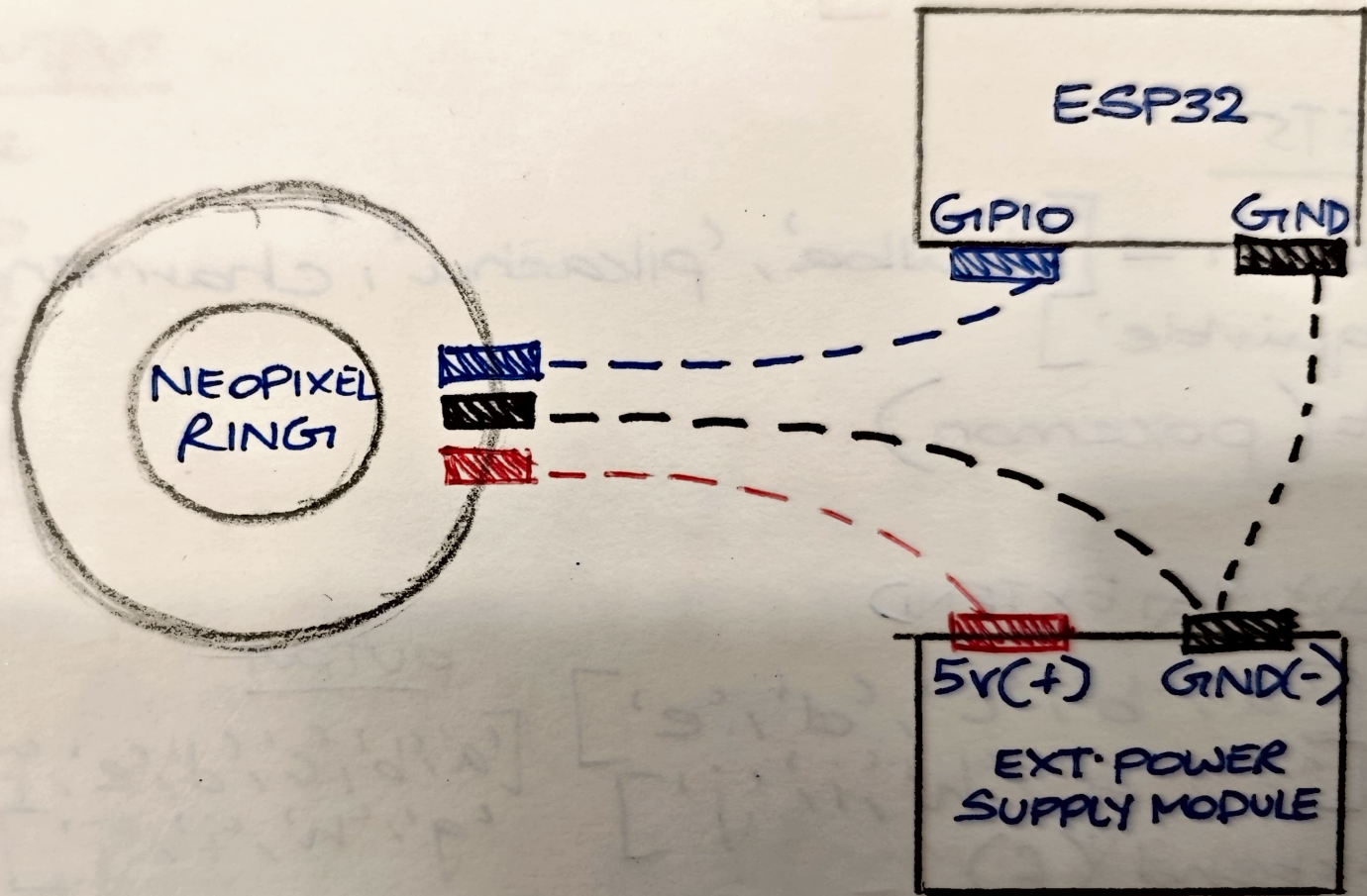


* NEOPIXEL RING



* PULSE WIDTH MODULATION \rightarrow Varying the width i.e. duration of the \sqrt{LED}

Attributes : 1) Duty Cycle
2) Frequency

1) DUTY CYCLE - Varying on & off time

$$\left[\text{Duty \%} = \frac{\text{On time} \times 100}{\text{On} + \text{off time}} \right]$$



Duty Cycle -
PWM in MicroPython
(ESP32)

Duty Cycle	Value
100	1023
75	768
50	512
25	256
0	0

LED →
↑ than
60 Hz

2) FREQUENCY

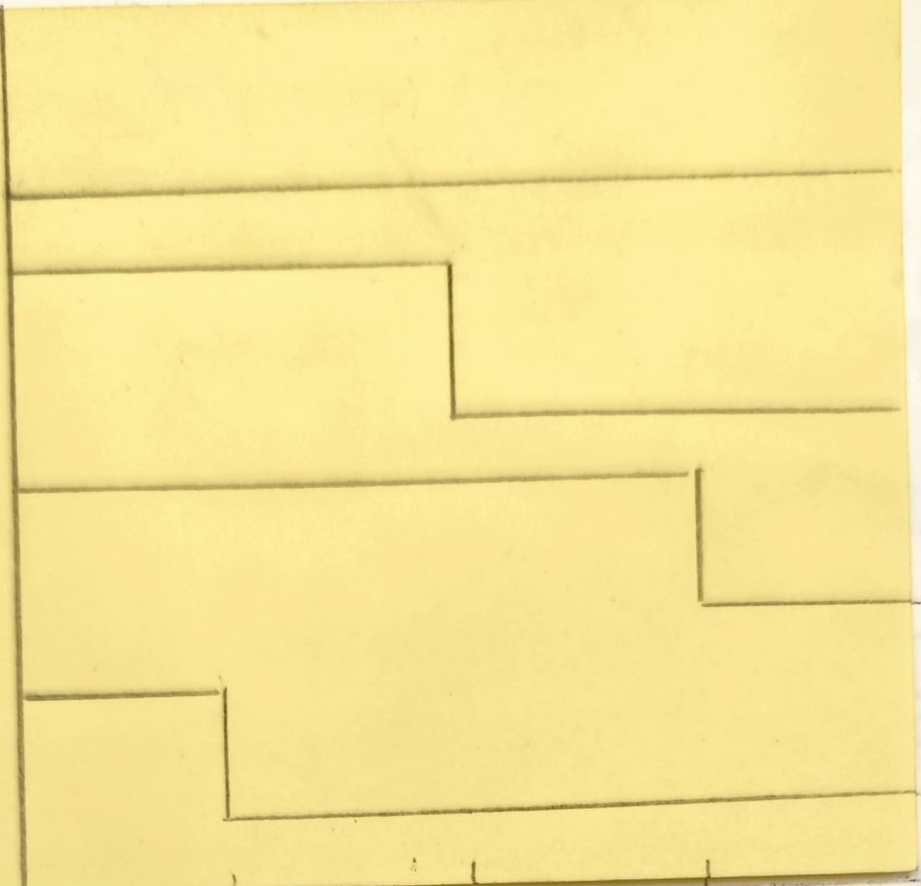
- No. of repetitions per unit time
(here, 18)
- At ↑ frequency, duty cycle
corresponds to the brightness
of the LED

$$\left[\text{Duty cycle} \propto \text{LED brightness} \right]$$

↑
V
(3.3)

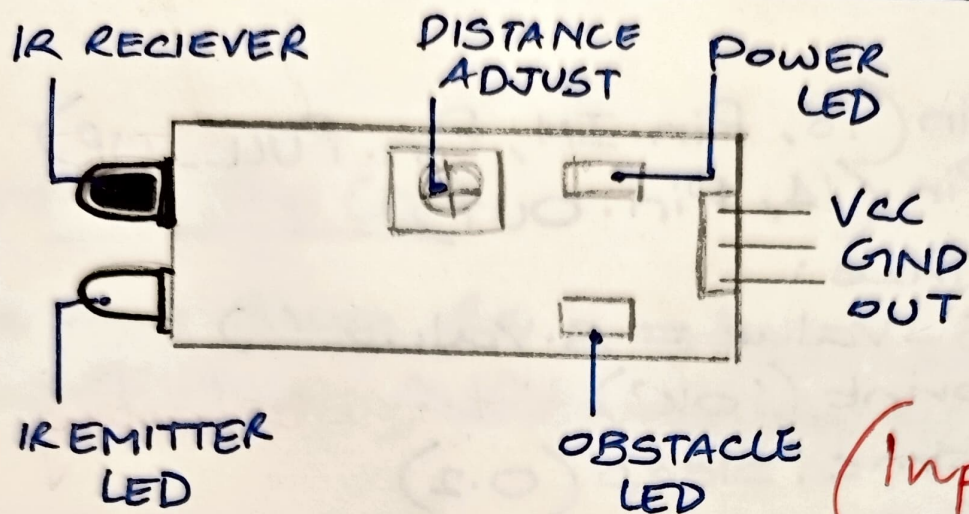
(Duty cycle)

0 0.25 0.5 0.75 1
→ t
(s)



the buzzer

IR Obstacle Detection Sensor



(Input)

ESP 32	Sensor
3.3V	VCC
GND	GND
GPIO	Out

INTERFACING →
Connecting everything

from machine import Pin
import time

```
Sensor = Pin(14, Pin.IN, Pin.PULL_UP)  
Sensor_value = Sensor.value()  
print(Sensor_value)
```

Value will be 1 until an object is placed in front of it, after which it's 0

↓

IR waves are emitted, bounce back from the

• Range (2-30 cm)

while True:

```
r = random.randint(1,10)
print(r)
time.sleep(1)
```

* POWER MODULE



The voltage
on which
Cap is placed
is selected
(for the entire breadboard
column.)

