- Indexing

```
In [1]:
          #make a string
          a = "samosa pakora"
          'samosa pakora'
 Out[1]:
 In [2]:
          'samosa pakora'
 Out[2]:
 In [6]:
          #Length of indeces
          len(a)
 Out[6]:
 In [3]:
          a[0]
 Out[3]:
 In [4]:
          a[1]
 Out[4]:
 In [5]:
          a[3]
 Out[5]:
 In [8]:
          a[12]
 Out[8]:
 In [9]:
           a[0:5]
          'samos'
 Out[9]:
In [11]:
           #exculive element is the last one or last index is exclusive
           a[0:13]
          'samosa pakora'
Out[11]:
In [12]:
           #will go in opposite/reverse
```

```
a[-2]
Out[12]:
In [13]:
          a[-6:-1]
          'pakor'
Out[13]:
In [14]:
          a[-6:13]
          'pakora'
Out[14]:
In [15]:
          food ="biryani"
          food
          'biryani'
Out[15]:
         - String methods
In [16]:
          food
          'biryani'
Out[16]:
In [17]:
          len(food)
Out[17]:
In [18]:
          #capitalize every element
          food.capitalize()
          'Biryani'
Out[18]:
In [19]:
          #upper case letters
          food.upper()
          'BIRYANI'
Out[19]:
In [20]:
          #lower case letters
          food.lower()
          'biryani'
Out[20]:
In [21]:
          #Replace Letters
          food.replace("b", "Sh")
```

```
Out[21]: 'Shiryani'

In [22]: #Counting a specific alphabet in a string name = "baba_ammar with Dr Ammar Tufail" name

Out[22]: 'baba_ammar with Dr Ammar Tufail'

In [23]: name.count("a")

Out[23]: 6
```

- Finding an index number in string

- How to split a string

- Basic data structures in python

1-Tuple

2-List

3-Dictionaries

4-SeT

1-Tuple

- -orderd collection of elements
- -enclosed in () round brackets/parathesis
- -Different kind of elements can be stored
- -Once elements are stored you cant change them/unmutatable

```
In [3]:     tup1 = (1, "python", True, 2.5)

Out[3]:     (1, 'python', True, 2.5)

In [4]:     # type of tuple
     type(tup1)

Out[4]:     tuple
```

- Indexing in tuple

```
In [5]:
          tup1[0]
Out[5]:
 In [6]:
          tup1[2]
Out[6]:
 In [7]:
          tup1[0:5]
          (1, 'python', True, 2.5)
Out[7]:
 In [8]:
          tup1[2:5]
          (True, 2.5)
Out[8]:
 In [9]:
          tup1[0:3]
          (1, 'python', True)
Out[9]:
In [10]:
          len(tup1)
Out[10]:
```

```
In [12]:
          tup2 = (2, "babaAammar", 3.5, False)
         (2, 'babaAammar', 3.5, False)
Out[12]:
In [13]:
          #Concatinate (to add to tuple, can be more then 2)
          tup1+tup2
         (1, 'python', True, 2.5, 2, 'babaAammar', 3.5, False)
Out[13]:
In [14]:
          #concatinate + multiploication
          tup1*2+tup2
         (1, 'python', True, 2.5, 1, 'python', True, 2.5, 2, 'babaAammar', 3.5, False)
Out[14]:
In [15]:
          tup3=(20,50,30,60,15)
          tup3
         (20, 50, 30, 60, 15)
Out[15]:
In [17]:
          #Minimum value
          min(tup3)
Out[17]:
In [18]:
          tup33
         (20, 50, 30, 60, 15, 20, 50, 30, 60, 15, 20, 50, 30, 60, 15)
Out[18]:
         2-List
```

- Ordered collection of list
- · enclosed in [] square brackets
- Mutatable, you can change the values

```
In [19]:
          list1=[2, "babaAammar", False]
          list1
         [2, 'babaAammar', False]
Out[19]:
In [24]:
          type(list1)
```

```
Out[24]: list
In [26]:
          len(list1)
          [2, 'babaAammar', False]
Out[26]:
In [27]:
          list1[2]
          False
Out[27]:
In [29]:
          list2 = [3, 5, "Aammar", "Codanics", 478, 45.2, False]
          list2
         [3, 5, 'Aammar', 'Codanics', 478, 45.2, False]
Out[29]:
In [30]:
          list1+list2
          [2, 'babaAammar', False, 3, 5, 'Aammar', 'Codanics', 478, 45.2, False]
Out[30]:
In [31]:
          list1*2
         [2, 'babaAammar', False, 2, 'babaAammar', False]
Out[31]:
In [36]:
          list1.reverse()
          list1
          [False, 'babaAammar', 2]
Out[36]:
In [38]:
          list1.append("Codenics Youtube Channel")
          list1
          [False,
Out[38]:
           'babaAammar',
           'Codenics Youtube Channel',
           'Codenics Youtube Channel']
In [39]:
          list1.count(2)
Out[39]:
In [40]:
          list1.count(4)
Out[40]:
In [44]:
          list1.count(2)
```

```
Out[44]: 1
In [45]:
           list3 = [20,30,40,50,12,32,45,34,65]
           list3
          [20, 30, 40, 50, 12, 32, 45, 34, 65]
Out[45]:
In [46]:
           len(list3)
          [20, 30, 40, 50, 12, 32, 45, 34, 65]
Out[46]:
In [48]:
           #sorting a list
           list3.sort()
           list3
          [12, 20, 30, 32, 34, 40, 45, 50, 65]
Out[48]:
In [49]:
           list3*3
          [12,
Out[49]:
           30,
           32,
           34,
           40,
           45,
           50,
           65,
           12,
           20,
           30,
           32,
           34,
           40,
           45,
           50,
           65,
           12,
           20,
           30,
           32,
           34,
           40,
           45,
           50,
           65]
In [52]:
           list1+list3+list2
          [False,
Out[52]:
           'babaAammar',
           'Codenics Youtube Channel',
           'Codenics Youtube Channel',
```

```
12,
20,
30,
32,
34,
40,
45,
50,
65,
3,
5,
'Aammar',
'Codanics',
478,
45.2,
False]
```

3- Dictionaries

- · An unordered collection of elements
- Key and value
- Curly brackets { }
- Mutatable/changeable

```
In [57]:
          #Food and theri prices, *unorderd*
          food1 = {"samosa":30, "pakora":100, "raita":20, "salad":50, "chicken rolls":30}
          food1
         {'samosa': 30, 'pakora': 100, 'raita': 20, 'salad': 50, 'chicken rolls': 30}
Out[57]:
In [58]:
          type(food1)
         dict
Out[58]:
In [59]:
          #Extract data
          keys1 = food1.keys()
         dict_keys(['samosa', 'pakora', 'raita', 'salad', 'chicken rolls'])
Out[59]:
In [60]:
          values1 = food1.values()
          values1
         dict_values([30, 100, 20, 50, 30])
Out[60]:
In [62]:
          #adding new value or mutate
```

```
food1["tikki"]=10
           food1
          {'samosa': 30,
Out[62]:
           'pakora': 100,
           'raita': 20,
           'salad': 50,
           'chicken rolls': 30,
           'tikki': 10}
In [63]:
           #update the values
          food1["tikki"]=15
           food1
          {'samosa': 30,
Out[63]:
           'pakora': 100,
           'raita': 20,
           'salad': 50,
           'chicken rolls': 30,
           'tikki': 15}
In [65]:
           food2={"dates":50, "chocolates":200, "swayyan":1000}
          food2
          {'dates': 50, 'chocolates': 200, 'swayyan': 1000}
Out[65]:
In [67]:
           #concatinate
          food1.update(food2)
           food1
          {'samosa': 30,
Out[67]:
           'pakora': 100,
           'raita': 20,
           'salad': 50,
           'chicken rolls': 30,
           'tikki': 15,
           'dates': 50,
           'chocolates': 200,
           'swayyan': 1000}
         4-Sets
          · Unorderd and unindexed
          Use curly braces {}

    No duplicates allowed

In [72]:
          s1 = {1,2.2,5.2, "Aammar", "Codenics", "Faisalabad",}
          s1
Out[72]: {1, 2.2, 5.2, 'Aammar', 'Codenics', 'Faisalabad'}
```

```
In [75]: | s1.remove("Aammar")
         {1, 2.2, 5.2, 'Codenics', 'Faisalabad'}
Out[75]:
In [82]:
          s1.discard(5.2)
Out[82]: {1, 2.2, 'Codenics', 'Faisalabad'}
In [84]:
          s1.discard("Faisalabad")
Out[84]: {1, 2.2, 'Codenics'}
In [85]:
          s2={"awais", "learning python"}
         {'awais', 'learning python'}
Out[85]:
In [86]:
          s1.union(s2)
Out[86]: {1, 2.2, 'Codenics', 'awais', 'learning python'}
In [90]:
          s1.update(s2)
          s1
         {1, 2.2, 'Codenics', 'awais', 'learning python'}
Out[90]:
In [91]:
          s1.difference(s2)
Out[91]: {1, 2.2, 'Codenics'}
```