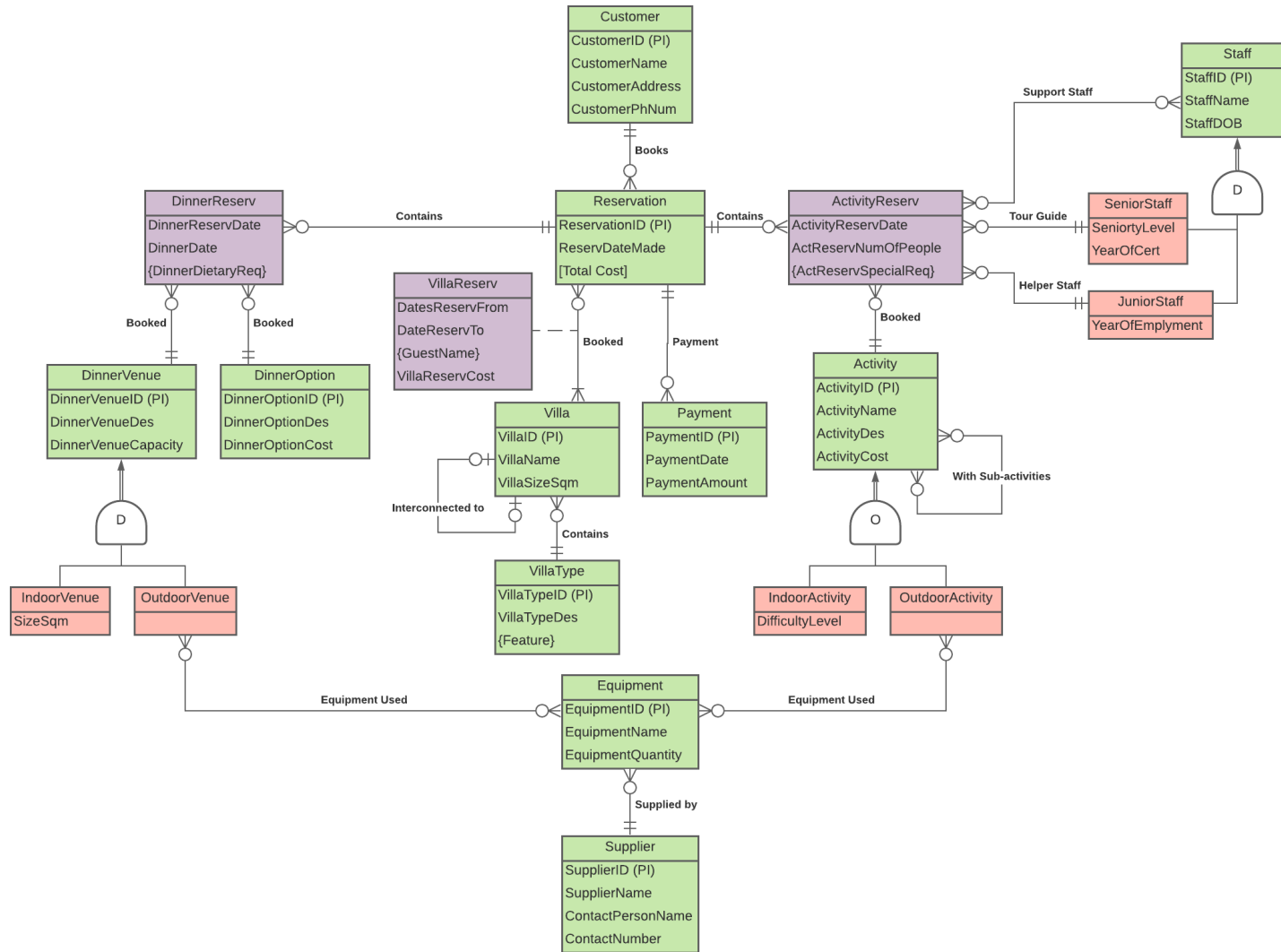


COMP1350 2020 – ASSIGNMENT ONE

Task 1: EER Diagram



Assumptions, if any:

- Equipment can only have one supplier.
- The outdoor activity and outdoor venue can have none or multiple equipment, as an outdoor activity can use no equipment.
- Activity has an overlap rule, as an activity could be indoor and outdoor. E.g. an activity could be a half-day tour with two sub activities, Hiking (outdoor) and Yoga (indoor).
- DinnerVenue has a disjoint rule, as a venue can't be indoor and outdoor it has to be on or the other.
- Staff has a disjoint rule, as a staff can't be a senior and a junior it has to be on or the other.
- The additional support staff can be any type of staff, junior or senior, as an activities may need an extra senior staff or an extra junior staff.

Task 2: Logical Transformation

Step 1: Strong Entity

Reservation(**ReservationID (PK)**, ReservDateMade, [Total Cost])
DinnerOption(**DinnerOptionID (PK)**, DinnerOptionDes, DinnerOptionCost)
DinnerVenue(**DinnerVenueID (PK)**, DinnerVenueDes, DinnerVenueCapacity)
Equipment(**EquipmentID (PK)**, EquipmentName, EquipmentQuantity)
Supplier(**SupplierID (PK)**, SupplierName, ContactPersonName, ContactNumber)

Step 2: Weak Entity

None

Step 3: One-One relationship

None

Step 4: One-Many relationship

Equipment(**EquipmentID (PK)**, EquipmentName, EquipmentQuantity, **SupplierID (FK)**)

Step 5: Many-Many relationship

None

Step 6: Multi-valued Attribute

DinnerDietaryReq(**ReservationID (PK, FK)**, **DinnerVenueID (PK, FK)**, **DinnerOption (PK, FK)**, DietaryReqName (PK))

Step 7: Ternary relationship/Associative Entities

DinnerReserve(**ReservationID (PK, FK)**, **DinnerVenueID (PK, FK)**, **DinnerOption (PK, FK)**, DinnerReservDate, DinnerDate)

Step 8a:

IndoorVenue(**DinnerVenueID (PK, FK)**, SizeSqm)
OutdoorVenue(**DinnerVenueID (PK, FK)**)

Steps 2-7:

Step 2: Weak Entity

None

Step 3: One-One relationship

None

Step 4: One-Many relationship

None

Step 5: Many-Many relationship

EquipmentUsed (DinnerVenueID (PK, FK), EquipmentID (PK, FK))

Step 6: Multi-valued Attribute

None

Step 7: Ternary relationship/Associative Entities

None

Final Tables:

Reservation(ReservationID (PK), ReservDateMade, [Total Cost])

DinnerReserve(ReservationID (PK, FK), DinnerVenueID (PK, FK), DinnerOption (PK, FK), DinnerReservDate, DinnerDate)

DinnerDietaryReq(ReservationID (PK, FK), DinnerVenueID (PK, FK), DinnerOption (PK, FK), DietaryReqName (PK))

DinnerOption(DinnerOptionID (PK), DinnerOptionDes, DinnerOptionCost)

DinnerVenue(DinnerVenueID (PK), DinnerVenueDes, DinnerVenueCapacity)

IndoorVenue(DinnerVenueID (PK, FK), SizeSqm)

OutdoorVenue(DinnerVenueID (PK, FK))

EquipmentUsed (DinnerVenueID (PK, FK), EquipmentID (PK, FK))

Equipment(EquipmentID (PK), EquipmentName, EquipmentQuantity, SupplierID (FK))

Supplier(SupplierID (PK), SupplierName, ContactPersonName, ContactNumber)

Step 8b:

IndoorVenue(DinnerVenueID (PK), DinnerVenueDes, DinnerVenueCapacity, SizeSqm)

OutdoorVenue(DinnerVenueID (PK), DinnerVenueDes, DinnerVenueCapacity)

Step 8c:

DinnerVenue(DinnerVenueID (PK), DinnerVenueDes, DinnerVenueCapacity, SizeSqm, VenueType)

Step 8d:

Cannot do step 8d as it only applies for the Overlap rule and the DinnerVenue is a Disjoint rule

Task 3: Normalisation

1NF

(DinnerCode, MenuItemID) -> MenuItemName, DinnerCost, PortionSize, DressCode, DressCodeDescription

PD:

DinnerCode -> DinnerCost, DressCode, DressCodeDescription

MenuItemID -> MenuItemName

Removing PDs

2NF

(*DinnerCode*, *MenuItemID*) -> PortionSize

DinnerCode -> DinnerCost, DressCode, DressCodeDescription

MenuItemID -> MenuItemName

TD:

DressCode -> DressCodeDescription

Removing TDs

3NF

Food

(*DinnerCode*, *MenuItemID*) -> PortionSize

Dinner

DinnerCode -> DinnerCost, *DressCode*

Menu

MenuItemID -> MenuItemName

Dress Code

DressCode -> DressCodeDescription