



## RapidFire Programming Guide

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## Preface

### About This Document

This document is a programming guide for the RapidFire SDK. The major goal of this document is to provide an introduction to the implementation of virtual desktop applications and cloud gaming using the RapidFire SDK.

The RapidFire SDK provides an interface for virtual desktop applications and cloud gaming to reduce the encoding latency by utilizing AMD FirePro GPUs. OpenGL 4.2, DirectX 9 and DirectX 11 textures as well as desktop capturing can be used as input to generate an H.264 or uncompressed stream output. While the encoding is handled entirely by RapidFire, the developer keeps full control over the configuration of the stream with the ability to adjust key encoding parameters such as resolution, frame rate and bit rate control throughout the streaming process.

### Audience

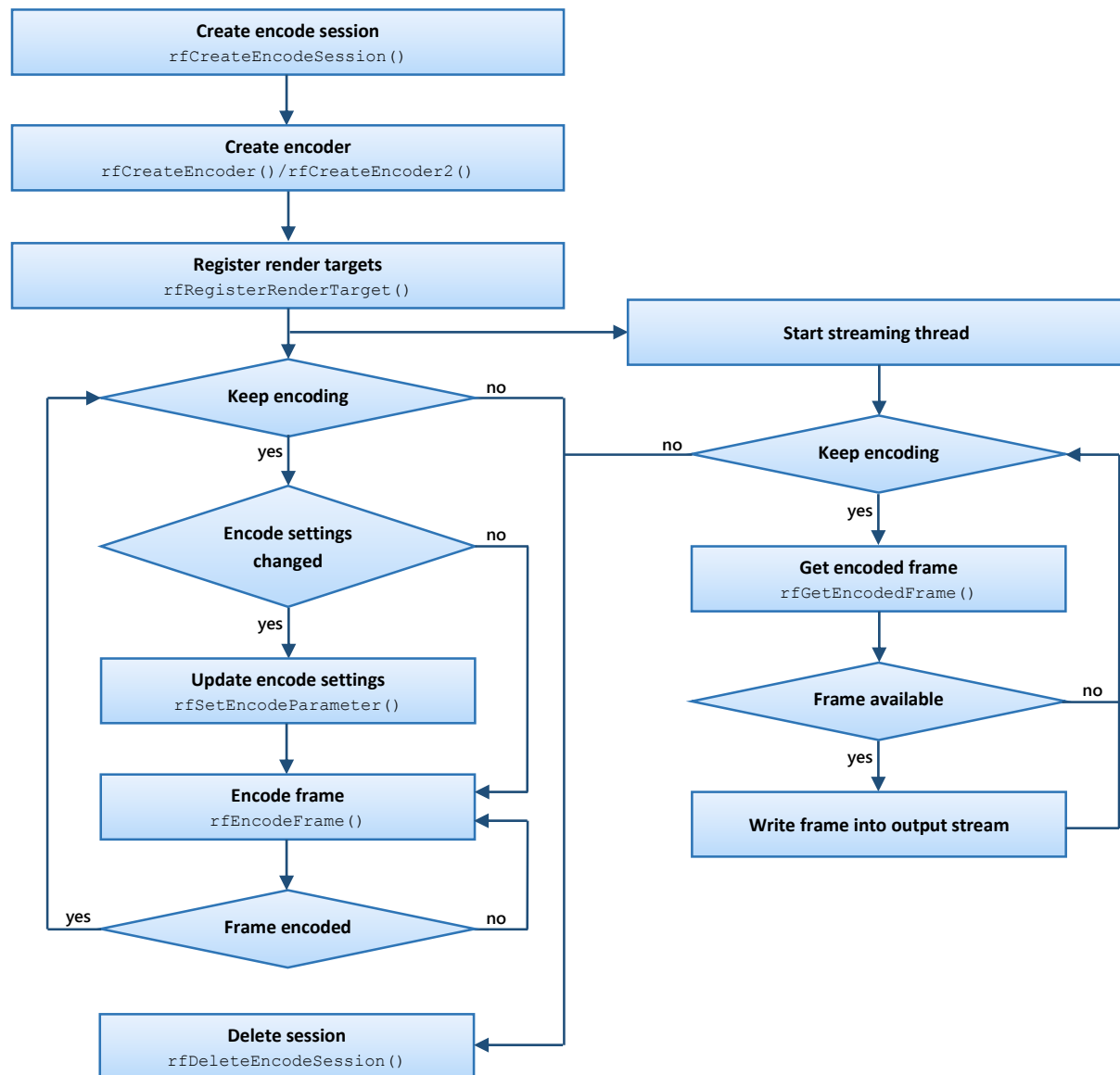
This document is intended for programmers. Prior knowledge in writing code for CPUs and a basic understanding of video encoding, video decoding, OpenGL, DirectX 9 and DirectX 11 is assumed, while a basic understanding of GPU architectures and computer graphics is useful.

## RapidFire SDK Overview

The RapidFire SDK enables ISVs to implement remote rendering solutions.

It handles the asynchronous encoding of the frame buffer as a H.264 or uncompressed stream; it supports the following rendering APIs: OpenGL 4.2 and later, DirectX 9 and DirectX 11. The API also provides functions that allow the capturing and encoding of an entire desktop.

API Flow Diagram:



# The RapidFire API

## rfCreateEncodeSession

**RFStatus rfCreateEncodeSession(RFEncodeSession\* session,  
RFProperties\* properties)**

Creates a RapidFire encode session.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [out]	The created RapidFire encode session.
<i>properties</i> [in]	A list of session property names and their corresponding values.

A RapidFire session encapsulates the encoder to be used, the graphics context that is used by the calling application or the OpenCL context that is used for the color space conversion. If the environment variable **RF\_LOG\_PATH** is set, a log file is generated at the specified path that contains further information for the session.

A session can have different sources for the encoding. It can be a render target, the whole desktop or a single window. The following sessions can be created:

- OpenGL session.
- DirectX 9 / DirectX 9 Ex session.
- DirectX 11 session.
- Desktop capturing session.

The parameter *properties* specifies a list of session property names and their corresponding values. Each property name is immediately followed by the corresponding value. The list is terminated with 0. Depending on the graphics API that is used by the application, this function takes the following properties as input:

Property name	Description	Property type
RF_GL_GRAPHICS_CTX	OpenGL Context	HGLRC
RF_GL_DEVICE_CTX	Device Context	HDC
RF_D3D9_DEVICE	Direct3D 9 Device	IDirect3DDevice9*
RF_D3D9EX_DEVICE	Direct3D 9 Ex Device	IDirect3DDevice9Ex*
RF_D3D11_DEVICE	Direct3D 11 Device	ID3D11Device*
RF_DESKTOP	Select the desktop to capture according to the desktop id.	unsigned int
RF_DESKTOP_DSP_ID	Select the desktop to capture according to the windows display id.	unsigned int

RF_DESKTOP_INTERNAL_ - DSP_ID	Select the desktop to capture according to the display id used internally by RapidFire.	unsigned int
RF_DESKTOP_UPDATE_ - ON_CHANGE	If set to TRUE <b>rfEncodeFrame</b> will only enqueue a captured frame if the desktop has changed.	BOOL
RF_DESKTOP_BLOCK_ - UNTIL_CHANGE	If set to TRUE <b>rfEncodeFrame</b> will block until the desktop has changed.	BOOL
RF_FLIP_SOURCE	If set to TRUE the source image is flipped vertically.	BOOL
RF_ASYNC_SOURCE_COPY	If set to TRUE the captured frame will be copied into system memory asynchronously.	BOOL
RF_ENCODER	Specifies the encoder that will be used.	RFEncoderID
RF_ENCODER_BLOCKING_ - READ	If set to TRUE <b>rfGetEncodedFrame</b> will block until AMF has finished encoding a frame.	BOOL
RF_MOUSE_DATA	Enables capturing of the mouse cursor shape.	BOOL

Possible **RFEncoderIDs**:

RF_AMF	RF_IDENTITY	RF_DIFFERENCE
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**AMF** stands for Advanced Media Framework API encoder, that encodes an H.264 stream. The **IDENTITY** encoder returns a buffer with the uncompressed source image in the specified color format and the **DIFFERENCE** encoder returns a difference map consisting of blocks with 1 being stored in regions where the source image has changed and 0 otherwise.

**rfCreateEncodeSession** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if the session was created successfully. Otherwise the session is set to NULL and one of the following error codes is returned:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION\_PROPERTIES** if one or more of the properties is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ENCODER** if **RF\_ENCODER** is not one of the possible **RFEncoderIDs**.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_D3D\_DEVICE** if the input Direct3D device is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_OPENGL\_CONTEXT** if the input OpenGL context is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_DESKTOP\_ID** if the input Desktop ID is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_OPENCL\_ENV** if the OpenCL context creation failed.

**RF\_STATUS\_AMF\_FAIL** if AMF functions failed.

**RF\_STATUS\_DOPP\_FAIL** if DOPP extension initialization failed.



**RF\_STATUS\_OPENCL\_FAIL** if OpenCL functions failed.

**RF\_STATUS\_OPENGL\_FAIL** if the OpenGL context creation failed.

**RF\_STATUS\_MEMORY\_FAIL** if a memory allocation failed.

**RF\_STATUS\_FAIL** if other errors occurred. More information is given in the log file.

## rfDeleteEncodeSession

**RFStatus rfDeleteEncodeSession(RFEncodeSession\* session)**

Deletes the encoding session and frees all associated resources.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session to be deleted.
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**rfDeleteEncodeSession** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if the session was deleted successfully. Otherwise, it returns the following error value:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

## rfCreateEncoder

**RFStatus rfCreateEncoder(RFEncodeSession session,  
                          unsigned int uiWidth,  
                          unsigned int uiHeight,  
                          const RFEncodePreset preset)**

Creates the encoder and resources like intermediate buffers. It initializes all properties based on the selected encoding preset.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>uiWidth</i> [in]	The width of the encoded stream.
<i>uiHeight</i> [in]	The height of the encoded stream.
<i>preset</i> [in]	The encoding preset used.

Possible **RFEncodePresets**:

<b>RF_PRESET_FAST</b>	<b>RF_PRESET_BALANCED</b>	<b>RF_PRESET_QUALITY</b>
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**FAST** stands for fast encoding with low latency. **BALANCED** is balanced between quality and latency. **QUALITY** stands for high video quality. The specific settings for the different presets can be found in the properties table for **rfCreateEncoder2**.

Based on the *preset*, *width* and *height*, the encoder is configured. If desktop encoding is selected and the dimensions for the encoding differ from the desktop size, the image is scaled to match the encoding dimensions.

**rfCreateEncoder** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if the encoder is created successfully. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* parameter is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_CONFIG** if no preset was specified.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_OPENCL\_CONTEXT** if the OpenCL context of the session is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_FORMAT** if an invalid data format was specified for the encoder.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_DIMENSION** if either *uiWidth* or *uiHeight* is 0 or larger than the maximum supported size of the encoder.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ENCODER** if no encoder was specified with the creation of the session.

**RF\_STATUS\_AMF\_FAIL** if the AMF initialization failed.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ENCODER\_PARAMETER** if an encoder property is not supported or has an invalid value.

**RF\_STATUS\_OPENCL\_FAIL** if OpenCL resources creation failed.

**RF\_STATUS\_FAIL** if the creation of the encoder failed or the encoder is already created. More information is given in the log file.

## rfCreateEncoder2

```
RFStatus rfCreateEncoder2(RFEncodeSession session,
                          unsigned int uiWidth,
                          unsigned int uiHeight,
                          const RFProperties* properties)
```

Creates the encoder with the static and dynamic properties specified.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>uiWidth</i> [in]	The width of the encoded stream.
<i>uiHeight</i> [in]	The height of the encoded stream.
<i>Properties</i> [in]	A list of <b>RFProperties</b> and their corresponding values. The list is terminated with 0.

*Properties* specifies a list of encoder property names and their corresponding values. Each property name is immediately followed by the corresponding value. The list is terminated with 0. All properties not set by the user are set to the **RF\_PRESET\_FAST** preset.

**rfCreateEncoder2** takes the following properties as input:

Property name	Description	Property type	Possible values and presets
RF_ENCODER_FORMAT	Selects the input format of the encoder.	RFFormat	RF_RGBA8 RF_ARGB8 RF_BGRA8 RF_NV12
RF_ENCODER_PROFILE	Selects the H.264 profile.	unsigned int	66 – Baseline 77 – Main (default) 100 – High
RF_ENCODER_LEVEL	Selects the H.264 profile level.	unsigned int	10, 11, 12, 13, 20, 21, 22, 30, 31, 32, 40, 41, 42 (default), 50, 51
RF_ENCODER_USAGE	Selects the encoder usage. This parameter configures the whole parameter set to a preset according to the usage.	int	-1 – Not set (default) 0 – Transcoding (quality preset) 1 – Ultra low latency (fast preset) 2 – Low latency (balanced preset) 3 – Webcam
RF_ENCODER_BITRATE	Sets the target bitrate.	unsigned int	10 KBits/s – 100 MBits/s 6 MBit/s (fast preset) 10 MBit/s (balanced preset) 20 MBit/s (quality preset)
RF_ENCODER_PEAK_BITRATE	Sets the peak bitrate.	unsigned int	10 KBits/s – 100 MBits/s 6 MBit/s (fast preset) 10 MBit/s (balanced preset) 20 MBit/s (quality preset)
RF_ENCODER_RATE_CONTROL_ - METHOD	Selects the rate control method.	unsigned int	0 – Constrained QP 1 – Constant Bitrate 2 – Peak Constrained VBR (balanced and quality preset) 3 – Latency Constrained VBR (fast preset)
RF_ENCODER_MIN_QP	Sets the minimum quantizer parameter.	unsigned int	0 – 51 22 (fast and balanced preset) 18 (quality preset)
RF_ENCODER_MAX_QP	Sets the maximum quantizer parameter.	unsigned int	0 – 51 51 (default)
RF_ENCODER_FRAME_RATE	Frame rate numerator	unsigned int	1*FrameRateDen – 120*FrameRateDen 60 (fast and balanced preset) 30 (quality preset)
RF_ENCODER_FRAME_RATE_DEN	Frame rate denominator	unsigned int	1 – MaxInt 1 (default)
RF_ENCODER_VBV_BUFFER_SIZE	Sets the Video Buffering Verifier buffer size in bits.	unsigned int	1 KBit – 100 MBit 110 KBit (fast preset) 1 MBit (balanced preset) 20 MBit (quality preset)
RF_ENCODER_VBV_BUFFER_ - FULLNESS	Sets the initial VBV buffer fullness.	unsigned int	0 – 64 (0% - 100% of VBV buffer size) 64 (default)

RF_ENCODER_ENFORCE_HRD	Disables/enables constraints on QP variation within a picture to meet HRD requirement(s).	bool	true (fast and balanced preset) false (quality preset)
RF_ENCODER_IDR_PERIOD	Sets IDR period. IDRPeriod = 0 turns IDR off.	unsigned int	0 – 1000 300 (fast and balanced preset) 30 (quality preset)
RF_ENCODER_INTRA_ - REFRESH_NUM_MB	Sets the number of intra-refresh macro-blocks per slot.	unsigned int	0 - #MBs per frame 225 (fast and balanced preset) 0 (quality preset)
RF_ENCODER_DEBLOCKING_ - FILTER	Turns on/off the de-blocking filter.	bool	true (quality preset) false (fast and balanced preset)
RF_ENCODER_NUM_SLICES_ - PER_FRAME	Sets the number of slices per frame.	unsigned int	1 - #MBs per frame 1 (default)
RF_ENCODER_QUALITY_PRESET	Selects the quality preset.	unsigned int	0 (Balanced) (quality preset) 1 (Speed) (fast and balanced preset) 2 (Quality)
RF_ENCODER_HALF_PIXEL	Turns on/off half-pixel motion estimation.	unsigned int	1, 0 1 (default)
RF_ENCODER_QUARTER_PIXEL	Turns on/off quarter-pixel motion estimation.	unsigned int	1, 0 1 (default)
RF_ENCODER_FORCE_INTRA_ - REFRESH	Forces the picture type to IDR (pre submission).	bool	false (default)
RF_ENCODER_FORCE_I_FRAME	Forces the picture type to I-frames (pre submission).	bool	false (default)
RF_ENCODER_FORCE_P_FRAME	Forces the picture type to P-frames (pre submission).	bool	false (default)
RF_ENCODER_INSERT_SPS	Inserts Sequence Parameter Set (pre submission).	bool	false (default)
RF_ENCODER_INSERT_PPS	Inserts Picture Parameter Set (pre submission).	bool	false (default)
RF_ENCODER_INSERT_AUD	Inserts Access Unit Delimiter (pre submission).	bool	false (default)
RF_DIFF_ENCODER_BLOCK_S	Block width for difference encoder	unsigned int	BLOCK_S == multiple of 8 BLOCK_S * BLOCK_T == multiple of 64 16 (default)
RF_DIFF_ENCODER_BLOCK_T	Block height for difference encoder	unsigned int	BLOCK_T == multiple of 8 BLOCK_S * BLOCK_T == multiple of 64 16 (default)
RF_DIFF_ENCODER_LOCK_ - BUFFER	Should be set to true if the <b>RF_DIFFERENCE</b> encoder is used and <b>rfGetEncodedFrame</b> is called in a different thread than <b>rfEncodeFrame</b> .	bool	false (default)

**RFFormat** is the data format of the input for the encoder:

RF_ARGB8	RF_BGRA8	RF_RGBA8	RF_NV12
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**ARGB8, BGRA8** and **RGBA8** define 32-bit RGB values with an alpha channel, each pixel is represented by one byte each for the red, green, blue, and alpha channels. **NV12** is an 8-bit Y plane followed by an interleaved U/V plane with 2x2 subsampling.

**rfCreateEncoder2** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if the encoder is created successfully. Otherwise, it returns an error value listed in function **rfCreateEncoder** as well as the following error code:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_PROPERTIES** if one of the properties is invalid.

## rfRegisterRenderTarget

```
RFStatus rfRegisterRenderTarget(RFEncodeSession session,
                                RFRenderTarget renderTarget,
                                unsigned int uiRTWidth,
                                unsigned int uiRTHeight,
                                unsigned int* idx)
```

Registers a render target that is created by the user and returns the index used for this render target in *idx*. The render target must have the same dimensions as the encoder. Otherwise the call fails. Up to 3 render targets can be registered and used for triple buffering.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>renderTarget</i> [in]	The handle of the render target.
<i>uiRTWidth</i> [in]	The width of the render target.
<i>uiRTHeight</i> [in]	The height of the render target.
<i>idx</i> [out]	The index used for this render target.

Possible **RFRenderTarget** formats are:

GLuint	OpenGL texture
ID3D11Texture2D*	DirectX 11 texture
IDirect3DSurface9*	DirectX 9 texture

**rfRegisterRenderTarget** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if it registers a render target successfully. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_DIMENSION** if *uiRTWidth* or *uiRTHeight* is 0 or if the render target dimension does not match the encoder dimension.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_RENDER\_TARGET** if *renderTarget* is an invalid handle.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_OPENCL\_CONTEXT** if the OpenCL context of the session is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_RENDER\_TARGET\_FAIL** if the application has already registered the maximum number of 3 render targets.

**RF\_STATUS\_OPENCL\_FAIL** if the creation of an OpenCL buffer for the render target failed.

**RF\_STATUS\_FAIL** if other errors occurred. More information is given in the log file.

## rfRemoveRenderTarget

```
RFStatus rfRemoveRenderTarget(RFEncodeSession session,  
                             unsigned int idx)
```

Removes a registered render target with the index *idx* that is no longer used in the session.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>idx</i> [in]	The index of the render target.

**rfRemoveRenderTarget** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if it removes a registered render target successfully. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_INDEX** if the *idx* exceeds the maximum number of 3 render targets.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_RENDER\_TARGET** if the render target is not known or not registered.

## rfGetRenderTargetState

```
RFStatus rfGetRenderTargetState(RFEncodeSession session,  
                                RFRenderTargetState* state,  
                                unsigned int idx)
```

Gets the state of the render target with the index *idx*.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>state</i> [out]	The state of the render target.
<i>idx</i> [in]	The index of the render target.

**RFRenderTargetState** describes the state of a render target:

RF_STATE_INVALID	RF_STATE_FREE	RF_STATE_BLOCKED
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**INVALID:** The render target is not known or not registered yet.

**FREE:** The render target was successfully registered and is currently not used by the API. It can be used by the application.

**BLOCKED:** The render target was submitted for encoding and is currently in use by the API. It should not be used by the application.

**rfGetRenderTargetState** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if successful. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_OPENCL\_CONTEXT** if the OpenCL context of the session is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_INDEX** if *idx* is out of range or the render target was not registered.

## rfResizeSession

```
RFStatus rfResizeSession(RFEncodeSession session,
                        unsigned int uiWidth,
                        unsigned int uiHeight)
```

Resizes the session and the encoder if the encoder supports resizing. Render targets that are registered by the application won't be resized automatically.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>uiWidth</i> [in]	The new width of the stream.
<i>uiHeight</i> [in]	The new height of the stream.

**rfResizeSession** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if the resources of the session were resized successfully. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_FAIL** if other errors occurred. More information is given in the log file.

## rfEncodeFrame

```
RFStatus rfEncodeFrame(RFEncodeSession session,
                      unsigned int idx)
```

Is called once the application has finished rendering into the render target with the index *idx*. The render target will then be captured and encoded.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>idx</i> [in]	The index of the render target which will be encoded. (ignored for encoding sessions capturing the desktop)

**rfEncodeFrame** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if capturing and encoding are successful. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_CONTEXT** if the AMF context of the encoder is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_OPENCL\_CONTEXT** if the OpenCL context of the session is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ENCODER** if the encoder is invalid or not created.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_FORMAT** if the format of the encoder is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_INDEX** if *idx* is out of range or the render target was not registered.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_OPENCL\_MEMOBJ** if the encoder couldn't load the OpenCL result buffer for the encoding.

**RF\_STATUS\_DOPP\_NO\_UPDATE** if the session parameter **RF\_DESKTOP\_UPDATE\_ON\_CHANGE** was set and the desktop texture didn't change since the last call.

**RF\_STATUS\_QUEUE\_FULL** if there aren't any more free result buffers in the queue left. Call **rfGetEncodedFrame** to free the buffers.

**RF\_STATUS\_OPENCL\_FAIL** if an OpenCL functions failed.

**RF\_STATUS\_AMF\_FAIL** if AMF encoding failed.

## rfGetEncodedFrame

```
RFStatus rfGetEncodedFrame(RFEncodeSession session,
                           unsigned int* uiSize,
                           void** pBitStream)
```

Returns the encoded frame in *pBitStream* and the size in bytes of the encoded frame in *uiSize*.

For the **RF\_DIFFERENCE** encoder the returned buffer is a 2D array of byte-blocks for the captured image, where a 1 stored in a block indicates that the image has changed. The captured image can be obtained with the **rfGetSourceFrame** function.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>uiSize</i> [out]	The size of the bit stream.
<i>pBitStream</i> [out]	The bit stream of the encoded frame.

**rfGetEncodedFrame** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if successful. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:



**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ENCODER** if the encoder is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_NO\_ENCODED\_FRAME** if there is no encoded frame in the result buffer queue.

**RF\_STATUS\_AMF\_FAIL** if an AMF function failed.

## rfGetSourceFrame

```
RFStatus rfGetSourceFrame(RFEncodeSession session,  
                          unsigned int* uiSize,  
                          void** pBitStream)
```

Returns the image that was used as the input for the encoder. If a color format conversion is required for the encoder, the returned image contains the result of the color format conversion. The function needs to be called prior to **rfGetEncodedFrame** to guarantee that the returned image is the source image of the encoded image returned by **rfGetEncodedFrame**.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>uiSize</i> [out]	The size of the bit stream.
<i>pBitStream</i> [out]	The bit stream of the encoded frame.

**rfGetSourceFrame** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if successful. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ENCODER** if the encoder is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_NO\_ENCODED\_FRAME** if there is no encoded frame in the result buffer queue.

## rfSetEncodeParameter

```
RFStatus rfSetEncodeParameter(RFEncodeSession session,  
                              const int property,  
                              RFProperties value)
```

Sets encoding properties that do not require a re-creation of the encoder, e.g. adapting the encoding quality to the available network bandwidth. The available properties depend on the selected encoder. This function should be called after **rfCreateEncoder**/ **rfCreateEncoder2**, otherwise the function does not have any effect.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
---------------------	-----------------------

<i>property</i> [in]	The encoding property to change.
<i>value</i> [in]	The new value of the encoding property.

For a list of valid properties and descriptions refer to the properties table for **rfCreateEncoder2**.

**rfSetEncodeParameter** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if successful. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ENCODER** if the encoder is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_CONFIG** if the encoder configuration is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ENCODER\_PARAMETER** if the property is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_PARAM\_ACCESS\_DENIED** if the encoder property can't be changed by the user.

**RF\_STATUS\_FAIL** if the encoder of the session is invalid or the encoder property can't be changed without recreating the encoder.

## rfGetEncodeParameter

```
RFStatus rfGetEncodeParameter(RFEncodeSession session,
                             const int property,
                             RFProperties* value)
```

Queries the encoder property of the parameter *property*. The available properties depend on the selected encoder. This function should be called after **rfCreateEncoder** / **rfCreateEncoder2**, otherwise the function does not have any effect.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>property</i> [in]	The requested encoding property.
<i>value</i> [out]	The value of the encoding property.

Possible encoder properties that can be queried are:

Property name	Description	Property type
RF_ENCODER_FORMAT	The color format of the encoder output.	RFFormat
RF_ENCODER_WIDTH	The width of the render target.	unsigned int
RF_ENCODER_HEIGHT	The height of the render target.	unsigned int
RF_ENCODER_OUTPUT_WIDTH	The width of the encoder output.	unsigned int

RF_ENCODER_OUTPUT_HEIGHT	The height of the encoder output.	unsigned int
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For a list of other valid properties and descriptions refer to the properties table for **rfCreateEncoder2**.

**rfGetEncodeParameter** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if successful. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ENCODER** if the encoder is invalid.

**RF\_STATUS\_PARAM\_ACCESS\_DENIED** if the property is blocked by AMF.

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ENCODER\_PARAMETER** if the property queried is invalid.

## rfGetMouseData

```
RFStatus rfGetMouseData(RFEncodeSession session,
                        int iWaitForShapeChange,
                        RFMouseData* mouseData)
```

Returns the mouse cursor shape data. To use it the session needs to be created with the **RF\_MOUSE\_DATA** set to true.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>iWaitForShapeChange</i> [in]	If set to 1 the call blocks until the mouse shape changed.
<i>mouseData</i> [out]	The returned mouse shape data.

The **RFBmpBuffer** structure stores the bitmap data:

uiWidth	The width of the bitmap.
uiHeight	The height of the bitmap.
uiPitch	The Pitch of the bitmap.
uiBitsPerPixel	Bits per pixel of the bitmap.
pPixels	The data of the bitmap.

The **RFMouseData** structure stores the cursor shape data:

iVisible	Is 1 if the cursor is visible and 0 otherwise.
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uiXHot	The horizontal position of the cursor hot spot.
uiYHot	The vertical position of the cursor hot spot.
mask	The cursor bitmask bitmap. If the cursor is monochrome, this bitmask is formatted so that the upper half is the cursor AND bitmask and the lower half is the XOR bitmask. If the cursor is colored, this mask defines the AND bitmask of the cursor.
color	The cursor color bitmap containing the color data. This member is optional. If the cursor is monochrome, color.pPixels is NULL. For pixels with false in the mask bitmap the color is directly blended with the destination pixel. For pixels with true in the mask bitmap the color is XORed with the color of the destination pixel.

**rfGetMouseData** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if successful. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_MOUSEGRAB\_NO\_CHANGE** if the cursor shape did not change.

**RF\_STATUS\_FAIL** if the session was not created with **RF\_MOUSE\_DATA** set to true.

## rfReleaseEvent

**RFStatus rfReleaseEvent(RFEncodeSession session,  
RFNotification const rfNotification)**

Signals a notification event. This can be used to unblock a thread that is waiting for the event to be signaled.

Parameters:

<i>session</i> [in]	The encoding session.
<i>rfNotification</i> [in]	Specifies which event to signal.

RapidFire uses **RFNotification** events to get signaled on mouse cursor shape changes and desktop changes:

<b>RFDesktopNotification</b>	<b>RFMouseShapeNotification</b>
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The **RFDesktopNotification** event is used to unblock a thread that called **rfEncodeFrame** for a RapidFire session with the property **RF\_DESKTOP\_BLOCK\_UNTIL\_CHANGE** set to 1.

The **RFMouseShapeNotification** event is used to unblock a thread that called **rfGetMouseData** with the *iWaitForShapeChange* parameter set to 1.

**rfReleaseEvent** returns **RF\_STATUS\_OK** if successful. Otherwise, it returns one of the following error values:

**RF\_STATUS\_INVALID\_SESSION** if *session* is not a valid session.

**RF\_STATUS\_FAIL** if **RFNotification** is invalid or the event was not created.