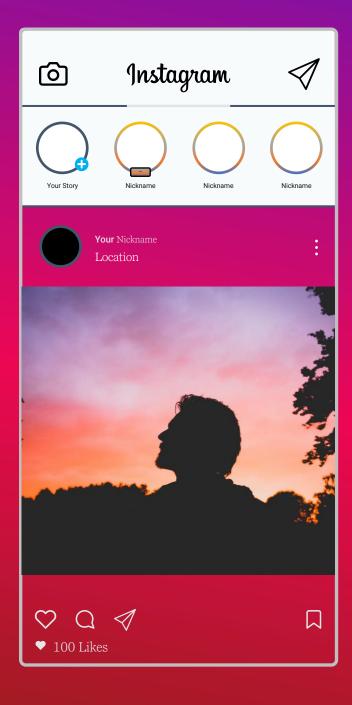
o) Instagram

My name is Avantika Rajpurohit.

In this project I used my creative thinking and made this Instagram Database Clone in which I have also solved Instagram related Queries using SQL.

Instagram Database Clone



Interesting

Instagram Schema













USER TABLE

CREATE TABLE USER(
id INT AUTO_INCREAMENT PRIMARY KEY,
username VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
).



CREATE TABLE PHOTOS(
id INT AUTO_INCREAMENT PRIMARY KEY,
image_url VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
user_id INT NOT NULL,
created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),
FOREIGN KEY(user_id) REFERENCE USER(id)
);



id INT AUTO_INCREAMENT PRIMARY KEY,
comment_text VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
photo_id INT NOT NULL,
user_id INT NOT NULL
created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),
FOREIGN KEY(user_id) REFERENCE USER(id),
FOREIGN KEY(photo_id) REFERENCE PHOTOS(id)
);



Interesting

Instagram Schema













LIKES TABLE

```
CREATE TABLE LIKES(
user_id INT NOT NULL,
photo_id INT NOT NULL,
created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),
FOREIGN KEY(user_id) REFERENCES USERS(id),
FOREIGN KEY(photo_id) REFERENCES PHOTOS(id),
PRIMARY KEY (user_id , photo_id)
);
```

TAGS TABLE

CREATE TABLE TAGS(
id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
tag_name VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE,
created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);

FOLLOWS TABLE

CREATE TABLE FOLLOWS(
follower_id INT NOT NULL,
followee_id INT NOT NULL,
created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),
FOREIGN KEY(follower_id) REFERENCES USERS(id),
FOREIGN KEY(followee_id) REFERENCES USERS(id)
);

PHOTO TAGS TABLE

CREATE TABLE PHOTO_TAGS(
photo_id INT NOT NULL,
tag_id INT NOT NULL,
FOREIGN KEY(photo_id) REFERENCES PHOTOS(id),
FOREIGN KEY(tag_id) REFERENCES TAGS(id),
PRIMARY KEY (photo_id , tag_id)
);

ER Diagram of Schema

Our work





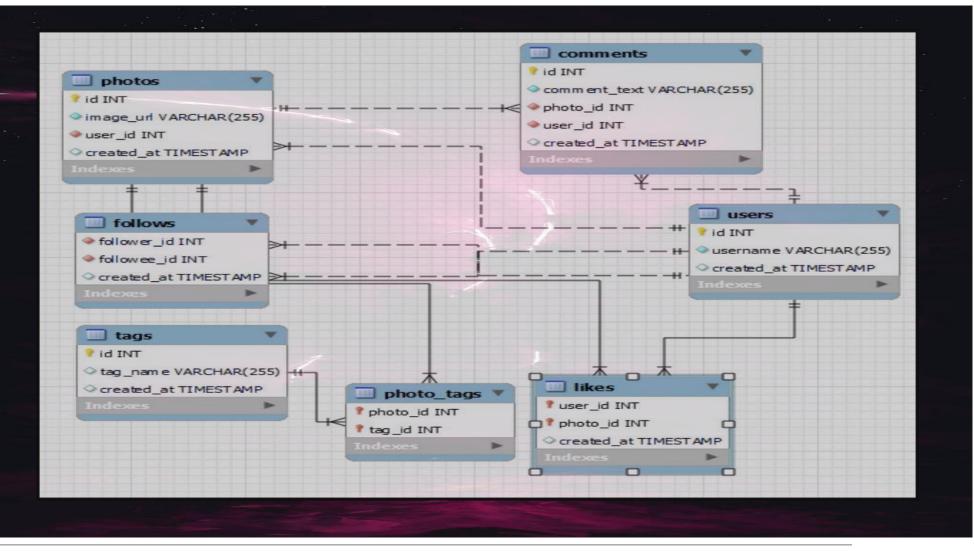
















Our data

































Example Data:

```
INSERT INTO USERS (username, created at)
VALUES ('Kenton Kirlin', '2017-02-16 18:22:10.846'),
        ('Andre Purdy85', '2017-04-02 17:11:21.417'),
        ('Harley_Lind18', '2017-02-21 11:12:32.574'),
        ('Arely Bogan63', '2016-08-13 01:28:43.085'),
        ('Aniya_Hackett', '2016-12-07 01:04:39.298');
```

```
INSERT INTO PHOTOS(image url, user id)
VALUES ('http://elijah.biz', 1),
         ('https://shanon.org', 2),
        ('http://vicky.biz', 2),
        ('http://oleta.net', 3),
        ('https://jennings.biz', 1);
```

```
INSERT INTO COMMENTS (comment text, user id, photo id)
VALUES ('unde at dolorem', 2, 1),
         ('quae ea ducimus', 3, 1),
         ('alias a voluptatum', 5, 1),
         ('facere suscipit sunt', 14, 1),
         ('totam eligendi quaerat', 17, 1);
```

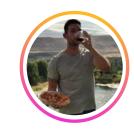
```
INSERT INTO LIKES(user id, photo id)
VALUES (2, 1), (5, 1), (9, 1), (10, 1),
         (52, 42), (54, 42), (56, 42),
          (57, 42), (62, 42) (11, 1), (14, 1),
         (19, 1), (40,9), (14, 20), (16,20);
```





Our data























































Hareley_lind18



FIND THE 5 OLDEST USERS:

FROM
USERS
ORDER BY created_at
LIMIT 5;















Annalise.McKenzie16















IDENTIFY THE INACTIVE USER(Users with no photos):

SELECT username
FROM
USERS
LEFT JOIN
PHOTOS ON USERS.id = PHOTOS.user_id
WHERE

PHOTOS.id IS NULL;





























Nia_Haag



MOST POPULAR REGISTRATION DAY:

SELECT

DAYNAME(created_at) AS DAYS,

COUNT(*) AS TOTAL

FROM

USERS

GROUP BY DAYS

ORDER BY TOTAL DESC

LIMIT 2;















Tabitha_Schamberger11















IDENTIFY THE TOP 10 MOST LIKED PHOTOS (and users who created them):

SELECT

LIMIT 10;

```
username,
photos.id,
photos.image_url,
COUNT(*) AS total

FROM
PHOTOS
INNER JOIN
LIKES ON LIKES.photo_id = PHOTOS.id
INNER JOIN
USERS ON PHOTOS.user_id = users.id
GROUP BY PHOTOS.id
ORDER BY TOTAL DESC
```





























Keenan.Schamberger60



FIVE MOST COMMONLY USED HASHTAGS:

```
TAGS.tag_name,
Count(*) AS TOTAL

FROM
PHOTO_TAGS
JOIN
TAGS ON PHOTO_TAGS.tag_id = TAGS.id
GROUP BY TAGS.id
ORDER BY TOTAL DESC
LIMIT 5;
```















Presley_McClure















FIND THE BOTS (USER WHO HAVE LIKED EVERY SINGLE PHOTO) :

```
username,
count(*) AS num_likes

FROM

USERS
INNER JOIN
LIKES ON USERS.id = LIKES.user_id

GROUP BY LIKES.user_id

HAVING num_likes = (SELECT count(*)
FROM photos);
```



















Darwin29

















CALCULATE AVGRAGE NUMBER OF PHOTOS PER USER:

SELECT
(SELECT Count(*)
FROM PHOTOS) / (SELECT Count(*)
FROM USERS) AS AVG;



















Maxwell.Halvorson















NUMBERS OF TAGS USED BY USERS:

```
id,
    tag_name,
    COUNT(tag_id) AS TOTAL

FROM
    PHOTO_TAGS
    JOIN
    TAGS ON PHOTO_TAGS.photo_id = TAGS.id
GROUP BY photo_id
ORDER BY TOTAL DESC;
```







THANK YOU!

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