



DevSecOps: Secure Cloud Enclaves

Sprint 3: *March 7 - Mar 28*

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Recap

- Sprint 2:
 - Learned how to implement secure buckets
 - Disable Public Read/Write
 - Object Versioning
 - Only SSL Requests
 - Used the S3 API to access MOC Ceph
 - Created Buckets
 - Read/Write to Buckets
 - Configured console access to our MOC Account
- Sprint 3 Goals:
 - Write Scripts to automate Object storage processes
 - Begin Logging
 - Configure Logging
 - OS Level Events
 - Services on the VM
 - Object Level Logging

Scripting

- Created a Shell script to automate:
 - Initial VM setup (installing dependencies)
 - Configuring environment variables
 - Running a Python script to create S3 buckets (to store data and logs)
 - Enabling versioning on the buckets
- When CONS3RT spins up a new VM, this script will be put on it and run automatically



```
NOVARC=$(readlink -f "${BASH_SOURCE:-${0}}" 2>/dev/null) || NOVARC=$(python -c 'import os,sys; print os.path.abspath(os.path.realpath(sys.argv[1]))' "${BASH_SOURCE:-${0}}")
NOVA_KEY_DIR=${NOVARC%/*}
export EC2_ACCESS_KEY=[REDACTED]
export EC2_SECRET_KEY=[REDACTED]
export EC2_URL=https://kaizen.massopen.cloud:13788
export EC2_USER_ID=42 # nova does not use user id, but bundling requires it
export EC2_PRIVATE_KEY=${NOVA_KEY_DIR}/pk.pem
export EC2_CERT=${NOVA_KEY_DIR}/cert.pem
export NOVA_CERT=${NOVA_KEY_DIR}/cacert.pem
export EUCALYPTUS_CERT=${NOVA_CERT} # euca-bundle-image seems to require this set

alias ec2-bundle-image="ec2-bundle-image --cert ${EC2_CERT} --privatekey ${EC2_PRIVATE_KEY} --user 42 --ec2cert ${NOVA_CERT}"
alias ec2-upload-bundle="ec2-upload-bundle -a ${EC2_ACCESS_KEY} -s ${EC2_SECRET_KEY} --url ${S3_URL} --ec2cert ${NOVA_CERT}"

##### CREATING BUCKETS #####
python connection.py > output.txt
errMsg=`cat output.txt`
echo $errMsg
```

```
import boto
import boto.s3.connection
access_key = os.environ['EC2_ACCESS_KEY']
secret_key = os.environ['EC2_SECRET_KEY']

conn = boto.s3.connection.S3Connection(
    aws_access_key_id=access_key,
    aws_secret_access_key=secret_key,
    port=443,
    host='kzn-swift.massopen.cloud',
    is_secure=True,
    calling_format=boto.s3.connection.OrdinaryCallingFormat())

bucket = conn.create_bucket('data-storage-bucket-001')
bucket.configure_versioning(True)
bucket2 = conn.create_bucket('log-storage-bucket-001')
bucket2.configure_versioning(True)
```

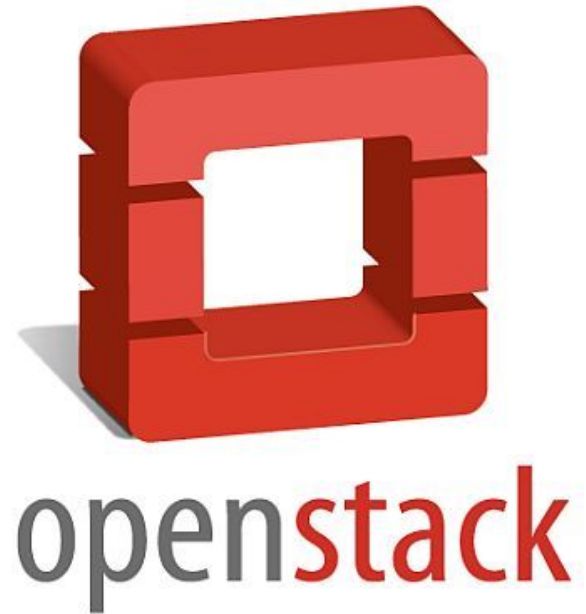
Logging



- OS Level Events :
 - *sudo* actions and by whom
 - Logins : attempted, successful, failed
 - Changes to networks or firewalls
 - Changes to user accounts
- Service Level:
 - Logs of a service running on top of the VM
 - Changes to the service state
- Object Level:
 - Remote access to buckets
 - Operations within buckets

OpenStack APIs

- Keystone → Identity
 - Changes to user accounts
 - Logins
- Nova → Compute
 - Servers, Instances
- Glance → Images
 - Image create, change
- Neutron → Networking





OpenStack API Configuration

- Install OpenStack CLI API Clients
- Modify “\$API\$t.conf” files
 - Add a couple lines
 - `debug = True` ----> Sets the log level to DEBUG (more verbose)
 - `log_dir = /var/log/API` ----> Log directory for easy collection
 - `log_file = /var/log/API/API$.log` ---> convenient log file name
 - `use_stderr = false` ---> logs do not go to stderr



Elastic Stack

- Filebeat
 - Collects specified logs
 - Forwards them to Logstash
- Logstash
 - Filters log inputs
 - Distributes filtered logs to an output destination



beats



logstash



Filebeat Configuration

Filebeat.yml

- Inputs
 - Where filebeat looks for logs
- Output
 - Where filebeat forwards the logs to
- Logging
 - Where the logs for filebeat itself get sent

```
##### Filebeat #####
filebeat:
  # List of prospectors to fetch data.
  prospectors:
  #inputs:
  - type: log
    enabled: true
    paths:
      - /var/log/*.log
      - /var/log/secure
      - /var/log/messages
      - /var/log/neutron
      - /var/log/nova
      - /var/log/cinder
      - /var/log/glance
      - /var/log/horizon
      - /var/log/keystone
    registry_file: /var/lib/filebeat/registry
  output:
    logstash:
      enabled: true
      hosts: ["localhost:5044"]
  shipping:
  logging:
    to_files: true
    json: true
    files:
      path: /var/log/filebeat
      rotateeverybytes: 10485760
```



Logstash Configuration

```
input {
  beats {
    port => 5044
  }
}
filter{
  if[source]=="/var/log/httpd/*.log"
  {
    mutate{
      remove_tag=>["beats_input_codec_plain_applied"]
      add_tag=>["httpd_logs"]
    }
  }
}
output {
  # s3 {
  #   access_key_id => [REDACTED]
  #   secret_access_key => "[REDACTED]"
  #   bucket => "versioning-enabled-bucket"
  #   canned_acl => "bucket-owner-full-control"
  #   endpoint => "http://kzn-swift.massopen.cloud:443"
  # }
  file {
    path => "/test_log/%{+YYYY-MM-dd}.txt"
  }
}
```

logstash.conf (pictured)

- Inputs
 - Filebeat forwarding to port 5044
- Filters
 - Example filter for a httpd service log
 - Can modify formatting
- Output
 - S3 Output
 - Eventual output destination
 - Troubleshooting
 - File Output

logstash.yml → Configured CPU cores limit



DEMO!



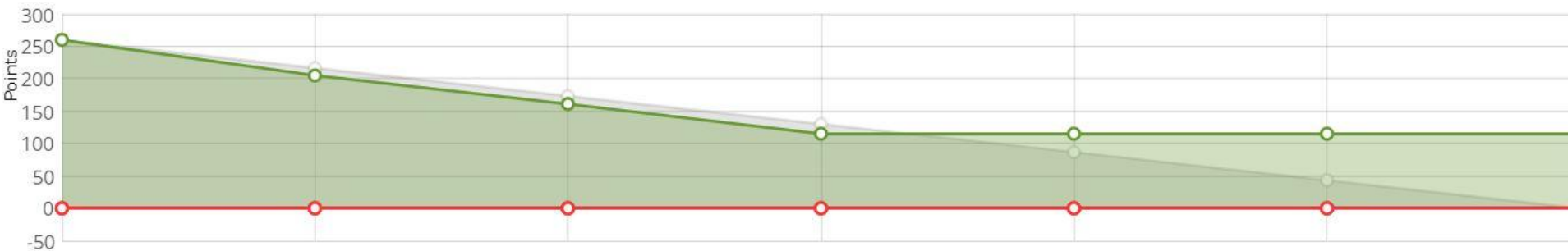
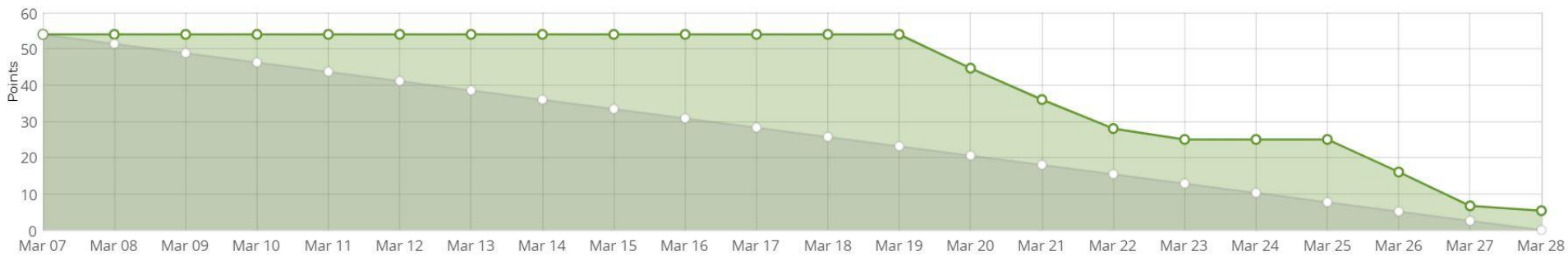
Sprint 3 Progress

- Caught up with missed work from Sprint 2
 - Finished Scripting Object Storage Actions
- Categorized and Configured logging on VM
- Ran Filebeat and Logstash on VM to collect and process logs

Problems:

- S3 Output plugin not working → might be because not using real S3 buckets
- S3 bucket logging not working → might be because MOC has an older version of Ceph

Burndown Chart





Future Work

Sprint 4

- Finish Logging
 - Script Logging Configuration and Deployment on a VM
 - Enable Log file validation
- Accounts and Credentials
 - Implement system to rotate accounts and credentials from CONS3RT to OpenStack

Sprint 5

- Validating Security Features
 - Find a method to validate our security standards are implemented correctly
- Stretch Goals
 - Key Management and Encryption
 - Change Scripts to Java Workflows