

Purpose:

To go over:

- Lex/Flex
- YACC/Bison

Overview:

Write a C++ program that:

- uses a Lex/Flex tokenizer to recognize the words in the laundry grammar
- uses a YACC/Bison grammar to parse the laundry grammar. It keeps track of what exactly was washed and dried in a data-structure that it passes from leaves to the root.
- The root takes the data-structure and prints the what laundered: how washed and how dried.

Grammar:

The grammar is the same as before:

1. S -> Wash period Dry period
2. Wash -> machine wash Temp What
3. Wash -> hand wash What
4. What -> Type
5. What -> ItemList
6. Type -> lights|darks|delicates
7. ItemList -> Item ItemList
8. ItemList -> Item
9. Temp -> hot|warm|cold
10. Item -> trousers|shirts|underwear|sheets
11. Dry -> DHow dry
12. DHow -> line|tumble

Support Output:

It outputs a summary of what was washed and dried, and how it was laundered:

\$./laundryLang

Please enter an expression: **Machine wash hot underwear sheets. Tumble dry.**

Machine wash underwear in hot water. Tumble dry.

Machine wash sheets in hot water. Tumble dry.

\$./laundryLang

Please enter an expression: **Machine wash cold shirts trousers. Line dry.**

Machine wash trousers in cold water. Line dry.

Machine wash shirts in cold water. Line dry.

\$./laundryLang

Please enter an expression: **Hand wash delicates. Line dry.**

Hand wash delicates Line dry.

\$./laundryLang

Please enter an expression: **Cannot parse this.**

syntax error, sorry!

The Assignment:

1. Please copy-and-paste the following files:

2. **Makefile**

```
3. # ----- #
# ---
# ---          Makefile          --- #
# ---
# ---          This file details the dependencies upon the source, object --- #
# ---          and executable files of the laundry language program.      --- #
# ---
# ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          --- #
# ---
# ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          --- #
# ---
# ---          Version 1a          2017 October 25          Joseph Phillips          --- #
# ---
# ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          ---          --- #
# ----- #

laundryLang      : laundryLang.tab.o laundryLang.o
                  g++ -o $@ laundryLang.tab.o laundryLang.o -g

laundryLang.o    : laundryLang.cpp laundryLang.h laundryLang.tab.h
                  g++ -c laundryLang.cpp -g

laundryLang.tab.o : laundryLang.tab.c laundryLang.h laundryLang.tab.h
                  g++ -c laundryLang.tab.c -g

laundryLang.cpp  : laundryLang.lex
                  flex -o $@ laundryLang.lex

laundryLang.tab.c : laundryLang.y
                  bison -d laundryLang.y --debug --verbose

laundryLang.tab.h : laundryLang.y
                  bison -d laundryLang.y --debug --verbose

clean            :
```

```
rm laundryLang.tab.? laundryLang.cpp laundryLang.o \
laundryLang laundryLang.output
```

4. laundryLang.h

```
5. /*-----*
   *---
   *---      laundryLang.h      ---*
   *---
   *---      This file includes files, defines types and declares      ---*
   *---      variables and functions used in common for both the lex/flex      ---*
   *---      and YACC/Bison source files.      ---*
   *---
   *---      ---      ---      ---      ---      ---      ---      ---      ---      ---*
   *---
   *---      Version 1a      2017 October 25      Joseph Phillips      ---*
   *---
   *-----*/
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
```

```
// PURPOSE: To distinguish among the different ways something can be washed.
```

```
typedef enum
{
    NO_WASH,
    HAND_WASH,
    MACHINE_WASH
}
howWash_ty;
```

```
// PURPOSE: To distinguish among the temperatures at which something is
// washed.
```

```
typedef enum
{
    NO_TEMP,
    COLD_TEMP,
    WARM_TEMP,
    HOT_TEMP
```

```
}  
temperature_ty;
```

// PURPOSE: To distinguish among the different ways something can be dried.

```
typedef enum  
{  
    NO_DRY,  
    LINE_DRY,  
    TUMBLE_DRY  
}  
howDry_ty;
```

// PURPOSE: To distinguish among the things that can be washed.

```
typedef      enum  
{  
    LIGHTS_WASHED,  
    DARKS_WASHED,  
    DELICATES_WASHED,  
    TROUSERS_WASHED,  
    SHIRTS_WASHED,  
    UNDERWEAR_WASHED,  
    SHEETS_WASHED  
}  
washWhat_ty;
```

// PURPOSE: To keep track of what is washed and dried, and how they are

// washed and dried.

```
struct LaundrySummary  
{  
    howWash_ty      howWash_;  
    temperature_ty  temp_;  
    howDry_ty       howDry_;  
    int             washWhatBitVector_;
```

// PURPOSE: To initialize '*this' to its default values. No parameters

// No return value.

```
LaundrySummary  ()  
{  
    howWash_      = NO_WASH;
```

```

temp_          = NO_TEMP;
howDry_        = NO_DRY;
washWhatBitVector_ = 0;
}

```

```

// PURPOSE: To set '*this' equal to 'source'. Returns reference to
//          '*this'.

```

```

LaundrySummary&
    operator= (const LaundrySummary& source)
    {
        if (this != &source)
        {
            howWash_          = source.howWash_;
            temp_              = source.temp_;
            howDry_            = source.howDry_;
            washWhatBitVector_ = source.washWhatBitVector_;
        }

        return(*this);
    }

```

```

// PURPOSE: To erase everything in '*this', like a default constructor.
//          No parameters. No return value.

```

```

void    clear    ()
{
    temp_          = NO_TEMP;
    howWash_        = NO_WASH;
    howDry_          = NO_DRY;
    washWhatBitVector_ = 0;
}

```

```

// PURPOSE: To note that 'washWhat' was processed. No return value.

```

```

void    record    (washWhat_ty washWhat)
    {
        washWhatBitVector_ |= (1 << washWhat);
    }

```

```

// PURPOSE: To return 'true' if 'washWhat' was laundered, or 'false'
// otherwise.
bool      isMentioned  (washWhat_ty washWhat
                        )
                        const
{
    return( (washWhatBitVector_ & (1 << washWhat)) != 0 );
}

};

// PURPOSE: To note that the parser manipulates 'LaundrySummary' instances.
#define      YYSTYPE      struct LaundrySummary

const int    LINE_LEN      = 256;

// PURPOSE: To point to the current position at which tokenizing should be
// done.
extern
char*        textPtr;

// PURPOSE: To point to the end of the tokenizing input.
extern
char*        textEndPtr;

// PURPOSE: To hold the result computed by the parser
extern
LaundrySummary    result;

// PURPOSE: To print parse-time error 'cPtr'. No return value.
extern
int          yyerror      (const char*
                           );

extern
int          yylex        ();

```

6. laundryLang.lex

7. %{

```

/*-----*
 *---
 *---      laundryLang.lex      ---*
 *---
 *---      This file defines a tokenizer for the laundry language.  ---*
 *---
 *---      _____
 *---
 *---      Version 1a      2017 October 25      Joseph Phillips      ---*
 *---
 *-----*/

```

```

// laundryLang.lex
// unix> flex -o laundryLang.c laundryLang.lex
// unix> gcc laundryLang.c -c
// unix> gcc -o laundryLang laundryLang.tab.o laundryLang.o

```

```

#include      "laundryLang.h"
#include      "laundryLang.tab.h"

#undef        YY_INPUT
#define        YY_INPUT(buffer,result,maxSize)      \
{ result = ourInput(buffer,maxSize); }

```

```

extern
int           ourInput(char* buffer, int maxSize);

#define        MIN(x,y)      (((x)<(y)) ? (x) : (y))

```

```
%}
```

```
%%
```

```
%%
```

```

// PURPOSE: To return the next char of input.
int           ourInput(char* buffer, int maxSize)
{
    int      n      = MIN(maxSize,textEndPtr - textPtr);

```

```

    if (n > 0)
    {
        memcpy(buffer,textPtr,n);
        textPtr    += n;
    }

    return(n);
}

int      yywrap()    { return(1); }

```

8. laundryLang.y

```

9. %{

/*-----*
*---
*---      laundryLang.y      ---*
*---
*---      This file defines a grammar for the laundry language.  ---*
*---
*---      -----      ---*
*---
*---      Version 1a      2017 October 25      Joseph Phillips      ---*
*---
*---      -----*
*-----*/

// $ bison --verbose -d --debug laundryLang.y
// $ gcc laundryLang.tab.c -c

#include "laundryLang.h"

%}

%%

%%

```



```
// PURPOSE: To name the values of 'washWhat_ty'.
```

```
const char* washWhatNameArray[] = {  
    "lights",  
    "darks",  
    "delicates",  
    "trousers",  
    "shirts",  
    "underwear",  
    "sheets"  
};
```

```
// PURPOSE: To point to the current position at which tokenizing should be  
// done.
```

```
char* textPtr = NULL;
```

```
// PURPOSE: To point to the end of the tokenizing input.
```

```
char* textEndPtr = NULL;
```

```
// PURPOSE: To hold the result computed by the parser
```

```
LaundrySummary result;
```

```
// PURPOSE: To print the result of the laundry order 'toPrint'. No return
```

```
// value.
```

```
void print (const LaundrySummary& toPrint  
)
```

```
{
```

```
for (int i = (int)LIGHTS_WASHED; i <= (int)SHEETS_WASHED; i++)
```

```
{  
    washWhat_ty washWhat = (washWhat_ty)i;
```

```
    if ( !toPrint.isMentioned(washWhat) )
```

```
    {  
        continue;  
    }
```

```
    switch (toPrint.howWash_)
```

```
    {  
        case NO_WASH :
```

```
        continue;

    case HAND_WASH :
        printf("Hand wash ");
        break;

    case MACHINE_WASH :
        printf("Machine wash ");
        break;
}

printf("%s ",washWhatNameArray[washWhat]);

switch (toPrint.temp_)
{
    case NO_TEMP :
        break;

    case COLD_TEMP :
        printf("in cold water.");
        break;

    case WARM_TEMP :
        printf("in warm water.");
        break;

    case HOT_TEMP :
        printf("in hot water.");
        break;
}

switch (toPrint.howDry_)
{
    case NO_DRY :
        break;

    case LINE_DRY :
        printf(" Line dry.");
        break;

    case TUMBLE_DRY :
        printf(" Tumble dry.");
        break;
}
```

```

    }

    printf("\n");
}
}

// PURPOSE: To print parse-time error 'cPtr'. No return value.
int yyerror (const char *cPtr)
{
    printf("%s, sorry!\n",cPtr);
    return(0);
}

// PURPOSE: To get input, run the parser, and display the result if the
//          parse was successful.
int main (int argc, char* argv[])
{
    char line[LINE_LEN];

    if (argc >= 2)
        textPtr = argv[1];
    else
    {
        printf("Please enter an expression: ");
        textPtr = fgets(line,LINE_LEN,stdin);
    }

    textEndPtr = textPtr + strlen(textPtr);

    if (yyparse() == 0)
    {
        print(result);
    }

    return(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}

```

10. **Please define the tokens towards the top of laundryLang.y:**

11. You have to define the starting non-terminal with %start, and all the tokens with %token.

Do not forget the period (.), it is part of the grammar.

12. **Please define the regular expressions in laundryLang.lex:**

13. These are very straight-forward. It would be nice to recognize both capitalized and lowercase forms of "machine", "hand", "tumble" and "line".

14. **Please define the grammar rules in the middle of laundryLang.y:**

15. Be sure to:

- Remember, the underlying type that you are manipulating (the YYSTYPE) is struct LaundrySummary. Please look at its fields in laundryLang.h.
- Whenever you use a particular struct LaundrySummary instance for the first time, it is best to run the clear() method on it.
- Then, run either the record() method, or set its howWash_, temp_ or howDry_ member variable appropriately. For example, this is my code for handling the rule type -> LIGHTS
- `$$$.clear();`
`$$$$.record(LIGHTS_WASHED);`
- Rules like wash -> MACHINE WASH temp what will require that you combine data from several right-hand side struct LaundrySummary instances.
- The rule itemList -> item itemList will require that you combine the washWhatBitVector_ bit field.
- In the final rule for s set the global variable result equal to the resulting struct LaundrySummary instance.