

## Integrate Jenkins with Github (Public repo)

One of the simple and interesting tools in DevOps is Jenkins. Another tool which is generally used is Github, which has one of the biggest open source community, is no more required to explain. There are a lot of interesting facts about Jenkins and one of them is that there are multiple ways you can install Jenkins but the best way is using the *command line installation*.

### Prerequisite:

Jenkins should be installed and the initial Jenkins setup should be done, such that you can see the Jenkins dashboard. Your dashboard will look a bit different from mine as I have already created a Jenkins job and installed a few plugins which you can see on the left side of the image below.



The screenshot shows the Jenkins dashboard. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: New Item, People, Build History, Project Relationship, Check File Fingerprint, Manage Jenkins, My Views, Lockable Resources, Credentials, Open Blue Ocean, and New View. The main area displays a table of jobs. The table has columns: S, W, Name, Last Success, Last Failure, Last Duration, and Fav. Two jobs are listed: 'Docker slave try' and 'github-build-trigger-jenkins'. The 'github-build-trigger-jenkins' job shows a last success of '4 days 0 hr - log' and a last duration of '0.6 sec'. Below the table are links for 'Legend', 'RSS for all', 'RSS for failures', and 'RSS for just latest builds'.

S	W	Name	Last Success	Last Failure	Last Duration	Fav
		Docker slave try	N/A	N/A	N/A	
		github-build-trigger-jenkins	4 days 0 hr - log	N/A	0.6 sec	

### Jenkins setup for Public Repository:

Open your Github profile and click on creating a new repository.

#### Create a new repository

A repository contains all the files for your project, including the revision history.

Owner: shintern / Repository name: integrate-jenkins ✓

Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about **stunning-train**.

Description (optional): Integrating the repository with Jenkins to trigger Jenkins job

☒ Public  
Any logged in user can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

☐ Private  
You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

☒ Initialize this repository with a README  
This will let you immediately clone the repository to your computer. Skip this step if you're importing an existing repository.

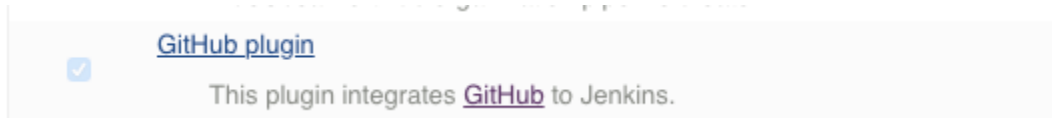
Add .gitignore: None

Create repository

## Creating a Github Repository

After you are done putting above things while creating the repository click on Create repository. A new repository will get created.

Install the Github plugin from the Manage plugins inside Jenkins. Go to Manage Jenkins -> Manage Plugins -> Available/ Installed. Check the Github Integration Plugin after clicking on Installed Plugins. If you are not able to find it check-in available maybe it is already installed due to the initial setup.



## Github Integration Plugin

Click on new item -> Freestyle project -> ok.

A screenshot of the Jenkins 'Enter an item name' dialog. The text 'integrate-github' is entered in the input field. Below the input field, there is a 'Freestyle project' option selected, with a description: 'This is the central feature of Jenkins. Jenkins will build your project, combining any SCM with any build system, and this can be even used for something other than software build.'

## Freestyle project

Go to General -> Github Project. Give your project URL

A screenshot of the Jenkins 'General' tab for a Freestyle project. The 'GitHub project' checkbox is checked. The 'Project url' field contains the text 'https://github/shintern/integrate-jenkins'.

## Github Project URL

Source Code Management -> Git. By default, it will take the master branch.

A screenshot of the Jenkins 'Repositories' tab for a Freestyle project. The 'Git' radio button is selected. The 'Repository URL' field contains the text 'https://github/shintern/integrate-jenkins.git'.

## Source Code Management

Build Triggers -> GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling

☒ GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling

## Build Triggers

Build -> Execute Shell. Put echo "Shreyak" inside the text input and press Save.



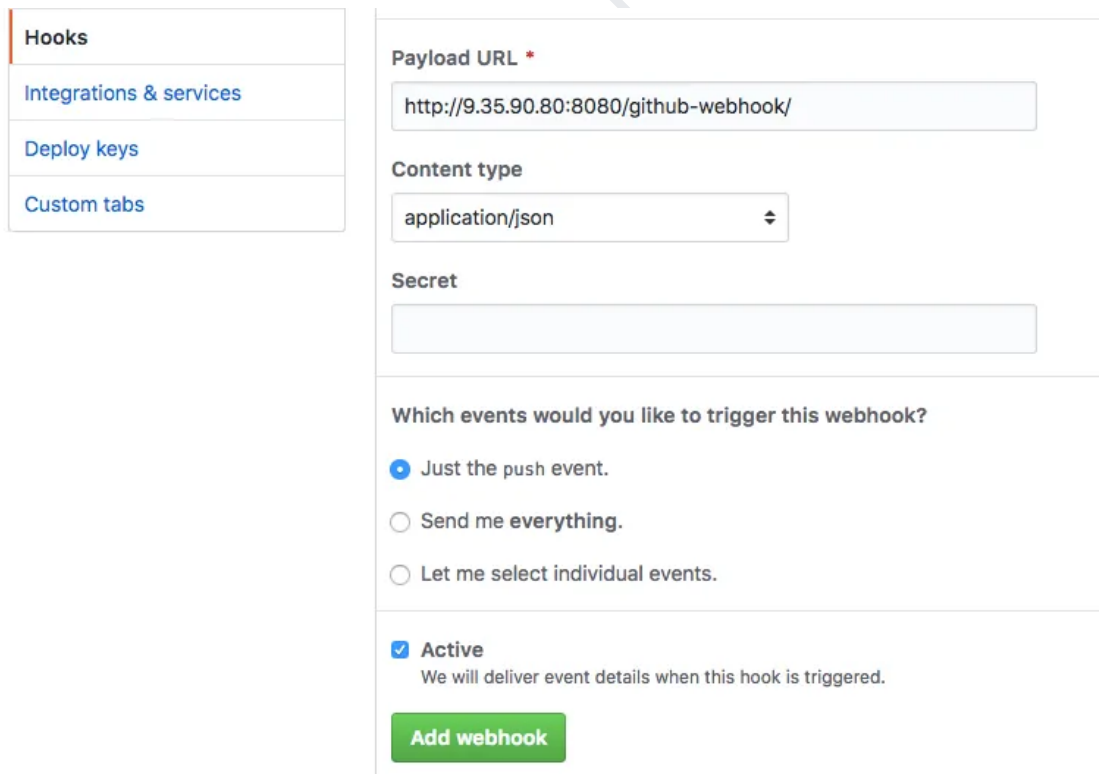
**Build**

 **Execute shell**

Command `echo "Shreyak"`

## Github setup for Public Repository:

Open your Github repository which you created and go to settings. Click on Hooks and press Add Webhook. After you are done with this follow the below image configuration and press Add webhook (green button). Now the Github webhook is also set. This configuration works if your Jenkins has a public IP address. Otherwise, use [ngrok](#) to create one for your localhost.



**Hooks**

[Integrations & services](#)

[Deploy keys](#)

[Custom tabs](#)

**Payload URL \***

`http://9.35.90.80:8080/github-webhook/`

**Content type**

`application/json`

**Secret**

**Which events would you like to trigger this webhook?**

☒ Just the push event.

☐ Send me everything.

☐ Let me select individual events.

☒ **Active**

We will deliver event details when this hook is triggered.

**Add webhook**

Yeah, that's pretty much it. Now make a commit to your Github Repository and you will be

able to see the Jenkins job getting triggered. Try it out and understand everything by implementing all the steps at your pace.

## Integrate Jenkins with Github (Private repo)

Connecting Jenkins to a private Github repository can be a pain if not done properly. Also, I would recommend you to check out how things work for a public Github repo as explained in the above section.

### Prerequisite:

- Jenkins should be installed and the initial Jenkins setup needs to be done.
- A Private Github repository.

### Generate ssh keys and add to Github:

For this task, we will be using ssh keys to connect to a private Github repository. You can also use username and password, later in this lab work, I will explain where you need to change instead of ssh keys for login credentials.

- Generate your ssh keys for Github.
- Adding generated keys to the private Github repository created before.

Go to your private Github repo -> Settings -> Deploy keys.

<> Code ⓘ Issues 0 🔀 Pull requests 0 📁 Projects 0 📖 Wiki 📊 Insights ⚙️ Settings

Options  
Collaborators  
Branches  
Hooks  
Integrations & services  
**Deploy keys**  
Custom tabs

### Deploy keys / Add new

Title

jenkins ssh key

Key

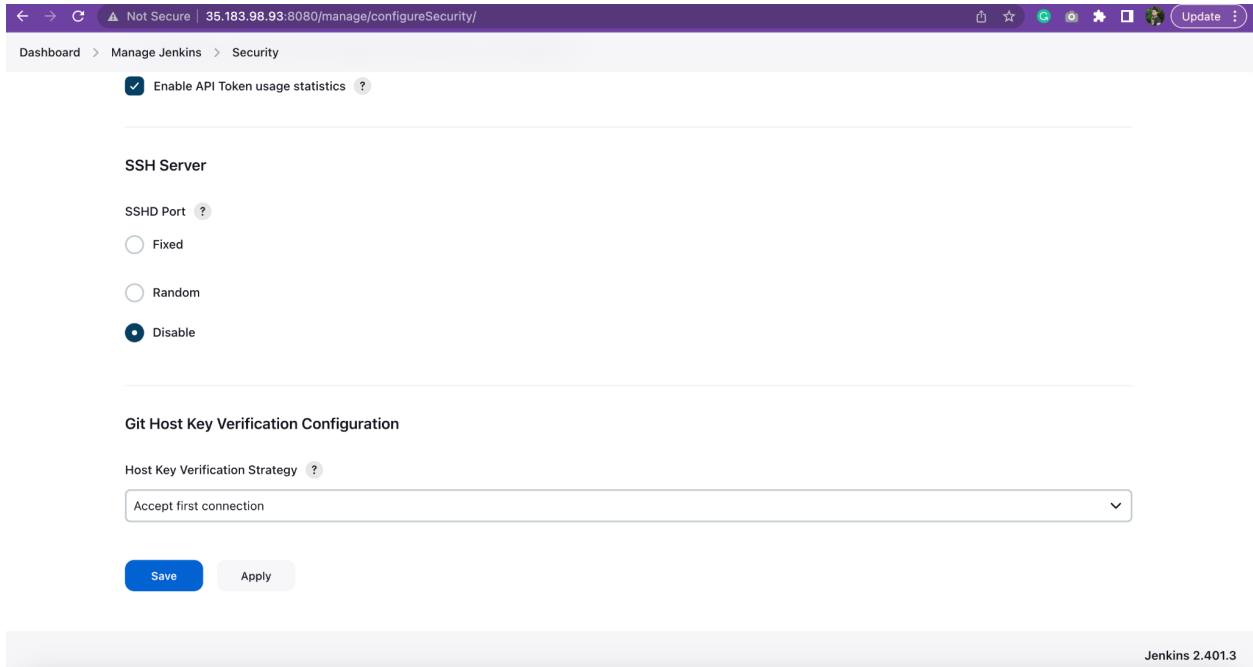
Begins with 'ssh-rsa', 'ssh-dss', 'ssh-ed25519', 'ecdsa-sha2-nistp256', 'ecdsa-sha2-nistp384', or sha2-nistp521'

☐ Allow write access  
Can this key be used to push to this repository? Deploy keys always have pull access.

Add key

## Add ssh key to repo

First make sure the **Git Host Key Verification Configuration** is set to → **Accept first connection** by navigating to **Dashboard** → **Manage Jenkins** → **Security** menu. Refer the screenshot as added below:



The screenshot shows the Jenkins 'Security' configuration page. At the top, there's a breadcrumb trail: Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Security. Below this, there's a checkbox for 'Enable API Token usage statistics' which is checked. The 'SSH Server' section has three radio buttons: 'Fixed', 'Random', and 'Disable', with 'Disable' selected. The 'Git Host Key Verification Configuration' section has a dropdown menu for 'Host Key Verification Strategy' set to 'Accept first connection'. At the bottom, there are 'Save' and 'Apply' buttons. The footer indicates 'Jenkins 2.401.3'.

Add your ssh key inside the key text input folder, if you want write access to the repo click on the Allow write access.


Jenkins configuration to access private repo:

Go to Jenkins dashboard -> Credentials -> System -> Global credentials -> Add credentials.

- New Item
- People
- Build History
- Project Relationship
- Check File Fingerprint
- Manage Jenkins
- My Views
- Open Blue Ocean
- Lockable Resources
- Credentials
- System
- Add domain

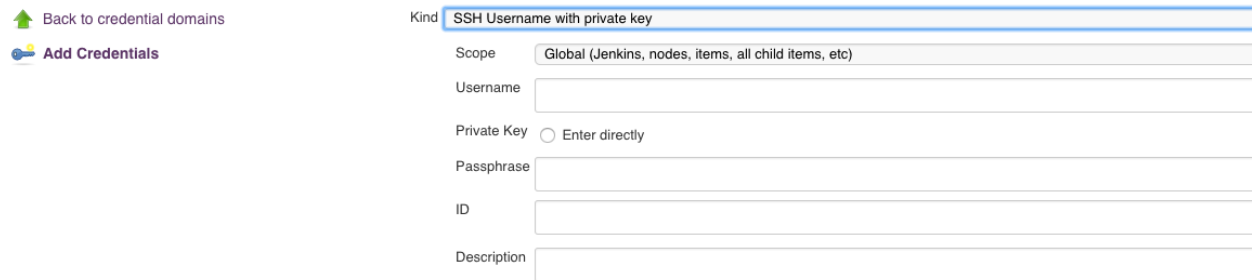


### System

Domain	Description
 <a href="#">Global credentials (unrestricted)</a>	Credentials that should be available irrespective of domain specification to requirements matching.

Icon: [S](#) [M](#) [L](#)

## Add new credential to Jenkins



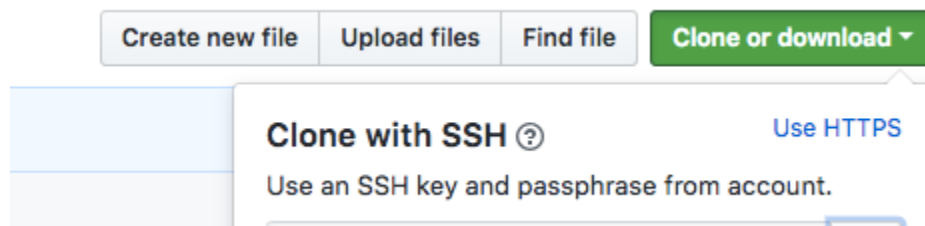
The screenshot shows the Jenkins 'Add Credentials' form. On the left, there are links: 'Back to credential domains' and 'Add Credentials'. The main form has a 'Kind' dropdown set to 'SSH Username with private key'. Below this, there are fields for 'Scope' (set to 'Global (Jenkins, nodes, items, all child items, etc)'), 'Username', 'Private Key' (with a radio button for 'Enter directly'), 'Passphrase', 'ID', and 'Description'.

## Add ssh username with a private key

Give username as Jenkins or whatever you can remember. Add the Private key -> Enter directly and copy paste the same ssh keys here, click on okay. Here you can select Username with password option if you want to use a password to access the private repo from Jenkins. As I mentioned at the beginning of tutorial that which step needs to be changed if you want to enable login with a password.

Till here we are done with Jenkins and Github configuration setup. Now set up the Jenkins job to take this private repo and trigger job on a new commit to the repository.  
Jenkins job setup:

Create a new Jenkins job from the dashboard. New item -> Freestyle Project. After this go to source code management -> git. Copy the ssh URL of your Github repo. As you have used ssh key you need to use ssh URL instead of https URL.



## SSH URL for the repo.

Go to your newly created job in Jenkins and select Git inside Source Code Management



The screenshot shows the Jenkins 'Source Code Management' configuration page. Under the 'Source Code Management' heading, there are two radio buttons: 'None' and 'Git' (which is selected). Below this, there is a 'Repositories' section. In the 'Repository URL' field, the text 'git@github.ibm.com:shintern/github-build-trigger-jenkins.git' is entered.

## Paste ssh URL to source code management

Add the credentials you created before to the credentials section in source code management under the above Repository URL. I have used the name for those credentials as jenkins-dummy.

A screenshot of the Jenkins 'Credentials' configuration page. The 'Credentials' tab is selected. A text input field contains the name 'jenkins-dummy'. To the right of the input field is a small dropdown arrow icon. Further right is a button with a key icon and the text 'Add'.

That's it. Save and try running your job.

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